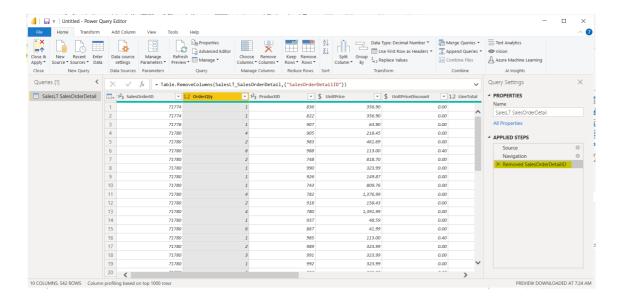
Module 4: Shaping and Combining Data

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Lesson 1: Power BI Desktop Queries

Demo 1: Using APPLIED STEPS

- 1. Connect to virtual lab environment.
- 2. On the taskbar, click Power BI Desktop.
- 3. To close the getting started window, at the top-right of the window, click \mathbf{X} .
- 4. In the Power BI Desktop window, click Get data.
- 5. In the Get Data dialog box, click SQL Server, and then click Connect.
- 6. In the SQL Server database window, in the Server box, type the URL of the server localhost.
- 7. In the Database (optional) box, type AdventureWorksLT, and then click OK.
- 8. In the Navigator window, select the SalesLT.SalesOrderDetail check box, and then click Transform Data.
- 9. On the Ribbon, in the **Query** group, click **Advanced Editor**. The window opens to display the query code. Note that no transformations have been applied yet. Click **Cancel**.
- 10. Right-click the **SalesOrderDetailID** column, and then click **Remove**.
- In the APPLIED STEPS list, right-click Removed Columns, click Rename, type Removed SalesOrderDetailID, and then press Enter.



- In the center pane, right-click the OrderQty column, click Rename, type OrderQuantity, and then press Enter.
- 13. In the APPLIED STEPS list, right-click Renamed Columns, click Rename, type Renamed OrderQty, and then press Enter.
- 14. In the center pane, click the rowguid column, and with the Ctrl key held down, click ModifiedDate.
- 15. Right-click either of the column headings, and then click **Remove Columns**.
- 16. In the APPLIED STEPS list, right-click Removed Columns, click Rename, type Removed rowguid and ModifiedDate, and then press Enter.
- 17. On the Ribbon, in the Query group, click Advanced Editor. The window opens to display the query code. Note that the transformations have been added, and they are in the same order as the list of APPLIED STEPS, and then click Cancel.
- 18. In the APPLIED STEPS list, right-click Removed rowguid and ModifiedDate, and then click Move Up.
- 19. In the APPLIED STEPS list, next to Removed SalesOrderDetailID, click the delete icon.
- 20. In the Delete Step dialog box, click Delete. The SalesOrderDetailID column reappears in the table.
- 21. In the APPLIED STEPS list, next to Navigation, click the gear icon.
- 22. In the **Navigation** window, click **SalesLT.SalesOrderHeader**, and then click **OK**. Note that the data preview has been updated with the **SalesLT.SalesOrderHeader** data. Also note the warning icon under **Queries** [1].
- 23. In the APPLIED STEPS list, next to Removed rowguid and ModifiedDate, click the delete icon.
- 24. In the Delete Step dialog box, click Delete.
- 25. In the APPLIED STEPS list, next to Renamed OrderQty, click the delete icon.
- 26. Note that the warning is no longer displayed.
- 27. On the Ribbon, in the **Query** group, click **Advanced Editor**. The window opens to display the query code. Note that the transformations have been removed, and the source table has been changed, and then click **Cancel**.

- 28. On the Ribbon, click Close & Apply to return to Power BI Desktop.
- 29. Leave Power BI Desktop open for the next demonstration.

