

## **Technical assessment**

# Import and display a company's employees list

Thanks for your interest in Elevo. You will find thereafter a technical test which goal is to assess your knowledge of the tools and frameworks we use in our day-to-day development, in addition to your broader intuition, including product design.

#### Goal

We don't expect you to necessarily know everything beforehand, nor to even answer all the questions or have them working perfectly (targeting 80% or something is alright).

The environment of this test is designed to be close to day-to-day things. Maybe you don't know about something, but you will have to learn and solve it quickly with all the resources at hand.

### Instructions

The repository has 2 branches in addition to master that contain the materials for the 2 parts of this test:

- part-1-users-likely-duplicates
- part-2-display-users-hierarchy

We do not require the use of a specific technology. However we will be more considerate of attempts to pick up React and/or Ruby on Rails even if you are not familiar with it.

The reason for this is that this is what we use and we think that even if you are not familiar with it, you should be able to pick it up quickly enough to be able to do this exercise (albeit not in a perfect or idiomatic way).

After the test, we collect everything in the Git repository as an answer, and we will get to discuss it together.

**Duration**: This test should take you around 3-4 hours.

How to submit: Just commit and push on each of the branches with your answers.

When you are finished: Just send us an email to let us know.

## Part 1: Finding likely duplicates in a user list (around 1h)

Keep in mind this section is mainly to assess basic programming, basic API design, algorithmics and unit testing. Other considerations are less important.



The goal is to find possible duplicates in a list of users with similar names ignoring casing issues, in the most efficient manner time-wise. E.g. given

user id, full name

- 1, Delphine Chartier
- 2, Barbara Decaux
- 3, Adrien Sardaban
- 4, Delphine CHARTIER
- 5, sardaban adrien
- 6, Basile Dirac
- 7, adrien sardaban

#### Print

- 1, Delphine Chartier
- 3, Adrien Sardaban
- 4, Delphine CHARTIER
- 7, adrien sardaban

You have example inputs and outputs in example\_input.csv and example\_output.txt in the branch part-1-users-likely-duplicates.

Here is a transcript of the QUESTIONS.txt you will find in this branch, in which you can answer inline to open questions.

1. Write a Ruby script that finds likely users duplicates based on the casing of their full names.

In particular, running your script in the current directory with the example input should give the example output.

Don't worry too much about the parsing or being resilient to pathological inputs, the main interest here are the algorithmical implications and efficiency.

- 2. What is the time and space complexity of your program in O(n) notation? Can you find an asymptotically better version i.e. a better O(n) complexity?
  - a. If you are using a library, make sure you understand how this library works under the hood. If you don't know, maybe try to take a look at its source code (or make an educated guess).
- 3. How would you unit test it? You don't have to write the actual test code, rather examples of the test cases you would use.
- 4. How would you solve this same problem if the input file did not fit in memory? What is the new complexity of your algorithm? Just give a high-level explanation without code, we will be able to discuss this solution together later.



## Part 2: Displaying employees as a hierarchy (around 2h)

Keep in mind this section is to assess the full-stack fluency, code organization and how compelling the result is to the end user, while working around potential ambiguities.

Our goal in this part is to display a company organization from a web-service according to this intentionally vague "specification" (the represented UI is a minimal version, there is room for improvement!):

Salma Derichou		
Product: Brian Setit	a	
R&D: Gregory Shell	Patrick McKenzie   Mathieu Denim	
100000		
Robert Scharf		
Sales: Nicolas Moer	et   Selfie Trial	

On part-2-display-users-hierarchy, you will find a run.sh script that launches a web server on port 3000. It serves a JSON API endpoint on the following route:

```
GET /teams.json
```

The latter returns a hierarchy of users organized by teams:

```
{ "teams": [{ "name": "Sales", "manager": "Robert Scharf", "members": ["Nicolas Moeret", "Selfie Trial"] }, { "name": "Product", "manager": "Salma Derichou", "members": ["Brian Setiba"] }, { "name": "R&D", "manager": "Salma Derichou", "members": ["Gregory Shell", "Patrick McKenzie", "Mathieu Denim"] }] }
```

- 1. Write a single page application that can be served as a static website (HTML CSS JS files, use whatever libraries you want) that requests this endpoint and shows the result according to the wireframe above.
- 2. We assume a SQL server that contains a table according to the following schema:



```
CREATE TABLE users (
   id INT NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY,
   team_name VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,
   full_name VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,
   manager_id INT,
   FOREIGN KEY (manager_id) REFERENCES users(id)
);
```

Create a small HTTP server that produces the API endpoint above.

- 3. Plug your frontend and backend together to confirm it works.
- 4. Design and implement a way to add a user to this hierarchy.