



Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on Binary Search Tree (BST) of Integers .

• Create a BST of N Integers: 6, 9, 5, 2, 8, 15, 24, 14, 7, 8, 5, 2

Traverse the BST in Inorder, Preorder and Post Order

• Search the BST for a given element (KEY) and report the appropriate message

Exit

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Branch: IOT Section/Group A
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Subject Name: Data Structure Lab

Subject Code: 20CSP-236_20BIT-1_A

1. Aim/Overview of the practical: Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on Binary Search Tree (BST) of Integers .

2. Task to be done:

- 1. Create a BST of N Integers: 6, 9, 5, 2, 8, 15, 24, 14, 7, 8, 5, 2
- 2. Traverse the BST in Inorder, Preorder and Post Order
- 3. Search the BST for a given element (KEY) and report the appropriate message
- 4. Exit
- 3. Algorithm/Flowchart:

Step 1: Start.







Step 2: Create a Binary Search Tree for N elements.

Step 3: Traverse the tree in inorder.

Step 4: Traverse the tree in pre order

Step 6: Traverse the tree in post order.

Step 7: Search the given key element in the BST.

Step 8: Delete an element from BST.

Step 9: Stop

5. Steps for experiment/practical(code):

#include <stdio.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

struct BST

{

int data;







```
struct BST *left;
struct BST *right;
};
typedef struct BST NODE;
NODE *node;
NODE* createtree(NODE *node, int data)
{
if (node == NULL)
{
```





```
NODE *temp;
temp= (NODE*)malloc(sizeof(NODE));
temp->data = data;
temp->left = temp->right = NULL;
return temp;
}
if (data < (node->data))
{
node->left = createtree(node->left, data);
```





```
}
else if (data > node->data)
{
node -> right = createtree(node->right, data);
}
return node;
}
NODE* search(NODE *node, int data)
{
```







```
if(node == NULL)
printf("\nElement not found");
else if(data < node->data)
{
node->left=search(node->left, data);
}
else if(data > node->data)
{
node->right=search(node->right, data);
```







```
}
else
printf("\nElement found is: %d", node->data);
return node;
}
void inorder(NODE *node)
{
if(node != NULL)
{
```







```
inorder(node->left);
printf("%d\t", node->data);
inorder(node->right);
}
}
void preorder(NODE *node)
{
if(node != NULL)
{
```





```
printf("%d\t", node->data);
preorder(node->left);
preorder(node->right);
}
}
void postorder(NODE *node)
{
if(node != NULL)
{
```





```
postorder(node->left);
postorder(node->right);
printf("%d\t", node->data);
}
}
NODE* findMin(NODE *node)
{
if(node==NULL)
{
```





```
return NULL;
}
if(node->left)
return findMin(node->left);
else
return node;
}
NODE* del(NODE *node, int data)
{
```







```
NODE *temp;
if(node == NULL)
{
printf("\nElement not found");
}
else if(data < node->data)
{
node->left = del(node->left, data);
}
```





```
else if(data > node->data)
{
node->right = del(node->right, data);
}
else if(node->right && node->left){
temp = findMin(node->right);
node -> data = temp->data;
node -> right = del(node->right,temp->data);
}
else
```







```
{
temp = node;
if(node->left == NULL)
node = node->right;
else if(node->right == NULL)
node = node->left;
free(temp); /* temp is longer required */
}
```

return node;







```
}
int main()
{
int data, ch, i, n;
NODE *root=NULL;
while (1)
{
printf("\n1.Insertion in Binary Search Tree");
printf("\n2.Search Element in Binary Search Tree");
```







```
printf("\n3.Delete Element in Binary Search Tree");
printf("\n4.Inorder\n5.Preorder\n6.Postorder\n7.Exit");
printf("\nEnter your choice: ");
scanf("%d", &ch);
switch (ch)
{
  case 1:{
printf("\nEnter N value: " );
scanf("%d", &n);
printf("\nEnter the values to create BST like(6,9,5,2,8,15,24,14,7,8,5,2)\n");
```







```
for(i=0; i<n; i++)
{
scanf("%d", &data);
root=createtree(root, data);
}
break;
case 2:{
printf("\nEnter the element to search: ");
scanf("%d", &data);
```





root=search(root, data);

```
break;
}
case 3:{
printf("\nEnter the element to delete: ");
scanf("%d", &data);
root=del(root, data);
break;
}
case 4:{
printf("\nInorder Traversal: \n");
inorder(root);}
```





```
break;
case 5:{
printf("\nPreorder Traversal: \n");
preorder(root);
}
break;
case 6:{
printf("\nPostorder Traversal: \n");
postorder(root);}
break;
exit(0);
```





default:printf("\nWrong option"); break; } return 0; }

5. Output: Image of sample output to be attached here





C:\Users\hp\Desktop\DS LAB WS\tree program 1.Insertion in Binary Search Tree 2.Search Element in Binary Search Tree 3.Delete Element in Binary Search Tree 4.Inorder 5.Preorder 6.Postorder 7.Exit Enter your choice: 1	e					
Enter N value: 11						
Enter the values to create BST like(6 50 17 12 9 14 23 19 72 54 67 76	,9,5,2,8	3,15,24,1	4,7,8,5,	2)		
1.Insertion in Binary Search Tree 2.Search Element in Binary Search Tre 3.Delete Element in Binary Search Tre 4.Inorder 5.Preorder 6.Postorder 7.Exit Enter your choice: 4						
Inorder Traversal: 9 12 14 17 19 1.Insertion in Binary Search Tree 2.Search Element in Binary Search Tre 3.Delete Element in Binary Search Tre 4.Inorder 5.Preorder 6.Postorder 7.Exit Enter your choice: 5		50	54	67	72	76
Preorder Traversal: 50 17 12 9 14 1.Insertion in Binary Search Tree 2.Search Element in Binary Search Tre 3.Delete Element in Binary Search Tre 4.Inorder 5.Preorder 6.Postorder 7.Exit Enter your choice: 6		19	72	54	67	76
Postorder Traversal: 9 14 12 19 23	17	67	54	76	72	50







Learning outcomes (What I have learnt):	

1			

2.

3.

4.

5.

Evaluation Grid (To be created as per the SOP and Assessment guidelines by the faculty):

Sr. No.	Parameters	Marks Obtained	Maximum Marks
1.			
2.			
3.			

