Data Structure:

List

chap. 4.1-4.2, 4.8

#### List ADT

- $\blacksquare$  an ordered sequence of element  $<A_1,A_2,A_3,...,A_N>$ 
  - the size of the list is N
  - a list of size 0 is an empty list
  - $A_{i+1}$  follows (succeeds)  $A_i$  (i<N) and  $A_{i-1}$  precedes  $A_i$  (i>1)
  - the position of an element A<sub>i</sub> in a list is i
- operations in the List ADT
  - MakeEmpty (List L): constructor
  - DeleteList (List L): destructor
  - Find (List L, Key K): returns the position of the key
  - Insert (Key K, List L, Position P): insert K after P in L
  - Delete (Key K, List L): delete K from L
  - Concat (List L1, List L2): returns the concatenation of L1 and L2

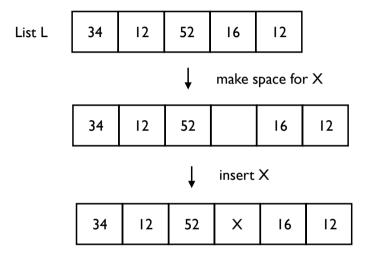
## List ADT: an example

- List:  $L = \langle 34, 12, 52, 16, 12 \rangle$ 
  - Find(L, 52): 3
  - Insert(X, L, 3): 34, 12, 52, X, 16, 12
  - Delete(52, L): 34, 12, X, 16, 12

- Find (List L, Key K): returns the position of the key
- Insert (Key K, List L, Position P): insert K after P in L
- Delete (Key K, List L): delete K from L

# List ADT: simple implementation with array

Insert X after the position 3 in the list L



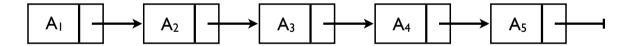
# List ADT: simple implementation with array

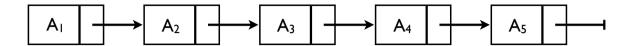
■ it is inefficient because ...

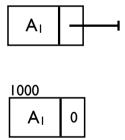
## List ADT: simple implementation with array

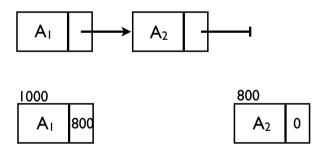
- it is inefficient because . . .
  - an estimate of the maximum size of the list is required
    - it requires overestimating the amount of storage needed for the list
  - it is hard to insert or delete at the beginning or in the middle of the list
    - worst case: O(N)
    - average case: half of the list O(N)
    - building a list by N successive inserts:  $O(N^2)$

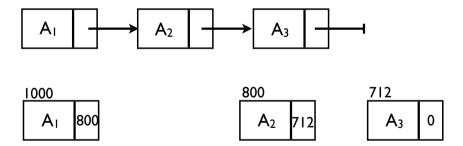
- a linked list consists of a series of structures, which are not necessarily adjacent in memory
- each structure contains an element and a pointer to a structure of its successor
- the last cell's pointer points to NULL

