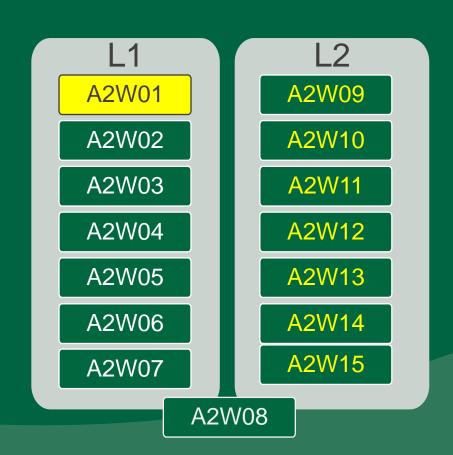






Lab 1: Hello Lab

First Week Lab – Environment preparation



#### Welcome

#### Remember dates:

#### Assignments:

- A11 Compiler Specification May 22nd (Week 2)
- A12 Buffer Modification Jun 5th (Week 4)
- A21 Language Models Jun 19th (Week 6)
- A22 Scanner Implementation Jul 10th (Week 9)
- A31 Grammar Definition Jul 31st (Week 12)
- A32 Parser Implementation Aug 14th (Week 14)

#### Exams:

- MidTerm1 Week 5
- MidTerm2 Week 10
- Final Exam Week 15

ALGONQUIN COLLEGE (Compilers Timetable - S21)					
WEEKS 1-14 (10/05/2021 - 21/08/2021) - Mid: 28/06/21 - 02/07/2021					
TIME	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY
8:00					
9:00					CTS8152-010
					Compilers Theory
					Tue 09:00-11:00
					PAULO REMOTE
10:00					
			CTS8152-010		
			Compilers Theory		
11:00			Tue 10:30-11:30		
			PAULO REMOTE		
		CTS8152-011			
		Compilers Lab			
12:00		Tue 11:30-13:30			
		PAULO REMOTE			
13:00			CTS8152-013	CTS8152-012	
13.00			Compilers Lab	Compilers Lab	
			Tue 13:00-15:00	Tue 13:00-15:00	
			PAULO REMOTE	PAULO REMOTE	
14:00			171020 112111012	771020 112111012	
15:00					
16:00	OFFICE HOUR	OFFICE HOUR	OFFICE HOUR	OFFICE HOUR	
	Comp/C++	Comp/C++	Comp/C++	Comp/C++	
	Mon 16:00-18:00	Tue 16:00-18:00	Wed 16:00-18:00	Thr 16:00-18:00	
	PAULO REMOTE	PAULO REMOTE	PAULO REMOTE	PAULO REMOTE	
17:00					



# **Compilers Lab Dynamics (1)**

#### Step-by-step:

- 1. Each lab activity is related to a specific Assignment (or extra activity demanded by Lab prof.);
- 2. The time in the Lab should be used in order to progress towards the final solution;
- 3. During this time, doubts and suggestions can be discussed with the assistant professor;
- 4. It is important to follow the script defined to each Assessment and respect the deadlines.



# **Compilers Lab Dynamics (2)**

- The Assignments
- 1. There are 6 assignments (programming project) with increasing complexity:
  - 1. Two related to Compilers and structures (buffer);
  - 2. Two related to Language recognition (scanner)
  - 3. Two related to Language structure (parser);
- 2. The assignments must be done individually or by a recognized team work (only two students);



Source: https://techcrunch.com/2016/05/10/please-dont-learn-to-code/

# Compilers Lab Dynamics (3)

- Standards and Requirements
- 1. All assignments must use a standard;
- 2. The project includes rules for comments, syntaxes, interface definitions and other observed rules;
- 3. The assignments must be delivered electronically and also printed.



## **Code of Conduct**

- Beyond the Code...
- 1. No Harassment / Discrimination / Violence;
- 2. No infringement of Copyright Act;
- 3. No permission to Software Piracy
- 4. Respect to Algonquin College Policies AA32, SA07 and IT01.

