Work Sheet 5

Neil Francis N. Navarro

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1. The table shows the enrollment of BS in Computer Science, SY 2010-2011.

Course Year 2019 - 2020 1st 80

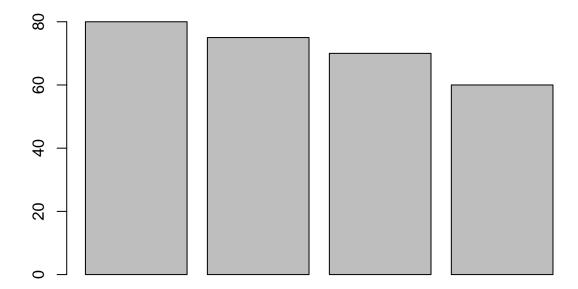
2nd 75

3rd 70

4th 60

a. Plot the data using a bar graph. Write the codes and copy the result.

```
date2019_2020 <- c(80,75,70,60)
numb1a <- barplot(date2019_2020)</pre>
```

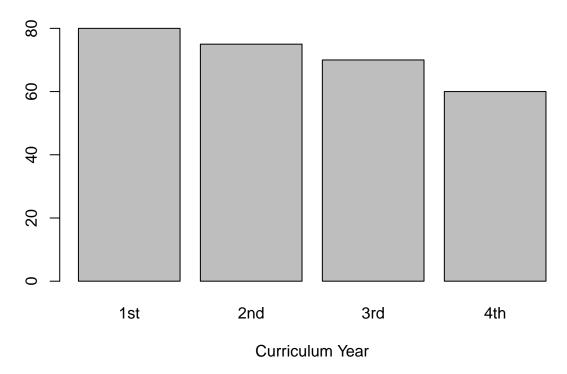


numb1a

```
## [,1]
## [1,] 0.7
## [2,] 1.9
## [3,] 3.1
## [4,] 4.3
```

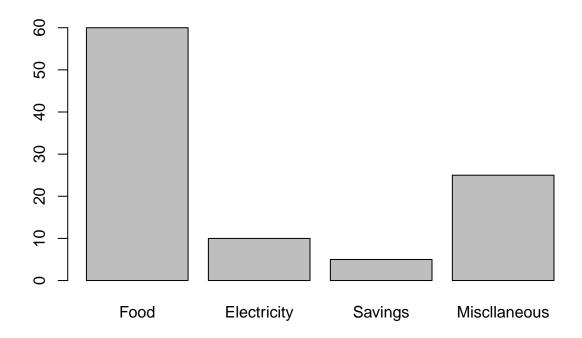
b. Using the same table, label the barchart with Title = "Enrollment of BS Computer Science horizontal axis = "Curriculum Year" and vertical axis = "number of students"

Enrollment of BS Computer Science



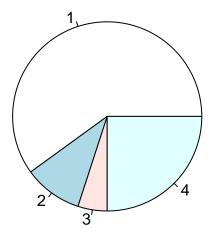
- 2. The monthly income of De Jesus family was spent on the following: 60% on Food, 10% on electricity, 5% for savings, and 25% for other miscellaneous expenses.
- a. Create a table for the above scenario. Write the codes and its result.

```
expenses <- c(60,10,5,25)
barplot(expenses,names.arg = c("Food", "Electricity", "Savings", "Miscllaneous"))</pre>
```

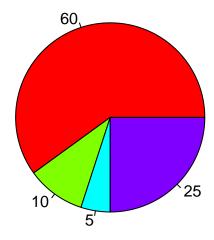


 $b.\ Plot\ the\ data\ using\ a\ pie\ chart.\ Add\ labels,\ colors\ and\ legend.\ Write\ the\ codes\ and\ its\ result.$

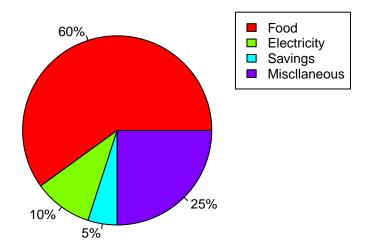
pie(expenses)



```
numb2b <- pie(expenses,
    col = rainbow(length(expenses)),
    labels = c(60,10,5,25))</pre>
```



