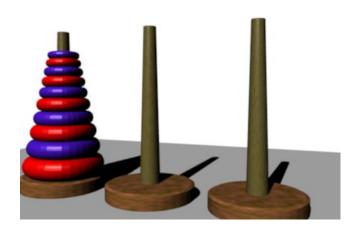
Universitatea din Craiova Facultatea de Automatică, Calculatoare și Electronică

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Project : Programming Techniques Title : A library for matrix functions

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1 Problem Statement

1.1 Title

Tower of Hanoi

1.2 Description

My project refers to an application that will solve the hanoi towers problem. There are three given rods defined as A,B,C. On rod A we have n plates of different diameters,in increasing order of diameters,from top to bottom. Initially rods B and C are empty. The application will display all the moves in the next order: plates on the rod A will be moved to rod B,in the same order,using C as a maneuvering rod and respect the following rules: at every step one plate will move; a disk can only be placed over a larger diameter disc.

2 Pseudocode

2.1 Read File

```
1: START

2: INT \ i, j, n, m

3: FILE * f

4: f = fopen("date.out", "a")

5: fseek(f, nr * 2, SEEK\_CUR)

6: fprintf(f, "\%d - > \%d", a, b)

7: print("\%d - > \%d", a, b)

8: fclose(f)
```

2.2 Divide et Impera

```
\begin{array}{c} \textbf{if} \ n \ \textbf{then} \\ hanoi(n-1,a,c,b) \\ write(a,b) \\ nr++ \\ hanoi(n-1,c,b,a) \\ \textbf{end} \ \textbf{if} \end{array}
```

2.3 Stack Implementation

```
START
INT i
FILE*out
out = fopen("output.txt", "a")
for i = 1 to n do
  if i > 0 then
    if i\%2 then
      if t\%2 then
        s2 = y
        if stack[i]! = 0 then
          r2 = stack[i] - 1
          r2 = s2
        end if
        if r2 < 1 then
          r2 = 3
        end if
      end if
    else
      s2 = y - 1
      if stack[i]! = 0 then
        r2 = stack[i] + 1
```

```
else
        r2=s2
      end if
      if r2 > 3 then
        r2 = 1
      end if
      stack[i] = r2
      printf("Disk\%dmovefrom\%dto\%d",i,x,r2)
      fprintf(out,"Disk\%dmovefrom\%dto\%d",i,x,r2)
      f(i-1, r1, r2)
    end if
  \mathbf{else}
    if t\%2 then
      s1 = y - 1
    end if
    if stack[i]! = 0 then
      r1 = stack[i] - 1
    else
      r1 = s1
    end if
    if r1 < 1 then
      r1 = 3
    end if
    stack[i] = r1
    printf("Disk\%dmovefrom\%dto\%d", i, x, r1)
    fprintf(out, "Disk\%dmovefrom\%dto\%d", i, x, r1)
    f(i-1,r2,r1)
  end if
end for
End
```

3 Application Design

3.1 Recursiv function

In my problem:

If n=1, A->B move is made, namely the plate on the rod A moves on rod B. If n=2, A->C, A->B, C->B moves are made. In case of n>2, the problem is complicated. We will note H(n,a,b,c) the sequence of the n drives moves from rod A to rod B using as a intermediate rod, rod C. According to the Divide et Impera strategy, we will try to break the problem in two other subproblems of the same type, then we will combine the solutions. In this case, we observe that the move of the n plates is equivalent to:

- n-1 move from rod A to rod C, using rod B
- moving the remaining disk on rod B
- n-1 move from rod C to rod B, using rod A

3.2 Input Data

For my problem the input will be n. N is the number of disks and it's introduce from the keyboard in the runscreen.

3.3 Output Data

The output data which represents the actual result of the problem step by step will be present in the file output_method1.txt for the first algorithm and respectively output_method2.txt for the second algorithm .

3.4 Functions

The functions used in the program are presented in the **Section 2**, in their pseudocode forms.

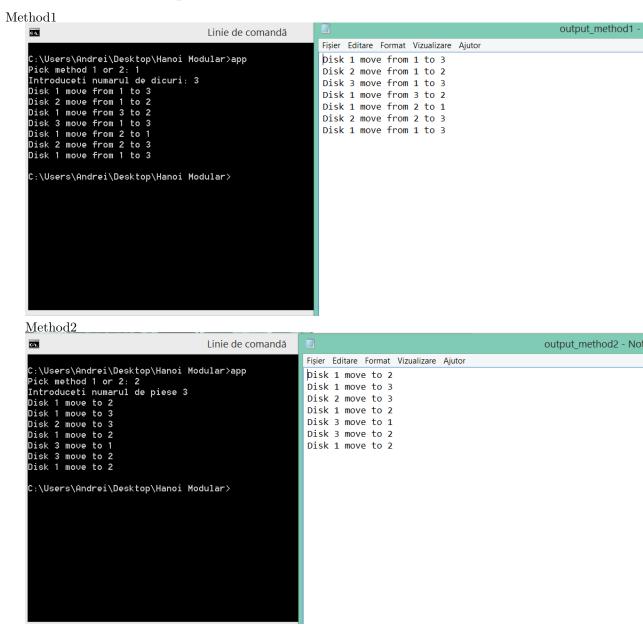
4 Source Code

My project is called "Tower of Hanoi." . The source code is created in programming language standard C99, that is compiled in one compiler.

The compiler is in GNU GCC Compiler with help program Code Blocks 16.

5 Experiments and results

5.1 GNU GCC Compiler



6 Conclusion

This program depends very much of the number of the plates introduced by the user. If we will have a number of towers larger than 15 the execution time will be bigger

7 References

Book:

Name : Totul despre C si C++ Year of publication :2005

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Author: Dr. Kris Jamsa Lars Klander

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