Important:

No copies are allowed between the individuals / teams



# **Weekly Outcomes**

1. Preparing Environment

2. Lab 1 – C Practice

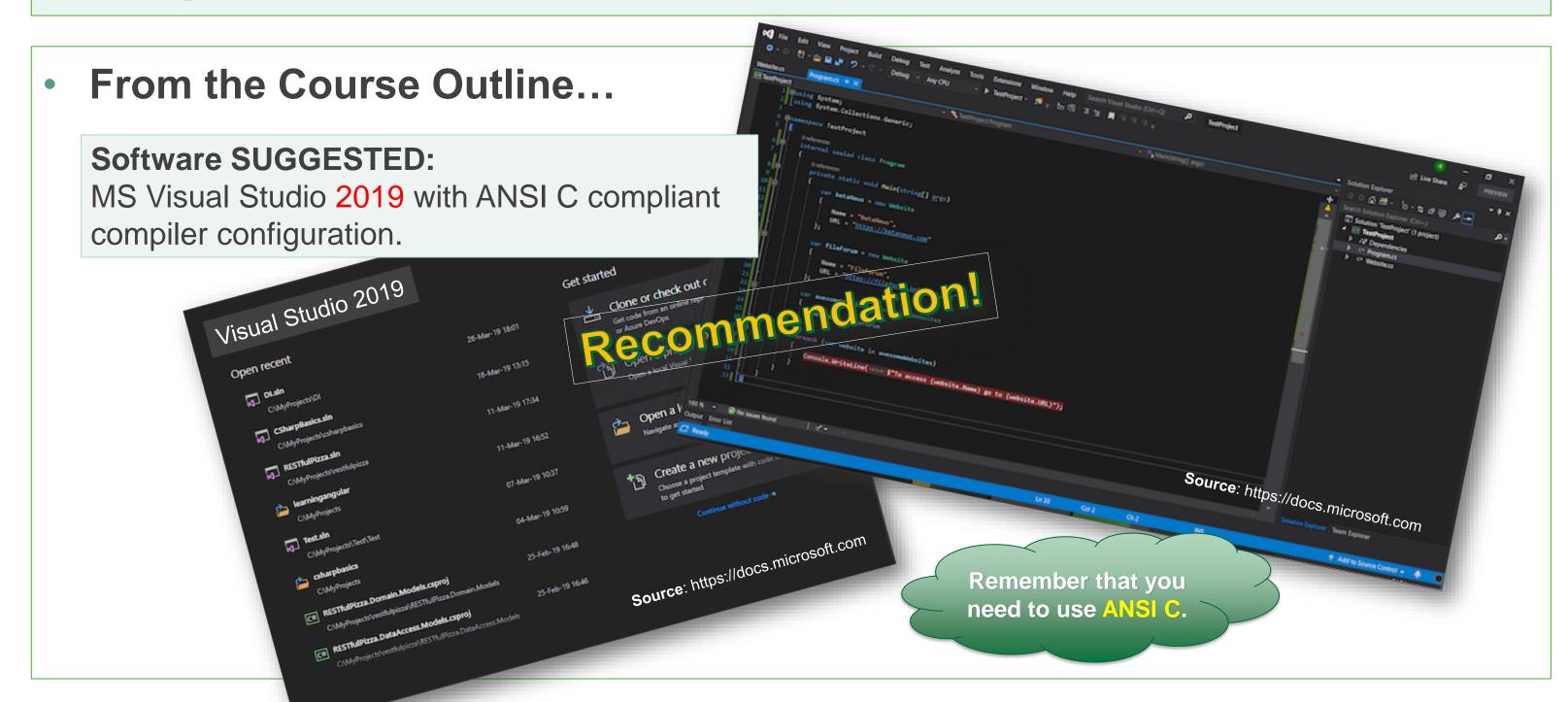






**Compilers – Week 1** 

Preparing the Environment



### Instructions

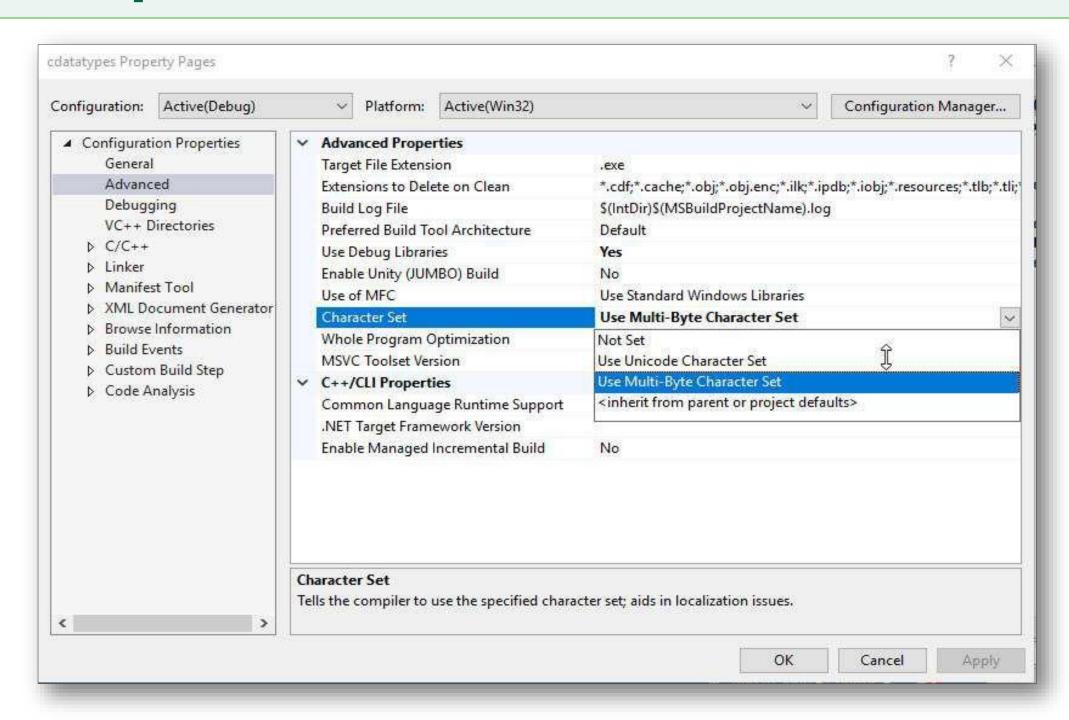
