



## Computer Engineering Technology – Computing Science

**Course:** Numerical Computing – CST8233

**Term:** Fall 2021

# Lab #8

- Objectives

The main objective of this lab is to use R program to implement Taylor Series.

- Earning

This lab worth 1.5 % of your final course mark. Each student should complete this lab and demo the codes of the exercises to the lab professor during the lab session.

- Steps

### Step 1. Taylor Series

Taylor series are used to expand a function around a constant value,  $c$ . This series is infinite series and is given as follows:

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{f^n(c)}{n!} (x - c)^n$$

where  $f^n(c)$  is the  $n^{\text{th}}$  derivative of  $f(x)$  and  $c$  is a constant. In Maclaurin series, the value of this constant is zero.

### Step 2. Exercise

- A. Find Taylor series for  $f(x) = \ln x$ . You need to follow the same steps explained in the class except that using the constant  $c$  instead of zero. Show that Taylor series is given as follows:

$$\ln x = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1}}{n} (x - c)^n$$

- B. Write R program that takes the value of  $x$  as an input from the user and then, it computes the value of the series for up to ten terms  $n = 1, 2, \dots, 10$ . The output of your code must be a table that shows the value of the function at each term around  $c = 1$ . Also, the table should show the absolute and relative errors of each result. The output should look like the following:

Please enter the value of  $x$ :

Term	$\ln(x)$	Absolute error	Relative error
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			
6			
7			
8			
9			
10			

- C. Change the number of terms from 10 to 100 and plot the value of the series as a function of the number of terms.

You need to demo this to your lab professor.