

## ОТЧЕТ ОБ АНАЛИЗЕ УЯЗВИМОСТЕЙ

Организация: ООО 'ТехноПром'

Дата сканирования: 2024-05-05 10:00:00

Дата генерации

отчета:

2025-05-05 15:16:46

Сгенерировано: SecFlash Vulnerability Scanner

Конфиденциально

Только для внутреннего использования

## КРАТКОЕ СОДЕРЖАНИЕ

В ходе анализа сети было обнаружено 1213 уязвимостей на 5 хостах. Распределение по критичности: • Критические: 0 • Высокие: 0 • Средние: 0 • Низкие: 0 • Неизвестно (N/A): 1213 Наиболее опасные уязвимости: • Отсутствуют критические или высокие уязвимости

## ДЕТАЛЬНЫЙ ОТЧЕТ ОБ УЯЗВИМОСТЯХ

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	Apache httpd 2.4.49	CVE-2007-47 23	N/A	N/A	Directory traversal vulnerability in Ragnarok Online Control Panel 4.3.4a, when the Apache HTTP Server is used, allows remote attackers to bypass authentication via directory traversal sequences in a
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	Apache httpd 2.4.49	CVE-2009-07 96	N/A	N/A	Cross-site scripting (XSS) vulnerability in Status.pm in Apache::Status and Apache2::Status in mod_perl1 and mod_perl2 for the Apache HTTP Server, when /perl-status is accessible, allows remote attack
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	Apache httpd 2.4.49	CVE-2009-22 99	N/A	N/A	The Artofdefence Hyperguard Web Application Firewall (WAF) module before 2.5.5-11635, 3.0 before 3.0.3-11636, and 3.1 before 3.1.1-11637, a module for the Apache HTTP Server, allows remote attackers t
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	Apache httpd 2.4.49	CVE-2011-11 76	N/A	N/A	The configuration merger in itk.c in the Steinar H. Gunderson mpm-itk Multi-Processing Module 2.2.11-01 and 2.2.11-02 for the Apache HTTP Server does not properly handle certain configuration sections
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	Apache httpd 2.4.49	CVE-2011-26 88	N/A	N/A	SQL injection vulnerability in mysql/mysql-auth.pl in the mod_authnz_external module 3.2.5 and earlier for the Apache HTTP Server allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary SQL commands via the user
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	Apache httpd 2.4.49	CVE-2012-35 26	N/A	N/A	The reverse proxy add forward module (mod_rpaf) 0.5 and 0.6 for the Apache HTTP Server allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (server or application crash) via multiple X-Forwarded-For h

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192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	Apache httpd 2.4.49	CVE-2012-40 01	N/A	N/A	The mod_pagespeed module before 0.10.22.6 for the Apache HTTP Server does not properly verify its host name, which allows remote attackers to trigger HTTP requests to arbitrary hosts via unspecified v
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	Apache httpd 2.4.49	CVE-2012-43 60	N/A	N/A	Cross-site scripting (XSS) vulnerability in the mod_pagespeed module 0.10.19.1 through 0.10.22.4 for the Apache HTTP Server allows remote attackers to inject arbitrary web script or HTML via unspecifi
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	Apache httpd 2.4.49	CVE-2013-09 41	N/A	N/A	EMC RSA Authentication API before 8.1 SP1, RSA Web Agent before 5.3.5 for Apache Web Server, RSA Web Agent before 5.3.5 for IIS, RSA PAM Agent before 7.0, and RSA Agent before 6.1.4 for Microsoft Wind
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	Apache httpd 2.4.49	CVE-2013-09 42	N/A	N/A	Cross-site scripting (XSS) vulnerability in EMC RSA Authentication Agent 7.1 before 7.1.1 for Web for Internet Information Services, and 7.1 before 7.1.1 for Web for Apache, allows remote attackers to
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	Apache httpd 2.4.49	CVE-2013-27 65	N/A	N/A	The ModSecurity module before 2.7.4 for the Apache HTTP Server allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (NULL pointer dereference, process crash, and disk consumption) via a POST request w
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	Apache httpd 2.4.49	CVE-2013-43 65	N/A	N/A	Heap-based buffer overflow in the fcgid_header_bucket_read function in fcgid_bucket.c in the mod_fcgid module before 2.3.9 for the Apache HTTP Server allows remote attackers to have an unspecified imp
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	Apache httpd 2.4.49	CVE-2021-41 524	N/A	7.5	While fuzzing the 2.4.49 httpd, a new null pointer dereference was detected during HTTP/2 request processing, allowing an external source to DoS the server. This requires a specially crafted request
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	Apache httpd 2.4.49	CVE-2021-41 773	N/A	7.5	A flaw was found in a change made to path normalization in Apache HTTP Server 2.4.49. An attacker could use a path traversal attack to map URLs to files outside the directories configured by Alias-lik

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192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	Apache httpd 2.4.49	CVE-2021-42 013	N/A	9.8	It was found that the fix for CVE-2021-41773 in Apache HTTP Server 2.4.50 was insufficient. An attacker could use a path traversal attack to map URLs to files outside the directories configured by Ali
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	Apache httpd 2.4.49	CVE-2021-44 224	N/A	8.2	A crafted URI sent to httpd configured as a forward proxy (ProxyRequests on) can cause a crash (NULL pointer dereference) or, for configurations mixing forward and reverse proxy declarations, can allo
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	Apache httpd 2.4.49	CVE-2021-44 790	N/A	9.8	A carefully crafted request body can cause a buffer overflow in the mod_lua multipart parser (r:parsebody() called from Lua scripts). The Apache httpd team is not aware of an exploit for the vulnerabi
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	Apache httpd 2.4.49	CVE-2022-22 719	N/A	7.5	A carefully crafted request body can cause a read to a random memory area which could cause the process to crash. This issue affects Apache HTTP Server 2.4.52 and earlier.
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	Apache httpd 2.4.49	CVE-2022-22 720	N/A	9.8	Apache HTTP Server 2.4.52 and earlier fails to close inbound connection when errors are encountered discarding the request body, exposing the server to HTTP Request Smuggling
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	Apache httpd 2.4.49	CVE-2022-22 721	N/A	9.1	If LimitXMLRequestBody is set to allow request bodies larger than 350MB (defaults to 1M) on 32 bit systems an integer overflow happens which later causes out of bounds writes. This issue affects Apach
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	Apache httpd 2.4.49	CVE-2022-23 943	N/A	9.8	Out-of-bounds Write vulnerability in mod_sed of Apache HTTP Server allows an attacker to overwrite heap memory with possibly attacker provided data. This issue affects Apache HTTP Server 2.4 version 2
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	Apache httpd 2.4.49	CVE-2022-26 377	N/A	7.5	Inconsistent Interpretation of HTTP Requests ('HTTP Request Smuggling') vulnerability in mod_proxy_ajp of Apache HTTP Server allows an attacker to smuggle requests to the AJP server it forwards reques

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192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	Apache httpd 2.4.49	CVE-2022-28 330	N/A	5.3	Apache HTTP Server 2.4.53 and earlier on Windows may read beyond bounds when configured to process requests with the mod_isapi module.
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	Apache httpd 2.4.49	CVE-2022-28 614	N/A	5.3	The ap_rwrite() function in Apache HTTP Server 2.4.53 and earlier may read unintended memory if an attacker can cause the server to reflect very large input using ap_rwrite() or ap_rputs(), such as wi
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	Apache httpd 2.4.49	CVE-2022-28 615	N/A	9.1	Apache HTTP Server 2.4.53 and earlier may crash or disclose information due to a read beyond bounds in ap_strcmp_match() when provided with an extremely large input buffer. While no code distributed w
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	Apache httpd 2.4.49	CVE-2022-29 404	N/A	7.5	In Apache HTTP Server 2.4.53 and earlier, a malicious request to a lua script that calls r:parsebody(0) may cause a denial of service due to no default limit on possible input size.
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	Apache httpd 2.4.49	CVE-2022-30 556	N/A	7.5	Apache HTTP Server 2.4.53 and earlier may return lengths to applications calling r:wsread() that point past the end of the storage allocated for the buffer.
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	Apache httpd 2.4.49	CVE-2022-31 813	N/A	9.8	Apache HTTP Server 2.4.53 and earlier may not send the X-Forwarded-* headers to the origin server based on client side Connection header hop-by-hop mechanism. This may be used to bypass IP based authe
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	Apache httpd 2.4.49	CVE-2006-20 001	N/A	7.5	A carefully crafted If: request header can cause a memory read, or write of a single zero byte, in a pool (heap) memory location beyond the header value sent. This could cause the process to crash. T
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	Apache httpd 2.4.49	CVE-2022-36 760	N/A	9.0	Inconsistent Interpretation of HTTP Requests ('HTTP Request Smuggling') vulnerability in mod_proxy_ajp of Apache HTTP Server allows an attacker to smuggle requests to the AJP server it forwards reques

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192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	Apache httpd 2.4.49	CVE-2022-37 436	N/A	5.3	Prior to Apache HTTP Server 2.4.55, a malicious backend can cause the response headers to be truncated early, resulting in some headers being incorporated into the response body. If the later headers
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	Apache httpd 2.4.49	CVE-2023-25 690	N/A	9.8	Some mod_proxy configurations on Apache HTTP Server versions 2.4.0 through 2.4.55 allow a HTTP Request Smuggling attack. Configurations are affected when mod_proxy is enabled along with some form
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	Apache httpd 2.4.49	CVE-2023-27 522	N/A	7.5	HTTP Response Smuggling vulnerability in Apache HTTP Server via mod_proxy_uwsgi. This issue affects Apache HTTP Server: from 2.4.30 through 2.4.55. Special characters in the origin response header ca
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	Apache httpd 2.4.49	CVE-2023-31 122	N/A	7.5	Out-of-bounds Read vulnerability in mod_macro of Apache HTTP Server.This issue affects Apache HTTP Server: through 2.4.57.
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	Apache httpd 2.4.49	CVE-2023-45 802	N/A	5.9	When a HTTP/2 stream was reset (RST frame) by a client, there was a time window were the request's memory resources were not reclaimed immediately. Instead, de-allocation was deferred to connection cl
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	Apache httpd 2.4.49	CVE-2024-27 316	N/A	7.5	HTTP/2 incoming headers exceeding the limit are temporarily buffered in nghttp2 in order to generate an informative HTTP 413 response. If a client does not stop sending headers, this leads to memory e
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	Apache httpd 2.4.49	CVE-2024-38 474	N/A	9.8	Substitution encoding issue in mod_rewrite in Apache HTTP Server 2.4.59 and earlier allows attacker to execute scripts in directories permitted by the configuration but not directly reachable by any U
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	Apache httpd 2.4.49	CVE-2024-38 475	N/A	9.1	Improper escaping of output in mod_rewrite in Apache HTTP Server 2.4.59 and earlier allows an attacker to map URLs to filesystem locations that are permitted to be served by the server but are not int

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192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	Apache httpd 2.4.49	CVE-2024-38 476	N/A	9.8	Vulnerability in core of Apache HTTP Server 2.4.59 and earlier are vulnerably to information disclosure, SSRF or local script execution via backend applications whose response headers are malicious or
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	Apache httpd 2.4.49	CVE-2024-38 477	N/A	7.5	null pointer dereference in mod_proxy in Apache HTTP Server 2.4.59 and earlier allows an attacker to crash the server via a malicious request. Users are recommended to upgrade to version 2.4.60, which
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	Apache httpd 2.4.49	CVE-2024-40 898	N/A	7.5	SSRF in Apache HTTP Server on Windows with mod_rewrite in server/vhost context, allows to potentially leak NTML hashes to a malicious server via SSRF and malicious requests. Users are recommended to
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSL 1.1.1	CVE-2009-13 90	N/A	N/A	Mutt 1.5.19, when linked against (1) OpenSSL (mutt_ssl.c) or (2) GnuTLS (mutt_ssl_gnutls.c), allows connections when only one TLS certificate in the chain is accepted instead of verifying the entire c
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSL 1.1.1	CVE-2009-37 65	N/A	N/A	mutt_ssl.c in mutt 1.5.19 and 1.5.20, when OpenSSL is used, does not properly handle a '\0' character in a domain name in the subject's Common Name (CN) field of an X.509 certificate, which allows man
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSL 1.1.1	CVE-2009-37 66	N/A	N/A	mutt_ssl.c in mutt 1.5.16 and other versions before 1.5.19, when OpenSSL is used, does not verify the domain name in the subject's Common Name (CN) field of an X.509 certificate, which allows man-in-t
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSL 1.1.1	CVE-2009-37 67	N/A	N/A	libraries/libldap/tls_o.c in OpenLDAP 2.2 and 2.4, and possibly other versions, when OpenSSL is used, does not properly handle a '\0' character in a domain name in the subject's Common Name (CN) field
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSL 1.1.1	CVE-2018-07 35	N/A	5.9	The OpenSSL ECDSA signature algorithm has been shown to be vulnerable to a timing side channel attack. An attacker could use variations in the signing algorithm to recover the private key. Fixed in Op

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192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSL 1.1.1	CVE-2018-07 34	N/A	5.9	The OpenSSL DSA signature algorithm has been shown to be vulnerable to a timing side channel attack. An attacker could use variations in the signing algorithm to recover the private key. Fixed in Open
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSL 1.1.1	CVE-2019-01 90	N/A	7.5	A bug exists in the way mod_ssl handled client renegotiations. A remote attacker could send a carefully crafted request that would cause mod_ssl to enter a loop leading to a denial of service. This bu
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSL 1.1.1	CVE-2019-15 43	N/A	7.4	ChaCha20-Poly1305 is an AEAD cipher, and requires a unique nonce input for every encryption operation. RFC 7539 specifies that the nonce value (IV) should be 96 bits (12 bytes). OpenSSL allows a varia
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSL 1.1.1	CVE-2019-15 52	N/A	3.3	OpenSSL has internal defaults for a directory tree where it can find a configuration file as well as certificates used for verification in TLS. This directory is most commonly referred to as OPENSSLDI
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSL 1.1.1	CVE-2019-15 47	N/A	4.7	Normally in OpenSSL EC groups always have a co-factor present and this is used in side channel resistant code paths. However, in some cases, it is possible to construct a group using explicit paramete
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSL 1.1.1	CVE-2019-15 49	N/A	5.3	OpenSSL 1.1.1 introduced a rewritten random number generator (RNG). This was intended to include protection in the event of a fork() system call in order to ensure that the parent and child processes
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSL 1.1.1	CVE-2019-15 63	N/A	3.7	In situations where an attacker receives automated notification of the success or failure of a decryption attempt an attacker, after sending a very large number of messages to be decrypted, can recove
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSL 1.1.1	CVE-2019-15 51	N/A	5.3	There is an overflow bug in the x64_64 Montgomery squaring procedure used in exponentiation with 512-bit moduli. No EC algorithms are affected. Analysis suggests that attacks against 2-prime RSA1024,

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192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSL 1.1.1	CVE-2020-19 71	N/A	5.9	The X.509 GeneralName type is a generic type for representing different types of names. One of those name types is known as EDIPartyName. OpenSSL provides a function GENERAL_NAME_cmp which compares di
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSL 1.1.1	CVE-2021-23 840	N/A	7.5	Calls to EVP_CipherUpdate, EVP_EncryptUpdate and EVP_DecryptUpdate may overflow the output length argument in some cases where the input length is close to the maximum permissable length for an intege
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSL 1.1.1	CVE-2021-23 841	N/A	5.9	The OpenSSL public API function X509_issuer_and_serial_hash() attempts to create a unique hash value based on the issuer and serial number data contained within an X509 certificate. However it fails t
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSL 1.1.1	CVE-2021-34 49	N/A	5.9	An OpenSSL TLS server may crash if sent a maliciously crafted renegotiation ClientHello message from a client. If a TLSv1.2 renegotiation ClientHello omits the signature_algorithms extension (where it
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSL 1.1.1	CVE-2021-37 11	N/A	9.8	In order to decrypt SM2 encrypted data an application is expected to call the API function EVP_PKEY_decrypt(). Typically an application will call this function twice. The first time, on entry, the "ou
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSL 1.1.1	CVE-2021-37 12	N/A	7.4	ASN.1 strings are represented internally within OpenSSL as an ASN1_STRING structure which contains a buffer holding the string data and a field holding the buffer length. This contrasts with normal C
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSL 1.1.1	CVE-2021-41 60	N/A	5.9	There is a carry propagation bug in the MIPS32 and MIPS64 squaring procedure. Many EC algorithms are affected, including some of the TLS 1.3 default curves. Impact was not analyzed in detail, because
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSL 1.1.1	CVE-2022-07 78	N/A	7.5	The BN_mod_sqrt() function, which computes a modular square root, contains a bug that can cause it to loop forever for non-prime moduli. Internally this function is used when parsing certificates that

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192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSL 1.1.1	CVE-2022-12 92	N/A	9.8	The c_rehash script does not properly sanitise shell metacharacters to prevent command injection. This script is distributed by some operating systems in a manner where it is automatically executed. O
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSL 1.1.1	CVE-2022-20 68	N/A	9.8	In addition to the c_rehash shell command injection identified in CVE-2022-1292, further circumstances where the c_rehash script does not properly sanitise shell metacharacters to prevent command inje
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSL 1.1.1	CVE-2022-20 97	N/A	5.3	AES OCB mode for 32-bit x86 platforms using the AES-NI assembly optimised implementation will not encrypt the entirety of the data under some circumstances. This could reveal sixteen bytes of data tha
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSL 1.1.1	CVE-2022-43 04	N/A	5.9	A timing based side channel exists in the OpenSSL RSA Decryption implementation which could be sufficient to recover a plaintext across a network in a Bleichenbacher style attack. To achieve a success
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSL 1.1.1	CVE-2022-44 50	N/A	7.5	The function PEM_read_bio_ex() reads a PEM file from a BIO and parses and decodes the "name" (e.g. "CERTIFICATE"), any header data and the payload data. If the function succeeds then the "name_out", "
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSL 1.1.1	CVE-2023-02 15	N/A	7.5	The public API function BIO_new_NDEF is a helper function used for streaming ASN.1 data via a BIO. It is primarily used internally to OpenSSL to support the SMIME, CMS and PKCS7 streaming capabilities
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSL 1.1.1	CVE-2023-02 86	N/A	7.4	There is a type confusion vulnerability relating to X.400 address processing inside an X.509 GeneralName. X.400 addresses were parsed as an ASN1_STRING but the public structure definition for GENERAL
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSL 1.1.1	CVE-2023-04 64	N/A	7.5	A security vulnerability has been identified in all supported versions of OpenSSL related to the verification of X.509 certificate chains that include policy constraints. Attackers may be able to ex

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192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSL 1.1.1	CVE-2023-04 65	N/A	5.3	Applications that use a non-default option when verifying certificates may be vulnerable to an attack from a malicious CA to circumvent certain checks. Invalid certificate policies in leaf certificat
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSL 1.1.1	CVE-2023-04 66	N/A	5.3	The function X509_VERIFY_PARAM _add0_policy() is documented to implicitly enable the certificate policy check when doing certificate verification. However the implementation of the function does not en
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSL 1.1.1	CVE-2023-26 50	N/A	6.5	Issue summary: Processing some specially crafted ASN.1 object identifiers or data containing them may be very slow. Impact summary: Applications that use OBJ_obj2txt() directly, or use any of the Ope
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSL 1.1.1	CVE-2023-48 07	N/A	7.8	Issue summary: The POLY1305 MAC (message authentication code) implementation contains a bug that might corrupt the internal state of applications on the Windows 64 platform when running on newer X86_6
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSL 1.1.1	CVE-2023-56 78	N/A	5.3	Issue summary: Generating excessively long X9.42 DH keys or checking excessively long X9.42 DH keys or parameters may be very slow. Impact summary: Applications that use the functions DH_generate_key
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSL 1.1.1	CVE-2024-07 27	N/A	5.5	Issue summary: Processing a maliciously formatted PKCS12 file may lead OpenSSL to crash leading to a potential Denial of Service attack Impact summary: Applications loading files in the PKCS12 format
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2000-01 43	N/A	N/A	The SSH protocol server sshd allows local users without shell access to redirect a TCP connection through a service that uses the standard system password database for authentication, such as POP or F
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2001-05 29	N/A	N/A	OpenSSH version 2.9 and earlier, with X forwarding enabled, allows a local attacker to delete any file named 'cookies' via a symlink attack.

