IPCONFIG – Displays basic IP configuration details of the system.

Ipconfig/all: displays detailed network configuration information for all network adapters on a Windows system.

```
Windows IP Configuration
    Ethernet adapter Ethernet:
    Physical Address. . . . . . . : 6C-02-E0-57-66-7A
DHCP Enabled. . . . . . . . . : Yes
     Autoconfiguration Enabled . . . . : Yes
Ethernet adapter Ethernet 4:
     Connection-specific DNS Suffix .:
     Description . . . . . . . . . . . . VirtualBox Host-Only Ethernet Adapter
     Physical Address. . . . . . . . : 0A-00-27-00-00-05
     DHCP Enabled. . .
                                            . . . . . : No
    Autoconfiguration Enabled . . . : Yes
Link-local IPv6 Address . . . : fe80::c259:5a0e:41c4:c253%5(Preferred)
IPv4 Address . . . . : 192.168.56.1(Preferred)
Subnet Mask . . . . . . : 255.255.255.0
    Default Gateway . . . . . . :
DHCPv6 IAID . . . . . . : 789184551
DHCPv6 Client DUID . . . . : 00-01-00-01-2C-5E-27-72-6C-02-E0-57-66-7A
NetBIOS over Tcpip . . . . : Enabled
Wireless LAN adapter Local Area Connection* 1:
                                                       . . : Media disconnected
    Media State .
     Connection-specific DNS Suffix . :
    Description . . . . . . : Microsoft Wi-Fi Direct Virtual Adapter Physical Address . . . . . : 22-4E-F6-88-18-3D DHCP Enabled . . . . . : Yes Autoconfiguration Enabled . . . : Yes
Wireless LAN adapter Local Area Connection* 10:
    DHĆP Enabled.
     Autoconfiguration Enabled . . . . : Yes
Wireless LAN adapter Wi-Fi:
     Connection-specific DNS Suffix .:
     Description . . . . . . . . . . . Realtek RTL8822CE 802.11ac PCIe Adapter
     Physical Address. . . . . . . . : 20-4E-F6-88-18-3D

      Physical Address.
      : Yes

      DHCP Enabled.
      : Yes

      Autoconfiguration Enabled
      : Yes

      IPv6 Address.
      : 2409:40c1:2001:d203:535d:ab19:4831:e116(Preferred)

      Temporary IPv6 Address.
      : 2409:40c1:2001:d203:1c57:ald5:f211:2cd4(Preferred)

      Link-local IPv6 Address
      : fe80::938d:a7fc:fald:3c75%12(Preferred)

      IPv4 Address.
      : 192.168.80.65(Preferred)

      Subnet Mask
      : 255.255.255.0

      Lease Obtained
      : 25 March 2025 14:22:22

      Lease Expires
      : 25 March 2025 15:22:20

      Default Gateway
      : fe80::8c7a:19ff:fe91:a49e%12

      192.168.80.183
      : 192.168.80.183

    DHCP Server . . . : 192.168.80.183

DHCPv6 IAID . . . : 102780662

DHCPv6 Client DUID . . : 00-01-00-01-2C-5E-27-72-6C-02-E0-57-66-7A

DNS Servers . . : 192.168.80.183

2409:40c1:2001:d203::4
     NetBIOS over Tcpip. . . . . . : Enabled
```

Ping – Sends ICMP packets to test network connectivity and response time.

```
C:\Users\Nemis Ruparel>ping
[-4] [-6] target_name
Options:
                       Ping the specified host until stopped.
                       To see statistics and continue - type Control-Break;
                       To stop - type Control-C.
                       Resolve addresses to hostnames.
                       Number of echo requests to send.
Send buffer size.
     -n count
    -l size
                       Set Don't Fragment flag in packet (IPv4-only).
                       Time To Live.
Type Of Service (IPv4-only. This setting has been deprecated
    −i TTL
    -v TOS
                       and has no effect on the type of service field in the IP
                       Header).
                       Record route for count hops (IPv4-only).
    -r count
    -s count
                       Timestamp for count hops (IPv4-only).
Loose source route along host-list (IPv4-only)
    -j host-list
                       Strict source route along host-list (IPv4-only).
     -k host-list
                       Timeout in milliseconds to wait for each reply.
Use routing header to test reverse route also (IPv6-only).
Per RFC 5095 the use of this routing header has been deprecated. Some systems may drop echo requests if this header is used.
     -w timeout
     −R
                       Source address to use.
    -S srcaddr
    -c compartment Routing compartment identifier.
                       Ping a Hyper-V Network Virtualization provider address.
                       Force using IPv4.
Force using IPv6.
```

ping -t www.google.com - Continuously pings Google until manually stopped.

```
C:\Users\Nemis Ruparel>ping -t www.google.com

Pinging www.google.com [2404:6800:4002:810::2004] with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 2404:6800:4002:810::2004: time=503ms
Reply from 2404:6800:4002:810::2004: time=617ms
Reply from 2404:6800:4002:810::2004: time=406ms
Reply from 2404:6800:4002:810::2004: time=584ms

Ping statistics for 2404:6800:4002:810::2004:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 406ms, Maximum = 617ms, Average = 527ms
```