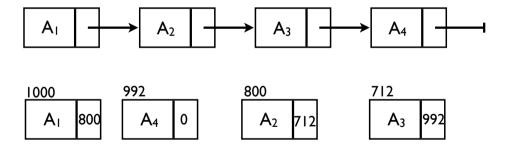


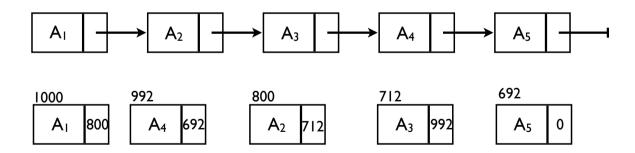


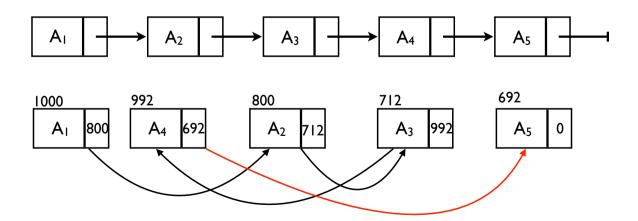




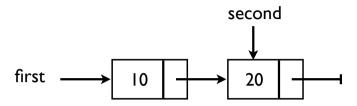




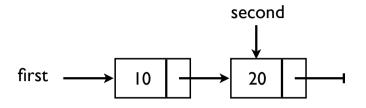




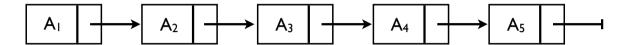
# List ADT: example

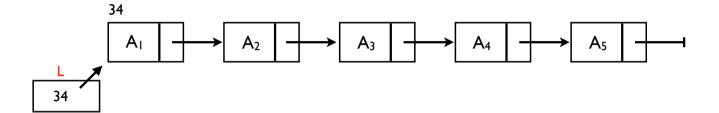


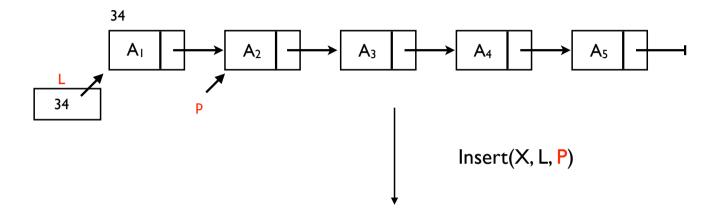
## List ADT: example



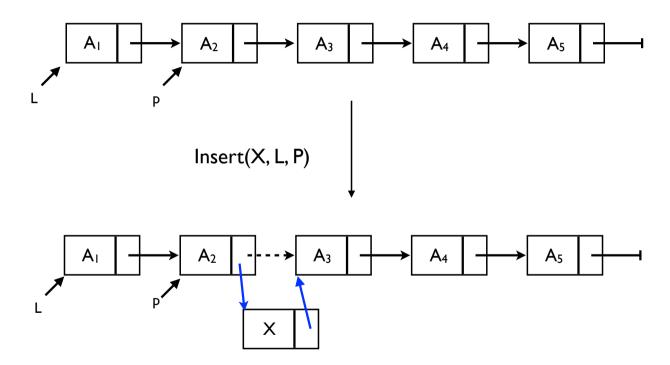
```
typedef struct Node *PtrToNode;
typedef struct Node {
       int data;
       PtrToNode link;
};
PtrToNode create2(){
   PtrToNode first, second;
   MALLOC(first, sizeof(*first));
   MALLOC(first, sizeof(*second));
   second ->link = NULL;
   second \rightarrow data = 20:
   first \rightarrow data = 10:
   first->link = second:
   Return first;
```



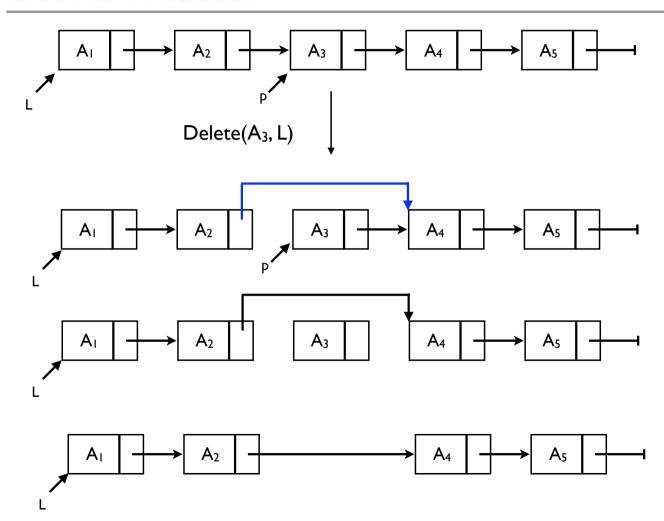




Insert (Key K, List L, Position P): insert K after P in L



## List ADT: deletion



# list ADT: type declaration for a linked list

```
typedef struct Node* PtrToNode;
typedef int ElementType;
typedef PtrToNode Position;
typedef PtrToNode List;
struct Node
  ElementType
                  Element:
  Position
                  Next:
List MakeEmpty(List L);
int IsEmpty( List L );
int IsLast( Position P, List L );
Position Find( ElementType X, List L );
Position FindPrevious ( ElementType X, List L );
void Delete( ElementType X, List L );
void Insert ( ElementType X, List L, Position P );
void DeleteList ( List L );
```

# list ADT: MakeEmpty

```
/* create header node */

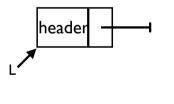
List MakeEmpty( List L )
{
    L = (List)malloc(sizeof(struct Node));
    L->element = header;
    L->next = NULL;
    return L
}
```

```
struct Node
{
    ElementType Element;
    Position Next;
};
```

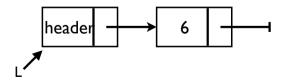
# list ADT: IsEmpty

```
/* return true if L is empty */
int IsEmpty( List L )
{
}
```

```
struct Node
{
    ElementType Element;
    Position Next;
};
```



