

1. Question

fetch the list of product names which sales more than two times in between 2021 to 2023.

Query -

```
SELECT Product_name,  
COUNT(Product_id) AS total_count,  
Product_id,  
Order_date  
FROM orders  
JOIN products  
ON(orders.Product_id=products.id)  
GROUP BY Product_id  
HAVING COUNT(Product_id)>1 AND Order_date BETWEEN "2021-01-29" AND "2023-11-29"  
ORDER BY total_count DESC  
LIMIT 5;
```

OUTPUT -

Product_name	total_count	Product_id	Order_date
Antenna	3	1053	2021-06-21
Monitor	3	1009	2021-07-05
Circuit2	2	1059	2021-08-13
Resistor	2	1031	2021-10-19
Battery	2	1043	2021-12-01

Result 2 ×

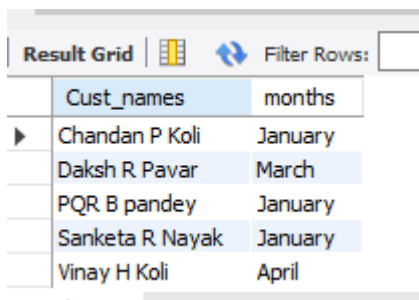
2. Question

write an sql query to fetch the customers name who is received more than 500 inventory in january ,march and april

Query

```
SELECT CONCAT(First_Name,',',Middle_Name,',',Last_Name) AS Cust_names,  
MONTHNAME(Order_date) AS months  
FROM orders  
GROUP BY Cust_names  
HAVING SUM(Number_shipped) >500  
  
AND months IN("january","March","April");
```

OUTPUT



The screenshot shows a 'Result Grid' window with a 'Filter Rows' input field. Below the header, there are six rows of data. The first row is highlighted. The columns are 'Cust_names' and 'months'.

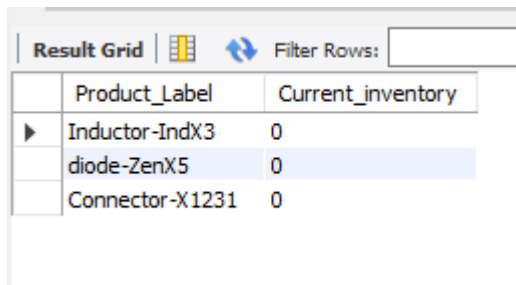
Cust_names	months
Chandan P Koli	January
Daksh R Pavar	March
PQR B pandey	January
Sanketa R Nayak	January
Vinay H Koli	April

3. Question

write an sql query to retrieve the names of 5 product label which currently not available.

Query -

```
SELECT Product_Label,  
SUM(Inventory_OnHand) AS Current_inventory  
FROM products  
GROUP BY Product_Label  
HAVING Current_inventory <1  
ORDER BY Current_inventory ASC  
LIMIT 5 ;
```

OUTPUT -

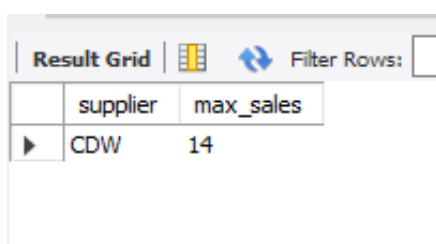
	Product_Label	Current_inventory
▶	Inductor-IndX3	0
	diode-ZenX5	0
	Connector-X1231	0

4. Question

write an sql query to retrieve suppliers name who sales inventory maximum times.

Query

```
SELECT supplier,  
COUNT(supplier_id) AS max_sales  
FROM purchases  
JOIN suppliers  
ON(suppliers.id = purchases.supplier_id)  
GROUP BY supplier_id  
ORDER BY max_sales DESC  
LIMIT 1;
```

OUTPUT

	supplier	max_sales
▶	CDW	14

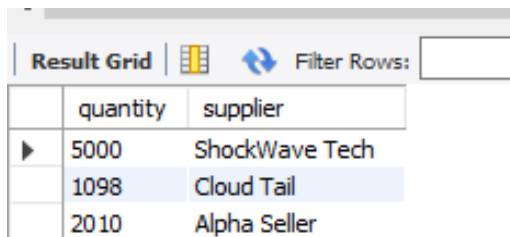
5. Question

write an sql query to al list of all suppliers who sales more than 1000 inventory.