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192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2001-13 82	N/A	N/A	The "echo simulation" traffic analysis countermeasure in OpenSSH before 2.9.9p2 sends an additional echo packet after the password and carriage return is entered, which could allow remote attackers to
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2001-13 80	N/A	N/A	OpenSSH before 2.9.9, while using keypairs and multiple keys of different types in the ~/.ssh/authorized_keys2 file, may not properly handle the "from" option associated with a key, which could allow
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2001-08 16	N/A	N/A	OpenSSH before 2.9.9, when running sftp using sftp-server and using restricted keypairs, allows remote authenticated users to bypass authorized_keys2 command= restrictions using sftp commands.
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2001-08 72	N/A	N/A	OpenSSH 3.0.1 and earlier with UseLogin enabled does not properly cleanse critical environment variables such as LD_PRELOAD, which allows local users to gain root privileges.
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2003-01 90	N/A	N/A	OpenSSH-portable (OpenSSH) 3.6.1p1 and earlier with PAM support enabled immediately sends an error message when a user does not exist, which allows remote attackers to determine valid usernames via a
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2003-06 93	N/A	N/A	A "buffer management error" in buffer_append_space of buffer.c for OpenSSH before 3.7 may allow remote attackers to execute arbitrary code by causing an incorrect amount of memory to be freed and corr
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2003-06 82	N/A	N/A	"Memory bugs" in OpenSSH 3.7.1 and earlier, with unknown impact, a different set of vulnerabilities than CVE-2003-0693 and CVE-2003-0695.
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2003-06 95	N/A	N/A	Multiple "buffer management errors" in OpenSSH before 3.7.1 may allow attackers to cause a denial of service or execute arbitrary code using (1) buffer_init in buffer.c, (2) buffer_free in buffer.c, o

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2004-16 53	N/A	N/A	The default configuration for OpenSSH enables AllowTcpForwarding, which could allow remote authenticated users to perform a port bounce, when configured with an anonymous access program such as AnonCV
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2006-50 51	N/A	8.1	Signal handler race condition in OpenSSH before 4.4 allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (crash), and possibly execute arbitrary code if GSSAPI authentication is enabled, via unspecifi
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2006-57 94	N/A	N/A	Unspecified vulnerability in the sshd Privilege Separation Monitor in OpenSSH before 4.5 causes weaker verification that authentication has been successful, which might allow attackers to bypass authe
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2007-27 68	N/A	N/A	OpenSSH, when using OPIE (One-Time Passwords in Everything) for PAM, allows remote attackers to determine the existence of certain user accounts, which displays a different response if the user accoun
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2007-47 52	N/A	N/A	ssh in OpenSSH before 4.7 does not properly handle when an untrusted cookie cannot be created and uses a trusted X11 cookie instead, which allows attackers to violate intended policy and gain privileg
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2008-32 59	N/A	N/A	OpenSSH before 5.1 sets the SO_REUSEADDR socket option when the X11UseLocalhost configuration setting is disabled, which allows local users on some platforms to hijack the X11 forwarding port via a bi
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2008-38 44	N/A	N/A	Certain Red Hat Enterprise Linux (RHEL) 4 and 5 packages for OpenSSH, as signed in August 2008 using a legitimate Red Hat GPG key, contain an externally introduced modification (Trojan Horse) that all
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2008-41 09	N/A	N/A	A certain Debian patch for OpenSSH before 4.3p2-9etch3 on etch; before 4.6p1-1 on sid and lenny; and on other distributions such as SUSE uses functions that are not async-signal-safe in the signal han

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2010-44 78	N/A	N/A	OpenSSH 5.6 and earlier, when J-PAKE is enabled, does not properly validate the public parameters in the J-PAKE protocol, which allows remote attackers to bypass the need for knowledge of the shared s
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2010-47 55	N/A	N/A	The (1) remote_glob function in sftp-glob.c and the (2) process_put function in sftp.c in OpenSSH 5.8 and earlier, as used in FreeBSD 7.3 and 8.1, NetBSD 5.0.2, OpenBSD 4.7, and other products, allow
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2012-08 14	N/A	N/A	The auth_parse_options function in auth-options.c in sshd in OpenSSH before 5.7 provides debug messages containing authorized_keys command options, which allows remote authenticated users to obtain po
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2011-50 00	N/A	N/A	The ssh_gssapi_parse_ename function in gss-serv.c in OpenSSH 5.8 and earlier, when gssapi-with-mic authentication is enabled, allows remote authenticated users to cause a denial of service (memory con
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2010-51 07	N/A	N/A	The default configuration of OpenSSH through 6.1 enforces a fixed time limit between establishing a TCP connection and completing a login, which makes it easier for remote attackers to cause a denial
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2014-16 92	N/A	N/A	The hash_buffer function in schnorr.c in OpenSSH through 6.4, when Makefile.inc is modified to enable the J-PAKE protocol, does not initialize certain data structures, which might allow remote attacke
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2011-43 27	N/A	N/A	ssh-keysign.c in ssh-keysign in OpenSSH before 5.8p2 on certain platforms executes ssh-rand-helper with unintended open file descriptors, which allows local users to obtain sensitive key information v
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2014-25 32	N/A	4.9	sshd in OpenSSH before 6.6 does not properly support wildcards on AcceptEnv lines in sshd_config, which allows remote attackers to bypass intended environment restrictions by using a substring located

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2014-26 53	N/A	N/A	The verify_host_key function in sshconnect.c in the client in OpenSSH 6.6 and earlier allows remote servers to trigger the skipping of SSHFP DNS RR checking by presenting an unacceptable HostCertifica
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2014-92 78	N/A	N/A	The OpenSSH server, as used in Fedora and Red Hat Enterprise Linux 7 and when running in a Kerberos environment, allows remote authenticated users to log in as another user when they are listed in the
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2015-53 52	N/A	N/A	The x11_open_helper function in channels.c in ssh in OpenSSH before 6.9, when ForwardX11Trusted mode is not used, lacks a check of the refusal deadline for X connections, which makes it easier for rem
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2015-56 00	N/A	N/A	The kbdint_next_device function in auth2-chall.c in sshd in OpenSSH through 6.9 does not properly restrict the processing of keyboard-interactive devices within a single connection, which makes it eas
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2015-65 63	N/A	N/A	The monitor component in sshd in OpenSSH before 7.0 on non-OpenBSD platforms accepts extraneous username data in MONITOR_REQ_PAM_INIT_CTX requests, which allows local users to conduct impersonation at
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2015-65 64	N/A	N/A	Use-after-free vulnerability in the mm_answer_pam_free_ctx function in monitor.c in sshd in OpenSSH before 7.0 on non-OpenBSD platforms might allow local users to gain privileges by leveraging control
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2016-10 009	N/A	7.3	Untrusted search path vulnerability in ssh-agent.c in ssh-agent in OpenSSH before 7.4 allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary local PKCS#11 modules by leveraging control over a forwarded agent-so
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2016-10 010	N/A	7.0	sshd in OpenSSH before 7.4, when privilege separation is not used, creates forwarded Unix-domain sockets as root, which might allow local users to gain privileges via unspecified vectors, related to s

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2016-10 011	N/A	5.5	authfile.c in sshd in OpenSSH before 7.4 does not properly consider the effects of realloc on buffer contents, which might allow local users to obtain sensitive private-key information by leveraging a
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2016-10 012	N/A	7.8	The shared memory manager (associated with pre-authentication compression) in sshd in OpenSSH before 7.4 does not ensure that a bounds check is enforced by all compilers, which might allows local user
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2016-19 08	N/A	9.8	The client in OpenSSH before 7.2 mishandles failed cookie generation for untrusted X11 forwarding and relies on the local X11 server for access-control decisions, which allows remote X11 clients to tr
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2017-15 906	N/A	5.3	The process_open function in sftp-server.c in OpenSSH before 7.6 does not properly prevent write operations in readonly mode, which allows attackers to create zero-length files.
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2016-10 708	N/A	7.5	sshd in OpenSSH before 7.4 allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (NULL pointer dereference and daemon crash) via an out-of-sequence NEWKEYS message, as demonstrated by Honggfuzz, relate
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2018-15 473	N/A	5.3	OpenSSH through 7.7 is prone to a user enumeration vulnerability due to not delaying bailout for an invalid authenticating user until after the packet containing the request has been fully parsed, rel
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2018-20 685	N/A	5.3	In OpenSSH 7.9, scp.c in the scp client allows remote SSH servers to bypass intended access restrictions via the filename of . or an empty filename. The impact is modifying the permissions of the targ
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2019-61 09	N/A	6.8	An issue was discovered in OpenSSH 7.9. Due to missing character encoding in the progress display, a malicious server (or Man-in-The-Middle attacker) can employ crafted object names to manipulate the

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2019-61 10	N/A	6.8	In OpenSSH 7.9, due to accepting and displaying arbitrary stderr output from the server, a malicious server (or Man-in-The-Middle attacker) can manipulate the client output, for example to use ANSI co
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2019-61 11	N/A	5.9	An issue was discovered in OpenSSH 7.9. Due to the scp implementation being derived from 1983 rcp, the server chooses which files/directories are sent to the client. However, the scp client only perfo
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2020-15 778	N/A	7.8	scp in OpenSSH through 8.3p1 allows command injection in the scp.c toremote function, as demonstrated by backtick characters in the destination argument. NOTE: the vendor reportedly has stated that th
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2016-20 012	N/A	5.3	OpenSSH through 8.7 allows remote attackers, who have a suspicion that a certain combination of username and public key is known to an SSH server, to test whether this suspicion is correct. This occur
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2021-36 368	N/A	3.7	An issue was discovered in OpenSSH before 8.9. If a client is using public-key authentication with agent forwarding but without -oLogLevel=verbose, and an attacker has silently modified the server to
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2023-38 408	N/A	9.8	The PKCS#11 feature in ssh-agent in OpenSSH before 9.3p2 has an insufficiently trustworthy search path, leading to remote code execution if an agent is forwarded to an attacker-controlled system. (Cod
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2023-48 795	N/A	5.9	The SSH transport protocol with certain OpenSSH extensions, found in OpenSSH before 9.6 and other products, allows remote attackers to bypass integrity checks such that some packets are omitted (from
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2023-51 385	N/A	6.5	In ssh in OpenSSH before 9.6, OS command injection might occur if a user name or host name has shell metacharacters, and this name is referenced by an expansion token in certain situations. For exampl

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2023-51 767	N/A	7.0	OpenSSH through 9.6, when common types of DRAM are used, might allow row hammer attacks (for authentication bypass) because the integer value of authenticated in mm_answer_authpassword does not resist
192.168. 1.10	80, 443, 22	OpenSSH 8.2p1	CVE-2024-63 87	N/A	8.1	A security regression (CVE-2006-5051) was discovered in OpenSSH's server (sshd). There is a race condition which can lead sshd to handle some signals in an unsafe manner. An unauthenticated, remote at
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2013-39 00	N/A	5.5	Why is Microsoft republishing a CVE from 2013? We are republishing CVE-2013-3900 in the Security Update Guide to update the Security Updates table and to inform customers that the EnableCertPaddingChe
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-83 20	N/A	4.3	A security feature bypass vulnerability exists in DNS Global Blocklist feature, aka "Windows DNS Security Feature Bypass Vulnerability." This affects Windows Server 2012 R2, Windows Server 2008, Windo
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-83 30	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows kernel improperly handles objects in memory, aka "Windows Kernel Information Disclosure Vulnerability." This affects Windows 7, Windows
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-83 33	N/A	7.0	An Elevation of Privilege vulnerability exists in Filter Manager when it improperly handles objects in memory, aka "Microsoft Filter Manager Elevation Of Privilege Vulnerability." This affects Windows
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-84 11	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when NTFS improperly checks access, aka "NTFS Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability." This affects Windows 7, Windows Server 2012 R2, Windows RT 8.1, Wind

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-84 13	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when "Windows Theme API" does not properly decompress files, aka "Windows Theme API Remote Code Execution Vulnerability." This affects Windows 7, Windows S
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-84 23	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the Microsoft JET Database Engine, aka "Microsoft JET Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability." This affects Windows 7, Windows Server 2012
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-84 32	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that Microsoft Graphics Components handle objects in memory, aka "Microsoft Graphics Components Remote Code Execution Vulnerability." This affec
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-84 53	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows when the Win32k component fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka "Win32k Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability." This affects Windows
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-84 60	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when Internet Explorer improperly accesses objects in memory, aka "Internet Explorer Memory Corruption Vulnerability." This affects Internet Explorer 11. T
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-84 72	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows Graphics Device Interface (GDI) handles objects in memory, allowing an attacker to retrieve information from a targeted syste
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-84 73	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when Microsoft Edge improperly accesses objects in memory, aka "Microsoft Edge Memory Corruption Vulnerability." This affects Microsoft Edge, ChakraCore. T

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-84 81	N/A	3.1	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when Windows Media Player improperly discloses file information, aka "Windows Media Player Information Disclosure Vulnerability." This affects Windows 7,
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-84 82	N/A	3.1	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when Windows Media Player improperly discloses file information, aka "Windows Media Player Information Disclosure Vulnerability." This affects Windows 7,
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-84 84	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the DirectX Graphics Kernel (DXGKRNL) driver improperly handles objects in memory, aka "DirectX Graphics Kernel Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-84 86	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when DirectX improperly handles objects in memory, aka "DirectX Information Disclosure Vulnerability." This affects Windows 7, Windows Server 2012 R2, Wi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-84 89	N/A	8.4	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when Windows Hyper-V on a host server fails to properly validate input from an authenticated user on a guest operating system, aka "Windows Hyper-V Remote
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-84 90	N/A	8.4	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when Windows Hyper-V on a host server fails to properly validate input from an authenticated user on a guest operating system, aka "Windows Hyper-V Remote
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-84 91	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when Internet Explorer improperly accesses objects in memory, aka "Internet Explorer Memory Corruption Vulnerability." This affects Internet Explorer 11. T
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-84 92	N/A	5.3	A security feature bypass vulnerability exists in Device Guard that could allow an attacker to inject malicious code into a Windows PowerShell session, aka "Device Guard Code Integrity Policy Security

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-84 94	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Microsoft XML Core Services MSXML parser processes user input, aka "MS XML Remote Code Execution Vulnerability." This affects Windows 7, Windows S
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-84 97	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows Kernel handles objects in memory, aka "Windows Kernel Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability." This affects Windows Server 2016
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-85 03	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka "Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability." Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-85 05	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka "Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability." Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-85 06	N/A	5.5	An Information Disclosure vulnerability exists in the way that Microsoft Windows Codecs Library handles objects in memory, aka "Microsoft Windows Codecs Library Information Disclosure Vulnerability."
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-85 10	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka "Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability." Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-85 11	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka "Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability." Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-85 13	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka "Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability." Thi

