

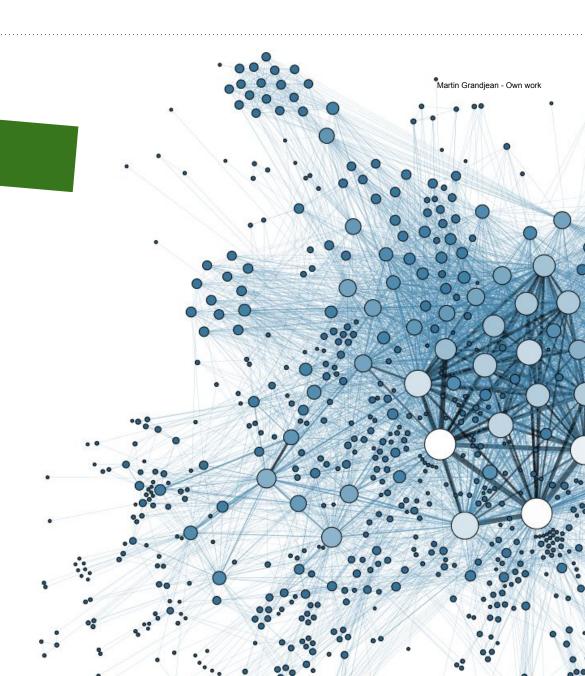


Language of the Web



Part One of Four

Head start with HTML & Brackets





Basic facts

- HTML is markup language to make web pages
- Hyper Text Markup Language
- It uses tags (marks) as a building blocks







What do we need?

 A web browser - program for surfing the web.
 We'll use Google Chrome https://www.google.com/chrome