- Read the following documents (in this sequence):
  - ProjectVisualStudio\_v2019
  - ProgrammingTask\_Lab1

MS Visual Studio 2019 is the standard for Lab Evaluation.

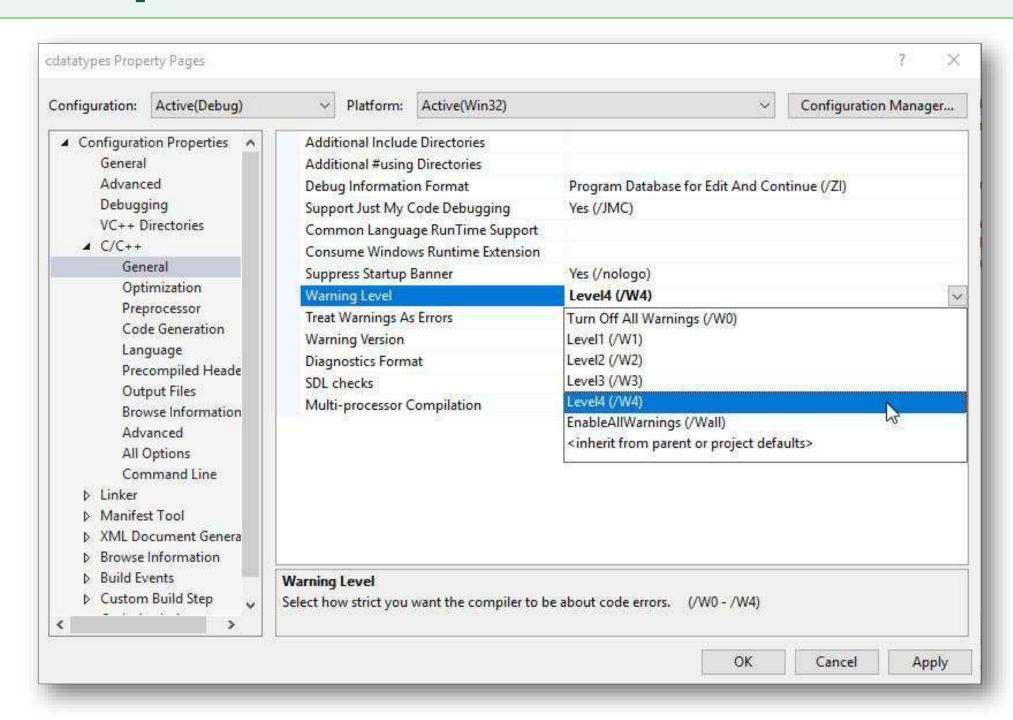
VSCode is also a allowed, but you need to use ANSI C.