Tracert – Traces the route packets take to a destination, showing each hop.

```
C:\Users\Nemis Ruparel>tracert
Usage: tracert [-d] [-h maximum_hops] [-j host-list] [-w timeout] [-R] [-S srcaddr] [-4] [-6] target_name
Options:
    -d
                         Do not resolve addresses to hostnames.
                         Maximum number of hops to search for target.
    -h maximum_hops
    -j host-list
                         Loose source route along host-list (IPv4-only).
                         Wait timeout milliseconds for each reply.
    -w timeout
    -R
                         Trace round-trip path (IPv6-only).
    -S srcaddr
                         Source address to use (IPv6-only).
    -4
                         Force using IPv4.
    -6
                         Force using IPv6.
```

tracert -h 5 <u>www.google.com</u> – Traces the route to Google, limiting to 5 hops.

```
C:\Users\Nemis Ruparel>tracert -h 5 www.google.com
Tracing route to www.google.com [2404:6800:4002:810::2004]
over a maximum of 5 hops:
                        2 ms 2409:40c1:2001:d203::4
  1
        2 ms
                1 ms
  2
               146 ms
                        328 ms 2405:200:5210:4:3924:110:3:105
      295 ms
  3
      42 ms
               65 ms
                         *
                                2405:200:5210:4:3925::1
                                Request timed out.
  4
       *
                *
                         *
  5
       *
                         *
                                Request timed out.
Trace complete.
```

Pathping – Combines Ping and Tracert to analyze network latency and packet loss.

```
C:\Users\Nemis Ruparel>Pathping
Usage: pathping [-g host-list] [-h maximum_hops] [-i address] [-n]
                  [-p period] [-q num_queries] [-w timeout]
                 [-4] [-6] target_name
Options:
    -g host-list
                       Loose source route along host-list.

    -h maximum_hops Maximum number of hops to search for target.
    -i address Use the specified source address.

                       Do not resolve addresses to hostnames.
    -n
                      Wait period milliseconds between pings.
    -p period
    -q num_queries Number of queries per hop.
    -w timeout
                      Wait timeout milliseconds for each reply.
                       Force using IPv4.
    -6
                       Force using IPv6.
```

Netstat – Displays active network connections and listening ports.

```
C:\Users\Nemis Ruparel>netstat

Active Connections

Proto Local Address Foreign Address State
TCP 192.168.80.65:49676 relay-ea81b709:https ESTABLISHED
TCP 192.168.80.65:49705 52.187.79.109:https ESTABLISHED
TCP 192.168.80.65:49738 49.44.166.99:https ESTABLISHED
TCP 192.168.80.65:50044 52.104.124.25:https ESTABLISHED
TCP 192.168.80.65:50049 104.208.16.95:https TIME_WAIT
```

Netstat -n – Shows active connections with numerical IP addresses instead of names.

```
::\Users\Nemis Ruparel>netstat -n
Active Connections
  TCP
TCP
TCP
  TCP
TCP
TCP
TCP
TCP
  TCP
TCP
TCP
TCP
TCP
TCP
TCP
  TCP
TCP
TCP
TCP
TCP
TCP
  TCP
  TCP
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TCP
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  TCP
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  TCP
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TCP
TCP
  TCP
TCP
  TCP
TCP
TCP
TCP
TCP
TCP
TCP
TCP
```

 $\label{eq:Netstat-a-Lists} \textbf{Netstat-a} - \textbf{Lists} \ \text{all active and listening ports, including TCP and UDP.}$

