

Solutions to Assignment 1

Problem 1

The object most appropriate would be data frame as it's easy to access.

The missing values can be dealt with `na.rm = T`

Problem 2

In this problem we first filter the data for carrier delays and then make all the negative values as 0. Then we get the data from column 6 to 14 separately which has different types of arrays.

We only take the arrival and departure array into consideration as the other delays are assumed to be caused because of these arrays. Thus we find the sum of those arrays.

```
# first we create the function called TotalNumDelays(Carrier)
```

```
# then we filter the all data related to carrier
```

```
# now we get all the negative values and make them 0
```

```
# we create required.data in which we calculate the sum of all the columns from 6 to 14 without the NA values
```

```
# from the required.data we find the sum of the first two columns
```

```
# to get different types of arrays
```

Results:

The Total Numbers of different types Delays of your Carrier " AA " are

	DEP_DELAY	ARR_DELAY	CANCELLED	CARRIER_DEL
AY	WEATHER_DELAY			
	19035	17848	1574	49
00	1433			
	NAS_DELAY	SECURITY_DELAY	LATE_AIRCRAFT_DELAY	
X	4767	6	4973	
0				

As all the delays are included in Arrival and departure, we just calculate the sum of these two

so The total number of delays of a Carrier " AA " are 36883

Solutions to Assignment 1

Problem 3

In this problem, we approach the same way as we did in the previous problem. We first separate the data for a particular origin and filter all the negative value as zero and find the columns for delays from origin. Then we add the departure delay as we only need to find the delays from a single origin

#First we create a function called TotalNumDelays(ORIGIN)

to separate data for a particular Origin

now we make all the negative values to zero

#to count elements of column

#to get different types of delays from your Origin

#to get the total number of delays

The Total Numbers of Delays from your Origin from different types " JFK " are

	DEP_DELAY	ARR_DELAY	CANCELLED	CARRIER_DEL
AY	WEATHER_DELAY			
	3694	3708	761	10
87	800			
	NAS_DELAY	SECURITY_DELAY	LATE_AIRCRAFT_DELAY	
X				
	1640	15	796	
0				

The total number of delays are sum of Departure Delay and Arrival Delay as the other delays are included in the Departure Delay and Arrival Delay,

The total number of delays from the Origin " JFK " are 3694

Problem 4

#check if delays.in.flights exists

First create function called AvgDelay(Carrier, Dest)

create a data.frame with columns for CARRIER, ARR_DELAY and DEST

Solutions to Assignment 1

remove all the NA values

Create a Subset that reads data from DEST and CARRIER

calculate average arrival delay for a carrier flying into the specified destination airport.

gives Avg delays of the Destination Airport code and Carrier Code

Result:

```
> AvgDelay('AA','DFW')  
[1] 33.8675
```

Problem 5

To improve a function so that we don't have to load the data frame repeatedly we can just do this

TotalNumDelays("AA")

TotalDelaysByOrigin("JFK")

AvgDelay('AA','DFW')

```
> # No need to rerun the Program
```

```
> TotalNumDelays("AA")
```

The Total Numbers of different types Delays of your Carrier " AA " are

	DEP_DELAY	ARR_DELAY	CANCELLED	CARRIER_DEL
AY	WEATHER_DELAY			
	19035	17848	1574	49
00	1433			
	NAS_DELAY	SECURITY_DELAY	LATE_AIRCRAFT_DELAY	
X				
	4767	6	4973	
0				

As all the delays are included in Arrival and departure, we just calculate the sum of these two

so The total number of delays of a Carrier " AA " are 36883

Solutions to Assignment 1

```
> TotalDelaysByOrigin("JFK")
```

The Total Numbers of Delays from your Origin from different types " JFK " are

DEP_DELAY	ARR_DELAY	CANCELLED
3694	3708	761
CARRIER_DELAY	WEATHER_DELAY	NAS_DELAY
1087	800	1640
SECURITY_DELAY	LATE_AIRCRAFT_DELAY	X
15	796	0

The total number of delays are sum of Departure Delay as we need the delays from a particular origin so ,

The total number of delays from the Origin " JFK " are 3694

```
> AvgDelay ('AA','DFW')
```

```
[1] 33.8675
```