Query-

```
SELECT Number_received As quantity ,  
supplier  
FROM purchases  
INNER JOIN suppliers  
ON purchases.supplier_id = suppliers.id  
HAVING quantity>1000;
```

OUTPUT



	quantity	supplier
▶	5000	ShockWave Tech
	1098	Cloud Tail
	2010	Alpha Seller

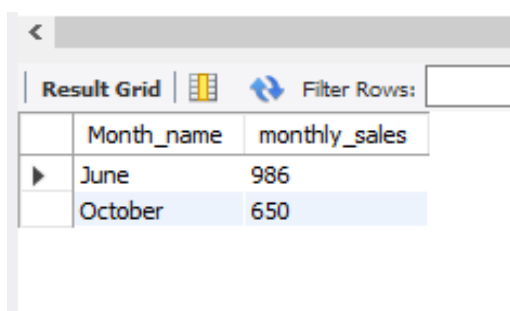
6. Question

write an sql query to find month name where inventory sales is between 500 to 1050.

Query-

```
SELECT MONTHNAME(Order_date) AS Month_name,  
SUM(Number_shipped) AS monthly_sales  
FROM orders  
GROUP BY Month_name  
HAVING monthly_sales BETWEEN 500 AND 1050 ;
```

OUTPUT-



	Month_name	monthly_sales
▶	June	986
	October	650

7. Question

write an sql query to list the name of supplier and Product_Label where suppliers supply a maximum inventory

Query-

```
SELECT Product_Label,  
supplier,  
Inventory_Received  
FROM products  
JOIN purchases  
ON products.id = purchases.product_id  
JOIN suppliers  
ON suppliers.id = purchases.supplier_id  
GROUP BY Product_Label  
HAVING COUNT(Inventory_Received)  
ORDER BY Inventory_Received DESC  
LIMIT 5;
```

OUTPUT -

Product_Label	supplier	Inventory_Received
Thermi-80C	ShockWave Tech	9900
Conductor-sem10	ShockWave Tech	5436
Circuit-HGX	ShockWave Tech	800
Battery-90X	Acme Tech	600
PowerSupplyUnit-PSU09	Acme Tech	600

Vertical Output Result 40 ×

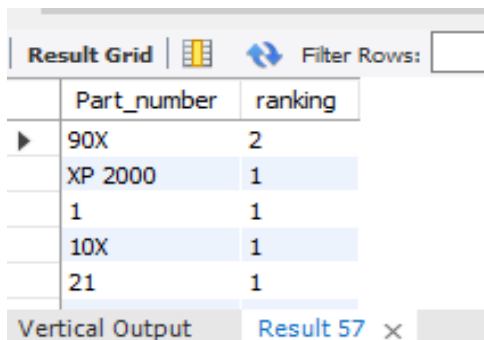
8. Question

write the sql query to find the ranking of a part numbers based on inventory received.

Query-

```
SELECT Part_number,  
RANK() OVER(PARTITION BY part_number ORDER BY Inventory_Received) AS ranking  
FROM products  
ORDER BY ranking DESC ;
```

OUTPUT -



Part_number	ranking
90X	2
XP 2000	1
1	1
10X	1
21	1




9. Question

write an sql query to defines male and females in customers.