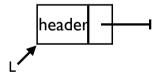
true



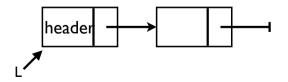
# list ADT: IsEmpty

```
/* return true if L is empty */
int IsEmpty( List L )
{
   return L->Next == NULL;
}
```

```
struct Node
{
    ElementType Element;
    Position Next;
};
```



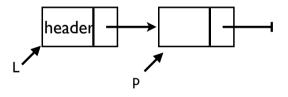
true



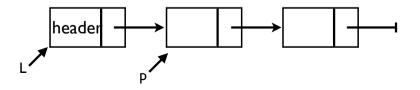
## list ADT: IsLast

```
/* return true if P is the last position in list L */
int IsLast( Position P, List L )
{
```

```
struct Node
{
    ElementType Element;
    Position Next;
};
```



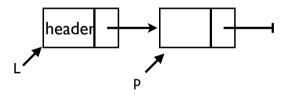
true



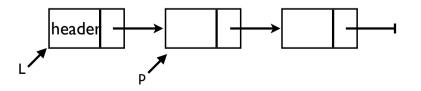
## list ADT: IsLast

```
/* return true if P is the last position in list L */
int IsLast( Position P, List L )
{
   return P->Next == NULL;
}
```

```
struct Node
{
    ElementType Element;
    Position Next;
};
```



true

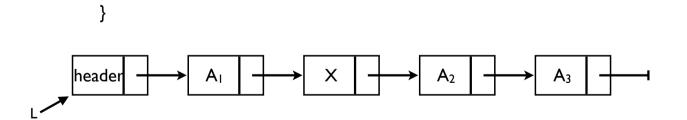


```
/* return position of X in L; NULL if not found */

Position Find( ElementType X, List L )
{

ElementType Element;

Position Next;
};
```



```
/* return position of X in L; NULL if not found */
   Position Find( ElementType X, List L )
                                                              struct Node
      Position P;
                                                                ElementType
                                                                                Element;
                                                                Position
                                                                                Next;
      P = L->Next;
      return P;
header
                  A_{\mathsf{I}}
```

```
/* return position of X in L; NULL if not found */
   Position Find( ElementType X, List L )
                                                         struct Node
      Position P;
                                                            ElementType
                                                                          Element;
                                                            Position
                                                                          Next;
      P = L->Next;
      while( P != NULL && P->Element != X )
      return P;
header
```

```
Position Find( ElementType X, List L )
                                                        struct Node
     Position P;
                                                          ElementType
                                                                         Element;
                                                          Position
                                                                         Next;
     P = L->Next;
     while( P != NULL && P->Element != X )
        P = P->Next:
     return P;
header
                               X
```

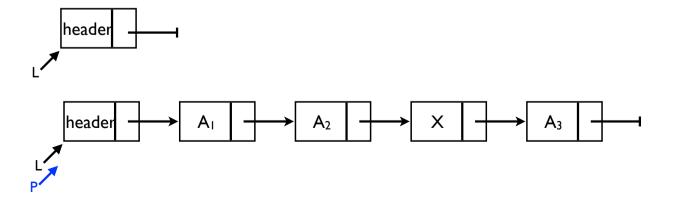
/\* return position of X in L; NULL if not found \*/

```
/* return position of X in L; NULL if not found */
   Position Find( ElementType X, List L )
                                                         struct Node
      Position P;
                                                            ElementType
                                                                          Element;
                                                            Position
                                                                          Next;
      P = L->Next;
     while( P != NULL && P->Element != X )
        P = P->Next:
      return P;
header
header
                               A_2
```

```
Position FindPrevious( ElementType X, List L )
{
    Position P;
    P = L;
    while( P->Next != NULL &&
        P = P->Next;
    return P;
}

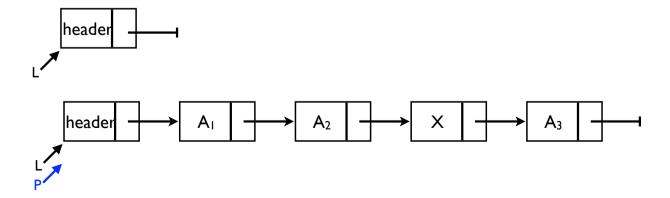
struct Node
{
    ElementType Element;
    Position Next;
    };

    return P;
```



