

```
1 atomic<uint64_t> id_gen(1)
2 atomic<uint64_t> clock(0);
3 atomic<uint64_t> lock_table[NUM_LOCKS];
4
5 atomic<uint64_t> *get_lock(void *addr) {
6     return &lock_table[((uintptr_t)addr)>>GRAIN) % NUM_LOCKS];
7 }
8 struct Descriptor {
9     jmp_buf *checkpoint;
10    uint64_t my_lock;
11    uint64_t start_time;
12    unordered_map<uintptr_t*, uintptr_t> writes;
13    vector<atomic<uint64_t*>> reads;
14    vector<pair<atomic<uint64_t*>, uint64_t>> locks;
15
16    Descriptor() : my_lock(((id_gen++)<<1)|1) { }
17 };
18 void beginTx(jmp_buf *b) {
19     checkpoint = b;
20     start_time = clock;
21 }
22 void write(uintptr_t *addr, uintptr_t val) {
23     writes.insert_or_assign(addr, val);
24 }
25 int read(uintptr_t *addr) {
26     auto it = writes.find(addr);
27     if (it != writes.end())
28         return *it;
29
30     atomic<uint64_t*> l = get_lock(addr);
31     uint64_t pre = *l;
32     uintptr_t val = std::atomic_ref<uintptr_t>(*addr).load(std::memory_order_acquire);
33     uint64_t post = *l;
34     if ((pre&l) || (pre != post) || (pre > start_time))
35         abortTx();
36     reads.push_back(l);
37     return val;
38 }
```

FIGURE 20.11 Software transactions with ownership records (1/2).