See documentation

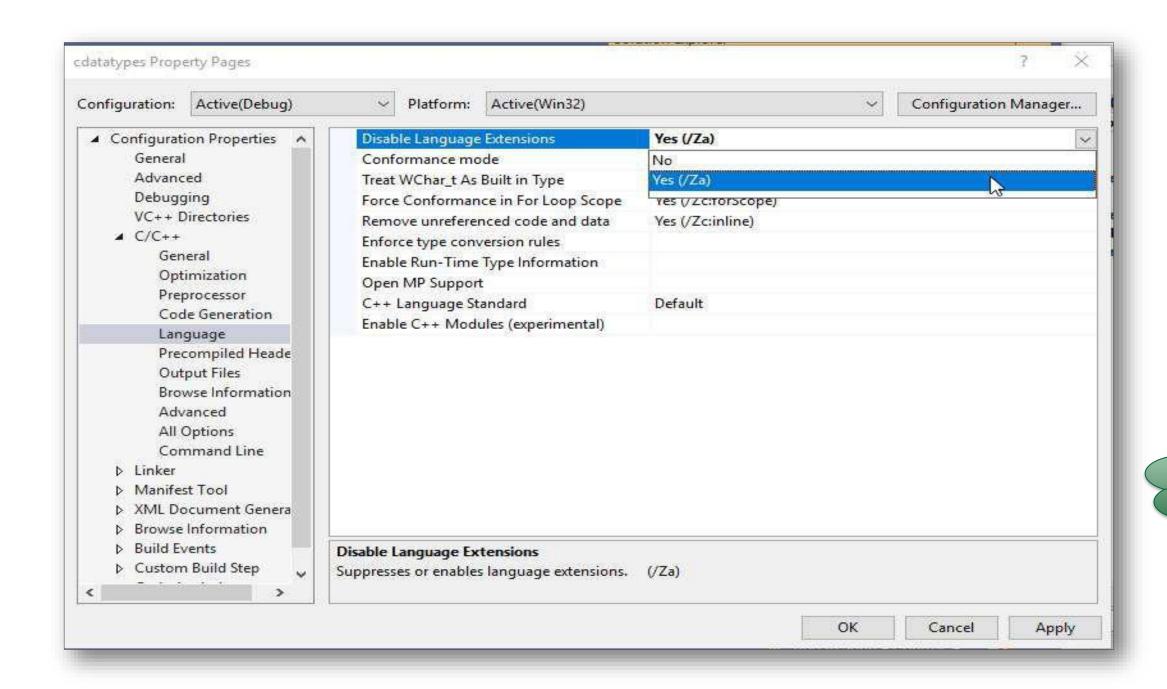




Character set: Not Set.