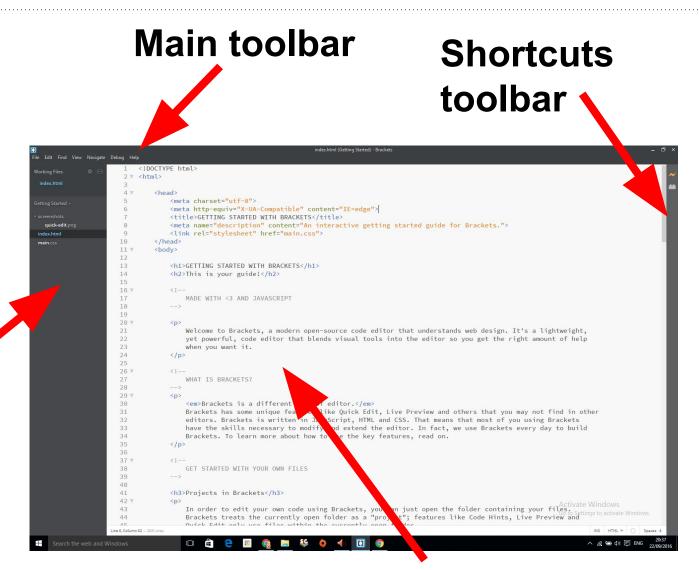


A code editor to create

 .html files
 We'll use Brackets
 http://brackets.io/





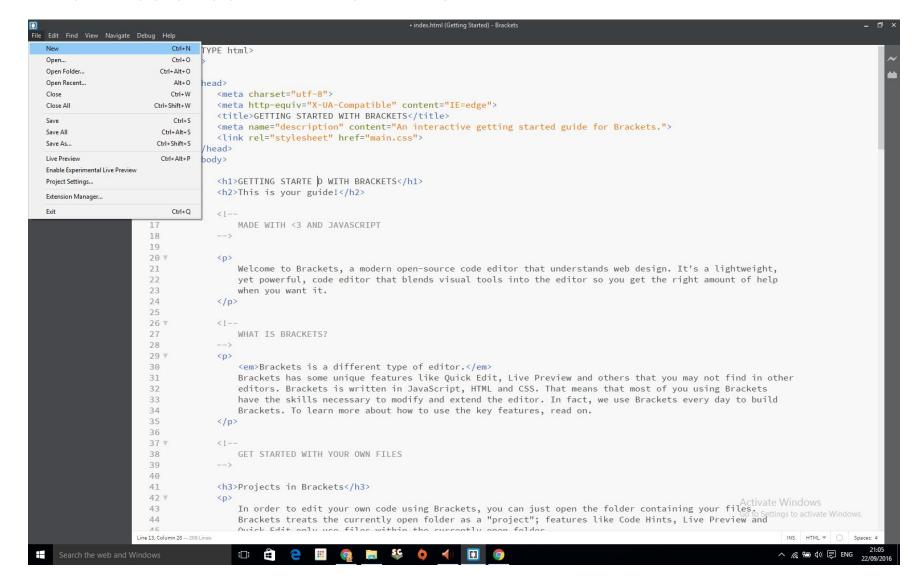


Working files

Code view / edit



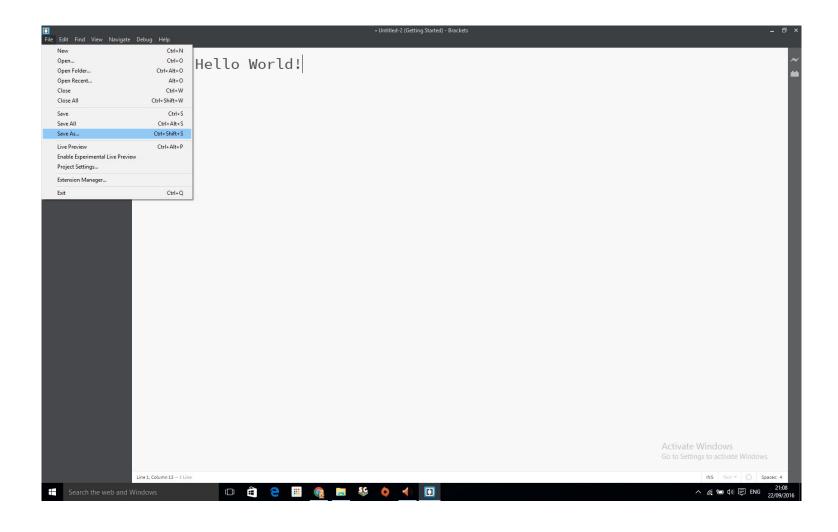
Main toolbar > File > New





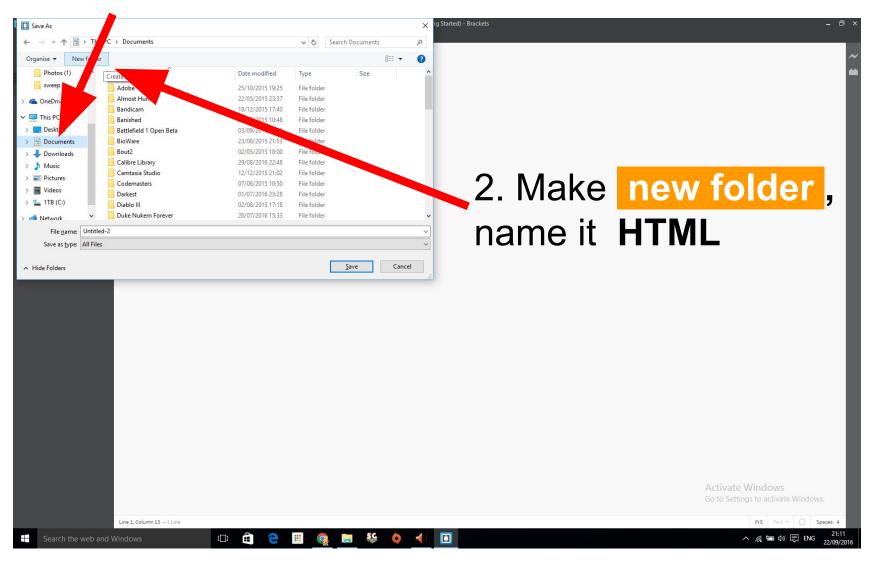
Type in code view: Hello World!