Lesson 2: Shaping Data

Demo 1: Transforming Data with the Power Query Editor

- 1. In Power BI Desktop, click Get Data.
- 2. In the Get Data dialog box, click Excel, and then click Connect.
- 3. In the Open dialog box, browse to the Desktop\power-bi-quickstart\Demofiles\Mod04\Demo folder, click Sales Matrix.xlsx, and then click Open.
- 4. In the Navigator dialog box, select the Sales check box, and then click Transform Data.
- 5. In the Untitled Power Query Editor dialog box, in the Queries pane, click Sales.
- 6. In the APPLIED STEPS list, next to Changed Type, click the delete icon.
- 7. In the APPLIED STEPS list, next to Promoted Headers, click the delete icon.
- 8. On the **Transform** tab, click **Transpose**.
- 9. Note that the columns are now rows.
- 10. In the top left-hand corner of the table, click the table icon, and then click Use First Row as Headers.
- 11. Right-click the **Column1** column, click **Rename**, type **Country**, and then press Enter.
- 12. Right-click the **Column2** column, click **Rename**, type **Category**, and then press Enter.
- 13. Click the **Country** column, and on the Ribbon, in the **Any Column** group, click **Fill**, and then click **Down**. The null values are replaced.
- 14. Click the 2005 column, hold down the Ctrl key and click the 2006, 2007, and 2008 columns.
- 15. Right-click any of the selected column headers, and then click Unpivot Columns.
- 16. Note that the names of the columns are Attribute and Value for the attribute-value pairing.
- 17. Right-click the Attribute column, click Rename, type Year, and then press Enter.
- 18. Right-click the Value column, click Rename, type Sales, and then press Enter.
- 19. On the File menu, click Close & Apply.
- 20. In the FIELDS pane, expand Sales, and then click Country to select the field.
- 21. On the Modeling tab, click Data Category: Uncategorized, and then click Country/Region.
- 22. In the FIELDS pane, note the map icon next to Country.
- 23. In the FIELDS pane, under Sales, click Sales to select the field.
- 24. In the Formatting group, click Data type: Decimal Number, and click Fixed decimal number.
- 25. In the Data type change dialog box, click Yes.
- 26. Click Format: General, point to Currency, and then click \$ English (United States).

- 27. In the FIELDS pane, note the sum symbol next to Sales.
- 28. Drag the Country field onto the report. Note that Power BI automatically chooses the map chart.
- 29. Drag the Sales field onto the map, and note that the bubble sizes now represent the Sales figure.
- 30. Click the report canvas.
- 31. In the VISUALIZATIONS pane, click Clustered column chart.
- 32. Drag Category onto the Axis property.
- 33. Drag Year onto the Axis property.
- 34. Drag Country onto the Legend property.
- 35. Drag Sales onto the Value property.
- 36. Grab the corner edge of the chart to expand the width and height.
- 37. Click the Click to turn on Drill Down arrow icon in the top right-hand corner of the chart.
- 38. Click the tallest column in the Bikes group. This now breaks down the sales by year.
- Save the file report as AdventureWorks Sales 4.pbix to Desktop\power-biquickstart\Demofiles\Mod04\Demo, as this will be used for the next demonstration.
- 40. Leave Power BI Desktop open for the next demonstration.

Lesson 3: Combining Data

Demo 1: Adding and Shaping Data from the Internet

- 1. In Power BI Desktop, on the **Home** tab, click the **Get Data** arrow, and then click **Web**.
- 2. In the From Web dialog box, in the URL box, type https://www.imdb.com/chart/top, and then click OK.
- 3. In the Navigator window, select the Table 0 check box, and then click Transform Data.
- 4. In Power Query Editor, right-click the left-most column, and click **Remove**.
- 5. Right-click the right-most column, and click **Remove**.
- 6. Right-click the Your Rating column, and click Remove.
- 7. Note that these steps have been grouped together in the APPLIED STEPS list as Removed Columns.
- 8. Click the **Rank & Title** column, and then on the **Home** tab, in the **Transform** group, click **Split Column**, and then click **By Delimiter**.
- 9. In the **Split Column by Delimiter** dialog box, in the **Select or enter delimiter** list, click **--Custom--**, and in the box, type a period (.).
- 10. In the **Split at** section, click **Left-most delimiter**, and then click **OK**.
- 11. The Rank data now shows in its own column. Right-click the **Rank & Title.1** column, click **Rename**, type **Rank**, and then press Enter.
- Click the Rank & Title.2 column, and on the Transform tab, in the Any Column group, click Replace Values.

- 13. In the Replace Values dialog box, in the Value to Find box, type (, and then click OK.
- 14. With focus on the Rank & Title.2 column, from the Any Column group, click Replace Values.
- 15. In the Replace Values dialog box, in the Value to Find box, type), and then click OK.
- 16. With focus on the **Rank & Title.2** column, in the **Text Column** group, click **Split Column**, and then click **By Number of Characters**.
- 17. In the Split Column by Number of Characters dialog box, in the Number of characters box, type 4.
- 18. In the Split section, click Once, as far right as possible, and then click OK.
- 19. The Year data has been moved to a separate column.
- 20. Right-click the Rank & Title.2.1 column, click Rename, type Title, and then press Enter.
- 21. In the Text Column group, click Format, and then click Trim. The white space around the titles is removed.
- 22. Right-click the Rank & Title.2.2 column, click Rename, type Year, and then press Enter.
- 23. In the **QUERY SETTINGS** pane, under **Properties**, in the **Name** box, type **IMDB Top 250 Movies**, and then press Enter.
- 24. On the File menu, click Close & Apply.
- 25. In Power BI Desktop, on the File menu, click Exit.
- 26. If the Microsoft Power BI Desktop dialog box appears, click Save.