



Turun yliopisto
University of Turku

Advanced Sensor Networking

Ethiopia Nigussie
Communication Systems
Department of Future Technologies



Course Information

- Teaching language: English
- Advanced level course, 5 ECTS credits
- Instructor and mentors in UTU:
 - Ethiopia Nigussie
 - email: ethiopia.nigussie@utu.fi , Office: 454C
 - Nanda Thanigaivelan
 - nanda.k.thanigaivelan@utu.fi, 454B
 - Jawad Yasin
 - janaya@utu.fi,
- Course focuses on project and team work
 - Not a lecture course!
- Web site:
 - <http://runestone.it.uu.se/>



About the Course

- The course is run co-operatively in two universities simultaneously:
 - Uppsala University, Sweden (GMT+1)
 - University lecturer Arnold Pears
 - University of Turku, Finland (GMT+2)
 - Adj. Prof. Ethiopia Nigussie
- Each university has its own local practices for the course
- For participants, the course is known as "project Runestone"





About the Course

- Spring term duration, breaks, and periods are different in each of the participating universities
 - All teams should be composed within next few weeks (will be done by the instructors)
 - After this, teams start working and present their progress about weekly to instructor
 - The goal is to have all final presentations by the end of May



Student Teams

- Teams are composed of students from different universities
 - The team needs to choose a team leader
 - The team decides which software to use for its internal meetings, and for coding
 - Also need to take into account time zones
 - The team reports to its instructor in Milestone meetings using a communication tool determined by the instructor (probably Skype)
 - Milestone meetings occur about weekly, depending on the schedules of team members and the instructor