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-17 612	N/A	7.5	Sennheiser HeadSetup 7.3.4903 places Certification Authority (CA) certificates into the Trusted Root CA store of the local system, and publishes the private key in the SennComCCKey.pem file within the
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-82 56	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when PowerShell improperly handles specially crafted files, aka "Microsoft PowerShell Remote Code Execution Vulnerability." This affects Windows RT 8.1, Po
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-84 07	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when "Kernel Remote Procedure Call Provider" driver improperly initializes objects in memory, aka "MSRPC Information Disclosure Vulnerability." This affe
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-84 15	N/A	7.8	A tampering vulnerability exists in PowerShell that could allow an attacker to execute unlogged code, aka "Microsoft PowerShell Tampering Vulnerability." This affects Windows 7, PowerShell Core 6.1, W
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-84 17	N/A	5.3	A security feature bypass vulnerability exists in Microsoft JScript that could allow an attacker to bypass Device Guard, aka "Microsoft JScript Security Feature Bypass Vulnerability." This affects Win
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-84 54	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when Windows Audio Service fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka "Windows Audio Service Information Disclosure Vulnerability." This affects Win
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-84 71	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the Microsoft RemoteFX Virtual GPU miniport driver handles objects in memory, aka "Microsoft RemoteFX Virtual GPU miniport driver Elevati
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-84 76	N/A	9.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that Windows Deployment Services TFTP Server handles objects in memory, aka "Windows Deployment Services TFTP Server Remote Code Execution Vulne

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-84 85	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when DirectX improperly handles objects in memory, aka "DirectX Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability." This affects Windows Server 2012 R2, Windows RT 8
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-85 41	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka "Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability." Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-85 42	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka "Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability." Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-85 43	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka "Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability." Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-85 44	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the VBScript engine handles objects in memory, aka "Windows VBScript Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability." This affects Windows 7, W
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-85 45	N/A	4.3	An information disclosure vulnerability exists in the way that Microsoft Edge handles cross-origin requests, aka "Microsoft Edge Information Disclosure Vulnerability." This affects Microsoft Edge.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-85 47	N/A	5.4	A cross-site-scripting (XSS) vulnerability exists when an open source customization for Microsoft Active Directory Federation Services (AD FS) does not properly sanitize a specially crafted web reques
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-85 49	N/A	5.5	A security feature bypass exists when Windows incorrectly validates kernel driver signatures, aka "Windows Security Feature Bypass Vulnerability." This affects Windows Server 2012 R2, Windows RT 8.1,

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-85 50	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege exists in Windows COM Aggregate Marshaler, aka "Windows COM Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability." This affects Windows 7, Windows Server 2012 R2, Windows RT 8.1, Windows Ser
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-85 51	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka "Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability." Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-85 52	N/A	7.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when VBScript improperly discloses the contents of its memory, which could provide an attacker with information to further compromise the user's computer
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-85 54	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when DirectX improperly handles objects in memory, aka "DirectX Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability." This affects Windows 10 Servers, Windows 10, Windo
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-85 55	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka "Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability." Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-85 56	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka "Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability." Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-85 57	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka "Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability." Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-85 61	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when DirectX improperly handles objects in memory, aka "DirectX Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability." This affects Windows Server 2012 R2, Windows RT 8

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-85 62	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows when the Win32k component fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka "Win32k Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability." This affects Windows
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-85 64	N/A	4.3	A spoofing vulnerability exists when Microsoft Edge improperly handles specific HTML content, aka "Microsoft Edge Spoofing Vulnerability." This affects Microsoft Edge.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-85 66	N/A	4.6	A security feature bypass vulnerability exists when Windows improperly suspends BitLocker Device Encryption, aka "BitLocker Security Feature Bypass Vulnerability." This affects Windows Server 2016, Wi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-85 82	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that Microsoft Outlook parses specially modified rule export files, aka "Microsoft Outlook Remote Code Execution Vulnerability." This affects Of
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-85 84	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when Windows improperly handles calls to Advanced Local Procedure Call (ALPC), aka "Windows ALPC Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability." This affects Wind
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-85 88	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka "Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability." Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-85 92	N/A	6.4	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows 10 version 1809 when installed from physical media (USB, DVD, etc, aka "Windows Elevation Of Privilege Vulnerability." This affects Windows 10
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-84 77	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows kernel improperly handles objects in memory, aka "Windows Kernel Information Disclosure Vulnerability." This affects Windows 7, Windows

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-85 14	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when Remote Procedure Call runtime improperly initializes objects in memory, aka "Remote Procedure Call runtime Information Disclosure Vulnerability." Th
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-85 17	N/A	7.5	A denial of service vulnerability exists when .NET Framework improperly handles special web requests, aka ".NET Framework Denial Of Service Vulnerability." This affects Microsoft .NET Framework 4.6, M
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-85 40	N/A	9.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Microsoft .NET Framework fails to validate input properly, aka ".NET Framework Remote Code Injection Vulnerability." This affects Microsoft .NET F
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-85 83	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka "Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability." Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-85 95	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows GDI component improperly discloses the contents of its memory, aka "Windows GDI Information Disclosure Vulnerability." This affects Wind
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-85 96	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows GDI component improperly discloses the contents of its memory, aka "Windows GDI Information Disclosure Vulnerability." This affects Wind
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-85 99	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Diagnostics Hub Standard Collector Service improperly impersonates certain file operations, aka "Diagnostics Hub Standard Collector Service Elev
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-86 11	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows kernel fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka "Windows Kernel Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability." This affects Windows 7, Wi

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-86 12	N/A	5.5	A Denial Of Service vulnerability exists when Connected User Experiences and Telemetry Service fails to validate certain function values, aka "Connected User Experiences and Telemetry Service Denial o
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-86 17	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka "Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability." Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-86 18	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka "Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability." Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-86 19	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Internet Explorer VBScript execution policy does not properly restrict VBScript under specific conditions, aka "Internet Explorer Remote Code Exec
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-86 24	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka "Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability." Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-86 25	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the VBScript engine handles objects in memory, aka "Windows VBScript Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability." This affects Internet Exp
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-86 26	N/A	9.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in Windows Domain Name System (DNS) servers when they fail to properly handle requests, aka "Windows DNS Server Heap Overflow Vulnerability." This affects
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-86 29	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka "Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability." Thi

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-86 31	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when Internet Explorer improperly accesses objects in memory, aka "Internet Explorer Memory Corruption Vulnerability." This affects Internet Explorer 9, In
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-86 34	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in Windows where Microsoft text-to-speech fails to properly handle objects in the memory, aka "Microsoft Text-To-Speech Remote Code Execution Vulnerability
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-86 37	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists in Windows kernel that could allow an attacker to retrieve information that could lead to a Kernel Address Space Layout Randomization (KASLR) bypass, aka
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-86 38	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when DirectX improperly handles objects in memory, aka "DirectX Information Disclosure Vulnerability." This affects Windows 10, Windows Server 2019.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-86 39	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows when the Win32k component fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka "Win32k Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability." This affects Windows
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-86 41	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows when the Windows kernel-mode driver fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka "Win32k Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability." This affect
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-86 43	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Internet Explorer, aka "Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability." This affects I
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-86 49	N/A	5.5	A denial of service vulnerability exists when Windows improperly handles objects in memory, aka "Windows Denial of Service Vulnerability." This affects Windows 10, Windows Server 2019.

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2018-86 53	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Internet Explorer, aka "Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability." This affects I
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-05 36	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows kernel improperly handles objects in memory, aka "Windows Kernel Information Disclosure Vulnerability." This affects Windows 7, Windows
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-05 38	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka "Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability." This affects Wind
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-05 39	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka "Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability." Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-05 41	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the MSHTML engine inproperly validates input, aka "MSHTML Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability." This affects Microsoft Office, Micro
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-05 43	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when Windows improperly handles authentication requests, aka "Microsoft Windows Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability." This affects Windows 7, Windows Se
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-05 45	N/A	7.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists in .NET Framework and .NET Core which allows bypassing Cross-origin Resource Sharing (CORS) configurations, aka ".NET Framework Information Disclosure Vu
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-05 49	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows kernel improperly handles objects in memory, aka "Windows Kernel Information Disclosure Vulnerability." This affects Windows 7, Windows

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-05 50	N/A	8.4	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when Windows Hyper-V on a host server fails to properly validate input from an authenticated user on a guest operating system, aka "Windows Hyper-V Remote
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-05 51	N/A	8.4	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when Windows Hyper-V on a host server fails to properly validate input from an authenticated user on a guest operating system, aka "Windows Hyper-V Remote
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-05 52	N/A	8.8	An elevation of privilege exists in Windows COM Desktop Broker, aka "Windows COM Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability." This affects Windows Server 2012 R2, Windows RT 8.1, Windows Server 2019, Window
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-05 53	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when Windows Subsystem for Linux improperly handles objects in memory, aka "Windows Subsystem for Linux Information Disclosure Vulnerability." This affec
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-05 54	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows kernel improperly handles objects in memory, aka "Windows Kernel Information Disclosure Vulnerability." This affects Windows 7, Windows
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-05 55	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the Microsoft XmlDocument class that could allow an attacker to escape from the AppContainer sandbox in the browser, aka "Microsoft XmlDocument Elevat
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-05 65	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when Microsoft Edge improperly accesses objects in memory, aka "Microsoft Edge Memory Corruption Vulnerability." This affects Microsoft Edge.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-05 66	N/A	8.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Microsoft Edge Browser Broker COM object, aka "Microsoft Edge Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability." This affects Microsoft Edge.

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-05 67	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka "Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability." Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-05 68	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka "Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability." Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-05 69	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows kernel improperly handles objects in memory, aka "Windows Kernel Information Disclosure Vulnerability." This affects Windows 7, Windows
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-05 70	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Runtime improperly handles objects in memory, aka "Windows Runtime Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability." This affects Windows Server 20
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-05 71	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Data Sharing Service improperly handles file operations, aka "Windows Data Sharing Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability." This a
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-05 72	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Data Sharing Service improperly handles file operations, aka "Windows Data Sharing Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability." This a
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-05 73	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Data Sharing Service improperly handles file operations, aka "Windows Data Sharing Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability." This a
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-05 74	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Data Sharing Service improperly handles file operations, aka "Windows Data Sharing Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability." This a

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-05 75	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka "Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability." This affects Wind
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-05 76	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka "Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability." This affects Wind
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-05 77	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka "Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability." This affects Wind
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-05 78	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka "Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability." This affects Wind
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-05 79	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka "Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability." This affects Wind
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-05 80	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka "Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability." This affects Wind
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-05 81	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka "Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability." This affects Wind
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-05 82	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka "Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability." This affects Wind

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-05 83	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka "Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability." This affects Wind
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-05 84	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka "Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability." This affects Wind
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-05 90	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-05 91	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-05 93	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-05 95	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-05 96	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-05 97	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-05 98	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-05 99	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 00	N/A	4.7	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Human Interface Devices (HID) component improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'HID Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is uni
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 01	N/A	4.7	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Human Interface Devices (HID) component improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'HID Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is uni
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 02	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows GDI component improperly discloses the contents of its memory, aka 'Windows GDI Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 05	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 06	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when Internet Explorer improperly accesses objects in memory, aka 'Internet Explorer Memory Corruption Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 07	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 10	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 13	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in .NET Framework and Visual Studio software when the software fails to check the source markup of a file.An attacker who successfully exploited the vulner
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 15	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows GDI component improperly discloses the contents of its memory, aka 'Windows GDI Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 16	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows GDI component improperly discloses the contents of its memory, aka 'Windows GDI Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 18	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows Graphics Device Interface (GDI) handles objects in the memory, aka 'GDI+ Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is u
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 19	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows GDI component improperly discloses the contents of its memory, aka 'Windows GDI Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 21	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows kernel improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Kernel Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 25	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 26	N/A	9.8	A memory corruption vulnerability exists in the Windows Server DHCP service when an attacker sends specially crafted packets to a DHCP server, aka 'Windows DHCP Server Remote Code Execution Vulnerabil
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 27	N/A	7.8	A security feature bypass vulnerability exists in Windows which could allow an attacker to bypass Device Guard, aka 'Windows Security Feature Bypass Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2019
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 28	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the win32k component improperly provides kernel information, aka 'Win32k Information Disclosure Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 30	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Microsoft Server Message Block 2.0 (SMBv2) server handles certain requests, aka 'Windows SMB Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 31	N/A	7.8	A security feature bypass vulnerability exists in Windows which could allow an attacker to bypass Device Guard, aka 'Windows Security Feature Bypass Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2019
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 32	N/A	7.8	A security feature bypass vulnerability exists in Windows which could allow an attacker to bypass Device Guard, aka 'Windows Security Feature Bypass Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2019
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 33	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Microsoft Server Message Block 2.0 (SMBv2) server handles certain requests, aka 'Windows SMB Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 34	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when Microsoft Edge improperly accesses objects in memory, aka 'Microsoft Edge Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2019-0645,

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 35	N/A	6.2	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when Windows Hyper-V on a host operating system fails to properly validate input from an authenticated user on a guest operating system, aka 'Windows Hyp
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 36	N/A	5.5	An information vulnerability exists when Windows improperly discloses file information, aka 'Windows Information Disclosure Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 37	N/A	7.5	A security feature bypass vulnerability exists when Windows Defender Firewall incorrectly applies firewall profiles to cellular network connections, aka 'Windows Defender Firewall Security Feature Byp
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 40	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 41	N/A	5.9	A security feature bypass vulnerability exists in Microsoft Edge handles whitelisting, aka 'Microsoft Edge Security Feature Bypass Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 42	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 43	N/A	4.3	An information disclosure vulnerability exists in the way that Microsoft Edge handles cross-origin requests, aka 'Microsoft Edge Information Disclosure Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 44	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 45	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when Microsoft Edge improperly accesses objects in memory, aka 'Microsoft Edge Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2019-0634,
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 48	N/A	4.3	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when Chakra improperly discloses the contents of its memory, which could provide an attacker with information to further compromise the user's computer o
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 49	N/A	8.1	A vulnerability exists in Microsoft Chakra JIT server, aka 'Scripting Engine Elevation of Privileged Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 50	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when Microsoft Edge improperly accesses objects in memory, aka 'Microsoft Edge Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2019-0634,
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 51	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 52	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 54	N/A	4.3	A spoofing vulnerability exists when Microsoft browsers improperly handles specific redirects, aka 'Microsoft Browser Spoofing Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 55	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 56	N/A	7.0	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows kernel fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Windows Kernel Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 57	N/A	5.9	A vulnerability exists in certain .Net Framework API's and Visual Studio in the way they parse URL's, aka '.NET Framework and Visual Studio Spoofing Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 58	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the scripting engine does not properly handle objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Scripting Engine Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 59	N/A	7.0	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Storage Service improperly handles file operations, aka 'Windows Storage Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 60	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows GDI component improperly discloses the contents of its memory, aka 'Windows GDI Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 62	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows Graphics Device Interface (GDI) handles objects in the memory, aka 'GDI+ Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is u
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 76	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when Internet Explorer improperly handles objects in memory. An attacker who successfully exploited this vulnerability could test for the presence of file
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-05 92	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. Thi

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 03	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that Windows Deployment Services TFTP Server handles objects in memory. An attacker who successfully exploited the vulnerability could execute a
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 09	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft browsers, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is uni
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 11	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 12	N/A	5.3	A security feature bypass vulnerability exists when Click2Play protection in Microsoft Edge improperly handles flash objects. By itself, this bypass vulnerability does not allow arbitrary code executi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 14	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows GDI component improperly discloses the contents of its memory, aka 'Windows GDI Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 17	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 39	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the ChakraCore scripting engine handles objects in memory, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique fr
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 65	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the VBScript engine handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows VBScript Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique fro

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 66	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the VBScript engine handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows VBScript Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique fro
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 67	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the VBScript engine handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows VBScript Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique fro
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 78	N/A	6.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when Microsoft Edge does not properly enforce cross-domain policies, which could allow an attacker to access information from one domain and inject it in
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 80	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Internet Explorer, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 82	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists due to an integer overflow in Windows Subsystem for Linux, aka 'Windows Subsystem for Linux Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 89	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists due to an integer overflow in Windows Subsystem for Linux, aka 'Windows Subsystem for Linux Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 90	N/A	6.8	A denial of service vulnerability exists when Microsoft Hyper-V Network Switch on a host server fails to properly validate input from a privileged user on a guest operating system, aka 'Windows Hyper

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 92	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists due to an integer overflow in Windows Subsystem for Linux, aka 'Windows Subsystem for Linux Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 93	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists due to an integer overflow in Windows Subsystem for Linux, aka 'Windows Subsystem for Linux Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 94	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists due to an integer overflow in Windows Subsystem for Linux, aka 'Windows Subsystem for Linux Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 95	N/A	6.8	A denial of service vulnerability exists when Microsoft Hyper-V on a host server fails to properly validate input from a privileged user on a guest operating system, aka 'Windows Hyper-V Denial of Ser
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 96	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows kernel fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Windows Kernel Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 97	N/A	9.8	A memory corruption vulnerability exists in the Windows DHCP client when an attacker sends specially crafted DHCP responses to a client, aka 'Windows DHCP Client Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 98	N/A	9.8	A memory corruption vulnerability exists in the Windows DHCP client when an attacker sends specially crafted DHCP responses to a client, aka 'Windows DHCP Client Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 01	N/A	6.8	A denial of service vulnerability exists when Microsoft Hyper-V on a host server fails to properly validate input from a privileged user on a guest operating system, aka 'Windows Hyper-V Denial of Ser
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 02	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows kernel improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Kernel Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 03	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows SMB Server handles certain requests, aka 'Windows SMB Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 04	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows SMB Server handles certain requests, aka 'Windows SMB Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 26	N/A	9.8	A memory corruption vulnerability exists in the Windows DHCP client when an attacker sends specially crafted DHCP responses to a client, aka 'Windows DHCP Client Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 46	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the scripting engine does not properly handle objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Scripting Engine Information Disclosure Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 54	N/A	5.5	A denial of service vulnerability exists when Windows improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Denial of Service Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 55	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows kernel improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Kernel Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 56	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Microsoft XML Core Services MSXML parser processes user input, aka 'MS XML Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 59	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows Print Spooler does not properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Windows Print Spooler Information Disclosure Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 61	N/A	6.5	A security feature bypass vulnerability exists when Internet Explorer fails to validate the correct Security Zone of requests for specific URLs, aka 'Internet Explorer Security Feature Bypass Vulnerab
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 62	N/A	4.3	A security feature bypass vulnerability exists when Microsoft browsers improperly handle requests of different origins, aka 'Microsoft Browsers Security Feature Bypass Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 63	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when Internet Explorer improperly accesses objects in memory, aka 'Internet Explorer Memory Corruption Vulnerability'.
	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 65	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that comctl32.dll handles objects in memory, aka 'Comctl32 Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 66	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows AppX Deployment Server that allows file creation in arbitrary locations. To exploit the vulnerability, an attacker would first have to log on
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 67	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows kernel improperly initializes objects in memory.To exploit this vulnerability, an authenticated attacker could run a specially crafted a

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 68	N/A	4.3	A security feature bypass vulnerability exists when Internet Explorer VBScript execution policy does not properly restrict VBScript under specific conditions, and to allow requests that should otherwi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 69	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 71	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 72	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the VBScript engine handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows VBScript Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique fro
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 73	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 74	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows GDI component improperly discloses the contents of its memory, aka 'Windows GDI Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 75	N/A	4.7	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows kernel improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Kernel Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 76	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the win32k component improperly provides kernel information, aka 'Win32k Information Disclosure Vulnerability'.

