

# Programming 1 — Formative Project (Week 7)

**Weighting:** 50 % of module grade (formative)

**Mode:** Individual Submission

**Language:** Python 3

## Project Overview

In this project, you'll build a **Budget Tracker** ( runs on the command line) that allows users to record income and expenses, view and filter transactions, and display summaries within a single terminal session. This project specification will be available in the repository ([https://github.com/ypoorun/prog1FormativeProject\\_F25](https://github.com/ypoorun/prog1FormativeProject_F25)), shared by the facilitator. Students will be required to clone this repository on their local machine.

## Project Requirements

Your program must:

1. **Add Transactions**
  - Accept date, amount, category, description, and transaction type (income or expense).
  - Store the transactions in a list or dictionary.
2. **List Transactions**
  - Display all transactions in a clean, readable format.
3. **Filter Transactions**
  - Filter by type (income/expense), category, or month (e.g., 2025-10).
4. **Summarize Budget**
  - Display total income, total expenses, balance, and per-category totals.
5. **Validate Input**
  - Handle invalid menu choices and amounts gracefully.
6. **Session Only**
  - All data remains in memory during execution. No saving or loading to files.

## Technical Requirements

- **Strings & Conditionals:** For menu control, validation, and flow.
- **Loops:** Main program loop and transaction iteration.
- **Functions:** Break down features logically (e.g., `add_income()`, `filter_transactions()`, `show_summary()`).

- **Collections:** Use lists or dictionaries for transactions and summaries.
- **OOP:**
  - *Transaction* class (attributes: *date*, *amount*, *category*, *description*, *ttype*).
  - *BudgetTracker* class (methods for add/list/filter/summary).
- **Inheritance:** Implement *Income* and *Expense* as subclasses of *Transaction*.
- **Robustness:** Input validation (e.g., numeric amount, menu selection), graceful handling of empty datasets.

## Sample Menu

- 1) Add income
- 2) Add expense
- 3) List transactions
- 4) Filter (by category / type / month)
- 5) Show summary
- 0) Exit

## Deliverables

- **GitHub repository** with regular commits
- **Python source code** (.py files)
- **README.md** (max 2 pages) with:
  - Project overview & features
  - Instructions to run the program
  - Menu structure
  - Sample interactions
- **Screenshots** showing *add*, *list*, *filter*, and *summary*
- **Short reflection** (max 1 page):
  - What did you learn?
  - Challenges you faced?
  - How do you intend to improve it, given more time?

## Suggested Class Skeleton

e.g class Transaction

```
class Transaction:
    def __init__(self, date, amount, category, description, ttype):
        self.date = date
        self.amount = float(amount)
```

```

self.category = category.lower().strip()
self.description = description
self.type = ttype # 'income' or 'expense'

```

## Expectations

- Clean, user-friendly menu
- Program runs without errors or crashes
- Logical structure with functions and OOP
- Inheritance applied purposefully
- Proper Git history — no single final commit dump

## Optional Features

- Budget threshold warnings
- Top spending categories
- Undo last transaction
- Basic test assertions

## Assessment Rubric (50 %)

Section	Detailed Criteria	Weight
1. Environment & Setup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Git environment correctly configured and repository cloned from GitHub.</li> <li>• Initial setup tested with a working print statement.</li> <li>• At least 3+ incremental commits showing progressive development (not a single final push).</li> <li>• Clear folder structure (main.py, supporting files).</li> </ul>	8%
2. Strings & Conditionals	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Menu system implemented with clear, readable text and consistent structure.</li> <li>• User inputs handled using input(); appropriate use of string formatting for output messages.</li> <li>• Conditional statements (if/elif/else) used to navigate between menu options correctly.</li> <li>• Invalid inputs handled gracefully with appropriate feedback messages.</li> </ul>	8%

3. Functions & Modularity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Code divided logically into functions that each perform a single task (e.g., <code>add_income()</code>, <code>add_expense()</code>, <code>show_summary()</code>).</li> <li>Functions use parameters and return values effectively instead of relying solely on global variables.</li> <li>Demonstrates understanding of code reuse and avoids repetition.</li> <li>Each function is well-commented and contributes to an overall modular program flow.</li> </ul>	8%
4. Loops & Collections	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Main program loop correctly manages user interactions until exit option is chosen.</li> <li>Proper use of for or while loops for iterating through data collections.</li> <li>Transactions stored in appropriate data structures (e.g., list of dictionaries or list of class objects).</li> <li>Operations such as filtering or calculating totals are implemented using loops efficiently and without logic errors.</li> </ul>	8%
5. Classes (OOP)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Transaction class correctly defined with attributes (<code>date</code>, <code>amount</code>, <code>category</code>, <code>description</code>, <code>type</code>).</li> <li>BudgetTracker class implemented with methods to add, list, filter, and summarize transactions.</li> <li>Evidence of understanding encapsulation—attributes and methods logically grouped.</li> <li>Demonstrates correct object creation and method calls.</li> <li>Code is readable and aligns with Python naming conventions.</li> </ul>	9%
6. Inheritance & Correctness	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Income and Expense subclasses extend Transaction and correctly inherit properties.</li> <li>Appropriate use of <code>super()</code> constructor to initialize inherited attributes.</li> <li>Program runs reliably without crashes during all menu operations.</li> <li>Input validation ensures that only valid transactions are stored (e.g., positive amounts).</li> <li>Output values and summaries are logically correct (e.g., total income minus total expenses = balance).</li> </ul>	9%
TOTAL		50%