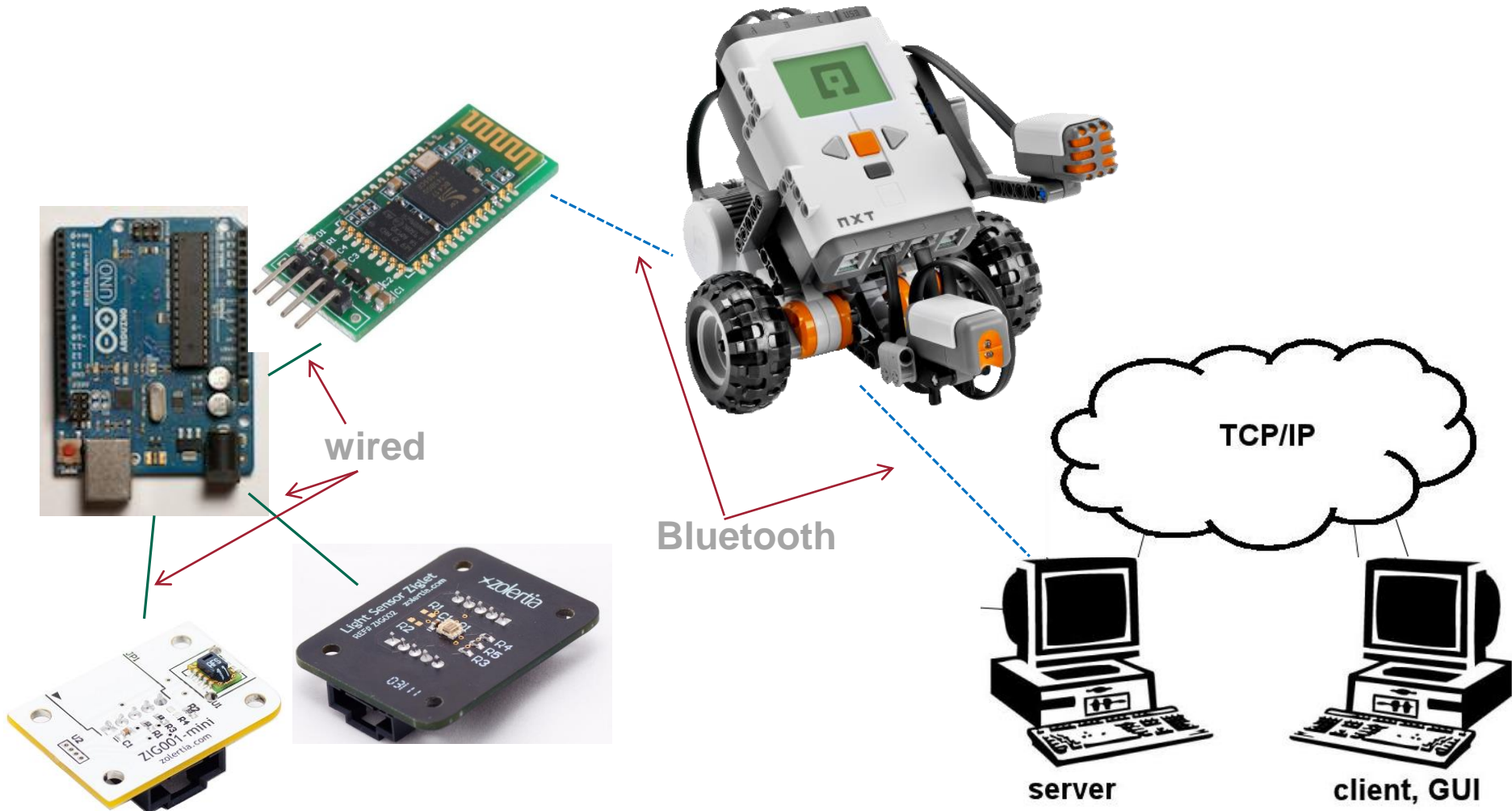


Problem to be Solved

- Assuming that a smart truck is unloading food/medicine or other stuffs to a large storage facility
- It has to unload the stuffs in a place where certain temperature and lighting conditions are met
- While navigating the storage facility it has to avoid obstacles and collisions
- The users should be able to see the route the truck takes remotely for checking purpose



Problem to be Solved





Problem to be Solved

- The LEGO robot act as a smart truck which gets temperature and lighting information from the Arduino board through Bluetooth communication
- Temperature and light sensors are connected to the Arduino board
- The route taken by the robot can be visualized by the remote user from PC or android phone



Technical Task

- Design a distributed system which can perform the smart unloading and check the unloading route over the internet
 - Robot navigates its route autonomously by taking the required information from the Arduino board
 - Server communicates with one or more robots to provide real-time route information and command relay between a selected robot and a remote Control Client



System Requirements

- Teams should develop a system that meets the basic specification stated on the previous slides
- Robustness and ease of installation of the final system should be addressed during development



Course Aims

- Integrate existing knowledge and skills
- Build additional competence in
 - Project management
 - Virtual development teamwork
 - Cultural issues in teamwork
- Experience a full development cycle from conception to delivery for a small scale system
- Provide opportunities to learn professional skills with close mentorship in educational setting
 - Team management
 - Development timelines



Project Method

- Project structure
 - A large part of the project concerns requirements analysis as well as research and design of the system
 - There is no single correct answer, each team is expected to develop a requirements specification and design in collaboration with the other members of the team and the team mentor
 - Creativity and capacity to identify and synthesize relevant knowledge and apply it to the problem are vital aspects of obtaining a pass grade
- Teamwork
 - Each development team consists of students from Turku and Uppsala
 - Each team will have regular online meetings with a designated mentor at one of the Universities participating in the project



Development Server

- Redmine project management system
- Administered in Uppsala
- <http://runestone.it.uu.se/>
 - Course information
 - Communication forums
 - Team websites
 - Project calendar
 - Project planning and management tools
 - SVN repository



Deliverables (more info on the Wiki)

- Analysis and Design document
 - Specify how you will solve the problem
 - Provide a schedule/plan for the project: what you will do at each milestone
 - Allocate work: which team member works on which subsystem (e.g. video feed, robot software, Arduino programming, TCP/IP software, final presentation, ...)
- Milestone reports and presentations (4)
 - Four milestones
 - Report your progress to the instructor
- Final report and presentation, demo
 - Present the results of your team's work, and reflect the results to what you planned in the analysis and design document



Milestone Meetings

- The team assigns one team member as the responsible person for preparing each milestone presentation and report
 - For each milestone, a written report must be posted onto the team's own page on the Wiki system BEFORE the milestone meeting
 - The team needs to prepare for the meeting:
 - First, present your status on the things required for the milestone meeting to the instructor
 - Second, inform the instructor of any relevant on-going things in the team or the team's project
 - If you need more information on something, send your questions in a clearly formatted email to your instructor at least 24h before the milestone meeting
 - Each meeting and report is graded!
- The milestone meetings last about 30 minutes, often less



