

Experiment No.3

Write a program in Java for find AXB where A is a matrix of 3X3 and B is a matrix of 2X3.

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Branch:- CSE-IOT

Semester:-3rd

Subject Name:- Java Lab

UID:- 20bcs4576

Section/Group:- A

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Subject Code:- 20CSP-235

1. Aim/Overview of the practical: - understand the concept of using standard java types of java in single class with array.

2. Task to be done:- Write a program in Java for find AXB where A is a matrix of 3X3 and B is a matrix of 2X3.

3. Apparatus(For applied/experimental sciences/materials based labs):- PC with any IDE installed on it (Intelli-J or Netbeans)

4. Algorithm/Flowchart (For programming based labs):-

- Step.1 – START
- Step.2 – Defining rows and columns
- Step.3 – Declaring `int[][] a = new int[3][3]; int[][] b = new int[3][3]; & int[][] c = new int[3][3];` to store the values of elements in the matrix entered by the user.
- Step.4 – Using “`System.out.println`” to prompt the user to enter the desired elements of 1st and 2nd matrix row wise.
- Step.5 – Storing the values of 1st matrix elements in a new matrix `a[i][j] = input.nextInt();`
- Step.6 – Storing the values of 2nd matrix elements in a new matrix `b[i][j] = input.nextInt();`
- Step.7 – Finally the program will multiply both the matrix a & b and the value of AXB is displayed on output screen. `(c[i][j] = c[i][j] + a[i][k] * b[k][j];)`
- Step.8 – END

5. Theme/Interests definition (For creative domains)0:- Learning to write a java program for matrix multiplication and displaying the result AXB on output screen.

6. Steps for experiment/practical:

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Main {
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        int n;
        Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
        int[][] a = new int[3][3];
        int[][] b = new int[3][3];
        int[][] c = new int[3][3];
        System.out.println("Enter the elements of 1st matrix row wise \n");
        for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++)
        {
```

```
for (int j = 0; j < 3; j++)
{
a[i][j] = input.nextInt();
}
}
System.out.println("Enter the elements of 2nd matrix row wise \n");
for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++)
{
for (int j = 0; j < 3; j++)
{
b[i][j] = input.nextInt();
}
}
System.out.println("Multiplying the matrices...");
for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++)
{
for (int j = 0; j < 3; j++)
{
for (int k = 0; k < 2; k++)
{

c[i][j] = c[i][j] + a[i][k] * b[k][j];
}
}
}
System.out.println("The product is:");
for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++)
{
for (int j = 0; j < 3; j++)
{
System.out.print(c[i][j] + " ");
}
System.out.println();
}
}}
```

7. Observations/Discussions(For applied/experimental sciences/materials based labs):-

```
Enter the elements of 1st martix row wise
2
4
3
5
6
7
9
8
1
Enter the elements of 2nd martix row wise
3
5
6
7
8
2
9
1
4
Multiplying the matrices...
The product is:
34 42 20
57 73 42
83 109 70

...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

8. Percentage error (if any or applicable):- NA

9. Calculations/ Chemical Reactions / Theorems /Formulas used etc :- After entering the elements of matrix 1 and matrix 2, the multiplication process carried out and the program successfully displayed the result of AXB on the output screen.

Learning outcomes (What I have learnt):

1. To understand the concept of standard java types in single java class.
2. To write a java program to carry out matrix multiplication and find the value of AXB on output screen.
3. Concept of OOPS in java programming.
4. Concept of arrays in java programming.

Evaluation Grid (To be created as per the SOP and Assessment guidelines by the faculty):

Sr. No.	Parameters	Marks Obtained	Maximum Marks
1.			
2.			
3.			