



**FIGURE 16.12B** The BoundedDEQue implementation. In part (a), `popTop()` and `popBottom()` are called concurrently while there is more than one task in the BoundedDEQue. The `popTop()` method reads the element in entry 2 and calls `compareAndSet()` to redirect the top reference to entry 3. The `popBottom()` method redirects the bottom reference from 5 to 4 using a simple store and then, after checking that bottom is greater than top, it removes the task in entry 4. In part (b), there is only a single task. When `popBottom()` detects that, after redirecting from 4 to 3, top and bottom are equal, it attempts to redirect top with a `compareAndSet()`. Before doing so, it redirects bottom to 0 because this last task will be removed by one of the two popping methods. If `popTop()` detects that top and bottom are equal, it gives up; otherwise, it tries to advance top using `compareAndSet()`. If both methods apply `compareAndSet()` to the top, one wins and removes the task. In any case, win or lose, `popBottom()` resets top to 0 since the BoundedDEQue is now empty.