Query

```
SELECT First_Name,  
COUNT(CASE WHEN Title="mr" THEN 1 END ) AS Male,  
COUNT(CASE WHEN Title="ms" THEN 1 END) AS Female,  
COUNT(CASE WHEN (Title="" OR Title IS Null) THEN 1 END) AS 'NotAssigned',  
COUNT(*) AS Total  
FROM orders  
GROUP BY First_Name;
```

OUTPUT-

Result Grid   Filter Rows: <input type="text"/> Export: 					
	First_Name	Male	Female	'NotAssigned'	Total
▶	ABC	0	1	0	1
	Aditi	0	1	0	1
	Aishwarya	0	1	0	1
	Amisha	0	1	0	1
	Ashish	1	0	0	1
Vertical Output Result 59 ×					

10. Questions

find the product label which orders in 2022 and purchase in 2023.




Query

```

SELECT Product_Label,
Order_date,
purchases__date
FROM products
JOIN purchases
ON products.id = purchases.product_id
JOIN orders
ON products.id = orders.Product_id
GROUP BY Product_Label
HAVING YEAR(Order_date)=2021 AND YEAR(purchases__date)=2022;

```

OUTPUT-

Result Grid   Filter Rows: <input type="text"/> Export:  Wi			
	Product_Label	Order_date	purchases__date
▶	OutputDevice-OTDX	2021-01-04	2022-05-17
	Route-98X3	2021-02-21	2022-09-22
	Switch-swi09	2021-12-15	2022-11-23
Vertical Output Result 60 ×			

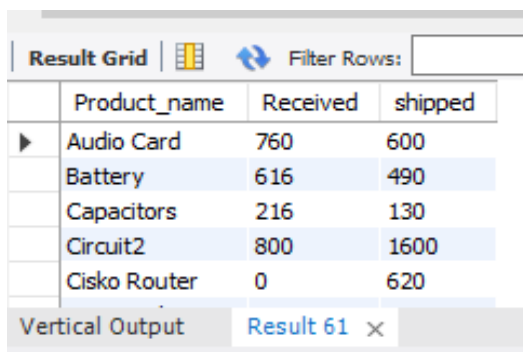
11.Question

write a query to find products received and shipped data.

Query

```
SELECT Product_name,  
SUM(Number_received) AS Received,  
SUM(Number_shipped) AS shipped  
FROM products  
JOIN purchases  
ON products.id = purchases.product_id  
JOIN orders  
ON products.id = orders.Product_id  
GROUP BY Product_Label;
```

OUTPUT -



The screenshot shows a 'Result Grid' window with a table of product data. The table has four columns: Product_name, Received, and shipped. The data is as follows:

Product_name	Received	shipped
Audio Card	760	600
Battery	616	490
Capacitors	216	130
Circuit2	800	1600
Cisco Router	0	620

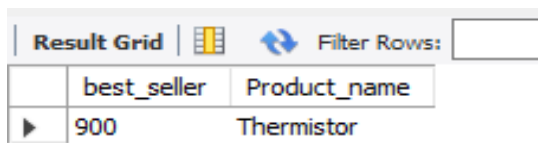
At the bottom of the window, there is a 'Vertical Output' button and a tab labeled 'Result 61' with a close icon.

12.Question

write a query to find best seller product in january.

Query

```
SELECT sum(Number_shipped) as best_seller ,Product_name  
FROM orders  
JOIN products  
ON (orders.Product_id=products.id)  
GROUP BY product_name  
HAVING MAX(Number_shipped)  
ORDER BY Number_shipped DESC  
LIMIT 1;
```


OUTPUT

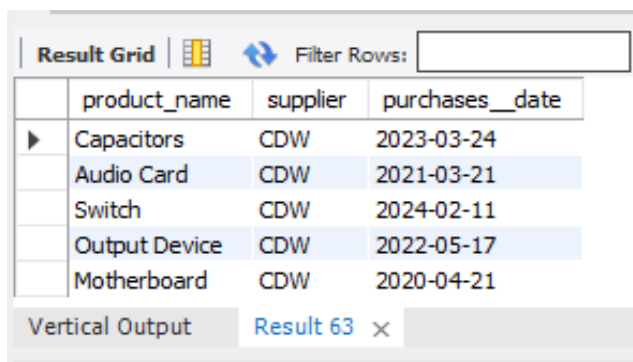
	best_seller	Product_name
▶	900	Thermistor

13.Question

write an query to find product name which received from 'CDW' supplier between jan to may.