Milestone 1

- About 1 week after team configurations have been announced:
 - Internal team building (leader selection, tool selection, getting to know team members)
 - Create a web page (onto the Wiki system) for the team and a profile page for each team member
 - Prepare CVS/SVN for team use
 - Start working on the team's Analysis and design document
 - Milestone meeting: present web page, present profile pages, present status of design document



Milestone 2

- About a week after Milestone 1
 - Complete the analysis and design document
 - Present your analysis and design document to the instructor
 - Instructor may request some modifications to the document
 - You will have a little time (probably less than a week) to make modifications to the document, after which it is graded



Milestones 3 and 4

- Progress reports based on design document
 - Milestone 3 about 2 weeks after MS2
 - Milestone 4 about 2 weeks after MS3
 - After milestone 3 you should be at a stage where you start integrating the subsystems (each team member's individual contributions) into a working system
 - At about milestone 4 you should already be also working on your final presentation
- Final presentation about 2 weeks after MS4



Grading

- The project and ultimately the course is examined by continuous assessment
- To pass the course you need to compile a personal online "portfolio" on the project management Redmine site
- Your portfolio should provide convincing evidence that you have
 - Made a continuous contribution to achieving the project learning goals, and
 - Participated actively in team activities and meetings, and
 - Contributed productively to compiling knowledge for the use of the team, and writing reports and making online, and face to face presentations



Grading

- Maximum score: 100 points
 - Teamwork, communication, project management **50** points
 - 5 points for presentation, 5 points for project management and documentation available at each milestone meeting
 - Analysis and Design Document max 10 points
 - Analysis and design document also affects milestone performance indirectly in terms of project management (for example, being a lot behind in schedule as determined in the team's design document shows bad management)
 - Individual performance and contribution max **10** points
 - Assessed by team members, max 5 points
 - Assessed by team's instructor, max 5 points
 - Technical Achievement max **40** points
 - Technical Innovation 20 points based on how well the team succeeds in their selected areas of excellence
 - Final presentation 20 points
- To pass: 80 points



The Robot Kits

- We have Mindstorms NXT Bluetooth robot kits
- The robot kit your team uses depends on the available hardware at each location
- The Robot kits are located in 454D
 - Take the kits from 454D and return it when you leave
 - You can not take the robots home
- Use the computer room 126A/B or K127 for carrying out the project tasks
 - There is also a dedicated PC for this course, with server capabilities, USB and Bluetooth
 - Teams may install software they need for this course
 - The server features MAY NOT be used for anything else but testing your robot implementations! Any server software MUST BE shut down after tests are finished.
 - Instructor provides you with server port numbers once you need them
- Each group borrow nodes, sensors and accessories from the instructor



Programming the Robot

- Each kind of kit comes with its own robot software development environment
 - This software is generally too simple for the application
- Java-enabled firmware also available
 - For example, LeJOS: <http://www.lejos.org/nxj.php>
 - LeJOS allows you to program the robot in Java
 - Tutorial: <http://www.lejos.org/nxt/nxj/tutorial/index.htm>
- The group can decide the programming tool



Code Storing

- The course web site in Sweden will also host an SVN service for storing and versioning your code and sharing it with team members
- Each team member **IS REQUIRED TO** use SVN for storing team code!
 - Other team members can modify files
 - Instructors can monitor the teams' progress
 - Files are available from any computer



Ultrabrief Introduction to Robotic

- Traditional (old-fashioned) robotics
 - Model the world
 - Use robot's sensors to figure out where in the world it is, and act accordingly
 - Problem: what if the world changes
- Modern behavior-based robotics
 - The robot does not need to know "anything" of the world, so the world need not be modified
 - The robot only receives information from its sensors and reacts with pre-programmed actions and behaviors
 - Some behaviors have a higher priority than others
subsumption architecture
 - Makes emergent behavior possible (Robot does "more" than it is programmed to do as a combination of its simple reaction behaviors)