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 80	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that Microsoft browsers access objects in memory, aka 'Microsoft Browser Memory Corruption Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 82	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows kernel fails to properly initialize a memory address, aka 'Windows Kernel Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique f
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 83	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Internet Explorer, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 84	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the ActiveX Data objects (ADO) handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows ActiveX Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 97	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows when the Win32k component fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Win32k Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique
	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 21	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows SMB Server handles certain requests, aka 'Windows SMB Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 85	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows when the Win32k component fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Win32k Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 88	N/A	7.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows TCP/IP stack improperly handles fragmented IP packets, aka 'Windows TCP/IP Information Disclosure Vulnerability'.

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 30	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when Windows improperly handles calls to the LUAFV driver (luafv.sys), aka 'Windows Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 31	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when Windows improperly handles calls to the LUAFV driver (luafv.sys), aka 'Windows Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 32	N/A	7.8	A security feature bypass vulnerability exists in Windows which could allow an attacker to bypass Device Guard when Windows improperly handles calls to the LUAFV driver (luafv.sys), aka 'Windows Secur
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 35	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Client Server Run-Time Subsystem (CSRSS) fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Windows CSRSS Elevation of Privilege Vulnerabi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 39	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 52	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Internet Explorer, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 53	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Internet Explorer, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 64	N/A	6.5	A tampering vulnerability exists when Microsoft browsers do not properly validate input under specific conditions, aka 'Microsoft Browsers Tampering Vulnerability'.

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 86	N/A	9.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the Microsoft Server Message Block (SMB) Server when an attacker with valid credentials attempts to open a specially crafted file over the SMB protoco
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 90	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Microsoft XML Core Services MSXML parser processes user input, aka 'MS XML Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-20
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 91	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Microsoft XML Core Services MSXML parser processes user input, aka 'MS XML Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-20
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 92	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Microsoft XML Core Services MSXML parser processes user input, aka 'MS XML Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-20
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 93	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Microsoft XML Core Services MSXML parser processes user input, aka 'MS XML Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-20
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 94	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when OLE automation improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'OLE Automation Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 95	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Microsoft XML Core Services MSXML parser processes user input, aka 'MS XML Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-20
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 96	N/A	5.5	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when Windows improperly handles calls to the LUAFV driver (luafv.sys), aka 'Windows Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 02	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows GDI component improperly discloses the contents of its memory, aka 'Windows GDI Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 03	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows when the Win32k component fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Win32k Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 05	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when Windows improperly handles calls to the LUAFV driver (luafv.sys), aka 'Windows Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 06	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 10	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 12	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 14	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the win32k component improperly provides kernel information, aka 'Win32k Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2019
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 29	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. Thi

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 33	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when Microsoft Edge improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Microsoft Edge Information Disclosure Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 35	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the scripting engine does not properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Microsoft Scripting Engine Information Disclosure Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 36	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when Windows improperly handles calls to the LUAFV driver (luafv.sys), aka 'Windows Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 38	N/A	7.8	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when Windows Task Scheduler improperly discloses credentials to Windows Credential Manager, aka 'Windows Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 39	N/A	4.4	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Terminal Services component improperly discloses the contents of its memory, aka 'Windows Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 40	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows kernel improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Kernel Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 41	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when Windows AppX Deployment Service (AppXSVC) improperly handles hard links, aka 'Windows Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique f
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 42	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the VBScript engine handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows VBScript Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'.

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 44	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows kernel improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Kernel Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 45	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the IOIeCvt interface renders ASP webpage content, aka 'Windows IOIeCvt Interface Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 46	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 47	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 48	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the win32k component improperly provides kernel information, aka 'Win32k Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2019
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 49	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows GDI component improperly discloses the contents of its memory, aka 'Windows GDI Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 51	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 53	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows Graphics Device Interface (GDI) handles objects in the memory, aka 'GDI+ Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'.

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 56	N/A	7.2	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when Windows improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 59	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows when the Win32k component fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Win32k Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 60	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 61	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 62	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Internet Explorer, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 77	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 79	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 07	N/A	7.0	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the Network Driver Interface Specification (NDIS) when ndis.sys fails to check the length of a buffer prior to copying memory to it.To exploit the vul

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 25	N/A	9.8	A memory corruption vulnerability exists in the Windows Server DHCP service when processing specially crafted packets, aka 'Windows DHCP Server Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 27	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Diagnostics Hub Standard Collector or the Visual Studio Standard Collector allows file deletion in arbitrary locations.To exploit the vulnerabil
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 33	N/A	5.3	A security feature bypass vulnerability exists in Windows Defender Application Control (WDAC) which could allow an attacker to bypass WDAC enforcement, aka 'Windows Defender Application Control Securi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 34	N/A	8.1	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Microsoft Windows when a man-in-the-middle attacker is able to successfully decode and replace authentication request using Kerberos, allowing an atta
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 58	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows GDI component improperly discloses the contents of its memory, aka 'Windows GDI Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 20	N/A	7.5	A denial of service vulnerability exists when .NET Framework and .NET Core improperly process RegEx strings, aka '.NET Framework and .NET Core Denial of Service Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique f
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 63	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way Windows Error Reporting (WER) handles files, aka 'Windows Error Reporting Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 64	N/A	5.5	A denial of service vulnerability exists when .NET Framework improperly handles objects in heap memory, aka '.NET Framework Denial of Service Vulnerability'.

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 81	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Kernel improperly handles key enumeration, aka 'Windows Kernel Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 82	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows GDI component improperly discloses the contents of its memory, aka 'Windows GDI Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 84	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft browsers, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is uni
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 85	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when Microsoft Windows OLE fails to properly validate user input, aka 'Windows OLE Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 86	N/A	6.8	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when Windows Hyper-V on a host operating system fails to properly validate input from an authenticated user on a guest operating system, aka 'Windows Hyp
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 89	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 90	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 91	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 92	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows when the Win32k component fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Win32k Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 93	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 94	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 95	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 96	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 97	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 98	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 99	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 00	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 01	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 02	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 03	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows Graphics Device Interface (GDI) handles objects in the memory, aka 'GDI+ Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 11	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft browsers, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is uni
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 12	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 13	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 14	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. Thi

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 15	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 16	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 17	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 18	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft browsers, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is uni
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 21	N/A	6.5	An spoofing vulnerability exists when Internet Explorer improperly handles URLs, aka 'Internet Explorer Spoofing Vulnerability'.
	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 22	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 23	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 24	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. Thi

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 25	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 26	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when Microsoft Edge improperly accesses objects in memory, aka 'Microsoft Edge Memory Corruption Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 27	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 29	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when Internet Explorer improperly accesses objects in memory, aka 'Internet Explorer Memory Corruption Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 30	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when Internet Explorer improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Internet Explorer Information Disclosure Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 31	N/A	7.0	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Storage Service improperly handles file operations, aka 'Windows Storage Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 33	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 36	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Microsoft Windows when Windows fails to properly handle certain symbolic links, aka 'Windows Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is uni

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 37	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 38	N/A	9.0	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Microsoft Edge that could allow an attacker to escape from the AppContainer sandbox in the browser, aka 'Microsoft Edge Elevation of Privilege Vulnera
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 40	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that Microsoft browsers access objects in memory, aka 'Microsoft Browser Memory Corruption Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 42	N/A	5.5	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the Unified Write Filter (UWF) feature for Windows 10 when it improperly restricts access to the registry, aka 'Unified Write Filter Elevation of Priv
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 61	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows GDI component improperly discloses the contents of its memory, aka 'Windows GDI Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 80	N/A	7.5	A denial of service vulnerability exists when .NET Framework or .NET Core improperly handle web requests, aka '.Net Framework and .Net Core Denial of Service Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 81	N/A	7.5	A denial of service vulnerability exists when .NET Framework or .NET Core improperly handle web requests, aka '.Net Framework and .Net Core Denial of Service Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 20	N/A	8.4	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when Windows Hyper-V on a host server fails to properly validate input from an authenticated user on a guest operating system, aka 'Windows Hyper-V Remote

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 10	N/A	6.8	A denial of service vulnerability exists when Microsoft Hyper-V on a host server fails to properly validate input from a privileged user on a guest operating system, aka 'Windows Hyper-V Denial of Ser
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 11	N/A	6.8	A denial of service vulnerability exists when Microsoft Hyper-V on a host server fails to properly validate input from a privileged user on a guest operating system, aka 'Windows Hyper-V Denial of Ser
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 13	N/A	6.8	A denial of service vulnerability exists when Microsoft Hyper-V on a host server fails to properly validate input from a privileged user on a guest operating system, aka 'Windows Hyper-V Denial of Ser
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 22	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when Windows Hyper-V on a host server fails to properly validate input from an authenticated user on a guest operating system, aka 'Windows Hyper-V Remote
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 88	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that ActiveX Data Objects (ADO) handle objects in memory, aka 'ActiveX Data Objects (ADO) Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 04	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 05	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 06	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 07	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 08	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 09	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 20	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft browsers, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is uni
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 41	N/A	7.5	A denial of service exists in Microsoft IIS Server when the optional request filtering feature improperly handles requests, aka 'Microsoft IIS Server Denial of Service Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 43	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when Windows improperly handles calls to Advanced Local Procedure Call (ALPC).An attacker who successfully exploited this vulnerability could run arbitra
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 48	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists in the Windows Event Viewer (eventvwr.msc) when it improperly parses XML input containing a reference to an external entity, aka 'Windows Event Viewer In
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 59	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Common Log File System (CLFS) driver improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Common Log File System Driver Elevation of Privi

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 72	N/A	6.5	This security update corrects a denial of service in the Local Security Authority Subsystem Service (LSASS) caused when an authenticated attacker sends a specially crafted authentication request, aka
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 73	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the Windows Installer when the Windows Installer fails to properly sanitize input leading to an insecure library loading behavior. A locally authentica
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 74	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 83	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Storage Service improperly handles file operations, aka 'Windows Storage Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique fr
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 84	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Common Log File System (CLFS) driver improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Common Log File System Driver Elevation of Privi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 86	N/A	7.1	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows User Profile Service (ProfSvc) improperly handles symlinks, aka 'Windows User Profile Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 88	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Internet Explorer, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 89	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. Thi

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 90	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the scripting engine does not properly handle objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Scripting Engine Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 91	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 92	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 93	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 98	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Storage Service improperly handles file operations, aka 'Windows Storage Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique fr
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 03	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 05	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft browsers, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is uni
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 07	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege exists in Windows Audio Service, aka 'Windows Audio Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2019-1021, CVE-2019-1022, CVE-2019-1026, CVE

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 10	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows GDI component improperly discloses the contents of its memory, aka 'Windows GDI Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 12	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows GDI component improperly discloses the contents of its memory, aka 'Windows GDI Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 14	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows when the Win32k component fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Win32k Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 17	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows when the Win32k component fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Win32k Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 18	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when DirectX improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'DirectX Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 19	N/A	8.5	A security feature bypass vulnerability exists where a NETLOGON message is able to obtain the session key and sign messages.To exploit this vulnerability, an attacker could send a specially crafted au
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 21	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege exists in Windows Audio Service, aka 'Windows Audio Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2019-1007, CVE-2019-1022, CVE-2019-1026, CVE
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 22	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege exists in Windows Audio Service, aka 'Windows Audio Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2019-1007, CVE-2019-1021, CVE-2019-1026, CVE

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 23	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the scripting engine does not properly handle objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Scripting Engine Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 24	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 25	N/A	7.5	A denial of service vulnerability exists when Windows improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Denial of Service Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 26	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege exists in Windows Audio Service, aka 'Windows Audio Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2019-1007, CVE-2019-1021, CVE-2019-1022, CVE
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 27	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege exists in Windows Audio Service, aka 'Windows Audio Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2019-1007, CVE-2019-1021, CVE-2019-1022, CVE
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 28	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege exists in Windows Audio Service, aka 'Windows Audio Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2019-1007, CVE-2019-1021, CVE-2019-1022, CVE
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 38	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that Microsoft browsers access objects in memory, aka 'Microsoft Browser Memory Corruption Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 39	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows kernel improperly initializes objects in memory.To exploit this vulnerability, an authenticated attacker could run a specially crafted a

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 40	N/A	5.9	A tampering vulnerability exists in Microsoft Windows when a man-in-the-middle attacker is able to successfully bypass the NTLM MIC (Message Integrity Check) protection, aka 'Windows NTLM Tampering Vu
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 41	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows kernel fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Windows Kernel Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 43	N/A	6.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that comctl32.dll handles objects in memory, aka 'Comctl32 Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 44	N/A	7.8	A security feature bypass vulnerability exists when Windows Secure Kernel Mode fails to properly handle objects in memory.To exploit the vulnerability, a locally-authenticated attacker could attempt t
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 46	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows GDI component improperly discloses the contents of its memory, aka 'Windows GDI Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 50	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows GDI component improperly discloses the contents of its memory, aka 'Windows GDI Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 51	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 52	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. Thi

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 53	N/A	8.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Shell fails to validate folder shortcuts, aka 'Windows Shell Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 54	N/A	5.0	A security feature bypass vulnerability exists in Edge that allows for bypassing Mark of the Web Tagging (MOTW), aka 'Microsoft Edge Security Feature Bypass Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 55	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft browsers, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is uni
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 64	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when Windows AppX Deployment Service (AppXSVC) improperly handles hard links, aka 'Windows Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 65	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows kernel fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Windows Kernel Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from
	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 69	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way the Task Scheduler Service validates certain file operations, aka 'Task Scheduler Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 80	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft browsers, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is uni
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 81	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when affected Microsoft browsers improperly handle objects in memory, aka 'Microsoft Browser Information Disclosure Vulnerability'.

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 85	N/A	9.8	A memory corruption vulnerability exists in the Windows Server DHCP service when an attacker sends specially crafted packets to a DHCP failover server, aka 'Windows DHCP Server Remote Code Execution V
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 11	N/A	7.5	A denial of service vulnerability exists in Windows DNS Server when it fails to properly handle DNS queries, aka 'Windows DNS Server Denial of Service Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 65	N/A	7.5	A denial of service vulnerability exists when SymCrypt improperly handles a specially crafted digital signature. An attacker could exploit the vulnerability by creating a specially crafted connection o
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 80	N/A	7.8	A local elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in how splwow64.exe handles certain calls, aka 'Microsoft splwow64 Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-08 87	N/A	8.0	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in Remote Desktop Services - formerly known as Terminal Services - when an authenticated attacker abuses clipboard redirection, aka 'Remote Desktop Service
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 66	N/A	6.8	A denial of service vulnerability exists when Microsoft Hyper-V on a host server fails to properly validate input from a privileged user on a guest operating system, aka 'Windows Hyper-V Denial of Ser
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 75	N/A	6.3	A security feature bypass vulnerability exists when Active Directory Federation Services (ADFS) improperly updates its list of banned IP addresses. To exploit this vulnerability, an attacker would hav
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 01	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft browsers, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is uni

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 04	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Internet Explorer, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 06	N/A	7.5	An authentication bypass vulnerability exists in Windows Communication Foundation (WCF) and Windows Identity Foundation (WIF), allowing signing of SAML tokens with arbitrary symmetric keys, aka 'WCF/W
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 37	N/A	7.0	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way Windows Error Reporting (WER) handles files, aka 'Windows Error Reporting Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 59	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Internet Explorer, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 62	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 63	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when Internet Explorer improperly accesses objects in memory, aka 'Internet Explorer Memory Corruption Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 67	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows kernel fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Windows Kernel Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 71	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows kernel improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Kernel Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 73	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows kernel improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Kernel Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 74	N/A	5.5	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Microsoft Windows where certain folders, with local service privilege, are vulnerable to symbolic link attack. An attacker who successfully exploited
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 83	N/A	7.5	A denial of service vulnerability exists when Microsoft Common Object Runtime Library improperly handles web requests, aka '.NET Denial of Service Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 85	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the wlansvc.dll handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows WLAN Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 86	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege exists in Windows Audio Service, aka 'Windows Audio Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2019-1087, CVE-2019-1088.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 87	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege exists in Windows Audio Service, aka 'Windows Audio Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2019-1086, CVE-2019-1088.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 88	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege exists in Windows Audio Service, aka 'Windows Audio Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2019-1086, CVE-2019-1087.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 89	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in rpcss.dll when the RPC service Activation Kernel improperly handles an RPC request. To exploit this vulnerability, a low level authenticated attacker
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 90	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the dnsrslvr.dll handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows dnsrlvr.dll Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'.

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 91	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when Unistore.dll fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Microsoft unistore.dll Information Disclosure Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 92	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 93	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when DirectWrite improperly discloses the contents of its memory, aka 'DirectWrite Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 94	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows GDI component improperly discloses the contents of its memory, aka 'Windows GDI Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 95	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows GDI component improperly discloses the contents of its memory, aka 'Windows GDI Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 96	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the win32k component improperly provides kernel information, aka 'Win32k Information Disclosure Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 97	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when DirectWrite improperly discloses the contents of its memory, aka 'DirectWrite Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 02	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows Graphics Device Interface (GDI) handles objects in the memory, aka 'GDI+ Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'.

