```
2: import lib
 3: import numpy as np
 4: import sgd
5: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
 6: from matplotlib.lines import Line2D
 7: import pandas as pd
 8: import time
 9: import json
10:
11: f = \{
        "function": lib.f_real,
12:
        "gradient": lib.f_grad,
13:
        "dname": "$f(x)$",
14:
15:
        "name": "f"
        "alpha": 0.0065,
16:
17: }
18:
19: g = \{
        "function": lib.g_real,
20:
        "gradient": lib.g_grad,
21:
        "dname": "$g(x)$",
"name": "g",
22:
23:
        "alpha": 0.003,
24:
25: }
26:
27:
28: def gradient_descent_constant(step_size=0.0065, start=[0, 0], funcs=f, max_time=1):
29:
        start = np.array(start)
30:
        g = sgd.StochasticGradientDescent()
        q.step_size(step_size)
31:
32:
        g.start(start)
33:
        def function_generator():
34:
            while True:
                 yield funcs["function"], funcs["gradient"]
35:
        g.function_generator(function_generator())
36:
37:
        g.debug(True)
        g.alg("constant")
38:
39:
        start_time = time.perf_counter()
40:
        current\_time = 0
41:
        while current_time < max_time:</pre>
42:
             current_time = time.perf_counter() - start_time
43:
            g.step()
44:
45:
                     "f(x)": g._function(g._x_value),
                     "x": g._x_value,
46:
47:
                     "time": time.perf_counter() - start_time,
48:
             }
49:
50:
51: custom_lines = [
52:
            Line2D([0], [0], color='purple', lw=2),
            Line2D([0], [0], color='blue', lw=2),
Line2D([0], [0], color='orange', lw=2),
53:
54:
            Line2D([0], [0], color='black', lw=2),
55:
56:
57: custom_labels = ['rnd search b_mod', 'rnd search b', 'rnd search a', 'gradient descent']
58:
59: def thin(array, step = 1):
        return [array[i] for i in range(0, len(array), step)]
60:
61:
62: def vis_results(results, args):
63:
        print("starting vis")
64:
        params = thin(results)
        def f(x, y):
65:
             return 3 * (x - 5)**4 + 10 * (y - 9)**2
66:
        def g(x, y):
67:
68:
             return np.maximum(x - 5, 0) + 10 * np.abs(y - 9)
69:
        x = np.linspace(0, 10, 400)
70:
71:
        y = np.linspace(0, 18, 400)
72:
        X, Y = np.meshgrid(x, y)
73:
        Z_f = f(X, Y) if args.function == "f" else g(X, Y)
74:
        fig = plt.figure(figsize=(4, 4))
75:
        axf = fig.add\_subplot(1, 1, 1)
76:
77:
        axf.contourf(X, Y, Z_f, levels=30, cmap='viridis')
78:
        axf.set_title(args.title)
79:
        axf.set_xlabel('$x$')
        axf.set_ylabel('$y$')
80:
81:
        x_coords, y_coords = zip(*thin(params, step=args.thin))
82:
        # y_coords = thin([point[1] for point in params], step=args.thin)
83:
        cmap = plt.cm.Blues
84:
        color = [cmap(i / len(x_coords)) for i in range(len(x_coords))]
85:
        for x,y,c in zip(x_coords, y_coords, color):
86:
            print(".", end="", flush=True)
87:
             axf.scatter(x, y, s=3, color=c)
88:
        plt.tight_layout()
89:
90:
91: if __name__ == "__main__":
        import argparse
92:
93:
        ap = argparse.ArgumentParser()
        ap.add_argument("-i", type=str)
94:
95:
        ap.add_argument("-o", type=str)
        ap.add_argument("--title", type=str)
96:
        ap.add_argument("--function", type=str)
97:
        ap.add_argument("--thin", type=int, default=20)
98:
```

src/bii-vis1.py

99:

100:

args = ap.parse_args()

results = None

1: import global_random_search

Wed Apr 10 18:19:14 2024

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src/bii-vis1.pv
                       Wed Apr 10 18:19:14 2024
 101:
           with open(args.i, "r") as f:
 102:
               results = json.load(f)
 103:
           vis_results(results, args)
  104:
           print("saving fig")
  105:
           plt.savefig(args.o)
```