Seat No.:	
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NF-122

November -2018

B.C.A., Sem.-V

CC-303: Data Communications and Networking

Time: 2:30 Hours]						[Max. Marks: 70				
1.	(A)	Write	e the	following:						
		(i)	Exp	lain any two modu	lation techniques.		7			
		(ii)	Exp	lain analog signal,	digital transmission	on in detail.	7			
				OF	₹					
		s it calculated?								
		(ii)	Discuss the concept of simplex, half duplex and full-duplex communication.							
	(B)	Ansv	ver th	ne following: (Any	four)		4			
		(1)	Defi	ine period.						
		(2)	Data rate is closely related with the							
			(a)	phase	(b)	modulation				
			(c)	frequency	(d)	size				
		(3)	is highly affected by noise.							
			(a)	FSK	(b)	ASK				
			(c)	PSK	(d)	none of these				
		(4)	detects zeroes and ones and regenerates them.							
			(a)	Amplifier	(b)	Repeater				
			(c)	Multiplexer	(d)	Modem				
		(5)	Signals are continuous in nature.							
			(a)	Analog	(b)	Digital				
			(c)	Mixed	(d)	None of these				
		(6)	Defi	ine baud rate.						
2. (A	(A)	Write	rite the following:							
		(i)) Explain how LRC works.							
		(ii)	What is multiplexing? Explain WDM.							
		OR								
		(i)	Describe the Go-back-n technique.							
		(ii)	Explain sliding window method.							
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	(B)	Answer the following: (Any four)								
		(1)	is an intelligent multiplexing technique.							
			(a)	STDM	(b)	FDM				
			(c)	TDM	(d)	None of these				
	(2)		transmits	each signal on a c	lifferent frequency.					
			(a)	TDMA	(b)	CDMA				
			(c)	FDMA	(d)	TDM				
		(3)	Define Encryption.							
		(4)	The mux is responsible for both multiplexing and demultiplexing. [True / False]							
		(5)	CRC calculation is based on a specific portion of data. [True / False]							
		(6)	6) The receiver sends a back to the sender if everything was O.K.							
			(a)	NAK	(b)	PAK				
			(c)	ACK	(d)	NCK				
3. (A)	(A)	Writ	rite the following:							
		(i)	Wha	ny one guided media in detail.	7					
		(ii)	Desc	cribe Packet switch	ing?		7			
				OR						
	(i)	What is handoff? How does it take place?								
		(ii)	Describe topology. Explain any three in detail.							
(B)	Ansv	Answer the following: (Any three)								
		(1)	In star topology, the central hub is called							
			(a)	active hub	(b)	passive hub				
			(c)	inactive hub	(d)	live hub				
	(2)	The Ethernet address consists of 40 bits. [True/ False]								
		(3)	Opti	cal fibers use	for data t	ransmission.				
			(a)	voltage	(b)	current				
			(c)	light	(d)	sound				
	(4)	is the most commonly used transmission medium.								
			(a)	Optical Fiber	(b)	Coax				
			(c)	UTP	(d)	STP				
	(5)	Defi	ne attenuation.							
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4. (A) Write the following:

- (i) What is internetworking? Give a summary of internet working devices.
- (ii) Explain OSI Model. 7

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OR

- (i) What is Router? How does it works?
- (ii) How does gateway work?
- (B) Answer the following: (Any three)
 - (1) A simple bridge is also called an adaptive bridge. [True / False]
 - (2) The OSI model consists of five different layers. [True / False]
 - (3) Just one address is sufficient for a router. [True / False]
 - (4) The user is closest to the Application layers. [True / False]
 - (5) Encryption is handled by the Presentation layers. [True / False]



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