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 03	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 04	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that Microsoft browsers access objects in memory, aka 'Microsoft Browser Memory Corruption Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 06	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 07	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 08	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows RDP client improperly discloses the contents of its memory, aka 'Remote Desktop Protocol Client Information Disclosure Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 13	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in .NET software when the software fails to check the source markup of a file.An attacker who successfully exploited the vulnerability could run arbitrary
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 17	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that DirectWrite handles objects in memory, aka 'DirectWrite Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2019-1118, CVE
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 18	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that DirectWrite handles objects in memory, aka 'DirectWrite Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2019-1117, CVE

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 19	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that DirectWrite handles objects in memory, aka 'DirectWrite Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2019-1117, CVE
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 20	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that DirectWrite handles objects in memory, aka 'DirectWrite Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2019-1117, CVE
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 21	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that DirectWrite handles objects in memory, aka 'DirectWrite Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2019-1117, CVE
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 22	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that DirectWrite handles objects in memory, aka 'DirectWrite Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2019-1117, CVE
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 23	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that DirectWrite handles objects in memory, aka 'DirectWrite Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2019-1117, CVE
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 24	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that DirectWrite handles objects in memory, aka 'DirectWrite Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2019-1117, CVE
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 26	N/A	5.3	A security feature bypass vulnerability exists in Active Directory Federation Services (ADFS) which could allow an attacker to bypass the extranet lockout policy.To exploit this vulnerability, an atta
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 27	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that DirectWrite handles objects in memory, aka 'DirectWrite Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2019-1117, CVE

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 28	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that DirectWrite handles objects in memory, aka 'DirectWrite Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2019-1117, CVE
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 29	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when Windows AppX Deployment Service (AppXSVC) improperly handles hard links, aka 'Windows Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique f
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 30	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when Windows AppX Deployment Service (AppXSVC) improperly handles hard links, aka 'Windows Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique f
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 14	N/A	5.8	A denial of service vulnerability exists when Microsoft Hyper-V Network Switch on a host server fails to properly validate input from a privileged user on a guest operating system. An attacker who suc
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 15	N/A	5.8	A denial of service vulnerability exists when Microsoft Hyper-V Network Switch on a host server fails to properly validate input from a privileged user on a guest operating system. An attacker who suc
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 16	N/A	5.8	A denial of service vulnerability exists when Windows improperly handles objects in memory. An attacker who successfully exploited the vulnerability could cause a target system to stop responding. To
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 17	N/A	5.8	A denial of service vulnerability exists when Microsoft Hyper-V Network Switch on a host server fails to properly validate input from a privileged user on a guest operating system. An attacker who suc
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 18	N/A	5.8	A denial of service vulnerability exists when Microsoft Hyper-V Network Switch on a host server fails to properly validate input from a privileged user on a guest operating system. An attacker who suc

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 20	N/A	8.0	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when Windows Hyper-V Network Switch on a host server fails to properly validate input from an authenticated user on a guest operating system. To exploit th
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 23	N/A	5.8	A denial of service vulnerability exists when Microsoft Hyper-V Network Switch on a host server fails to properly validate input from a privileged user on a guest operating system. An attacker who suc
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-09 65	N/A	7.6	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when Windows Hyper-V on a host server fails to properly validate input from an authenticated user on a guest operating system. To exploit the vulnerability
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 30	N/A	4.3	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when Microsoft Edge based on Edge HTML improperly handles objects in memory. An attacker who successfully exploited the vulnerability could obtain inform
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 57	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Microsoft XML Core Services MSXML parser processes user input. An attacker who successfully exploited the vulnerability could run malicious code r
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 78	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows Graphics component improperly handles objects in memory. An attacker who successfully exploited this vulnerability could obtain informat
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 31	N/A	4.2	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge (HTML-based). The vulnerability could corrupt memory in such a way

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 33	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Internet Explorer. The vulnerability could corrupt memory in such a way that an attacker
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 39	N/A	4.2	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge (HTML-based). The vulnerability could corrupt memory in such a way
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 40	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge (HTML-based). The vulnerability could corrupt memory in such a way
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 41	N/A	4.2	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge (HTML-based). The vulnerability could corrupt memory in such a way
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 43	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows GDI component improperly discloses the contents of its memory. An attacker who successfully exploited the vulnerability could obtain inf
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 44	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows font library improperly handles specially crafted embedded fonts. An attacker who successfully exploited the vulnerability could take cont
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 45	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows font library improperly handles specially crafted embedded fonts. An attacker who successfully exploited the vulnerability could take cont
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 46	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory. An attacker who successfully exploited this vulnerability could execute arbitrar

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 47	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory. An attacker who successfully exploited this vulnerability could execute arbitrar
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 48	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Microsoft Windows Graphics Component improperly handles objects in memory. An attacker who successfully exploited the vulnerability could obtain
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 49	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows font library improperly handles specially crafted embedded fonts. An attacker who successfully exploited the vulnerability could take cont
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 50	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows font library improperly handles specially crafted embedded fonts. An attacker who successfully exploited the vulnerability could take cont
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 51	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows font library improperly handles specially crafted embedded fonts. An attacker who successfully exploited the vulnerability could take cont
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 52	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows font library improperly handles specially crafted embedded fonts. An attacker who successfully exploited the vulnerability could take cont
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 53	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Microsoft Windows Graphics Component improperly handles objects in memory. An attacker who successfully exploited the vulnerability could obtain

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 55	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory. An attacker who successfully exploited this vulnerability could execute arbitrar
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 56	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory. An attacker who successfully exploited this vulnerability could execute arbitrar
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 57	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory. An attacker who successfully exploited this vulnerability could execute arbitrar
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 58	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows GDI component improperly discloses the contents of its memory. An attacker who successfully exploited the vulnerability could obtain inf
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 59	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows kernel fails to properly handle objects in memory. An attacker who successfully exploited this vulnerability could run arbitrary code in
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 62	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when Windows improperly handles calls to Advanced Local Procedure Call (ALPC). An attacker who successfully exploited this vulnerability could run arbitr
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 63	N/A	5.5	A security feature bypass exists when Windows incorrectly validates CAB file signatures. An attacker who successfully exploited this vulnerability could inject code into a CAB file without invalidatin

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 64	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows kernel fails to properly handle objects in memory. An attacker who successfully exploited this vulnerability could run arbitrary code in
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 68	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege exists in the p2pimsvc service where an attacker who successfully exploited the vulnerability could run arbitrary code with elevated privileges. To exploit this vulnerability
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 70	N/A	7.9	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when reparse points are created by sandboxed processes allowing sandbox escape. An attacker who successfully exploited the vulnerability could use the sa
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 71	N/A	5.6	An information disclosure vulnerability exists in SymCrypt during the OAEP decryption stage. An attacker who successfully exploited this vulnerability could obtain information to further compromise th
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 72	N/A	4.3	An information disclosure vulnerability exists in Azure Active Directory (AAD) Microsoft Account (MSA) during the login request session. An attacker who successfully exploited the vulnerability could
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 73	N/A	7.0	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the PsmServiceExtHost.dll handles objects in memory. An attacker who successfully exploited the vulnerability could execute code with ele
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 74	N/A	7.0	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the PsmServiceExtHost.dll handles objects in memory. An attacker who successfully exploited the vulnerability could execute code with ele
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 75	N/A	7.0	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the psmsrv.dll handles objects in memory. An attacker who successfully exploited the vulnerability could execute code with elevated permi

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 76	N/A	7.0	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when DirectX improperly handles objects in memory. An attacker who successfully exploited this vulnerability could run arbitrary code in kernel mode. An
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 77	N/A	7.0	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the rpcss.dll handles objects in memory. An attacker who successfully exploited the vulnerability could execute code with elevated permis
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 78	N/A	7.0	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the ssdpsrv.dll handles objects in memory. An attacker who successfully exploited the vulnerability could execute code with elevated perm
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 79	N/A	7.0	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the unistore.dll handles objects in memory. An attacker who successfully exploited the vulnerability could execute code with elevated per
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 80	N/A	7.0	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the wcmsvc.dll handles objects in memory. An attacker who successfully exploited the vulnerability could execute code with elevated permi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 81	N/A	9.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in Remote Desktop Services – formerly known as Terminal Services – when an unauthenticated attacker connects to the target system using RDP and sends speci
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 82	N/A	9.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in Remote Desktop Services – formerly known as Terminal Services – when an unauthenticated attacker connects to the target system using RDP and sends speci
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 83	N/A	8.8	This information is being revised to indicate that this CVE (CVE-2019-1183) is fully mitigated by the security updates for the vulnerability discussed in CVE-2019-1194. No update is required.

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 84	N/A	6.7	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when Windows Core Shell COM Server Registrar improperly handles COM calls. An attacker who successfully exploited this vulnerability could potentially se
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 86	N/A	7.0	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the wcmsvc.dll handles objects in memory. An attacker who successfully exploited the vulnerability could execute code with elevated permi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 87	N/A	5.5	A denial of service vulnerability exists when the XmlLite runtime (XmlLite.dll) improperly parses XML input. An attacker who successfully exploited this vulnerability could cause a denial of service a
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 88	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in Microsoft Windows that could allow remote code execution if a .LNK file is processed. An attacker who successfully exploited this vulnerability could ga
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 90	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows kernel image handles objects in memory. An attacker who successfully exploited the vulnerability could execute code with elev
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 92	N/A	4.3	A security feature bypass vulnerability exists when Microsoft browsers improperly handle requests of different origins. The vulnerability allows Microsoft browsers to bypass Same-Origin Policy (SOP) r
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 93	N/A	6.4	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that Microsoft browsers access objects in memory. The vulnerability could corrupt memory in a way that could allow an attacker to execute arbitr
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 94	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Internet Explorer. The vulnerability could corrupt memory in such a way that an attacker

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 95	N/A	4.2	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge (HTML-based). The vulnerability could corrupt memory in such a way
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 96	N/A	4.2	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge (HTML-based). The vulnerability could corrupt memory in such a way
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 97	N/A	4.2	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge (HTML-based). The vulnerability could corrupt memory in such a way
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 98	N/A	6.5	An elevation of privilege exists in SyncController.dll. An attacker who successfully exploited the vulnerability could run arbitrary code with elevated privileges. To exploit the vulnerability, an att
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 06	N/A	7.5	A memory corruption vulnerability exists in the Windows Server DHCP service when an attacker sends specially crafted packets to a DHCP failover server. An attacker who successfully exploited the vulne
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 12	N/A	9.8	A memory corruption vulnerability exists in the Windows Server DHCP service when processing specially crafted packets. An attacker who successfully exploited the vulnerability could cause the DHCP ser
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 22	N/A	9.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in Remote Desktop Services - formerly known as Terminal Services - when an unauthenticated attacker connects to the target system using RDP and sends speci
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 23	N/A	7.5	A denial of service vulnerability exists in Remote Desktop Protocol (RDP) when an attacker connects to the target system using RDP and sends specially crafted requests. An attacker who successfully ex

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 24	N/A	7.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows RDP server improperly discloses the contents of its memory. An attacker who successfully exploited this vulnerability could obtain infor
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 25	N/A	7.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows RDP server improperly discloses the contents of its memory. An attacker who successfully exploited this vulnerability could obtain infor
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 26	N/A	9.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in Remote Desktop Services – formerly known as Terminal Services – when an unauthenticated attacker connects to the target system using RDP and sends speci
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 27	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows kernel improperly handles objects in memory. An attacker who successfully exploited this vulnerability could obtain information to furth
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 25	N/A	5.6	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when certain central processing units (CPU) speculatively access memory. An attacker who successfully exploited the vulnerability could read privileged d
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 38	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 42	N/A	5.5	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the .NET Framework common language runtime (CLR) allows file creation in arbitrary locations, aka '.NET Framework Elevation of Privilege Vulnerabili
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 08	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the VBScript engine handles objects in memory, aka 'VBScript Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2019-1236

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 14	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Common Log File System (CLFS) driver improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Common Log File System Driver Elevation of Privi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 15	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that ws2ifsl.sys (Winsock) handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2019
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 17	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 19	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows Transaction Manager improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Transaction Manager Information Disclosure Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 20	N/A	4.3	A security feature bypass vulnerability exists when Microsoft Browsers fail to validate the correct Security Zone of requests for specific URLs, aka 'Microsoft Browser Security Feature Bypass Vulnerab
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 21	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Internet Explorer, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 32	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Diagnostics Hub Standard Collector Service improperly impersonates certain file operations, aka 'Diagnostics Hub Standard Collector Service Elev
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 35	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows Text Service Framework (TSF) when the TSF server process does not validate the source of input or commands it receives, aka 'Windows Text Serv

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 36	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the VBScript engine handles objects in memory, aka 'VBScript Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2019-1208
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 37	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 40	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 41	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 42	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 43	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 44	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when DirectWrite improperly discloses the contents of its memory, aka 'DirectWrite Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 45	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when DirectWrite improperly discloses the contents of its memory, aka 'DirectWrite Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 46	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 47	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 48	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 49	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 50	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 51	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when DirectWrite improperly discloses the contents of its memory, aka 'DirectWrite Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 52	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows GDI component improperly discloses the contents of its memory, aka 'Windows GDI Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 53	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows AppX Deployment Server improperly handles junctions.To exploit this vulnerability, an attacker would first have to gain execution on the

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 54	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when Windows Hyper-V writes uninitialized memory to disk, aka 'Windows Hyper-V Information Disclosure Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 56	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows when the Win32k component fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Win32k Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 67	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Microsoft Compatibility Appraiser where a configuration file, with local privileges, is vulnerable to symbolic link and hard link attacks, aka 'Micros
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 68	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege exists when Winlogon does not properly handle file path information, aka 'Winlogon Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 69	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when Windows improperly handles calls to Advanced Local Procedure Call (ALPC).An attacker who successfully exploited this vulnerability could run arbitra
	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 70	N/A	5.5	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows store installer where WindowsApps directory is vulnerable to symbolic link attack, aka 'Microsoft Windows Store Installer Elevation of Privile
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 71	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege exists in hdAudio.sys which may lead to an out of band write, aka 'Windows Media Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 72	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when Windows improperly handles calls to Advanced Local Procedure Call (ALPC).An attacker who successfully exploited this vulnerability could run arbitra

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 73	N/A	5.4	A cross-site-scripting (XSS) vulnerability exists when Active Directory Federation Services (ADFS) does not properly sanitize certain error messages, aka 'Active Directory Federation Services XSS Vuln
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 74	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows kernel fails to properly initialize a memory address, aka 'Windows Kernel Information Disclosure Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 77	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows Audio Service when a malformed parameter is processed, aka 'Windows Audio Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 78	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the unistore.dll handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2019-1215,
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 80	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in Microsoft Windows that could allow remote code execution if a .LNK file is processed.An attacker who successfully exploited this vulnerability could gai
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 82	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure exists in the Windows Common Log File System (CLFS) driver when it fails to properly handle sandbox checks, aka 'Windows Common Log File System Driver Information Disclosure
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 85	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows when the Win32k component fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Win32k Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 86	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows GDI component improperly discloses the contents of its memory, aka 'Windows GDI Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 87	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows Network Connectivity Assistant handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Network Connectivity Assistant Elevation of Privilege
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 89	N/A	5.5	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Update Delivery Optimization does not properly enforce file share permissions, aka 'Windows Update Delivery Optimization Elevation of Pr
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 90	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the Windows Remote Desktop Client when a user connects to a malicious server, aka 'Remote Desktop Client Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 91	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the Windows Remote Desktop Client when a user connects to a malicious server, aka 'Remote Desktop Client Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 92	N/A	4.9	A denial of service vulnerability exists when Windows improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Denial of Service Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 93	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists in Windows when the Windows SMB Client kernel-mode driver fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Windows SMB Client Driver Information Disclosu
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 94	N/A	4.6	A security feature bypass exists when Windows Secure Boot improperly restricts access to debugging functionality, aka 'Windows Secure Boot Security Feature Bypass Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 98	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. Thi

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 99	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when Microsoft Edge based on Edge HTML improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Microsoft Edge based on Edge HTML Information Disclosure Vulnerability'
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 00	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 03	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows AppX Deployment Server improperly handles junctions.To exploit this vulnerability, an attacker would first have to gain execution on the
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 55	N/A	7.5	A denial of service vulnerability exists when Microsoft Defender improperly handles files, aka 'Microsoft Defender Denial of Service Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 67	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Internet Explorer, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-06 08	N/A	4.3	A spoofing vulnerability exists when Microsoft Browsers does not properly parse HTTP content, aka 'Microsoft Browser Spoofing Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2019-1357.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-10 60	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Microsoft XML Core Services MSXML parser processes user input, aka 'MS XML Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-11 66	N/A	5.9	A tampering vulnerability exists in Microsoft Windows when a man-in-the-middle attacker is able to successfully bypass the NTLM MIC (Message Integrity Check) protection, aka 'Windows NTLM Tampering Vu

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 30	N/A	6.8	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows Hyper-V Network Switch on a host operating system fails to properly validate input from an authenticated user on a guest operating syste
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 38	N/A	6.4	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the VBScript engine handles objects in memory, aka 'VBScript Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2019-1239
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-12 39	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the VBScript engine handles objects in memory, aka 'VBScript Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2019-1238
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 07	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 08	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 11	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Imaging API improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Imaging API Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 15	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when Windows Error Reporting manager improperly handles hard links, aka 'Windows Error Reporting Manager Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 16	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Microsoft Windows Setup when it does not properly handle privileges, aka 'Microsoft Windows Setup Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'.

