

1. **Chunk**
A significant mass or portion cut or broken off.
Example: “A large chunk of ice broke off from the glacier.”
2. **Route**
A specific path or direction for travel.
Example: “The birds followed their migration route across the continent.”
3. **Migrate**
To move from one location to another for a specific purpose, such as survival or reproduction.
Example: “Whales migrate to warmer waters during winter.”
4. **Head**
To go or move toward a specified place.
Example: “The team headed south to conduct their research.”
5. **Mainland**
The principal landmass of a country or region.
Example: “The mainland is home to more diverse species compared to the smaller islands.”
6. **Contest**
To question or argue against the validity of something.
Example: “Scientists contested the new findings, calling for further studies.”
7. **Dispute**
A debate or contention between parties.
Example: “The origin of the species was a point of dispute among researchers.”
8. **Glacial**
Pertaining to or formed by ice, especially of a glacier.
Example: “Glacial periods shaped much of the region’s landscape.”
9. **Excavate**
To remove earth systematically to uncover remains or artifacts.
Example: “Archaeologists excavated the site to uncover ancient fossils.”
10. **Sediment**
Material deposited by water, wind, or glaciers.
Example: “Layers of sediment hold clues to Earth’s history.”
11. **Fragrance**
A sweet or pleasant scent.
Example: “The fragrance of the flowers attracted pollinators.”
12. **Adhesive**
A sticky material used for joining things.
Example: “The birds use natural adhesive substances to build their nests.”
13. **Evidence**
Data or facts that support or refute a hypothesis.
Example: “The fossils provided evidence of early life forms.”
14. **Endangered**
A species considered at risk of disappearing completely.
Example: “The endangered species require immediate conservation efforts.”



15. Marine

Associated with the ocean or sea life.

Example: "Marine ecosystems are rich in biodiversity."

16. Capture

To take into possession or control, often for study.

Example: "The team managed to capture several specimens for analysis."

17. Specimen

A sample taken for scientific study or display.

Example: "The specimen was carefully stored for further examination."

18. Thrive

To flourish or prosper.

Example: "Coral reefs thrive in warm, clear waters."

19. Predominantly

For the most part; mostly.

Example: "The population is predominantly composed of migratory species."

20. Safeguard

To preserve and defend from potential threats.

Example: "Measures were put in place to safeguard endangered habitats."

21. Extinction

The complete disappearance of a species.

Example: "Many species face extinction due to habitat loss."

22. Lay eggs

The act of releasing eggs as part of reproduction.

Example: "Turtles return to the beach to lay eggs each season."

23. Captive-reared

Bred and nurtured under controlled conditions.

Example: "The captive-reared birds were released to boost the wild population."