Query-

```
SELECT product_name,  
Supplier,  
purchases__date  
FROM products  
JOIN purchases  
ON products.id = purchases.product_id  
JOIN suppliers  
ON suppliers.id = purchases.supplier_id  
GROUP BY Product_Label  
HAVING supplier = 'CDW' AND  
MONTH(purchases__date) BETWEEN 1 AND 5  
ORDER BY Inventory_Received DESC  
LIMIT 5;
```

OUTPUT -

	product_name	supplier	purchases__date
▶	Capacitors	CDW	2023-03-24
	Audio Card	CDW	2021-03-21
	Switch	CDW	2024-02-11
	Output Device	CDW	2022-05-17
	Motherboard	CDW	2020-04-21

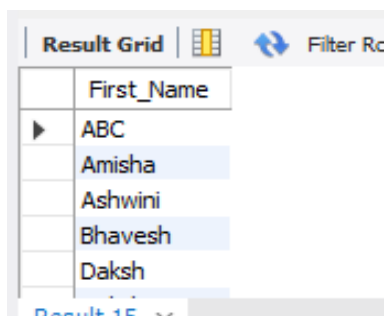
Vertical Output Result 63 ×

14.Question

write an sql query to find names whoes starting inventory is greater than 100

Query

```
SELECT First_Name  
FROM orders  
JOIN products  
ON (orders.Product_id =products.id)  
GROUP BY First_Name  
HAVING sum(Starting_Inventory)<100;
```

OUTPUT-

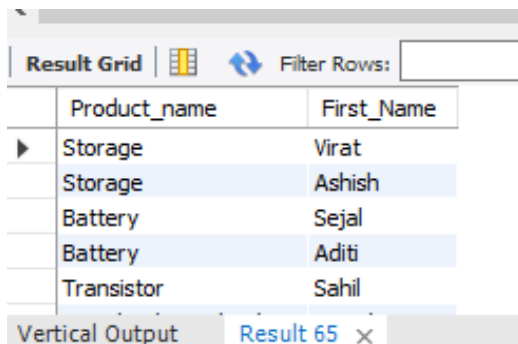
	First_Name
▶	ABC
	Amisha
	Ashwini
	Bhavesh
	Daksh

15. Question

write an sql query to find customer name and product name whos received inventory more than 1000.

Query-

```
SELECT Product_name,  
First_Name  
FROM orders  
RIGHT JOIN products  
ON products.id = orders.product_id  
GROUP BY First_Name  
HAVING sum(Inventory_Shipped)<1000  
ORDER BY Inventory_Shipped DESC;
```

OUTPUT-

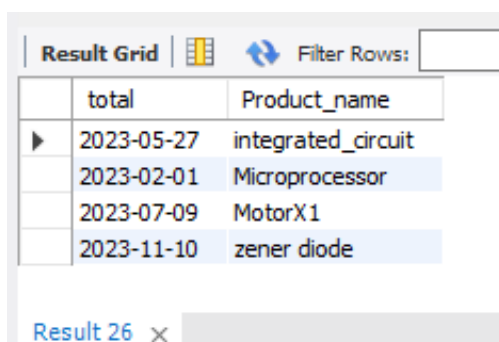
	Product_name	First_Name
▶	Storage	Virat
	Storage	Ashish
	Battery	Sejal
	Battery	Aditi
	Transistor	Sahil

16. Question

write an sql query to find product name which orders in 2023

Query

```
SELECT Order_date AS total,  
Product_name  
FROM orders  
JOIN products  
ON products.id = orders.product_id  
GROUP BY Product_name  
HAVING YEAR(Order_date)=2023;
```

OUTPUT

	total	Product_name
▶	2023-05-27	integrated_circuit
	2023-02-01	Microprocessor
	2023-07-09	MotorX1
	2023-11-10	zener diode