1. The school sample dataset has the height of school children. Determine whether the sample mean is statistically different from a known population mean = 5.7 for boys to a significance level of 0.05?

CODE:

```
height=[5.6,5.7,5.4,5.8,5.9,6,5.7,5.8,5.4,5.5,5.5,5.7,5.8,5.8,5.8,5.9,6,5.7,5.8,6.1,6.1,6.2,6.1,5.6,5.7,5.7]
from scipy.stats import ttest_1samp
import numpy as np
height_mean = np.mean(height)
print(height_mean)
tset, pval = ttest_1samp(height, 5.7)
print(pval)
if pval < 0.05:
    print("we are rejecting null hypothesis i.e,average height is not 50")
else:
    print("we are accepting null hypothesis i.e,average height is 50")
```

OUTPUT

5.78148148148148

0.05561173145472786

we are accepting null hypothesis i.e, average height is 50

2. The school sample dataset has the height of school children. Determine whether the

sample mean is statistically different from a known population mean = 5.7 for girls (group-1) to a significance level of 0.05?

CODE:

OUTPUT:

5.47037037037037 2.2489303609065707e-06 we are rejecting null hypothesis i.e,average height is not 50 3. The school sample dataset has the height of school children. Determine whether the

sample mean is statistically different from a known population mean = 5.7 for girls (group-2) to a significance level of 0.05?

CODE:

```
height=[5.6,5.7,5.4,5.8,5.9,6,5.6,5.7,5.4,5.8,5.9,6,5.6,5.7,5.4,5.8,5.9,6,5.4,5.5,5.5,5.7,5.8,5.8,5.8,5.8,5.8]
from scipy.stats import ttest_1samp
import numpy as np
height_mean = np.mean(height)
print(height_mean)
tset, pval = ttest_1samp(height, 5.7)
print(pval)
if pval < 0.05:
    print("we are rejecting null hypothesis i.e,average height is not 50")
else:
    print("we are accepting null hypothesis i.e,average height is 50")
```

OUTPUT:

5.71851851851852 0.6208793777493744 we are accepting null hypothesis i.e,average height is 50

4. The school sample dataset has the height of school children but also their gender. Compare the height of boys and girls (Group-1) and see if the difference is statistically significant to a significance level of 0.05?

CODE:

OUTPUT:

P Value is: 8.584228837236856e-07

same distribution

Q5. The school sample dataset has the height of school children but also their gender. Compare the height of boys and girls (Group-2) and see if the difference is statistically significant to a significance level of 0.05?

CODE:

```
from scipy.stats import ttest_ind height1=[5.6,5.7,5.4,5.8,5.9,6,5.7,5.8,5.4,5.5,5.5,5.7,5.8,5.8,5.8,5.8,5.9,6,5.7,5.8,6.1,6.1,6.2,6.1,5.6,5.7,5.7] height2=[5.6,5.7,5.4,5.8,5.9,6,5.6,5.7,5.4,5.8,5.9,6,5.6,5.7,5.4,5.8,5.9,6,5.4,5.5,5.5,5.7,5.8,5.8,5.8,5.8,5.9] stat, p = ttest_ind(height1,height2) print('P Value is :',p) if p < 0.05: print('same distribution') else: print('different distributions')
```

OUTPUT

P Value is: 0.2573127348673761

different distributions