Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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2024_28_III_OOPS Using Java Lab

REC_2028_OOPS using Java_Week 3_CY

Attempt : 1
Total Mark : 40
Marks Obtained : 40

Section 1 : Coding

1. Problem Statement

Nikila is working as an intern in a software firm and is practicing with a matrix where each row represents a set of numerical values. Her task is to identify the row with the highest sum of its elements and remove that row from the matrix. After removing the row with the highest sum, Nikila needs to print the updated matrix.

Your task is to help Nikila in implementing the same. If there are two or more rows that have same the highest sum, the firstly encountered row is deleted.

Input Format

The first line of the input consists of two space-separated integers, R and C, representing the number of rows and columns in the matrix, respectively.

The following R lines each contain, C space-separated integers representing the matrix elements.

Output Format

The output prints the matrix after removing the row with the highest sum. Each row should be printed on a new line, with elements separated by a space.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 2 2
1 2
3 4

Output: 1 2

Answer

```
// You are using Java
import java.util.*;

class sample{
   public static void main(String[]args) {
      Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
      int r = sc.nextInt();
      int c = sc.nextInt();

      int[][] arr = new int[r][c];

      for(int i = 0; i<r; i++) {
         for(int j = 0; j<c; j++) {
            arr[i][j] = sc.nextInt();
         }
      }

      int maxSum = -1;
      int rowToremove = -1;

      for(int i = 0; i<r; i++) {
         int rowSum = 0;
```

```
            for(int j = 0; j<c; j++) {
                rowSum += arr[i][j];
            }
            if(rowSum > maxSum) {
                maxSum = rowSum;
                rowToremove = i;
            }
        }
        for(int i= 0; i<r; i++) {
            if(i == rowToremove)
            continue;
            for(int j =0; j< c; j++) {
                System.out.print(arr[i][j] + " ");
            }
            System.out.println();
        }
    }
}
```

Status : Correct **Marks : 10/10**

2. Problem Statement

Alex is a treasure hunter who collects valuable items during their quests. Each item has a specific point value, and Alex wants to maximize their score by strategically removing items one at a time.

The rule is simple: Alex removes the item with the highest point value in each step until no items are left, summing the values of the removed items to calculate the maximum score.

Help Alex to complete his task.

Input Format

The first line of input consists of an integer N, representing the size of the array.

The second line of input consists of N space-separated integers, representing the point values of the items.

Output Format

The output prints "Maximum Sum: " followed by the calculated maximum score after removing all items.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 14
7 14 21 28 35 42 49 56 63 70 77 84 91 98
Output: Maximum Sum: 735

Answer

```
// You are using Java
import java.util.*;

class sample{
   public static void main(String[]args) {
      Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

      int n = sc.nextInt();
      int[] arr = new int[n];

      for(int i = 0; i<n; i++) {
         arr[i] = sc.nextInt();

      }

      int sum = 0;
      for(int i = 0; i<n ; i++) {
         sum+= arr[i];
      }

      System.out.println("Maximum Sum: " + sum);
      sc.close();
   }
}
```

Status : Correct ***Marks : 10/10***

3. Problem Statement:

Emma, a budding computer vision enthusiast, is working on a challenging image processing project. She has a square image represented as a 2D matrix of integers. As part of a special filter operation, she needs to rotate the image by 90 degrees clockwise, but there's a twist — she must perform the rotation in-place, using no extra space.

This means Emma has to rotate the matrix without creating a new one. Your task is to help her implement a Java program that takes this square matrix as input and rotates it within the same structure.

Can you help Emma efficiently rotate the image so that her project can move to the next stage?

Input Format

The first line of input contains a single integer n, representing the number of rows and columns of the square matrix (i.e., the matrix is of size n x n).

The next n lines each contain n space-separated integers, representing the elements of each row of the 2D array.

Output Format

The first line of output prints "Rotated 2D Array:"

The next n lines of output print the rotated matrix.

Each line contains n space-separated integers representing a row of the rotated matrix.

Refer to the sample output for format specification.

Sample Test Case

Input: 3
1 2 3
4 5 6
7 8 9

Output: Rotated 2D Array:
7 4 1
8 5 2
9 6 3

Answer

```
// You are using Java
import java.util.*;

class sample{
   public static void main(String[]args) {
      Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
      int n = sc.nextInt();

      int[][] arr = new int[n][n];

      for(int i = 0; i<n;i++) {
         for(int j = 0; j<n; j++) {
            arr[i][j] = sc.nextInt();
         }
      }

      for(int i = 0;i <n ; i++) {
         for(int j = i;j<n; j++) {
            int temp = arr[i][j];
            arr[i][j] = arr[j][i];
            arr[j][i] = temp;
         }
      }

      for(int i = 0; i<n; i++) {
         int left = 0, right = n-1;
         while (left <right) {
            int temp = arr[i][left];
            arr[i][left] = arr[i][right];
            arr[i][right] = temp;
            left++;
            right--;
         }
      }
      System.out.println("Rotated 2D Array:");
```

```
        for(int i = 0; i<n; i++) {
            for(int j = 0; j<n; j++) {
                System.out.print(arr[i][j] + " ");
            }
            System.out.println();
        }


    }
}
```

Status : Correct **Marks : 10/10**

4. Problem Statement

Robin is a tech-savvy teenager who is diving into programming.

He is working on a project to find special elements in an array called 'leaders.' Leaders are those exceptional elements that are greater than the sum of all the elements to their right.

Assist Robin in writing this program.

Example

Input:

6

16 28 74 19 25 11

Output:

74 25 11

Explanation:

The element 16 is not greater than the sum of elements to its right (28 + 74 + 19 + 25 + 11 = 157)

The element 28 is not greater than the sum of elements to its right (74 + 19 + 25 + 11 = 129)

The element 74 is greater than the sum of elements to its right (19 + 25 + 11 = 55)

The element 19 is not greater than the sum of elements to its right (25 + 11 = 36)

The element 25 is greater than the sum of elements to its right (11)

The last element 11 is always a leader since there are no elements to its right.

So, the output is {74, 25, 11}.

Input Format

The first line of input consists of an integer N, representing the number of elements in the array.

The second line consists of N space-separated integers, representing the elements of the array.

Output Format

The output prints the special elements in the given array, that are greater than the sum of all the elements to their right.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 5
3 4 2 5 1
Output: 5 1

Answer

```
// You are using Java
import java.util.*;

class sample{
   public static void main(String[]args) {
      Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in) ;
      int n = sc.nextInt();
```

```
        int[] arr = new int[n];
        for(int i = 0 ;i<n; i++) {
            arr[i] = sc.nextInt();
        }


        for(int i = 0; i<n; i++){
            int sum = 0;
            for(int j = i+1; j<n; j++) {
                sum+=arr[j];
            }
            if(arr[i] > sum) {
                System.out.print(arr[i]+" ");
            }
        }
    }
}
```

Status : Correct **Marks : 10/10**