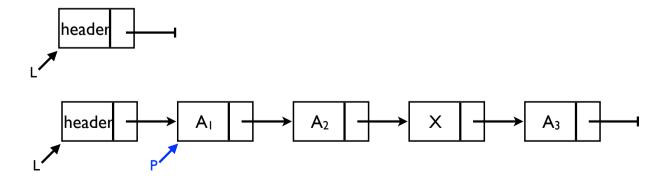
```
Position FindPrevious( ElementType X, List L )
{
    Position P;
    P = L;
    while( P->Next != NULL && P->Next->Element != X )
        P = P->Next;
    return P;
}
```

```
struct Node
{
    ElementType Element;
    Position Next;
};
```



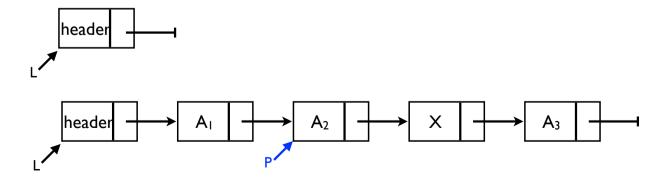
```
Position FindPrevious( ElementType X, List L )
{
    Position P;
    P = L;
    while( P->Next != NULL && P->Next->Element != X )
        P = P->Next;
    return P;
}
```

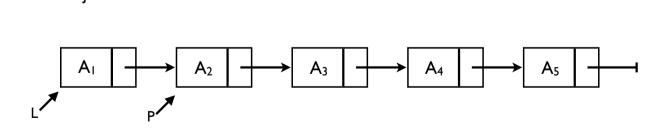
```
struct Node
{
    ElementType Element;
    Position Next;
};
```



```
Position FindPrevious( ElementType X, List L )
{
    Position P;
    P = L;
    while( P->Next != NULL && P->Next->Element != X )
        P = P->Next;
    return P;
}
```

```
struct Node
{
    ElementType Element;
    Position Next;
};
```



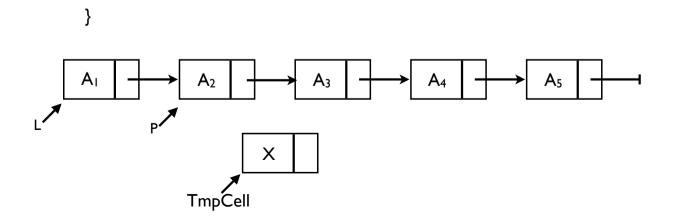


```
void Insert( ElementType X, List L, Position P )
{
    Position TmpCell;

    TmpCell = malloc( sizeof( struct Node ) );
    if ( TmpCell == NULL )
        FatalError( "Out of space!!!" );

    TmpCell->Element = X;
```

```
struct Node
{
    ElementType Element;
    Position Next;
};
```

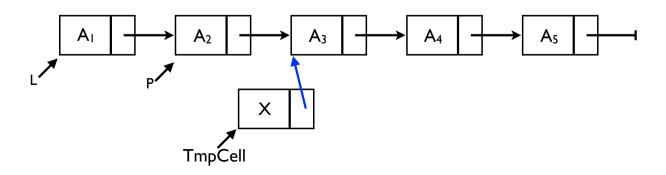


```
void Insert( ElementType X, List L, Position P )
{
    Position TmpCell;

    TmpCell = malloc( sizeof( struct Node ) );
    if ( TmpCell == NULL )
        FatalError( "Out of space!!!" );

    TmpCell->Element = X;
    TmpCell->Next = P->Next;
}
```

```
struct Node
{
    ElementType Element;
    Position Next;
};
```

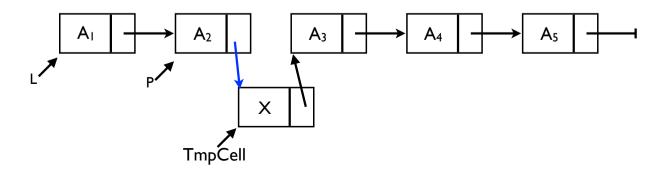


```
void Insert( ElementType X, List L, Position P )
{
    Position TmpCell;

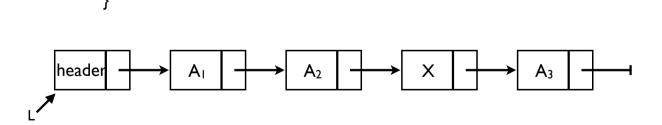
    TmpCell = malloc( sizeof( struct Node ) );
    if ( TmpCell == NULL )
        FatalError( "Out of space!!!" );

    TmpCell->Element = X;
    TmpCell->Next = P->Next;
    P->Next = TmpCell;
}
```

```
struct Node
{
    ElementType Element;
    Position Next;
};
```

