# **CISC 3320 HW Assignment – 4 (13 pts), EC (10 pts)**

This assignment has two parts, and both involve memory management. There is also an extra credit part-3 which is an extension of part-2 and carries extra 10 points. You can use either C/C++ or Java for your development.

## Requirements

## Part-1 (3 pts) - Write a program named: TranslateAddr

- 1. The program should assume a 32-bit virtual (logical) address with a 4-KB page size, and an address in decimal will be passed in via the command line
- 2. The program verifies that the address is within the 32-bit range (exits and displays an error message if the input is out of the range)
- 3. It then calculates and prints to screen the following (assuming a one-level page table, and the command-line input is 20221108):

```
The largest possible page number is: ????
The page table size is: ???? bytes
Given the address of 20221108
The page number is: ????
The page offset is: ????
```

- 4. Additionally, assume a two-level page table (10-bit each), calculate and print the following:
  With a 2-level page table, the outer page number (p1) is: ????
  With a 2-level page table, the inner page number (p2) is: ????
  - Refer to slides 9.40-41 in Ch9 for the meaning of p1 and p2.

### **Part-2** (10 pts) - Write a program named: ReplacePage

- 1. In separate methods, implement the FIFO and LRU page-replacement algorithms as presented in Ch10 (slides 10.35 and 10.38, respectively).
  - Allow each method to accept as arguments: a reference string, a desired number of page frame, and optionally a flag to enable/disable output (used for part-3 extra credit)
  - Each method should return the number of page fault
- 2. As a test case, use 3 as number of page frame and the exact reference string shown on the slides: String testRefStr = "70120304230321201701"; // in Java
  - Print out results for both FIFO and LRU. A sample example for FIFO is shown below: FIFO: for ref string: 70120304230321201701, with 3 frames

```
FIFO: for 7: 7
0: 70
1: 701
2: 201
0: 3: 231
0: 230
4: 430
```

2: 420 3: 423

0: 023

3: 2:

```
1: 013
2: 012
0:
1:
7: 712
0: 702
1: 701
FIFO: total # of page fault is: 15
```

3. Additionally, for FIFO, show the effect of Belady's Anomaly by using this reference string: String testRefStr2 = "123412512345"; // in Java
Print out results for 3 and 4 page frames – they should match the result presented on slide 10.35

## Part-3 Extra Credit (10 pts) - Modify your ReplacePage to create a third program, ReplacePageEC

- 1. Add a new method that implements the OPT page-replacement algorithm (slide 10.37)
- 2. Notice that this algorithm looks into the future, thus is impossible to use. Rather it is implemented as a benchmark to evaluate other algorithms which you will do in this exercise
- 3. First make sure it's implemented correctly by employing the same testRefStr as shown above and display similar page fault result
- 4. Then, your program should do a simple comparison analysis of FIFO and LRU against the benchmark of OPT
  - Write another method randomPageRef() which takes in as input an integer for length and returns a randomized reference string of that length using characters '0' '9'
  - Generate a reference string that is 1000 characters long
  - Try this reference string on OPT, FIFO and LRU with number of page frame ranging from 1 to 7, and print out the number of page fault as follows:

# of page frame: # of page fault for OPT, for FIFO (% more than OPT), for LRU (% more than OPT)

```
Sample output (partial)
1: 915, 915(0%), 915(0%)
2: 654, 812(24%), 816(25%)
```

#### What to turn in

- Please submit (via email) the following:
  - o your source code in separate files
  - o running results (you could use a screen capture, but preferably a text file that captures the result)
  - o you can capture the result by redirecting the output to a file:
    - in C/C++: \$./ReplacePage > result.txt
    - in Java: \$java ReplacePage > result.txt
- **Important**: please make sure your submission has all required results. Specifically, it should have:
  - o testRefStr results for FIFO and LRU with 3 frames
  - o testRefStr2 results for FIFO with 3 and 4 frames
  - For extra credit, testRefStr result for OPT with 3 frames, followed by a list of comparison results
  - o If you submit partial result, make it clear in your description
- Please do not copy code, whether from classmates or from the Internet.