

## **CS2102** Database Systems

# Group Project Part #2 Translation of ERD to Relational Database Schema

## Submitted by

## Team 65

Chew Jun Heng - A0252103Y
Neo Haowei - A0264683U
Zhang Lanyu - A0258235B
Tricia Ang Jean Ee - A0254573Y

AY2023/2024 Semester 1 25 September 2023

#### **Database Schema**

```
— educator
CREATE TABLE educator (
   staff_nr CHAR(5) PRIMARY KEY,
   first_name TEXT NOT NULL,
   last_name TEXT NOT NULL,
   email TEXT UNIQUE NOT NULL
);
- student
CREATE TABLE student (
   student_nr CHAR(10) PRIMARY KEY,
   first_name TEXT NOT NULL,
   last name TEXT NOT NULL,
   email TEXT UNIQUE NOT NULL,
   last_active TIMESTAMP NOT NULL
);
— group
CREATE TABLE "group" (
   code INTEGER UNIQUE,
   name TEXT NOT NULL UNIQUE,
   description TEXT,
   PRIMARY KEY (code, name)
);
— question
CREATE TABLE question (
   question_id INTEGER PRIMARY KEY,
   creator_staff_nr CHAR(5) NOT NULL REFERENCES educator (staff_nr),
   statement TEXT NOT NULL.
   description TEXT,
   type TEXT NOT NULL CHECK (type IN ('MCQ', 'MRQ')),
   status TEXT NOT NULL CHECK (status IN ('public', 'private')),
   valid BOOLEAN DEFAULT FALSE
);
- tag
CREATE TABLE tag (
   text TEXT PRIMARY KEY
);
```

```
— quiz
CREATE TABLE quiz (
   quiz_id INTEGER PRIMARY KEY,
   creator_staff_nr CHAR(5) NOT NULL REFERENCES educator (staff_nr),
   name TEXT NOT NULL,
   published BOOLEAN NOT NULL DEFAULT FALSE,
   max_attempts INTEGER NOT NULL DEFAULT 1,
   total points INTEGER NOT NULL,
   status TEXT NOT NULL CHECK (status IN ('public', 'private')),
   mandatory BOOLEAN,
   time_limit INTEGER,
   avail_from TIMESTAMP NOT NULL DEFAULT NOW(),
   avail_to TIMESTAMP
   CHECK (
      (published = TRUE AND avail_to IS NOT NULL)
      OR (published = false AND avail_to IS NULL)
   )
);
- answer
CREATE TABLE answer (
   answer_id INTEGER,
   question_id INTEGER REFERENCES question (question_id) ON UPDATE CASCADE,
   content TEXT,
   position INTEGER NOT NULL,
   correct BOOLEAN NOT NULL,
   PRIMARY KEY (answer_id, question_id)
);
- submission
CREATE TABLE submission (
   submission_id INTEGER PRIMARY KEY,
   student_nr CHAR(10) NOT NULL REFERENCES student(student_nr),
   quiz_id INTEGER NOT NULL REFERENCES quiz (quiz_id),
   attempt INTEGER
);
```

```
Junction tables (Join tables)
— contains (quiz - question)
CREATE TABLE contains (
   question_id INTEGER NOT NULL REFERENCES question (question_id)
      ON UPDATE CASCADE,
   quiz id INTEGER NOT NULL REFERENCES quiz (quiz id)
      ON UPDATE CASCADE,
   mandatory BOOLEAN NOT NULL DEFAULT TRUE,
   position INTEGER NOT NULL,
   points INTEGER NOT NULL CHECK (points >= 0),
   PRIMARY KEY (question_id, quiz_id)
);
— part_of (answer - submission)
CREATE TABLE part_of (
   answer_id INTEGER NOT NULL,
   question_id INTEGER NOT NULL,
   submission_id INTEGER NOT NULL REFERENCES submission (submission_id)
      ON UPDATE CASCADE.
   PRIMARY KEY( answer_id, question_id, submission_id),
   FOREIGN KEY (answer_id, question_id) REFERENCES answer (answer_id,
      question_id) ON UPDATE CASCADE
);
— member_of (student - group)
CREATE TABLE member of (
   student_nr CHAR(10) NOT NULL REFERENCES student (student_nr)
      ON UPDATE CASCADE,
   group_code INTEGER NOT NULL,
   group_name TEXT NOT NULL,
   FOREIGN KEY (group_code, group_name) REFERENCES "group" (code, name)
      ON UPDATE CASCADE.
   PRIMARY KEY (student_nr, group_code, group_name)
);
```

```
— assigned_to (group - quiz)
CREATE TABLE assigned_to (
   quiz_id INTEGER REFERENCES quiz (quiz_id) ON UPDATE CASCADE,
   group_code INTEGER NOT NULL,
   group_name TEXT NOT NULL,
   FOREIGN KEY (group_code, group_name) REFERENCES "group" (code, name)
      ON UPDATE CASCADE,
   PRIMARY KEY (quiz_id, group_code, group_name)
);
— labels (question - tag)
CREATE TABLE labels (
   tag_text TEXT NOT NULL REFERENCES tag (text) ON UPDATE CASCADE,
   question_id INTEGER NOT NULL REFERENCES question (question_id)
      ON UPDATE CASCADE,
   PRIMARY KEY (tag_text, question_id)
);
```

### Justification for non-trivial design decisions

- 1. Student table: last active is set to NOT NULL.
  - A student will always have a last active time automatically recorded by the system. When the account is first created, the initial last active time could be the account creation time.
- 2. Quiz table: time interval and published are made mandatory while max\_attempt, mandatory, and time\_limit are made optional.
  - "For each quiz, the database of Squiz stores its creator, the time interval during which the quiz is available (i.e., from/until) and whether it is published or not." implies mandatory attributes.
  - "The creator can also specify if the quiz is public..." implies optional attributes.
- 3. Reference to foreign key in weak entity types and junction tables are set to ON UPDATE CASCADE.
  - As each row of these tables are identified with the foreign keys, it is important to preserve the relation/entity whenever there is an update on the foreign keys it is associated with.
- 4. The join table for ternary relationship "submits" is omitted.
  - Since each submission must correspond to exactly 1 student and 1 quiz, storing the identifier of the student and the quiz as attributes of submission is sufficient to capture the data.
  - In terms of selecting the data, looking for instances with desired values for "student" and "quiz" in the "submission" table is as efficient as doing so in the "submits" join table.
  - Therefore, to reduce complexity, no additional join table is used in this case.
- 5. Question table: the default value of valid is False.
  - A question can only be valid after creating a valid list of answer(s) for it.
  - The answers can only be created after the question is created, since the answer is a weak entity type.
  - Therefore, when a question is created, it has no answer initially and is invalid. The validity of a question will only be updated with subsequent creation of answers.

### **Application's Constraints (not captured by relational schema)**

- 1. The total number of points for a quiz needs to be updated when adding or removing a question to or from the quiz, or when changing the points for a question.
- 2. Constraints on educators' and students' access to private questions and quizzes
  - All creators can use public questions to create quizzes, while private questions can only be used by their creator.
  - A student can only take public quizzes and quizzes assigned to a group to which he/she belongs.
- 3. A student taking a quiz must answer at least all mandatory questions, if any.
- 4. A student must not submit a quiz after reaching the maximum number of attempts.
- 5. Constraints on validity of questions
  - Both MRQs and MCQs require at least two answers to be valid.
  - MCQ requires exactly one correct answer, while MRQ requires one or several correct answers to be valid.