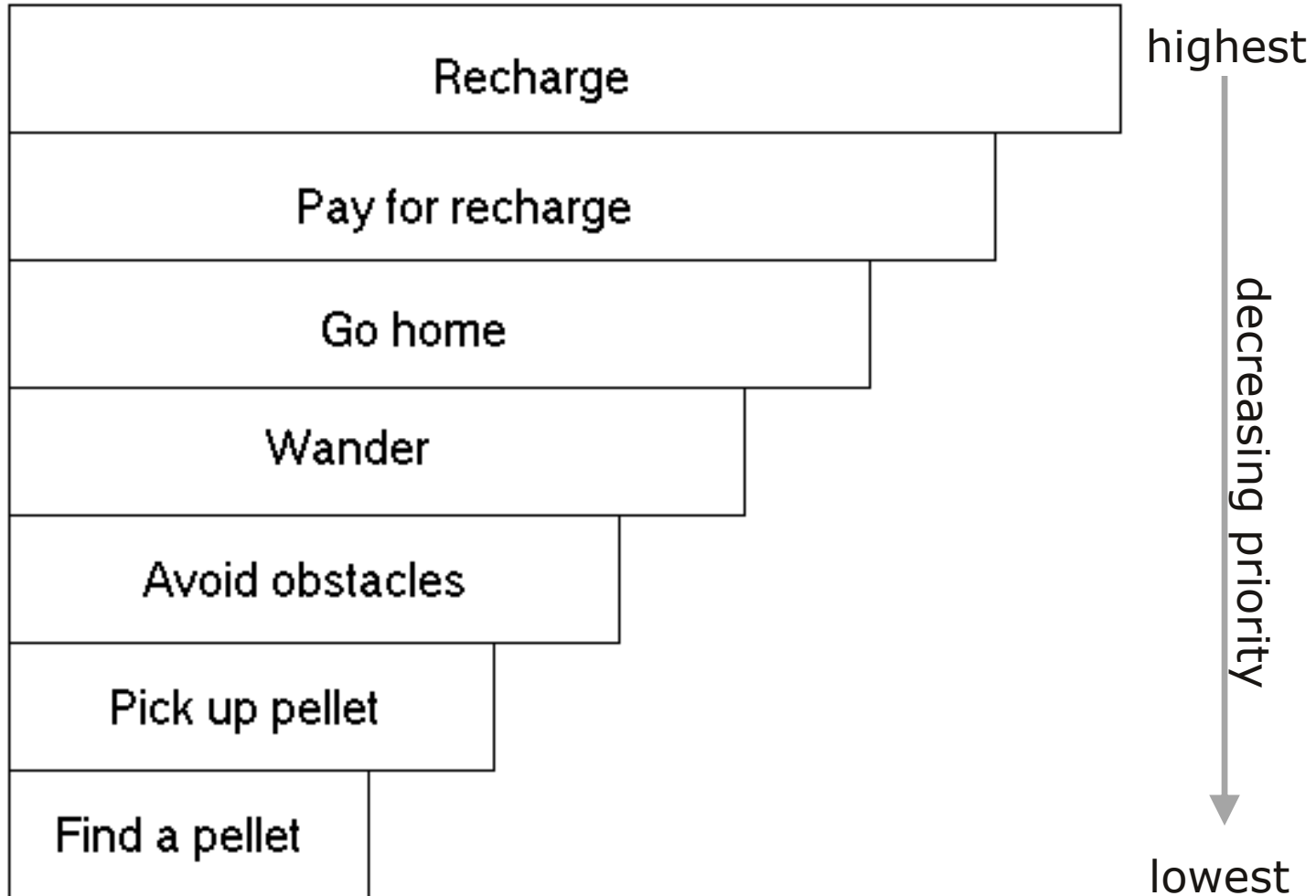


Example Behavior-based Robot

- Robot specification in subsumption architecture
 - No prior knowledge of the world is provided
 - Mission: explore the world, stay alive
 - Staying alive: must return to home base every 60 sec for recharging, must pay 1 pellet for it
 - In order to pay pellets for recharging, the robot must search and collect pellets as it explores
 - Robot may not touch boundaries of its environment
 - Turtle geometry: two individually controlled wheels
 - Two laser proximity sensors, 10% error margin
 - One homing beacon, provides an angle reading for the location of the home base, 10 % error margin
 - Recharging station detector: indicates, when the robot has reached the recharging station
 - A clock for counting down the 60 seconds: return home when no more than 35% of time left



Example of subsumption





Team Work

- Managing a project is about more than the technical content
- Getting a team to work well involves:
 - Clear communication
 - Commitment (sometimes called "buy in")
 - Flexible and accountable process
- Some desirable practices include:
 - Don't let conflict hide in the background
 - Face and address passivity
 - Make objectives explicit and documentable