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 17	N/A	7.3	A denial of service vulnerability exists when Windows improperly handles hard links, aka 'Microsoft Windows Denial of Service Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 18	N/A	5.9	A spoofing vulnerability exists when Transport Layer Security (TLS) accesses non- Extended Master Secret (EMS) sessions, aka 'Microsoft Windows Transport Layer Security Spoofing Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 19	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows Error Reporting (WER) when WER handles and executes files, aka 'Windows Error Reporting Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 20	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when Windows improperly handles authentication requests, aka 'Microsoft Windows Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-201
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 21	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when Windows CloudStore improperly handles file Discretionary Access Control List (DACL), aka 'Microsoft Windows CloudStore Elevation of Privilege Vulner
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 22	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when Windows improperly handles authentication requests, aka 'Microsoft Windows Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-201
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 23	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the Microsoft Windows Update Client when it does not properly handle privileges, aka 'Microsoft Windows Update Client Elevation of Privilege Vulnerabi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 25	N/A	5.5	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the Windows redirected drive buffering system (rdbss.sys) when the operating system improperly handles specific local calls within Windows 7 for 32-bi

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 26	N/A	7.5	A denial of service vulnerability exists in Remote Desktop Protocol (RDP) when an attacker connects to the target system using RDP and sends specially crafted requests, aka 'Windows Remote Desktop Pro
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 33	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the Windows Remote Desktop Client when a user connects to a malicious server, aka 'Remote Desktop Client Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 34	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows kernel improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Kernel Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 35	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 36	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the Microsoft Windows Update Client when it does not properly handle privileges, aka 'Microsoft Windows Update Client Elevation of Privilege Vulnerabi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 37	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when Windows Update Client fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Windows Update Client Information Disclosure Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 39	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when Windows Error Reporting manager improperly handles hard links, aka 'Windows Error Reporting Manager Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 40	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows AppX Deployment Server that allows file creation in arbitrary locations.To exploit the vulnerability, an attacker would first have to log on t

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 41	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when umpo.dll of the Power Service, improperly handles a Registry Restore Key function, aka 'Windows Power Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 42	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when Windows Error Reporting manager improperly handles a process crash, aka 'Windows Error Reporting Manager Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 43	N/A	6.5	A denial of service vulnerability exists when Windows improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Denial of Service Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2019-1346, CVE-2019-1347.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 44	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows Code Integrity Module handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Code Integrity Module Information Disclosure Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 45	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows kernel improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Kernel Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 46	N/A	6.5	A denial of service vulnerability exists when Windows improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Denial of Service Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2019-1343, CVE-2019-1347.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 47	N/A	6.5	A denial of service vulnerability exists when Windows improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Denial of Service Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2019-1343, CVE-2019-1346.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 56	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when Microsoft Edge based on Edge HTML improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Microsoft Edge based on Edge HTML Information Disclosure Vulnerability'

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 57	N/A	4.3	A spoofing vulnerability exists when Microsoft Browsers improperly handle browser cookies, aka 'Microsoft Browser Spoofing Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2019-0608.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 58	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 59	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 65	N/A	9.9	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when Microsoft IIS Server fails to check the length of a buffer prior to copying memory to it.An attacker who successfully exploited this vulnerability c
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 66	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge, aka 'Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. Thi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 68	N/A	4.6	A security feature bypass exists when Windows Secure Boot improperly restricts access to debugging functionality, aka 'Windows Secure Boot Security Feature Bypass Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 71	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when Internet Explorer improperly accesses objects in memory, aka 'Internet Explorer Memory Corruption Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 12	N/A	6.8	A denial of service vulnerability exists when Microsoft Hyper-V Network Switch on a host server fails to properly validate input from a privileged user on a guest operating system, aka 'Windows Hyper

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 19	N/A	9.1	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when Windows Hyper-V Network Switch on a host server fails to properly validate input from an authenticated user on a guest operating system, aka 'Hyper-V
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-07 21	N/A	9.1	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when Windows Hyper-V Network Switch on a host server fails to properly validate input from an authenticated user on a guest operating system, aka 'Hyper-V
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 09	N/A	6.8	A denial of service vulnerability exists when Microsoft Hyper-V Network Switch on a host server fails to properly validate input from a privileged user on a guest operating system, aka 'Windows Hyper
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 10	N/A	6.8	A denial of service vulnerability exists when Microsoft Hyper-V Network Switch on a host server fails to properly validate input from a privileged user on a guest operating system, aka 'Windows Hyper
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 24	N/A	5.3	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows TCP/IP stack improperly handles IPv6 flowlabel filled in packets, aka 'Windows TCP/IP Information Disclosure Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 74	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists in the way Windows Error Reporting (WER) handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Error Reporting Information Disclosure Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 79	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Data Sharing Service improperly handles file operations, aka 'Windows Data Sharing Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This C
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 80	N/A	7.8	A local elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in how splwow64.exe handles certain calls, aka 'Microsoft splwow64 Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'.

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 81	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows Servicing Stack allows access to unprivileged file locations, aka 'Microsoft Windows Information Disclosure Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 82	N/A	5.5	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when ActiveX Installer service may allow access to files without proper authentication, aka 'Microsoft ActiveX Installer Service Elevation of Privilege V
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 83	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Data Sharing Service improperly handles file operations, aka 'Windows Data Sharing Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This C
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 84	N/A	9.9	A security feature bypass vulnerability exists where a NETLOGON message is able to obtain the session key and sign messages. To exploit this vulnerability, an attacker could send a specially crafted au
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 85	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows AppX Deployment Extensions improperly performs privilege management, resulting in access to system files. To exploit this vulnerability,
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 88	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the Windows Certificate Dialog when it does not properly enforce user privileges, aka 'Windows Certificate Dialog Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 90	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the VBScript engine handles objects in memory, aka 'VBScript Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 91	N/A	5.5	A denial of service vulnerability exists when Windows improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Denial of Service Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2018-12207.

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 93	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows when the Win32k component fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Win32k Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 94	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows when the Win32k component fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Win32k Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 95	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows when the Win32k component fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Win32k Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 96	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows when the Win32k component fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Win32k Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 97	N/A	8.4	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when Windows Hyper-V on a host server fails to properly validate input from an authenticated user on a guest operating system, aka 'Windows Hyper-V Remote
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 98	N/A	8.4	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when Windows Hyper-V on a host server fails to properly validate input from an authenticated user on a guest operating system, aka 'Windows Hyper-V Remote
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-13 99	N/A	6.2	A denial of service vulnerability exists when Microsoft Hyper-V on a host server fails to properly validate input from a privileged user on a guest operating system, aka 'Windows Hyper-V Denial of Ser
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-14 05	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Universal Plug and Play (UPnP) service improperly allows COM object creation, aka 'Windows UPnP Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerabi

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-14 06	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-14 08	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows when the Win32k component fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Win32k Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-14 09	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows Remote Procedure Call (RPC) runtime improperly initializes objects in memory, aka 'Windows Remote Procedure Call Information Disclosure
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-14 11	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when DirectWrite improperly discloses the contents of its memory, aka 'DirectWrite Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-14 13	N/A	4.3	A security feature bypass vulnerability exists when Microsoft Edge improperly handles extension requests and fails to request host permission for all_urls, aka 'Microsoft Edge Security Feature Bypass
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-14 15	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows Installer because of the way Windows Installer handles certain filesystem operations. To exploit the vulnerability, an attacker would require u
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-14 16	N/A	7.0	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists due to a race condition in Windows Subsystem for Linux, aka 'Windows Subsystem for Linux Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-14 17	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Data Sharing Service improperly handles file operations, aka 'Windows Data Sharing Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This C

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-14 18	N/A	3.3	An information vulnerability exists when Windows Modules Installer Service improperly discloses file information, aka 'Windows Modules Installer Service Information Disclosure Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-14 19	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in Microsoft Windows when the Windows Adobe Type Manager Library improperly handles specially crafted OpenType fonts, aka 'OpenType Font Parsing Remote Cod
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-14 20	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the dssvc.dll handles file creation allowing for a file overwrite or creation in a secured location, aka 'Windows Elevation of Privilege
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-14 22	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the iphlpsvc.dll handles file creation allowing for a file overwrite, aka 'Windows Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-14 24	N/A	8.1	A security feature bypass vulnerability exists when Windows Netlogon improperly handles a secure communications channel, aka 'NetLogon Security Feature Bypass Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-14 26	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge (HTML-based), aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-14 27	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge (HTML-based), aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-14 28	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge (HTML-based), aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-14 29	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Internet Explorer, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-14 33	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Graphics Component improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Graphics Component Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-14 35	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Graphics Component improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Graphics Component Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-14 36	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the win32k component improperly provides kernel information, aka 'Win32k Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2019
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-14 37	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Graphics Component improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Graphics Component Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-14 38	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Graphics Component improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Graphics Component Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-14 39	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows GDI component improperly discloses the contents of its memory, aka 'Windows GDI Information Disclosure Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-14 40	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the win32k component improperly provides kernel information, aka 'Win32k Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2019

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-14 56	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in Microsoft Windows when the Windows Adobe Type Manager Library improperly handles specially crafted OpenType fonts, aka 'OpenType Font Parsing Remote Cod
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-14 678	N/A	10.0	SAS XML Mapper 9.45 has an XML External Entity (XXE) vulnerability that can be leveraged by malicious attackers in multiple ways. Examples are Local File Reading, Out Of Band File Exfiltration, Server
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-14 53	N/A	7.5	A denial of service vulnerability exists in Remote Desktop Protocol (RDP) when an attacker connects to the target system using RDP and sends specially crafted requests, aka 'Windows Remote Desktop Pro
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-14 65	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows GDI component improperly discloses the contents of its memory, aka 'Windows GDI Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-14 66	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows GDI component improperly discloses the contents of its memory, aka 'Windows GDI Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-14 67	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows GDI component improperly discloses the contents of its memory, aka 'Windows GDI Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-14 68	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows font library improperly handles specially crafted embedded fonts, aka 'Win32k Graphics Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-14 69	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the win32k component improperly provides kernel information, aka 'Win32k Information Disclosure Vulnerability'.

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-14 70	N/A	6.0	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when Windows Hyper-V on a host operating system fails to properly validate input from an authenticated user on a guest operating system, aka 'Windows Hyp
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-14 71	N/A	8.2	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when Windows Hyper-V on a host server fails to properly validate input from an authenticated user on a guest operating system, aka 'Windows Hyper-V Remote
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-14 72	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows kernel improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Kernel Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-14 74	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows kernel improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Kernel Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-14 76	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when Windows AppX Deployment Service (AppXSVC) improperly handles hard links, aka 'Windows Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique f
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-14 77	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Printer Service improperly validates file paths while loading printer drivers, aka 'Windows Printer Service Elevation of Privilege Vulne
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-14 83	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows AppX Deployment Server improperly handles junctions.To exploit this vulnerability, an attacker would first have to gain execution on the
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-14 84	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when Microsoft Windows OLE fails to properly validate user input, aka 'Windows OLE Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'.

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-14 85	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the VBScript engine handles objects in memory, aka 'VBScript Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-14 88	N/A	3.3	A security feature bypass vulnerability exists when Microsoft Defender improperly handles specific buffers, aka 'Microsoft Defender Security Feature Bypass Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 01	N/A	8.1	A spoofing vulnerability exists in the way Windows CryptoAPI (Crypt32.dll) validates Elliptic Curve Cryptography (ECC) certificates.An attacker could exploit the vulnerability by using a spoofed code
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 05	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in .NET software when the software fails to check the source markup of a file.An attacker who successfully exploited the vulnerability could run arbitrary
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 06	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in .NET software when the software fails to check the source markup of a file.An attacker who successfully exploited the vulnerability could run arbitrary
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 07	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists in the way that Microsoft Graphics Components handle objects in memory, aka 'Microsoft Graphics Components Information Disclosure Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 08	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the win32k component improperly provides kernel information, aka 'Win32k Information Disclosure Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 09	N/A	9.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in Windows Remote Desktop Gateway (RD Gateway) when an unauthenticated attacker connects to the target system using RDP and sends specially crafted request

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 10	N/A	9.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in Windows Remote Desktop Gateway (RD Gateway) when an unauthenticated attacker connects to the target system using RDP and sends specially crafted request
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 11	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the Windows Remote Desktop Client when a user connects to a malicious server, aka 'Remote Desktop Client Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 12	N/A	7.5	A denial of service vulnerability exists in Windows Remote Desktop Gateway (RD Gateway) when an attacker connects to the target system using RDP and sends specially crafted requests, aka 'Windows Remo
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 13	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows Search Indexer handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Search Indexer Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is u
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 14	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows Search Indexer handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Search Indexer Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is u
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 15	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists in the Windows Common Log File System (CLFS) driver when it fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Windows Common Log File System Driver Inform
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 16	N/A	5.5	A denial of service vulnerability exists when Windows improperly handles hard links, aka 'Microsoft Windows Denial of Service Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 17	N/A	6.0	A denial of service vulnerability exists when Microsoft Hyper-V Virtual PCI on a host server fails to properly validate input from a privileged user on a guest operating system, aka 'Hyper-V Denial of

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 20	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when Microsoft Cryptographic Services improperly handles files, aka 'Microsoft Cryptographic Services Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 21	N/A	4.4	A security feature bypass vulnerability exists in Windows 10 when third party filters are called during a password update, aka 'Windows Security Feature Bypass Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 23	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows Search Indexer handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Search Indexer Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is u
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 25	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows Search Indexer handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Search Indexer Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is u
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 26	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows Search Indexer handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Search Indexer Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is u
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 27	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows Search Indexer handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Search Indexer Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is u
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 28	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows Search Indexer handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Search Indexer Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is u
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 29	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows Search Indexer handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Search Indexer Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is u

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 30	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows Search Indexer handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Search Indexer Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is u
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 31	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows Search Indexer handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Search Indexer Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is u
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 32	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows Search Indexer handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Search Indexer Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is u
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 33	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows Search Indexer handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Search Indexer Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is u
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 34	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Common Log File System (CLFS) driver improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Common Log File System Driver Elevation of Privi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 35	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Microsoft Windows when Windows fails to properly handle certain symbolic links, aka 'Windows Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is uni
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 37	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when Remote Desktop Web Access improperly handles credential information, aka 'Remote Desktop Web Access Information Disclosure Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 38	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way the Update Notification Manager handles files.To exploit this vulnerability, an attacker would first have to gain execution on the victim syst

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 39	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists in the Windows Common Log File System (CLFS) driver when it fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Windows Common Log File System Driver Inform
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 40	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when Internet Explorer improperly accesses objects in memory, aka 'Internet Explorer Memory Corruption Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 41	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows Media Service that allows file creation in arbitrary locations.To exploit the vulnerability, an attacker would first have to log on to the sys
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 42	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows when the Win32k component fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Win32k Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 43	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows Graphics Device Interface Plus (GDI+) handles objects in memory, allowing an attacker to retrieve information from a targeted
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 44	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when Microsoft Windows implements predictable memory section names, aka 'Windows Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-20
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 46	N/A	9.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Microsoft .NET Framework fails to validate input properly, aka '.NET Framework Remote Code Execution Injection Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-95 10	N/A	5.3	A vulnerability in Microsoft Windows 10 1803 and Windows Server 2019 and later systems can allow authenticated RDP-connected clients to gain access to user sessions without needing to interact with th

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2019-14 54	N/A	5.5	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows User Profile Service (ProfSvc) improperly handles symlinks, aka 'Windows User Profile Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 55	N/A	8.0	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in Remote Desktop Services â€" formerly known as Terminal Services â€" when an authenticated attacker abuses clipboard redirection, aka 'Remote Desktop Ser
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 57	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Common Log File System (CLFS) driver improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Common Log File System Driver Elevation of Privi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 58	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists in the Windows Common Log File System (CLFS) driver when it fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Windows Common Log File System Driver Inform
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 59	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Data Sharing Service improperly handles file operations, aka 'Windows Data Sharing Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This C
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 60	N/A	7.5	A denial of service vulnerability exists in Remote Desktop Protocol (RDP) when an attacker connects to the target system using RDP and sends specially crafted requests, aka 'Windows Remote Desktop Pro
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 61	N/A	6.8	A denial of service vulnerability exists when Microsoft Hyper-V on a host server fails to properly validate input from a privileged user on a guest operating system, aka 'Windows Hyper-V Denial of Ser
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 62	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that Windows handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'.

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 63	N/A	4.2	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when Microsoft Edge does not properly enforce cross-domain policies, which could allow an attacker to access information from one domain and inject it in
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 65	N/A	8.1	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Active Directory Forest trusts due to a default setting that lets an attacker in the trusting forest request delegation of a TGT for an identity from
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 66	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows Search Indexer handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Search Indexer Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is u
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 67	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows Search Indexer handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Search Indexer Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is u
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 68	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows Kernel handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Kernel Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 69	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows Kernel handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Kernel Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 70	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows kernel fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Windows Kernel Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 71	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows kernel fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Windows Kernel Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 72	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows kernel fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Windows Kernel Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 73	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Internet Explorer, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 74	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Internet Explorer, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 75	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists in the Cryptography Next Generation (CNG) service when it fails to properly handle objects in memory.To exploit this vulnerability, an attacker would hav
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 76	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists in the Cryptography Next Generation (CNG) service when it fails to properly handle objects in memory.To exploit this vulnerability, an attacker would hav
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 77	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists in the Cryptography Next Generation (CNG) service when it fails to properly handle objects in memory.To exploit this vulnerability, an attacker would hav
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 78	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when Windows Error Reporting manager improperly handles hard links, aka 'Windows Error Reporting Manager Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'.

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 79	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows Function Discovery Service handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Function Discovery Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerab
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 80	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows Function Discovery Service handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Function Discovery Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerab
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 81	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the Windows Remote Desktop Client when a user connects to a malicious server, aka 'Remote Desktop Client Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 82	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows Function Discovery Service handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Function Discovery Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerab
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 83	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the Windows Installer when MSI packages process symbolic links, aka 'Windows Installer Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique fr
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 85	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when Windows improperly handles COM object creation, aka 'Windows COM Server Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 86	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the Windows Installer when MSI packages process symbolic links, aka 'Windows Installer Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique fr
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 89	N/A	6.7	A security feature bypass vulnerability exists in secure boot, aka 'Microsoft Secure Boot Security Feature Bypass Vulnerability'.

