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Assignment 1

AI1110: Probability and Random Variables Indian Institute of Technology Hyderabad

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22. Two dice are thrown at the same time and the product of numbers appearing on them is noted. Find the probability that the product is less than 9.

Answer: $\frac{4}{9}$ **. Solution**:

X = Outcome of the first dice

Y = Outcome of the second dice

The outcome of each dice can be=[1,2,3,4,5,6]

We first solve the question for a general case N ,i.e the case where the product of numbers appearing on the die are less than N

$$P(XY < N) = \sum_{k=1}^{6} P(X = k) [F_Y(\frac{N}{k}) - P(Y = \frac{N}{k})]$$

$$F_Y(\frac{N}{k}) = F_Y(\frac{N}{k}) - P(Y = \frac{N}{k})$$

$$(2)$$

$$P(XY < N) = \sum_{k=1}^{6} P(X = k) F_Y(\frac{N}{k})$$

$$(3)$$

$$P(X = k) = \frac{1}{6}, k = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6$$

$$F_Y(k) = \begin{cases} \frac{[k]}{6}, & \text{if k in } [1,6] \\ 1, & \text{k> 6} \\ 0, & \text{k < 1} \end{cases}$$
 (5)

where P(X) is the probability mass function of X, $F_Y(x)$ is the cumulative distribution function of Y.

From equation (3)

$$P(XY < N) =$$

$$\begin{array}{l} (\frac{1}{6}) \; F_Y 1(N) + (\frac{1}{6}) \; F_Y 1(\frac{N}{2}) + (\frac{1}{6}) \; F_Y 1(\frac{N}{3}) + (\frac{1}{6}) \; F_Y 1(\frac{N}{4}) \\ + (\frac{1}{6}) \; F_Y 1(\frac{N}{5}) + (\frac{1}{6}) \; F_Y 1(\frac{N}{6}) \end{array}$$

Calculation for N=9:

Using formulae (4) and (5)

$$\begin{array}{l} P(XY < 9) = (\frac{1}{6}) \; F_Y 1(9) + (\frac{1}{6}) \; F_Y 1(\frac{9}{2}) \; + \; (\frac{1}{6}) \; F_Y 1(\frac{9}{3}) \\ + \; (\frac{1}{6}) \; F_Y 1(\frac{9}{4}) \; + \; (\frac{1}{6}) \; F_Y 1(\frac{9}{5}) \; + \; (\frac{1}{6}) \; F_Y 1(\frac{9}{6}) \end{array}$$

$$P(XY < 9) = (\frac{1}{6}) (1) + (\frac{1}{6}) (\frac{4}{6}) + (\frac{1}{6}) (\frac{2}{6}) + (\frac{1}{6}) (\frac{2}{6}) + (\frac{1}{6}) (\frac{2}{6}) + (\frac{1}{6}) (\frac{1}{6}) + (\frac{1}{6}) (\frac{1}{6})$$

$$P(XY < 9) = \frac{4}{9}$$

Conclusion:

The probability that the product is less than 9 is $\frac{4}{9}$