C:\llson	-\ Momis Dunanolanotstat	2	
C:\Users\Nemis Ruparel>netstat -a Active Connections			
Proto	Local Address	Foreign Address	State
TCP		DESKTOP-LG09AU5:0	State LISTENING
	0.0.0.0:135	DESKTOP-LG09AU5:0	
TCP	0.0.0.0:445		LISTENING
TCP	0.0.0.0:1521	DESKTOP-LG09AU5:0	LISTENING
TCP	0.0.0.0:5040	DESKTOP-LG09AU5:0	LISTENING
TCP	0.0.0.0:7070	DESKTOP-LG09AU5:0	LISTENING
TCP	0.0.0.0:49664	DESKTOP-LG09AU5:0	LISTENING
TCP	0.0.0.0:49665	DESKTOP-LG09AU5:0	LISTENING
TCP	0.0.0.0:49666	DESKTOP-LG09AU5:0	LISTENING
TCP	0.0.0.0:49667	DESKTOP-LG09AU5:0	LISTENING
TCP	0.0.0.0:49668	DESKTOP-LG09AU5:0	LISTENING
TCP	0.0.0.0:49672	DESKTOP-LG09AU5:0	LISTENING
TCP	127.0.0.1:49669	DESKTOP-LG09AU5:0	LISTENING
TCP	192.168.56.1:139	DESKTOP-LG09AU5:0	LISTENING
TCP	192.168.80.65:139	DESKTOP-LG09AU5:0	LISTENING
TCP	192.168.80.65:49676	relay-ea81b709:https	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.80.65:49705	52.187.79.109:https	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.80.65:49738	49.44.166.99:https	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.80.65:50225	a-0003:https	TIME_WAIT
TCP	192.168.80.65:50226	a-0003:https	TIME_WAIT
TCP	192.168.80.65:50271	150.171.43.11:https	TIME_WAIT
TCP	192.168.80.65:50272	52.104.124.25:https	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.80.65:50275	128.1.157.172:http	TIME_WAIT
TCP	192.168.80.65:50276	128.1.157.172:http	TIME_WAIT
TCP	192.168.80.65:50277	128.1.157.172:http	TIME WAIT
TCP	192.168.80.65:50278	20.189.173.15:https	TIME WAIT
TCP	192.168.80.65:50285	146.75.122.172:http	TIME_WAIT
TCP	192.168.80.65:50286	146.75.122.172:http	TIME WAIT
TCP	192.168.80.65:50287	146.75.122.172:http	TIME WAIT
TCP	192.168.80.65:50288	128.1.157.172:http	TIME WAIT
TCP	192.168.80.65:50289	128.1.157.172:http	TIME WAIT
TCP	192.168.80.65:50290	128.1.157.172:http	TIME WAIT
TCP	192.168.80.65:50292	20.3.187.198:https	TIME WAIT
TCP	192.168.80.65:50293	128.1.157.171:http	TIME_WAIT
TCP	192.168.80.65:50296	104.208.16.95:https	TIME WAIT
TCP	192.168.80.65:50297	128.1.157.171:http	TIME WAIT
TCP	192.168.80.65:50298	128.1.157.171:http	TIME_WAIT
TCP	192.168.80.65:50299	128.1.157.171:http	TIME_WAIT
TCP	192.168.80.65:50300	128.1.157.171:http	TIME_WAIT
TCP	192.168.80.65:50301	128.1.157.171:http	TIME_WAIT
TCP	192.168.80.65:50302	128.1.157.171:http	TIME_WAIT
TCP	192.168.80.65:50305	49.44.112.87:http	TIME_WAIT
TCP	192.168.80.65:50308	49.44.112.87:http	TIME_WAIT
TCP	192.168.80.65:50309	51.105.71.136:https	TIME WAIT
TCP	192.168.80.65:50311	49.44.165.175:https	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.80.65:50314	151.101.38.172:http	TIME_WAIT
TCP	192.168.80.65:50317	151.101.38.172:http	TIME_WAIT
TCP	192.168.80.65:50320	150.171.43.11:https	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.80.65:50326	13.89.179.14:https	TIME_WAIT
TCP	192.168.80.65:50327	104.208.16.95:https	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.80.65:50329	49.44.165.175:https	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.80.65:50331	49.44.165.175:https	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.80.65:50334	49.44.165.175:https	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.80.65:50337	151.101.38.172:http	TIME_WAIT