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 91	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows when the Windows kernel-mode driver fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Win32k Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 98	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Telephony Service improperly discloses the contents of its memory, aka 'Windows Information Disclosure Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 01	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows Client License Service (ClipSVC) handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Client License Service Elevation of Privilege Vulner
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 03	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Backup Service improperly handles file operations. To exploit this vulnerability, an attacker would first have to gain execution on the v
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 04	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Wireless Network Manager improperly handles memory.To exploit this vulnerability, an attacker would first have to gain execution on the
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 05	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows Network Driver Interface Specification (NDIS) improperly handles memory.To exploit this vulnerability, an attacker would first have to g
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 06	N/A	4.3	An information disclosure vulnerability exists in the way that affected Microsoft browsers handle cross-origin requests, aka 'Microsoft Browser Information Disclosure Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 07	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows IME improperly handles memory.To exploit this vulnerability, an attacker would first have to gain execution on the victim system, aka 'W

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 08	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Imaging Library improperly handles memory.To exploit this vulnerability, an attacker would first have to coerce a victim to open a special
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 10	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the ChakraCore scripting engine handles objects in memory, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique fr
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 11	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the ChakraCore scripting engine handles objects in memory, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique fr
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 12	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the ChakraCore scripting engine handles objects in memory, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique fr
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 13	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the ChakraCore scripting engine handles objects in memory, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique fr
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 14	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when DirectX improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'DirectX Information Disclosure Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 15	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Graphics Component improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Graphics Component Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 17	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the win32k component improperly provides kernel information, aka 'Win32k Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2020

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 19	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows when the Win32k component fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Win32k Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 20	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows when the Win32k component fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Win32k Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 21	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows when the Win32k component fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Win32k Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 22	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows when the Win32k component fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Win32k Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 23	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows when the Win32k component fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Win32k Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 24	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows when the Win32k component fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Win32k Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 25	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows when the Win32k component fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Win32k Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 26	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows when the Win32k component fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Win32k Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 27	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Connected User Experiences and Telemetry Service improperly handles file operations, aka 'Connected User Experiences and Telemetry Service Eleva
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 28	N/A	5.5	An information vulnerability exists when Windows Modules Installer Service improperly discloses file information, aka 'Windows Modules Installer Service Information Disclosure Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 29	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in Microsoft Windows that could allow remote code execution if a .LNK file is processed.An attacker who successfully exploited this vulnerability could gai
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 30	N/A	7.1	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows User Profile Service (ProfSvc) improperly handles symlinks, aka 'Windows User Profile Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 31	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows when the Win32k component fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Win32k Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 34	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the Windows Remote Desktop Client when a user connects to a malicious server, aka 'Remote Desktop Client Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 35	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows Search Indexer handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Search Indexer Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is u
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 37	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the tapisrv.dll handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2020-0739.

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 38	N/A	8.8	A memory corruption vulnerability exists when Windows Media Foundation improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Media Foundation Memory Corruption Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 39	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the dssvc.dll handles file creation allowing for a file overwrite or creation in a secured location, aka 'Windows Elevation of Privilege
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 40	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the Connected Devices Platform Service handles objects in memory, aka 'Connected Devices Platform Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerab
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 41	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the Connected Devices Platform Service handles objects in memory, aka 'Connected Devices Platform Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerab
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 42	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the Connected Devices Platform Service handles objects in memory, aka 'Connected Devices Platform Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerab
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 43	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the Connected Devices Platform Service handles objects in memory, aka 'Connected Devices Platform Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerab
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 44	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows Graphics Device Interface (GDI) handles objects in memory, allowing an attacker to retrieve information from a targeted syste
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 45	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Graphics Component improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Graphics Component Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 46	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists in the way that Microsoft Graphics Components handle objects in memory, aka 'Microsoft Graphics Components Information Disclosure Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 47	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Data Sharing Service improperly handles file operations, aka 'Windows Data Sharing Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This C
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 48	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists in the Cryptography Next Generation (CNG) service when it fails to properly handle objects in memory.To exploit this vulnerability, an attacker would hav
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 49	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the Connected Devices Platform Service handles objects in memory, aka 'Connected Devices Platform Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerab
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 50	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the Connected Devices Platform Service handles objects in memory, aka 'Connected Devices Platform Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerab
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 52	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows Search Indexer handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Search Indexer Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is u
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 53	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows Error Reporting (WER) when WER handles and executes files, aka 'Windows Error Reporting Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 54	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows Error Reporting (WER) when WER handles and executes files, aka 'Windows Error Reporting Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 55	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists in the Cryptography Next Generation (CNG) service when it fails to properly handle objects in memory.To exploit this vulnerability, an attacker would hav
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 56	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists in the Cryptography Next Generation (CNG) service when it fails to properly handle objects in memory.To exploit this vulnerability, an attacker would hav
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 57	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when Windows improperly handles Secure Socket Shell remote commands, aka 'Windows SSH Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 67	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the ChakraCore scripting engine handles objects in memory, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique fr
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 45	N/A	7.5	A tampering vulnerability exists when Microsoft IIS Server improperly handles malformed request headers, aka 'Microsoft IIS Server Tampering Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 84	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in Microsoft Windows that could allow remote code execution if a .LNK file is processed.An attacker who successfully exploited this vulnerability could gai
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 90	N/A	9.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when DirectX improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'DirectX Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 63	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when Windows Defender Security Center handles certain objects in memory.To exploit the vulnerability, an attacker would first have to log on to the syste

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 68	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft browsers, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is uni
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 69	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows CSC Service improperly handles memory.To exploit this vulnerability, an attacker would first have to gain execution on the victim system
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 70	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows ActiveX Installer Service improperly handles memory.To exploit this vulnerability, an attacker would first have to gain execution on the
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 71	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows CSC Service improperly handles memory.To exploit this vulnerability, an attacker would first have to gain execution on the victim system
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 72	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when Windows Error Reporting improperly handles memory.To exploit this vulnerability, an attacker would first have to gain execution on the victim system
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 73	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows ActiveX Installer Service improperly handles memory.To exploit this vulnerability, an attacker would first have to gain execution on the
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 74	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows GDI component improperly discloses the contents of its memory, aka 'Windows GDI Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 75	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when Windows Error Reporting improperly handles file operations. To exploit this vulnerability, an attacker would first have to gain execution on the vict

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 76	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows AppX Deployment Server improperly handles file operations.To exploit this vulnerability, an attacker would first have to gain execution
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 77	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Work Folder Service improperly handles file operations, aka 'Windows Work Folder Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 78	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows Network Connections Service handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Network Connections Service Elevation of Privilege Vulner
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 79	N/A	5.5	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the Windows Installer when MSI packages process symbolic links, aka 'Windows Installer Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique fr
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 80	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows Network List Service handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Network List Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 81	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Universal Plug and Play (UPnP) service improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows UPnP Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerabil
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 83	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Universal Plug and Play (UPnP) service improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows UPnP Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerabil
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 85	N/A	7.1	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows User Profile Service (ProfSvc) improperly handles symlinks, aka 'Windows User Profile Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'.

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 87	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Background Intelligent Transfer Service (BITS) improperly handles symbolic links, aka 'Windows Background Intelligent Transfer Service E
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 88	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows when the Win32k component fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Win32k Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 91	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Graphics Component improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Graphics Component Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 93	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Diagnostics Hub Standard Collector Service improperly handles file operations, aka 'Diagnostics Hub Standard Collector Elevation of Privilege Vu
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 97	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Work Folder Service improperly handles file operations, aka 'Windows Work Folder Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 98	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the Windows Installer when the Windows Installer fails to properly sanitize input leading to an insecure library loading behavior. A locally authentica
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 99	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Microsoft Windows when the Windows kernel fails to properly handle parsing of certain symbolic links, aka 'Windows Kernel Elevation of Privilege Vulne
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 00	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Work Folder Service improperly handles file operations, aka 'Windows Work Folder Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 01	N/A	8.8	A memory corruption vulnerability exists when Windows Media Foundation improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Media Foundation Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2020
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 02	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows Network Connections Service handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Network Connections Service Elevation of Privilege Vulner
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 03	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows Network Connections Service handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Network Connections Service Elevation of Privilege Vulner
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 04	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows Network Connections Service handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Network Connections Service Elevation of Privilege Vulner
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 06	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows Error Reporting (WER) when WER handles and executes files, aka 'Windows Error Reporting Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 07	N/A	8.8	A memory corruption vulnerability exists when Windows Media Foundation improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Media Foundation Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2020
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 08	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way the Provisioning Runtime validates certain file operations, aka 'Provisioning Runtime Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 09	N/A	8.8	A memory corruption vulnerability exists when Windows Media Foundation improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Media Foundation Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2020

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 10	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Diagnostics Hub Standard Collector or the Visual Studio Standard Collector allows file creation in arbitrary locations.To exploit the vulnerabil
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 11	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge (HTML-based)L, aka 'Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulne
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 12	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge (HTML-based)L, aka 'Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulne
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 13	N/A	7.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when Chakra improperly discloses the contents of its memory, which could provide an attacker with information to further compromise the user's computer
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 14	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows Installer because of the way Windows Installer handles certain filesystem operations. To exploit the vulnerability, an attacker would require u
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 16	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when Microsoft Edge improperly accesses objects in memory, aka 'Microsoft Edge Memory Corruption Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 19	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Device Setup Manager improperly handles file operations, aka 'Windows Device Setup Manager Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 20	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when Media Foundation improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Media Foundation Information Disclosure Vulnerability'.

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 22	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Language Pack Installer improperly handles file operations, aka 'Windows Language Pack Installer Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 23	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the ChakraCore scripting engine handles objects in memory, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique fr
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 24	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when Internet Explorer improperly accesses objects in memory, aka 'Internet Explorer Memory Corruption Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 25	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the ChakraCore scripting engine handles objects in memory, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique fr
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 26	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the ChakraCore scripting engine handles objects in memory, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique fr
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 27	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the ChakraCore scripting engine handles objects in memory, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique fr
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 28	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the ChakraCore scripting engine handles objects in memory, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique fr
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 29	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the ChakraCore scripting engine handles objects in memory, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique fr

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 30	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft browsers, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is uni
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 31	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the ChakraCore scripting engine handles objects in memory, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique fr
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 32	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Internet Explorer, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 33	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Internet Explorer, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 34	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when Windows improperly handles calls to Advanced Local Procedure Call (ALPC).An attacker who successfully exploited this vulnerability could run arbitra
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 40	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when Windows improperly handles hard links, aka 'Windows Hard Link Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2020-0841, CVE-2
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 41	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when Windows improperly handles hard links, aka 'Windows Hard Link Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2020-0840, CVE-2
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 42	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows Installer because of the way Windows Installer handles certain filesystem operations.To exploit the vulnerability, an attacker would require u

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 43	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows Installer because of the way Windows Installer handles certain filesystem operations.To exploit the vulnerability, an attacker would require u
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 44	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when Connected User Experiences and Telemetry Service improperly handles file operations, aka 'Connected User Experiences and Telemetry Service Elevation
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 45	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows Network Connections Service handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Network Connections Service Elevation of Privilege Vulner
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 48	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the ChakraCore scripting engine handles objects in memory, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique fr
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 49	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when Windows improperly handles hard links, aka 'Windows Hard Link Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2020-0840, CVE-2
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 53	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists in Windows when the Windows Imaging Component fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Windows Imaging Component Information Disclosure Vulnerabi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 54	N/A	7.1	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when Windows Mobile Device Management (MDM) Diagnostics improperly handles junctions, aka 'Windows Mobile Device Management Diagnostics Elevation of Priv
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 57	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows Search Indexer handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Search Indexer Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'.

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 58	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the "Public Account Pictures" folder improperly handles junctions.To exploit this vulnerability, an attacker would first have to gain exec
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 59	N/A	5.5	An information vulnerability exists when Windows Modules Installer Service improperly discloses file information, aka 'Windows Modules Installer Service Information Disclosure Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 60	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows ActiveX Installer Service improperly handles memory.To exploit this vulnerability, an attacker would first have to gain execution on the
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 61	N/A	7.8	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows Network Driver Interface Specification (NDIS) improperly handles memory.To exploit this vulnerability, an attacker would first have to g
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 64	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Work Folder Service improperly handles file operations, aka 'Windows Work Folder Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 65	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Work Folder Service improperly handles file operations, aka 'Windows Work Folder Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 66	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Work Folder Service improperly handles file operations, aka 'Windows Work Folder Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 67	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Update Orchestrator Service improperly handles file operations, aka 'Windows Update Orchestrator Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerab

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 68	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Update Orchestrator Service improperly handles file operations, aka 'Windows Update Orchestrator Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerab
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 69	N/A	8.8	A memory corruption vulnerability exists when Windows Media Foundation improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Media Foundation Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2020
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 71	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when Windows Network Connections Service fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Windows Network Connections Service Information Disclosure Vuln
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 77	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows when the Win32k component fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Win32k Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 79	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows Graphics Device Interface (GDI) handles objects in memory, allowing an attacker to retrieve information from a targeted syste
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 80	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows GDI component improperly discloses the contents of its memory, aka 'Windows GDI Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 81	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows Graphics Device Interface (GDI) handles objects in the memory, aka 'GDI+ Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is u
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 82	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows GDI component improperly discloses the contents of its memory, aka 'Windows GDI Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 83	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows Graphics Device Interface (GDI) handles objects in the memory, aka 'GDI+ Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is u
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 85	N/A	4.3	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows GDI component improperly discloses the contents of its memory, aka 'Windows Graphics Component Information Disclosure Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 87	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows when the Win32k component fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Win32k Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 96	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when Windows improperly handles hard links, aka 'Windows Hard Link Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2020-0840, CVE-2
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 97	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Work Folder Service improperly handles file operations, aka 'Windows Work Folder Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-05 46	N/A	7.8	Unquoted service path in Intel(R) Optane(TM) DC Persistent Memory Module Management Software before version 1.0.0.3461 may allow an authenticated user to potentially enable escalation of privilege and
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 87	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows font library improperly handles specially crafted embedded fonts, aka 'Microsoft Graphics Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-06 99	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the win32k component improperly provides kernel information, aka 'Win32k Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2020

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 84	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when DirectX improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'DirectX Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2020-0888.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-07 94	N/A	5.5	A denial of service vulnerability exists when Windows improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Denial of Service Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 21	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows kernel improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Kernel Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 88	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when DirectX improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'DirectX Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2020-0784.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 89	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-08 95	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the VBScript engine handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows VBScript Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-09 07	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that Microsoft Graphics Components handle objects in memory, aka 'Microsoft Graphics Components Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-09 10	N/A	8.4	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when Windows Hyper-V on a host server fails to properly validate input from an authenticated user on a guest operating system, aka 'Windows Hyper-V Remote

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-09 13	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows kernel fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Windows Kernel Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-09 17	N/A	6.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when Windows Hyper-V on a host server fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Windows Hyper-V Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-09 18	N/A	6.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when Windows Hyper-V on a host server fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Windows Hyper-V Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-09 34	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows WpcDesktopMonSvc improperly manages memory.To exploit this vulnerability, an attacker would first have to gain execution on the victim s
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-09 36	N/A	7.1	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when a Windows scheduled task improperly handles file redirections, aka 'Windows Scheduled Task Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-09 37	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when Media Foundation improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Media Foundation Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-09 38	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in Microsoft Windows when the Windows Adobe Type Manager Library improperly handles a specially-crafted multi-master font - Adobe Type 1 PostScript format
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-09 40	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way the Windows Push Notification Service handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Push Notification Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-09 42	N/A	7.1	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when Connected User Experiences and Telemetry Service improperly handles file operations, aka 'Connected User Experiences and Telemetry Service Elevation
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-09 44	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when Connected User Experiences and Telemetry Service improperly handles file operations, aka 'Connected User Experiences and Telemetry Service Elevation
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-09 45	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when Media Foundation improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Media Foundation Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-09 46	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when Media Foundation improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Media Foundation Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-09 48	N/A	8.8	A memory corruption vulnerability exists when Windows Media Foundation improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Media Foundation Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2020
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-09 49	N/A	8.8	A memory corruption vulnerability exists when Windows Media Foundation improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Media Foundation Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2020
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-09 50	N/A	8.8	A memory corruption vulnerability exists when Windows Media Foundation improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Media Foundation Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2020
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-09 52	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows GDI component improperly discloses the contents of its memory, aka 'Windows GDI Information Disclosure Vulnerability'.

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-09 53	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-09 55	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when certain central processing units (CPU) speculatively access memory, aka 'Windows Kernel Information Disclosure in CPU Memory Access'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-09 56	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows when the Windows kernel-mode driver fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Win32k Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-09 58	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows when the Windows kernel-mode driver fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Win32k Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-09 59	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-09 60	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-09 62	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the win32k component improperly provides kernel information, aka 'Win32k Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2020
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-09 64	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows Graphics Device Interface (GDI) handles objects in the memory, aka 'GDI+ Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'.