Then choose: Main toolbar > File > Save As



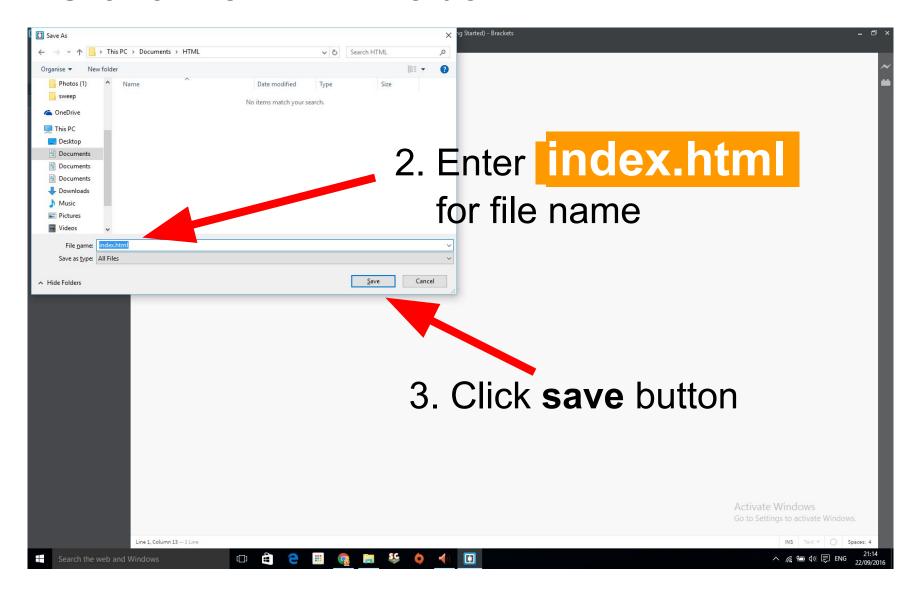


1. Click on **Documents**

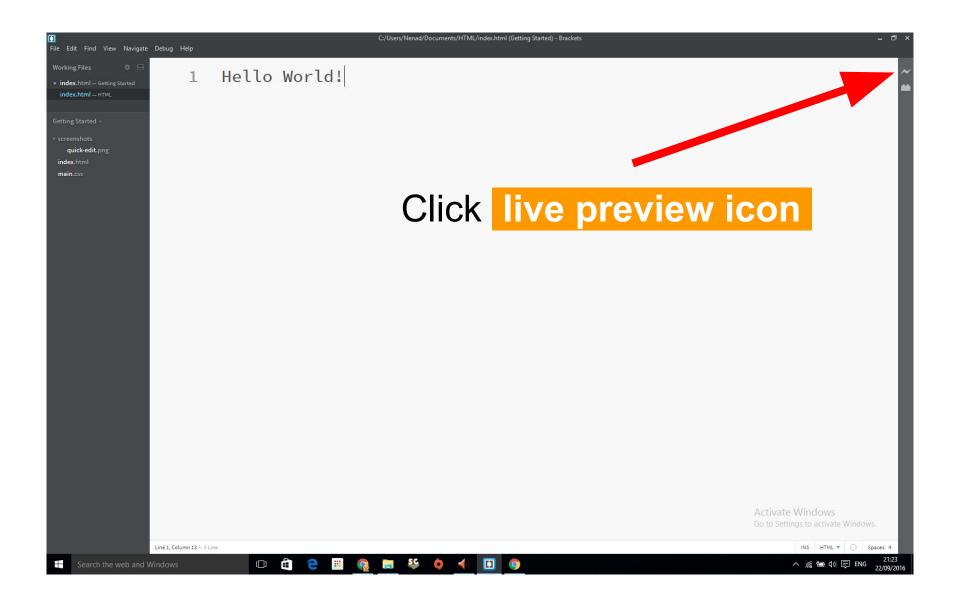




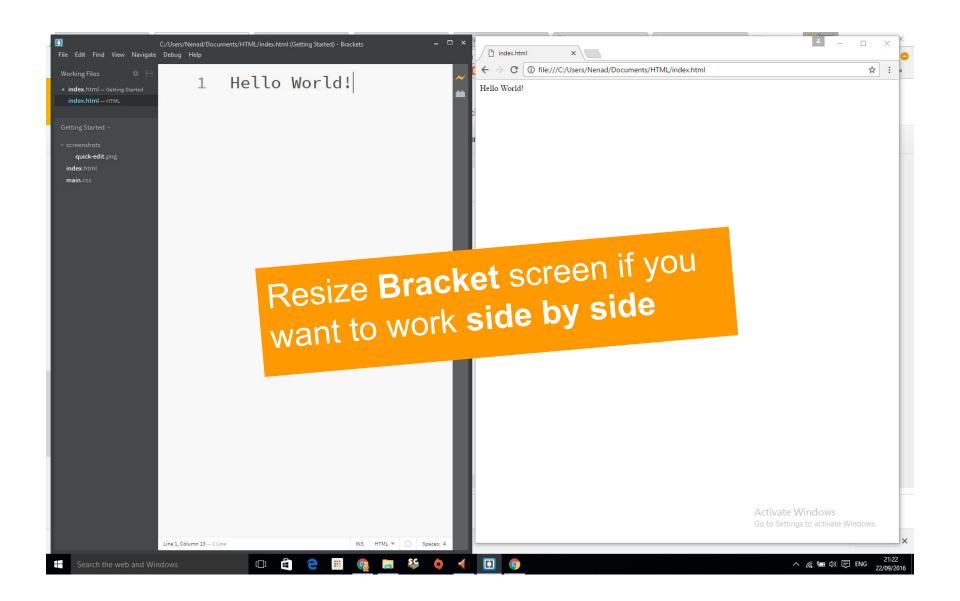
1. Click on new HTML folder







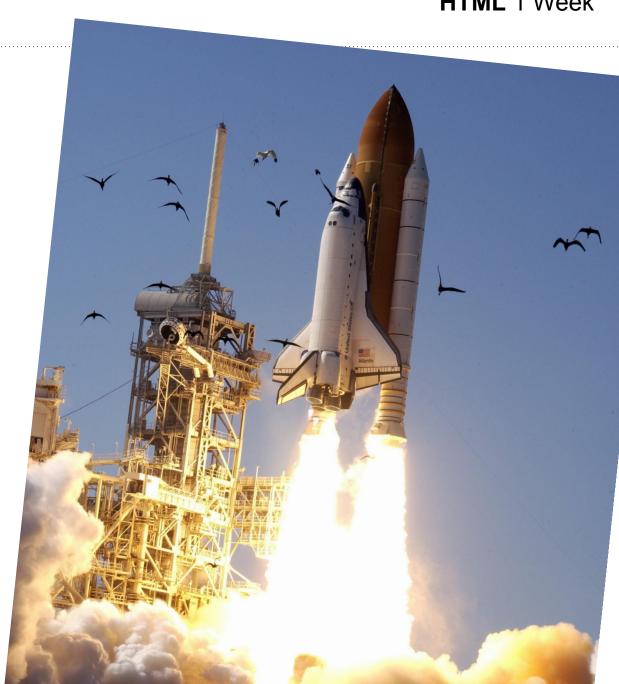




Well done!

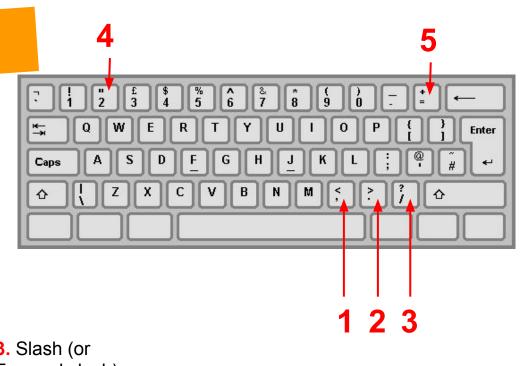
You've just created your first web page,

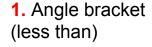
...and you didn't even use any of the tags:)



Before we continue...

We need to use certain keys that appear frequently in HTML





2. Angle bracket (greater than)

3. Slash (or Forward slash)

4. Quote

5. Equals











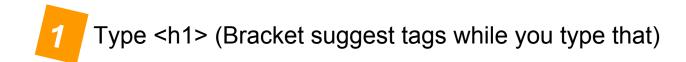
How tag works

- Tag is like a box:
 - You **open** it
 - You put stuff in it
 - You close it
- So tag has 3 parts:
 - opening tag code <h1>
 - content: our text, ie. Hello World!
 - closing tag code </h1>





Type your first tag



<h1>Hello World!