Route – Displays or modifies the system's routing table.

```
C:\Users\Nemis Ruparel>route
 Manipulates network routing tables.
 ROUTE [-f] [-p] [-4|-6] command [destination]
[MASK netmask] [gateway] [METRIC metric] [IF interface]
                                                 Clears the routing tables of all gateway entries. If this is used in conjunction with one of the commands, the tables are cleared prior to running the command.
                                                 When used with the ADD command, makes a route persistent across
boots of the system. By default, routes are not preserved
when the system is restarted. Ignored for all other commands,
which always affect the appropriate persistent routes.
       -p
                                                 Force using IPv4.
       -6
                                                 Force using IPv6.
       command
                                                 One of these:
                                                       PRINT
ADD
                                                                                     Prints a route
                                                                                     Adds a route
Deletes a route
                                                        DELETE
                                                                                   Modifies an existing route
                                                        CHANGE
                                                CHANGE Modifies an existing route
Specifies the host.
Specifies that the next parameter is the 'netmask' value.
Specifies a subnet mask value for this route entry.
If not specified, it defaults to 255.255.255.255.
Specifies gateway.
the interface number for the specified route.
specifies the metric, ie. cost for the destination.
       destination
MASK
       gateway
         interface
       METRIC
All symbolic names used for destination are looked up in the network database file NETWORKS. The symbolic names for gateway are looked up in the host name database file HOSTS.
 If the command is PRINT or DELETE. Destination or gateway can be a wildcard, (wildcard is specified as a star '*'), or the gateway argument may be omitted.
 If Dest contains a * or ?, it is treated as a shell pattern, and only matching destination routes are printed. The '*' matches any string, and '?' matches any one char. Examples: 157.*.1, 157.*, 127.*, *224*.
 Pattern match is only allowed in PRINT command.
Pattern match is only account of the property 
 Examples:
            > route PRINT
> route PRINT -4
> route PRINT -6
> route PRINT 157*
                                                                                                       .... Only prints those matching 157*
             Interface^
                    If IF is not given, it tries to find the best interface for a given
              gateway.
> route ADD 3ffe::/32 3ffe::1
              > route CHANGE 157.0.0.0 MASK 255.0.0.0 157.55.80.5 METRIC 2 IF 2
                    CHANGE is used to modify gateway and/or metric only.
              > route DELETE 157.0.0.0
> route DELETE 3ffe::/32
```

```
C:\Users\Nemis Ruparel>route -4 google.com
Manipulates network routing tables.
ROUTE [-f] [-p] [-4|-6] command [destination]
[MASK netmask] [gateway] [METRIC metric] [IF interface]
                         Clears the routing tables of all gateway entries. If this is used in conjunction with one of the commands, the tables are cleared prior to running the command.
   -f
                         When used with the ADD command, makes a route persistent across
boots of the system. By default, routes are not preserved
when the system is restarted. Ignored for all other commands,
which always affect the appropriate persistent routes.
   -р
   -4
                         Force using IPv4.
   -6
                         Force using IPv6.
                         One of these:
PRINT Prints a route
   command
                             ADD
                                              Adds a route
                                           Deletes a route
Modifies an existing route
                             DELETE
   CHANGE MODIFIES AN EXISTENCY

destination Specifies the host.

MASK Specifies that the next parameter is the 'netmask' value.

netmask Specifies a subnet mask value for this route entry.

If not specified, it defaults to 255.255.255.255.
                            CHANGE
                         Specifies gateway.

the interface number for the specified route.

specifies the metric, ie. cost for the destination.
    interface
   METRIC
All symbolic names used for destination are looked up in the network database file NETWORKS. The symbolic names for gateway are looked up in the host name database file HOSTS.
If the command is PRINT or DELETE. Destination or gateway can be a wildcard, (wildcard is specified as a star '*'), or the gateway argument may be omitted.
If Dest contains a * or ?, it is treated as a shell pattern, and only matching destination routes are printed. The '*' matches any string, and '?' matches any one char. Examples: 157.*.1, 157.*, 127.*, *224*.
Pattern match is only allowed in PRINT command.
Diagnostic Notes:
      Invalid MASK generates an error, that is when (DEST & MASK) != DEST.

Example> route ADD 157.0.0.0 MASK 155.0.0.0 157.55.80.1 IF 1

The route addition failed: The specified mask parameter is invalid. (Destination & Mask) != Destination.
Examples:
       > route PRINT
      > route PRINT -4
> route PRINT -6
       > route PRINT 157*
                                                      .... Only prints those matching 157*
      ^gateway
                                                                                                 Interface^
          If IF is not given, it tries to find the best interface for a given
      gateway.
> route ADD 3ffe::/32 3ffe::1
       > route CHANGE 157.0.0.0 MASK 255.0.0.0 157.55.80.5 METRIC 2 IF 2
          CHANGE is used to modify gateway and/or metric only.
       > route DELETE 157.0.0.0
> route DELETE 3ffe::/32
```