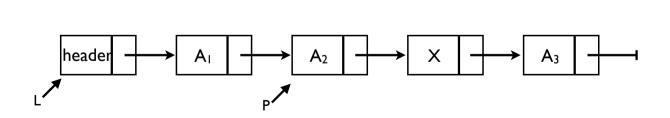


```
void Delete( ElementType X, List L )
{
```



```
void Delete( ElementType X, List L )
{
    Position P, TmpCell;

P = FindPrevious( X, L );
```



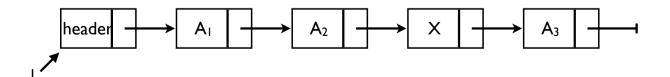
```
void Delete( ElementType X, List L )
        Position P, TmpCell;
        P = FindPrevious(X, L);
                                       /* Assumption of header use */
        if (!IsLast(P, L))
                                       /* X is found; delete it */
          P->Next = ???; /* Bypass deleted cell */
header
                              A_2
                                                           Аз
```

```
void Delete( ElementType X, List L )
        Position P, TmpCell;
        P = FindPrevious(X, L);
        if (!IsLast(P, L))
                                       /* Assumption of header use */
                                       /* X is found; delete it */
          TmpCell = P->Next;
          P->Next = TmpCell->Next;
                                       /* Bypass deleted cell */
          free(TmpCell);
header
                A_1
                              A_2
                                             X
                                                           Аз
                                    TmpCell
```

### list ADT: DeleteList

```
void DeleteList( List L )
{
```

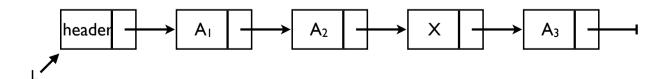
}



#### list ADT: DeleteList

```
void DeleteList(List L)
{
    Position P;

    P = L->Next; /* Header assumed */
    L->Next = NULL;
    while(P!= NULL)
    {
        free(P);
        P = P->Next;
    }
}
```



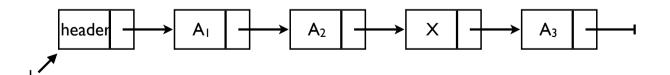
#### list ADT: DeleteList

```
void DeleteList( List L )
{
    Position P;

    P = L->Next; /* Header assumed */
    L->Next = NULL;
    while( P != NULL )
    {
        free( P );
        P = P->Next;
    }
}
```

```
void DeleteList( List L )
{
    Position P, Tmp;

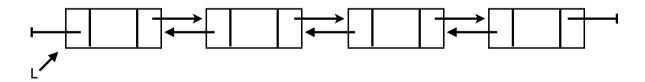
    P = L->Next; /* Header assumed */
    L->Next = NULL;
    while( P != NULL )
    {
        Tmp = P->Next;
        free( P );
        P = Tmp;
    }
}
```

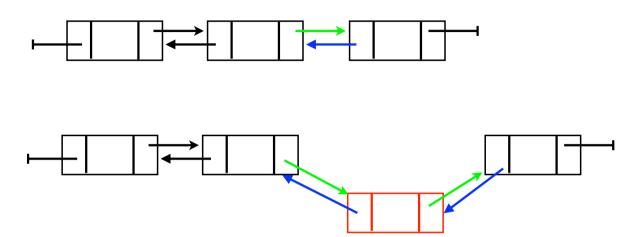


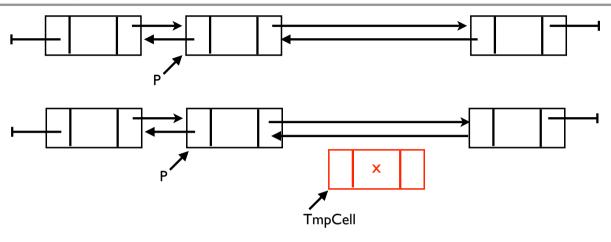
### **Doubly Linked List**

a list that contains links to next and previous nodes

FindPrevious() in singly linked list is not necessary







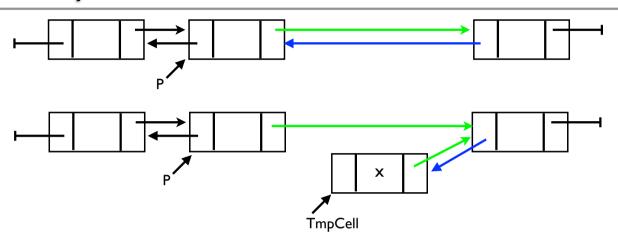
```
void Insert( ElementType X, List L, Position P )
{
    Position TmpCell;

    TmpCell = malloc( sizeof( struct Node ) );
    if (TmpCell == NULL )
        FatalError("Out of space!!!");

struct Node
{
    ElementType Element;
    Position Next;
    Position Prev;
};
```

