Module 7: Direct Connectivity

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 - Lesson 1: Cloud data
 - <u>Demo 1: Using SQL Database as a Power BI data source</u>
 - Import data from tables in a database in SQL Database
 - View relationships between the tables

Lesson 1: Cloud data

Demo 1: Using SQL Database as a Power BI data source

Connect to data from tables in a database in SQL Database

- 1. Connect to virtual lab environment.
- 2. On the Taskbar, click **Power BI Desktop**.
- 3. To close the getting started window, at the top-right of the window, click X.
- 4. In the Power BI Desktop window, click Get data.
- 5. In the Get Data dialog box, click SQL Server, and then click Connect.
- 6. In the SQL Server database window, in the Server box, type the URL of the server localhost.
- 7. In the Database (optional) box, type AdventureWorksLT.
- 8. In the Data Connectivity mode, select DirectQuery, and then click OK.
- In the Navigator dialog box, select the SalesLT.Customer, SalesLT.Product,
 SalesLT.ProductCategory,SalesLT.SalesOrderDetail, and SalesLT.SalesOrderHeader check boxes, and then click Load.
- 10. In the **FIELDS** pane, notice that the five tables have been added. When the report is published to the Power BI service, the tables are combined into a single dataset.
- 11. The connection is now a DirectQuery connection. The data has not been imported and you are always looking at current data.

Use a Composite model

DirectQuery storage is ideal for some of your data, but some data rarely changes and you would achieve performance gains from caching that data locally. Initially, you will set the Customer and Product tables to Dual storage mode. This will improve performance, by using cached data, but will use Direct Query, when necessary, for example, when pushing join logic to the source system.

- 1. In the FIELDS pane, right-click SalesLT Customer. and click Properties.
- 2. In FIELD PROPERTIES, in Storage mode, select Dual.
- 3. Read the warning message and click $\boldsymbol{\mathsf{OK}}.$
- 4. In FIELDS, select SalesLT Product.
- 5. In FIELD PROPERTIES, in Storage mode, select Dual.
- 6. Read the warning message and click **OK**.
- 7. In FIELDS, select SalesLT ProductCategory.
- 8. In FIELD PROPERTIES, in Storage mode, select Import.

- 9. Read the warning message and discuss the implications. Note that the relationships are weak when the one-side of a relationship cannot be guaranteed to be unique. This issue can be resolved by using Dual storage mode. In this situation, you are happy that the data and relationships are correct and wish to continue with Import Storage mode.
- 10. Unselect Set affected tables to dual.
- 11. Click **OK**.
- 12. Note that the **Storage mode** for **SalesLT SalesOrderDetail** and **SalesLT SalesOrderHeader** remains as **DirectQuery**. This will give the most up-to-date data for frequently updated tables.

View relationships between the tables

- In the menu on the left, click Model, and then increase the size of the SalesUT SalesOrderDetail, SalesLT SalesOrderDetail, SalesLT Customer tables to display all columns.
- Position the cursor on the relationship arrow between SalesLT SalesOrderDetail and SalesLT SalesOrderHeader. Notice that the related columns are highlighted.
- Position the cursor on the relationship arrow between SalesLT SalesOrderHeader and SalesLT Customer.Point out that the related columns are highlighted.
- 4. Notice that the tables are still related irrespective of the Storage mode.

Create Visualizations

- 1. In the menu on the left, click **Report** to return to the report canvas.
- 2. In the **FIELDS** pane, expand **SalesLT Customer**, and drag the **CompanyName** field onto the canvas to create a table.
- 3. In the **FIELDS** pane, expand **SalesLT SalesOrderDetail**, and drag the **LineTotal** field to the table on the report.
- 4. In the VISUALIZATIONS pane, click Stacked column chart.
- 5. Drag the right edge of the chart to stretch it across the report and display the customers in full.
- 6. In the **VISUALIZATIONS** pane, click **Format**, expand **Title**, and then rename the chart **Line Total by Company Name**.
- 7. In the **FIELDS** pane, in **SalesLT ProductCategory**, drag the **Name** field onto the canvas to create a table below the chart.
- 8. In the FIELDS pane, in SalesLT SalesOrderDetail, drag the OrderQty field to the table on the report.
- 9. In the VISUALIZATIONS pane, click Stacked column chart.
- 10. Drag the right edge of the chart to stretch it across the report and display the customers in full.
- In the VISUALIZATIONS pane, click Format, expand Title, and then rename the chart Order Quantity by Product Category.
- 12. Expand Colors, and then select a different color from the Default color selector.
- 13. Click on the canvas.
- 14. In the FIELDS pane, in SalesLT Customer, drag the CompanyName field onto the Page level filters in the VISUALIZATIONS pane.
- 15. Close Power BI desktop without saving your changes.