Brackets auto-completes the tag!

<h1></h1>Hello World!

Put Hello world between (Ctrl + x, Ctrl + v) open and close tags

<h1>Hello World!</h1>



Things to notice....

- When you typed in the opening tag, it suggested autocompletion and it automatically created closing tag for you.
- So you need to: cut and paste your text in between, or cut and paste closing tag at the end.
- Press ctrl + s (Main Toolbar > Save)
 and preview in Chrome is updated.
- Whoa! Did your Hello World! text grew in size?



h1 tags

- They run from 1 to 6, so they are: h1, h2, h3, h4, h5, h6
- Type I am heading 1 instead of Hello World, and do so for rest of 5 tag types:
- <h1>I am heading 1</h1>
- <h2>I am heading 2</h2>
- <h3>I am heading 3</h3>
- <h4>I am heading 4</h4>
- <h5>I am heading 5</h5>
- <h6>I am heading 6</h6>

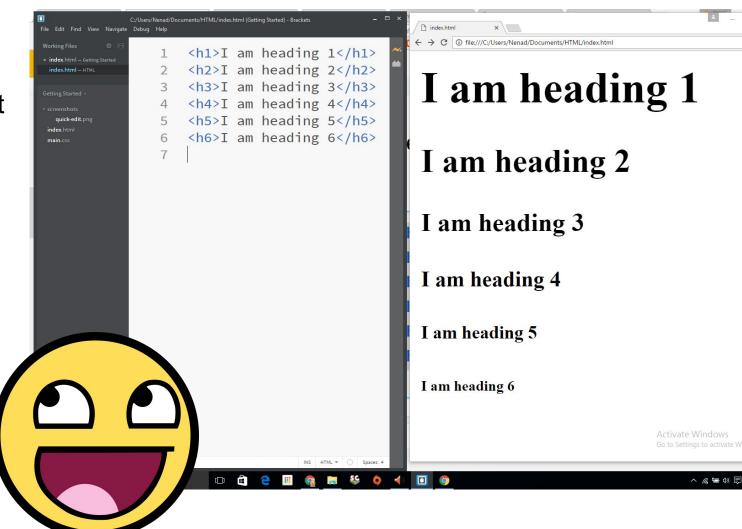
- Hint: You can copy paste line and just change numbers
- If you cannot keep up,
 try just h1, h3, and h5



Look of h1- h6

If you got it right, you should see font decreasing for each tag, otherwise check for typo's.

Well done!





How about "normal" text? Try the tag

- p stands for a paragraph, common text content
- Delete all and enter:

<h3>Dog</h3>

The dog is a mammal with sharp teeth, an excellent sense of smell, and a fine sense of hearing.



We created **an article**, with the title and the text



Two articles? No problem.

<h3>Dog</h3>

The dog is a mammal with sharp teeth, an excellent sense of smell, and a fine sense of hearing.

<hr>

<h3>Cat</h3>

Cats were first kept because they ate mice, and this is still their main 'job' in farms.

Create two articles similar to following bellow. You can copy and paste your first article to create a second one.

- notice the <hr> we put
 between the articles. It is a
 new tag, hr stands for
 horizontal rule.
- it is a self closing tag, it only has one tag element and no nested content



 tag

Let's make some words in our first article to stand out.
 We can make them .

The dog is a mammal with sharp teeth, an excellent sense of smell, and a fine sense of hearing.

- We've ended up with very long line. Imagine what will happen if we added another or more text? Split long lines!
- Notice how tag is inside tag? We have nested tag here!



Nesting the tags

- It is usual in HTML that tags end up inside tags
- For readability we use spacing (indenting) to mark nested tags
- Brackets by default uses 4 spaces for nested elements





Better nesting

So let's use **space** and **new line** (enter) for nesting our **HTML element** (that's how tags are called when shown inside browsers).

```
The dog is a mammal with <a href="mailto:strong"><a href="mailto:strong"><a
```



That's all for now, folks!

- We learnt how to use Brackets to create our first HTML
- We now know what are HTML tags and how to write them
- We explored h1 h6, p, strong,
 hr tags
- We know how to deal with nesting in HTML



Next week: colours, images and videos!