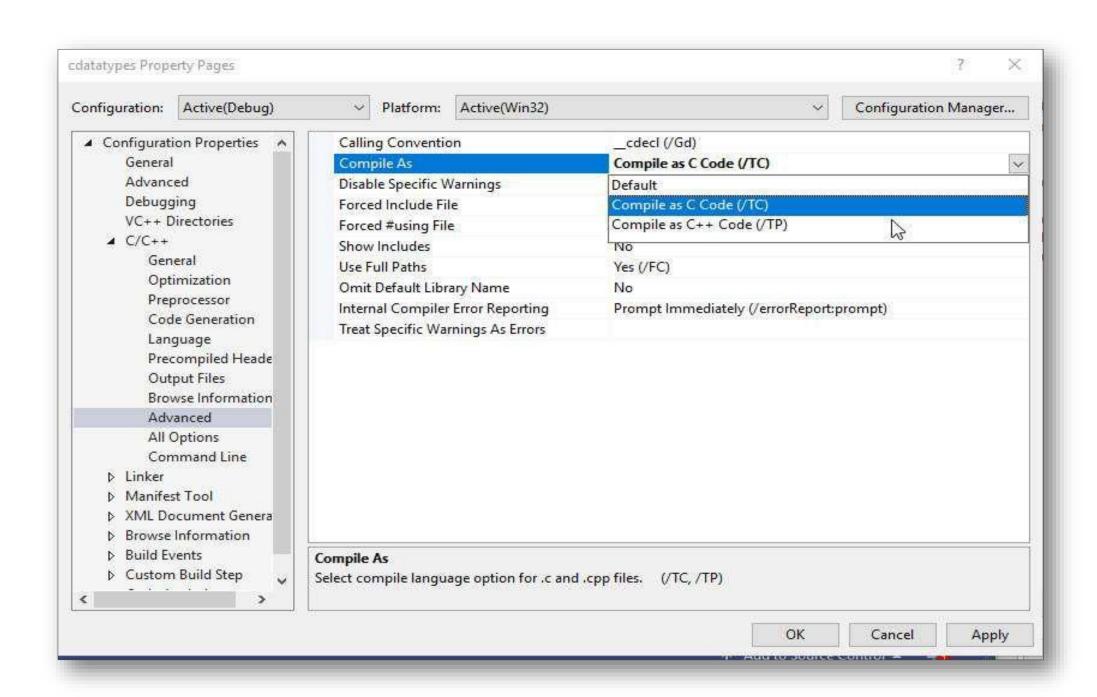






Disable Language Extension: Yes.











**Compilers – Week 1** 

Demo

 Write an ANSI C program that prints the sizes in bytes of the memory space allocated for the different built-in C data types i.e. char, short int or simply short, int, long int or simply long, float, double, long double as well as for all unsigned integral data types (for example unsigned int).

Additionally, the program prints the size of to derived data types:
 size\_t and wchar\_t.

 The amount of space that is reserved for each type depends on the machine and the application platform.

• The C language provides a very useful and convenient operator, sizeof, which allows the programmer to find the sizes of different data types (built-in and user defined) at run time. You should use printf() function to display the results.



#### **Example:**

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main (void) {
  printf("The size of type int is: %u\n", sizeof(int));
  /*a statement is missing here – what is it? */
}
```

• The C language provides a very useful and convenient operator sizeof, which allows the programmer to find "the sizes of different data types (built-in and user defined) at run time. You should use printf() function to display the results.



 Modify the cdtypes.c program by adding following functionality. Declare a variable named max\_value.

> Choose an appropriate integer type of the variable so that it can hold the result from de calculations described below.

• Calculate the maximum positive value that can be stored in a non-linear companies of two short int using the formula 2<sup>n-1</sup>-1, where n is the variable storage. Assign



Print the result using the following function call

printf("The last positive value is: %d\n",max\_value);

Calculate the maximum positive value that can be stored in a variable of type unsigned short int using the formula 2<sup>n</sup>-1.
 Assign the result to a variable named max\_value.

Print the result with

printf("The last positive unsigned value is: %u\n",max\_value);



- Define one integer variable iov of type short.
- The initial value of the variable is 0.
- Write an endless loop that increments the variable by 10000.
- When the variable value turns negative, print the last positive value and terminate the loop.
- Compile and build the project.
- Run the program.

⇒ QUESTION: Can you explain why the variable iov turns negative?



- Open a Command Window (or any shell) and run the program.
- You will find the executable (**cdtypes.exe**) in your project Debug folder.
- Using the standard output redirection operation (>) save the output into a file. Example:

cdtypes > cdtypes.txt

• **TIP:** Keep this file for further reference.



# Conclusion

#### In this lesson, you viewed...

- How to configure the Lab;
- Create small project;
- Test some standard datatypes.

# In the next lesson, you will continue to...

Developing buffer using Microsoft
 ® Visual Studio Code.







**Compilers – Week 1** 

Thank you for your attention!