}

TmpCell->Element = X;

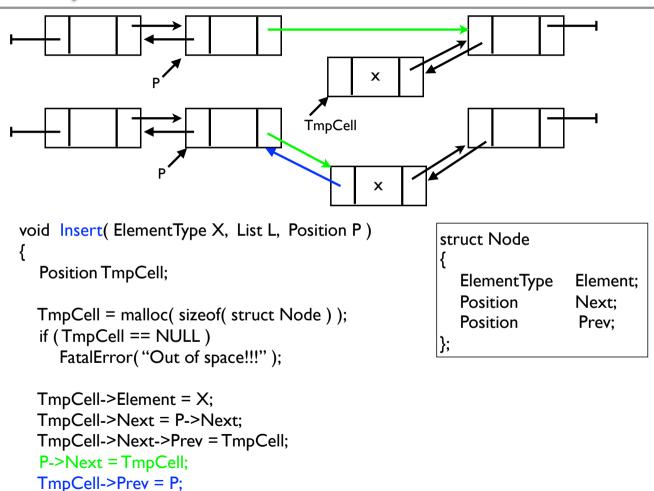


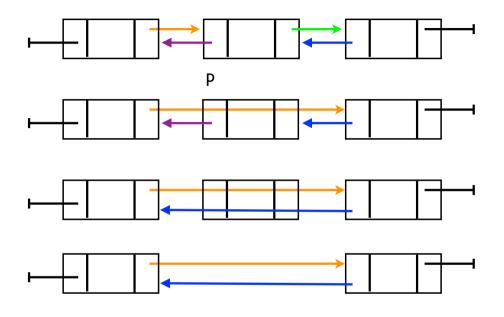
```
void Insert( ElementType X, List L, Position P )
{
    PositionTmpCell;

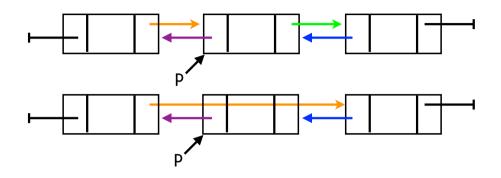
    TmpCell = malloc( sizeof( struct Node ) );
    if (TmpCell == NULL )
        FatalError("Out of space!!!");

    TmpCell->Element = X;
    TmpCell->Next = P->Next;
    TmpCell->Next->Prev = TmpCell;
}
```

```
struct Node
{
    ElementType Element;
    Position Next;
    Position Prev;
};
```

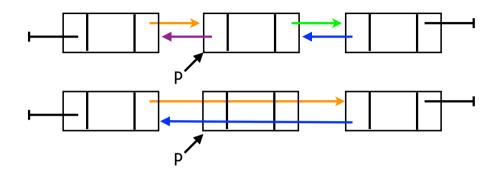






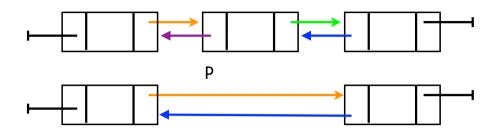
```
void Delete( ElementType X, List L)
{
    Position P;
    P = Find(X, L);

P->Prev->Next = P->Next;
```



```
void Delete( ElementType X, List L)
{
    Position P;
    P = Find(X, L);

P->Prev->Next = P->Next;
    P->Next->Prev = P->prev;
}
```

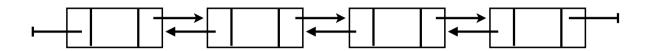


```
void Delete( ElementType X, List L)
{
    Position P;
    P = Find(X, L);

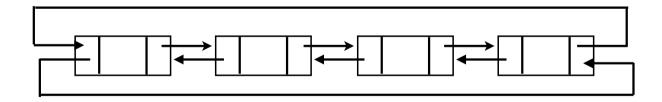
P->Prev->Next = P->Next;
    P->Next->Prev = P->prev;
    free(P);
}
```

# Circularly Linked List

Doubly Linked List



■ Circularly Linked List



Header?