Name: Neha Sharma DATE- 21/10/21

STUDENT'S UID – 20BCS4576 SUBJECT CODE- 20CSP-235

CLASS AND GROUP – 20IBIT-1_A BRANCH- CSE-IOT

SEMESTER – 3 SUBJECT NAME- JAVA LAB

PRACTICAL WORKSHEET - 2.1

1. AIM:

To implement interface in JAVA.

2. TASK TO BE DONE:

Write a program in java which implement interface Student which has two methods Display_Grade and Attendence for PG_Students and UG_Students (PG_Students and UG_Students are two different classes for Post Graduate and Under Graduate Students respectively).

3. Apparatus:

- 1. System with any Operating System.
- 2. Jdk3. Ide or any other Texteditor.

4. ALGORITHM:

- 1. Create a interface class
- 2. Create two abstract method for grade and attendance respectively inside interface.
- 3. Create a class which inherite the properties of interface class.

- 4. Now give the functions to those abstract classes.
- 5. Create a main class and initialize the value there.
- 6. Create the objects of the methods.
- 7. Exit.

5. PROGRAM CODE:

```
interface Student
{
void Display_Grade(); void Display_Atten();
}
class PG_Student implements Student
{
String name, grade;
int m1, m2, m3, attendence, total;
PG_Student(String name, int m1, int m2, int m3, int attendence)
{
```

```
this.name = name; this.m1 = m1; this.m2 = m2; this.m3 = m3;
this.attendence = attendence;
}
void Display()
 {
System.out.println("Name is "+name); System.out.println("Marks are "+m1+" "+m2+" "+m
                        m3);
 }
public void Display_Atten()
 {
System.out.println("The attendence is " + attendence);
 }
public void Display_Grade()
 {
total = m1 + m2 + m3; if (total > 250)
```

```
{
grade = "A";
}
else if (total < 250)
{
grade = "B";
} else if (total < 200)
{
grade = "C";
}
else
grade = "D";
```

```
}
System.out.println("The Grade is " + grade);
}
}
class UG_Student implements Student
{
String name, grade;
int m1, m2, m3, attendence, total;
UG_Student(String name, int m1, int m2, int m3, int attendence)
{
this.name = name; this.m1 = m1; this.m2 = m2; this.m3 = m3;
this.attendence = attendence;
}
```

void Display()

```
{
System.out.println("Name is "+name); System.out.println("Marks are "+m1+" "+m2+" "+m
                           m3);
  }
public void Display_Atten()
  {
System.out.println("The attendence is " + attendence);
  }
public void Display_Grade()
  {
total = m1 + m2 + m3; if (total > 300)
 {
grade = "S";
  }
else if (total > 250)
```

```
{
grade = "A";
}
else if (total < 250)
{
grade = "B";
}
else if (total < 200)
{
grade = "C";
}
else
```

{

```
grade = "D";
}
System.out.println("The Grade is " + grade);
}
}
class Main {
public static void main(String[] args) {
PG_Student pg = new PG_Student("Neha", 40, 69, 87, 75); pg.Display();
pg.Display_Atten(); pg.Display_Grade();
UG_Student ug = new UG_Student("Ananya", 85, 88, 90, 45); ug.Display();
ug.Display_Atten();
ug.Display_Grade();
}
}
```

6. ERRORS ENCOUNTERED DURING PROGRAM'S EXECUTION: (Kindly jot down the compile time errors encountered):

NO ERROR

7. OUTPUT:

```
Name is Neha
Marks are 40 69 87
The attendence is 75
The Grade is B
Name is Ananya
Marks are 85 88 90
The attendence is 45
The Grade is A

...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

8. LEARNING OUTCOME:

- Identify situations where computational methods would be useful.
- Approach the programming tasks using techniques learnt and write pseudocode.
- Choose the right data representation formats based on the requirements of the problem.
- Use the comparisons and limitations of the various programming constructs and choose the right one for the task.

EVALUATION COLUMN (To be filled by concerned faculty only):

Sr. No.	Parameters	Maximum	Marks
		Marks	Obtaine
			d
1.	Worksheet Completion including	10	
	writing learning objective/ Outcome		
2.	Post Lab Quiz Result	5	
3.	Student engagement in Simulation/	5	
	Performance/ Pre-Lab Questions		
4.	Total Marks	20	