Expenses

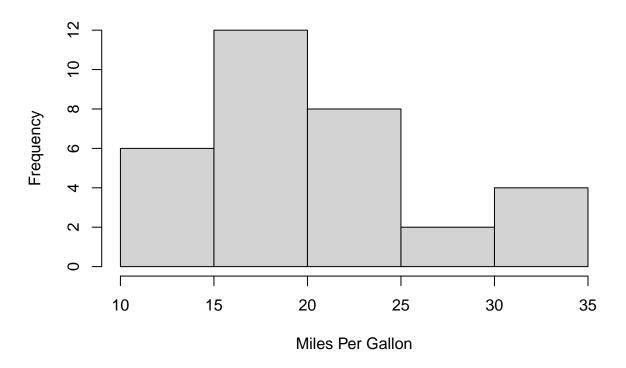


3. Open the mtcars dataset.

```
data("mtcars")
numb3 <- mtcars$mpg</pre>
```

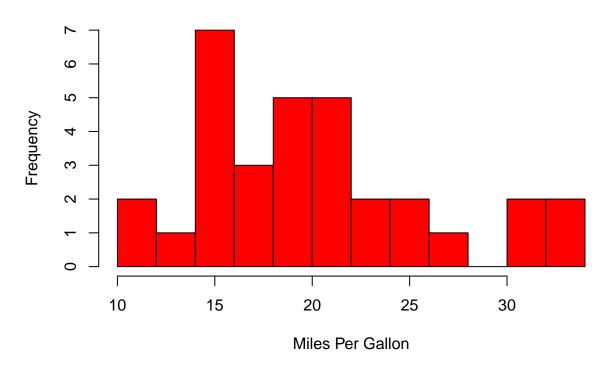
a. Create a simple histogram specifically for mpg (miles per gallon) variable. Use \$ to select the mpg only. Write the codes and its result.

Histogram of mpg



b. Colored histogram with different number of bins.

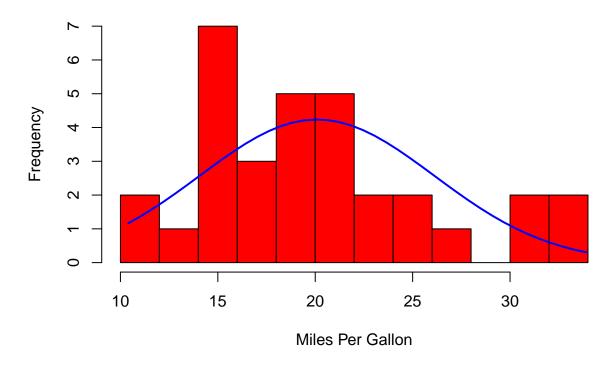
Histogram of mpg



 $Note:\ breaks=\ controls\ the\ number\ of\ bins$

c. Add a Normal Curve

Histogram with Normal Curve



Copy the result.

- 4. Open the iris dataset. Create a subset for each species.
- a. Write the codes and its result.

```
data("iris")
set <- subset(iris, Species == "setosa")
ver <- subset(iris, Species == "versicolor")
vir <- subset(iris, Species == "virginica")</pre>
```

b. Get the mean for every characteristics of each species using colMeans(). Write the codes and its result.

```
set <- subset(iris, Species == "setosa")</pre>
setosa <- colMeans(set[sapply(set,is.numeric)])</pre>
setosa
## Sepal.Length Sepal.Width Petal.Length Petal.Width
##
          5.006
                        3.428
                                      1.462
                                                    0.246
ver <- subset(iris, Species == "versicolor")</pre>
versicolor <- colMeans(ver[sapply(ver,is.numeric)])</pre>
versicolor
## Sepal.Length Sepal.Width Petal.Length Petal.Width
          5.936
                                      4.260
##
                        2.770
                                                    1.326
```

```
vir <- subset(iris, Species == "virginica")
virginica <- colMeans(vir[sapply(vir,is.numeric)])
virginica</pre>
```

```
## Sepal.Length Sepal.Width Petal.Length Petal.Width ## 6.588 2.974 5.552 2.026
```

Example: setosa <- colMeans(setosa[sapply(setosaDF,is.numeric)]) c. Combine all species by using rbind() The table should be look like this:

```
Sepal.Length Sepal.Width Petal.Length Petal.Width
##
## setosa
                     5.006
                                               1.462
                                 3.428
                                                           0.246
                                               4.260
## versicolor
                     5.936
                                 2.770
                                                           1.326
## virginica
                     6.588
                                 2.974
                                               5.552
                                                           2.026
```

d. From the data in 4-c: Create the barplot(). Write the codes and its result. The barplot should be like this.

```
barplot(trans3, beside = TRUE,
    main = "Iris Mean",
    xlab = "Characteristics",
    ylab = "Mean Scores",
    col = c("red", "green", "blue"))
```

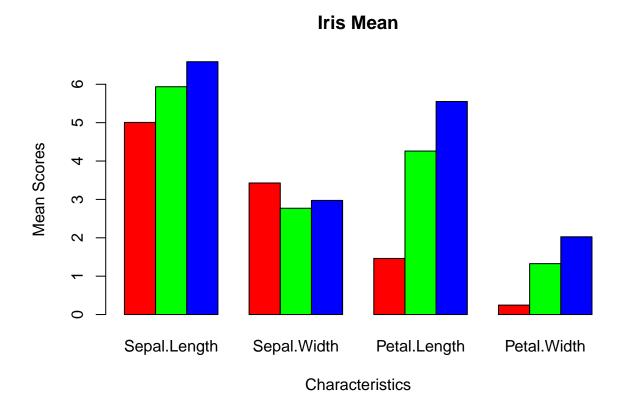


Figure 1: Iris Data using Barplot