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-09 65	N/A	7.8	A remoted code execution vulnerability exists in the way that Microsoft Windows Codecs Library handles objects in memory, aka 'Microsoft Windows Codecs Library Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-09 66	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the VBScript engine handles objects in memory, aka 'VBScript Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2020-0967
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-09 67	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the VBScript engine handles objects in memory, aka 'VBScript Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2020-0966
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-09 68	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the scripting engine handles objects in memory in Internet Explorer, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-09 69	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge (HTML-based), aka 'Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulner
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-09 70	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the ChakraCore scripting engine handles objects in memory, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique fr
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-09 82	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Microsoft Windows Graphics Component improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Microsoft Graphics Component Information Disclosure Vulnerabilit
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-09 83	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Delivery Optimization service improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is u

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-09 85	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Update Stack fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Windows Update Stack Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-09 87	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Microsoft Windows Graphics Component improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Microsoft Graphics Component Information Disclosure Vulnerabilit
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-09 88	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-09 92	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-09 93	N/A	6.5	A denial of service vulnerability exists in Windows DNS when it fails to properly handle queries, aka 'Windows DNS Denial of Service Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-09 94	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-09 95	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-09 96	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Update Stack fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Windows Update Stack Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-09 99	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 00	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows kernel fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Windows Kernel Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 01	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way the Windows Push Notification Service handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Push Notification Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 02	N/A	7.1	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the MpSigStub.exe for Defender allows file deletion in arbitrary locations.To exploit the vulnerability, an attacker would first have to log on to t
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 03	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows kernel fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Windows Kernel Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 04	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Graphics Component improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Graphics Component Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 05	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Microsoft Windows Graphics Component improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Microsoft Graphics Component Information Disclosure Vulnerabilit
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 06	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way the Windows Push Notification Service handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Push Notification Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 07	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows kernel improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Kernel Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 08	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 09	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the Microsoft Store Install Service handles file operations in protected locations, aka 'Windows Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. T
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 11	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows System Assessment Tool improperly handles file operations, aka 'Windows Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique fro
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 14	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the Microsoft Windows Update Client when it does not properly handle privileges, aka 'Microsoft Windows Update Client Elevation of Privilege Vulnerabi
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 15	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the User-Mode Power Service (UMPS) handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique f
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 16	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows Push Notification Service improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Push Notification Service Information Disclosure Vulnerabil
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 17	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way the Windows Push Notification Service handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Push Notification Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 20	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in Microsoft Windows when the Windows Adobe Type Manager Library improperly handles a specially-crafted multi-master font - Adobe Type 1 PostScript format
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 27	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows Kernel handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Kernel Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 29	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when Connected User Experiences and Telemetry Service improperly handles file operations, aka 'Connected User Experiences and Telemetry Service Elevation
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 94	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Work Folder Service improperly handles file operations, aka 'Windows Work Folder Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-09 09	N/A	7.5	A denial of service vulnerability exists when Hyper-V on a Windows Server fails to properly handle specially crafted network packets.To exploit the vulnerability, an attacker would send specially craf
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-09 63	N/A	6.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows GDI component improperly discloses the contents of its memory, aka 'Windows GDI Information Disclosure Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 10	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows Block Level Backup Engine Service (wbengine) that allows file deletion in arbitrary locations.To exploit the vulnerability, an attacker would
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 21	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows Error Reporting (WER) when WER handles and executes files, aka 'Windows Error Reporting Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 28	N/A	7.8	A memory corruption vulnerability exists when Windows Media Foundation improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Media Foundation Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2020
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 35	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the VBScript engine handles objects in memory, aka 'VBScript Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2020-1058
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 37	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Chakra scripting engine handles objects in memory in Microsoft Edge (HTML-based), aka 'Chakra Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulner
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 48	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Print Spooler service improperly allows arbitrary writing to the file system, aka 'Windows Print Spooler Elevation of Privilege Vulnerab
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 51	N/A	7.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when the Windows Jet Database Engine improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Jet Database Engine Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is un
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 54	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows when the Windows kernel-mode driver fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Win32k Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 55	N/A	6.1	A cross-site-scripting (XSS) vulnerability exists when Active Directory Federation Services (ADFS) does not properly sanitize user inputs, aka 'Microsoft Active Directory Federation Services Cross-Sit
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 56	N/A	8.1	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when Microsoft Edge does not properly enforce cross-domain policies, which could allow an attacker to access information from one domain and inject it in

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 58	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the VBScript engine handles objects in memory, aka 'VBScript Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2020-1035
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 59	N/A	4.3	A spoofing vulnerability exists when Microsoft Edge does not properly parse HTTP content, aka 'Microsoft Edge Spoofing Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 60	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the VBScript engine handles objects in memory, aka 'VBScript Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2020-1035
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 61	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the Microsoft Script Runtime handles objects in memory, aka 'Microsoft Script Runtime Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 62	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when Internet Explorer improperly accesses objects in memory, aka 'Internet Explorer Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2020
	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 64	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the MSHTML engine improperly validates input.An attacker could execute arbitrary code in the context of the current user, aka 'MSHTML Engin
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 65	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that the ChakraCore scripting engine handles objects in memory, aka 'Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 67	N/A	8.8	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that Windows handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Remote Code Execution Vulnerability'.

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 68	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows Media Service that allows file creation in arbitrary locations.To exploit the vulnerability, an attacker would first have to log on to the sys
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 70	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Print Spooler service improperly allows arbitrary writing to the file system, aka 'Windows Print Spooler Elevation of Privilege Vulnerab
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 71	N/A	6.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when Windows improperly handles errors tied to Remote Access Common Dialog, aka 'Windows Remote Access Common Dialog Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 72	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when the Windows kernel improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Kernel Information Disclosure Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 75	N/A	5.5	An information disclosure vulnerability exists when Windows Subsystem for Linux improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Subsystem for Linux Information Disclosure Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 76	N/A	5.5	A denial of service vulnerability exists when Windows improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Denial of Service Vulnerability'.
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 77	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Runtime improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Runtime Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 78	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows Installer because of the way Windows Installer handles certain filesystem operations.To exploit the vulnerability, an attacker would require u

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 79	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows fails to properly handle objects in memory, aka 'Microsoft Windows Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 81	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Printer Service improperly validates file paths while loading printer drivers, aka 'Windows Printer Service Elevation of Privilege Vulne
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 82	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows Error Reporting (WER) when WER handles and executes files, aka 'Windows Error Reporting Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 84	N/A	5.5	A Denial Of Service vulnerability exists when Connected User Experiences and Telemetry Service fails to validate certain function values.An attacker who successfully exploited this vulnerability could
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 86	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Runtime improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Runtime Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 87	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in the way that the Windows Kernel handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Kernel Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 88	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists in Windows Error Reporting (WER) when WER handles and executes files, aka 'Windows Error Reporting Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 90	N/A	7.8	An elevation of privilege vulnerability exists when the Windows Runtime improperly handles objects in memory, aka 'Windows Runtime Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.20	3389, 445	Windows Server 2019 10.0.17763	CVE-2020-10 92	N/A	7.5	A remote code execution vulnerability exists when Internet Explorer improperly accesses objects in memory, aka 'Internet Explorer Memory Corruption Vulnerability'. This CVE ID is unique from CVE-2020
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	MySQL 5.7.33	CVE-2019-73 17	N/A	5.3	png_image_free in png.c in libpng 1.6.x before 1.6.37 has a use-after-free because png_image_free_function is called under png_safe_execute.
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	MySQL 5.7.33	CVE-2020-15 358	N/A	5.5	In SQLite before 3.32.3, select.c mishandles query-flattener optimization, leading to a multiSelectOrderBy heap overflow because of misuse of transitive properties for constant propagation.
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	MySQL 5.7.33	CVE-2020-14 814	N/A	4.9	Vulnerability in the MySQL Server product of Oracle MySQL (component: Server: DML). Supported versions that are affected are 8.0.21 and prior. Easily exploitable vulnerability allows high privileged a
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	MySQL 5.7.33	CVE-2020-14 830	N/A	6.5	Vulnerability in the MySQL Server product of Oracle MySQL (component: Server: Optimizer). Supported versions that are affected are 8.0.21 and prior. Easily exploitable vulnerability allows low privile
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	MySQL 5.7.33	CVE-2020-14 837	N/A	4.9	Vulnerability in the MySQL Server product of Oracle MySQL (component: Server: Optimizer). Supported versions that are affected are 8.0.21 and prior. Easily exploitable vulnerability allows high privil
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	MySQL 5.7.33	CVE-2020-14 839	N/A	4.9	Vulnerability in the MySQL Server product of Oracle MySQL (component: Server: Optimizer). Supported versions that are affected are 8.0.21 and prior. Easily exploitable vulnerability allows high privil
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	MySQL 5.7.33	CVE-2020-14 845	N/A	4.9	Vulnerability in the MySQL Server product of Oracle MySQL (component: Server: Optimizer). Supported versions that are affected are 8.0.21 and prior. Easily exploitable vulnerability allows high privil

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	MySQL 5.7.33	CVE-2020-14 846	N/A	6.5	Vulnerability in the MySQL Server product of Oracle MySQL (component: Server: Optimizer). Supported versions that are affected are 8.0.21 and prior. Easily exploitable vulnerability allows low privile
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	MySQL 5.7.33	CVE-2020-14 852	N/A	4.9	Vulnerability in the MySQL Server product of Oracle MySQL (component: Server: Charsets). Supported versions that are affected are 8.0.21 and prior. Easily exploitable vulnerability allows high privile
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	MySQL 5.7.33	CVE-2020-19 71	N/A	5.9	The X.509 GeneralName type is a generic type for representing different types of names. One of those name types is known as EDIPartyName. OpenSSL provides a function GENERAL_NAME_cmp which compares di
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	MySQL 5.7.33	CVE-2021-21 46	N/A	4.9	Vulnerability in the MySQL Server product of Oracle MySQL (component: Server: Options). Supported versions that are affected are 5.7.33 and prior and 8.0.23 and prior. Easily exploitable vulnerability
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	MySQL 5.7.33	CVE-2021-21 54	N/A	4.9	Vulnerability in the MySQL Server product of Oracle MySQL (component: Server: DML). Supported versions that are affected are 5.7.33 and prior. Easily exploitable vulnerability allows high privileged a
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	MySQL 5.7.33	CVE-2021-21 62	N/A	4.3	Vulnerability in the MySQL Server product of Oracle MySQL (component: Server: Audit Plug-in). Supported versions that are affected are 5.7.33 and prior and 8.0.23 and prior. Easily exploitable vulnera
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	MySQL 5.7.33	CVE-2021-21 66	N/A	4.9	Vulnerability in the MySQL Server product of Oracle MySQL (component: Server: DML). Supported versions that are affected are 5.7.33 and prior and 8.0.23 and prior. Easily exploitable vulnerability all
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	MySQL 5.7.33	CVE-2021-21 69	N/A	4.9	Vulnerability in the MySQL Server product of Oracle MySQL (component: Server: Optimizer). Supported versions that are affected are 5.7.33 and prior and 8.0.23 and prior. Easily exploitable vulnerabili

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	MySQL 5.7.33	CVE-2021-21 71	N/A	4.4	Vulnerability in the MySQL Server product of Oracle MySQL (component: Server: Replication). Supported versions that are affected are 5.7.33 and prior and 8.0.23 and prior. Difficult to exploit vulnera
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	MySQL 5.7.33	CVE-2021-21 74	N/A	4.4	Vulnerability in the MySQL Server product of Oracle MySQL (component: InnoDB). Supported versions that are affected are 5.7.33 and prior and 8.0.23 and prior. Difficult to exploit vulnerability allows
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	MySQL 5.7.33	CVE-2021-21 79	N/A	4.9	Vulnerability in the MySQL Server product of Oracle MySQL (component: Server: Group Replication Plugin). Supported versions that are affected are 5.7.33 and prior and 8.0.23 and prior. Easily exploita
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	MySQL 5.7.33	CVE-2021-21 80	N/A	4.9	Vulnerability in the MySQL Server product of Oracle MySQL (component: InnoDB). Supported versions that are affected are 5.7.33 and prior and 8.0.23 and prior. Easily exploitable vulnerability allows h
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	MySQL 5.7.33	CVE-2021-21 94	N/A	4.9	Vulnerability in the MySQL Server product of Oracle MySQL (component: InnoDB). Supported versions that are affected are 5.7.33 and prior and 8.0.23 and prior. Easily exploitable vulnerability allows h
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	MySQL 5.7.33	CVE-2021-22 26	N/A	4.9	Vulnerability in the MySQL Server product of Oracle MySQL (component: Server: Information Schema). Supported versions that are affected are 5.7.33 and prior and 8.0.23 and prior. Easily exploitable vu
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	MySQL 5.7.33	CVE-2021-23 56	N/A	5.9	Vulnerability in the MySQL Server product of Oracle MySQL (component: Server: Replication). Supported versions that are affected are 5.7.34 and prior and 8.0.25 and prior. Difficult to exploit vulnera
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	MySQL 5.7.33	CVE-2021-35 624	N/A	4.9	Vulnerability in the MySQL Server product of Oracle MySQL (component: Server: Security: Privileges). Supported versions that are affected are 5.7.35 and prior and 8.0.26 and prior. Easily exploitable

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	MySQL 5.7.33	CVE-2022-21 245	N/A	4.3	Vulnerability in the MySQL Server product of Oracle MySQL (component: Server: Security: Privileges). Supported versions that are affected are 5.7.36 and prior and 8.0.27 and prior. Easily exploitable
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	MySQL 5.7.33	CVE-2022-21 270	N/A	4.9	Vulnerability in the MySQL Server product of Oracle MySQL (component: Server: Federated). Supported versions that are affected are 5.7.36 and prior and 8.0.27 and prior. Easily exploitable vulnerabili
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	MySQL 5.7.33	CVE-2022-21 303	N/A	4.9	Vulnerability in the MySQL Server product of Oracle MySQL (component: Server: Stored Procedure). Supported versions that are affected are 5.7.36 and prior and 8.0.27 and prior. Easily exploitable vuln
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	MySQL 5.7.33	CVE-2022-21 304	N/A	4.9	Vulnerability in the MySQL Server product of Oracle MySQL (component: Server: Parser). Supported versions that are affected are 5.7.36 and prior and 8.0.27 and prior. Easily exploitable vulnerability
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	MySQL 5.7.33	CVE-2022-21 344	N/A	4.9	Vulnerability in the MySQL Server product of Oracle MySQL (component: Server: Replication). Supported versions that are affected are 5.7.36 and prior and 8.0.27 and prior. Easily exploitable vulnerabi
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	MySQL 5.7.33	CVE-2022-21 367	N/A	5.5	Vulnerability in the MySQL Server product of Oracle MySQL (component: Server: Compiling). Supported versions that are affected are 5.7.36 and prior and 8.0.27 and prior. Easily exploitable vulnerabili
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	MySQL 5.7.33	CVE-2021-22 570	N/A	6.5	Nullptr dereference when a null char is present in a proto symbol. The symbol is parsed incorrectly, leading to an unchecked call into the proto file's name during generation of the resulting error me
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	MySQL 5.7.33	CVE-2022-21 417	N/A	4.9	Vulnerability in the MySQL Server product of Oracle MySQL (component: InnoDB). Supported versions that are affected are 5.7.37 and prior and 8.0.28 and prior. Easily exploitable vulnerability allows h

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	MySQL 5.7.33	CVE-2022-21 427	N/A	4.9	Vulnerability in the MySQL Server product of Oracle MySQL (component: Server: FTS). Supported versions that are affected are 5.7.37 and prior and 8.0.28 and prior. Easily exploitable vulnerability all
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	MySQL 5.7.33	CVE-2022-21 444	N/A	4.4	Vulnerability in the MySQL Server product of Oracle MySQL (component: Server: DDL). Supported versions that are affected are 5.7.37 and prior and 8.0.28 and prior. Difficult to exploit vulnerability a
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	MySQL 5.7.33	CVE-2022-21 451	N/A	4.4	Vulnerability in the MySQL Server product of Oracle MySQL (component: InnoDB). Supported versions that are affected are 5.7.37 and prior and 8.0.28 and prior. Difficult to exploit vulnerability allows
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	MySQL 5.7.33	CVE-2022-21 454	N/A	6.5	Vulnerability in the MySQL Server product of Oracle MySQL (component: Server: Group Replication Plugin). Supported versions that are affected are 5.7.37 and prior and 8.0.28 and prior. Easily exploita
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	MySQL 5.7.33	CVE-2022-21 460	N/A	4.4	Vulnerability in the MySQL Server product of Oracle MySQL (component: Server: Logging). Supported versions that are affected are 5.7.37 and prior and 8.0.28 and prior. Difficult to exploit vulnerabili
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	MySQL 5.7.33	CVE-2022-21 589	N/A	4.3	Vulnerability in the MySQL Server product of Oracle MySQL (component: Server: Security: Privileges). Supported versions that are affected are 5.7.39 and prior and 8.0.16 and prior. Easily exploitable
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	MySQL 5.7.33	CVE-2022-21 592	N/A	4.3	Vulnerability in the MySQL Server product of Oracle MySQL (component: Server: Security: Encryption). Supported versions that are affected are 5.7.39 and prior and 8.0.29 and prior. Easily exploitable
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	MySQL 5.7.33	CVE-2022-21 595	N/A	4.4	Vulnerability in the MySQL Server product of Oracle MySQL (component: C API). Supported versions that are affected are 5.7.36 and prior and 8.0.27 and prior. Difficult to exploit vulnerability allows

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	MySQL 5.7.33	CVE-2022-21 608	N/A	4.9	Vulnerability in the MySQL Server product of Oracle MySQL (component: Server: Optimizer). Supported versions that are affected are 5.7.39 and prior and 8.0.30 and prior. Easily exploitable vulnerabili
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	MySQL 5.7.33	CVE-2022-21 617	N/A	4.9	Vulnerability in the MySQL Server product of Oracle MySQL (component: Server: Connection Handling). Supported versions that are affected are 5.7.39 and prior and 8.0.30 and prior. Easily exploitable v
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	MySQL 5.7.33	CVE-2023-21 977	N/A	4.9	Vulnerability in the MySQL Server product of Oracle MySQL (component: Server: Optimizer). Supported versions that are affected are 8.0.32 and prior. Easily exploitable vulnerability allows high privi
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	MySQL 5.7.33	CVE-2023-21 980	N/A	7.1	Vulnerability in the MySQL Server product of Oracle MySQL (component: Client programs). Supported versions that are affected are 5.7.41 and prior and 8.0.32 and prior. Difficult to exploit vulnerabi
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	MySQL 5.7.33	CVE-2023-22 007	N/A	4.9	Vulnerability in the MySQL Server product of Oracle MySQL (component: Server: Replication). Supported versions that are affected are 5.7.41 and prior and 8.0.32 and prior. Easily exploitable vulnera
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	MySQL 5.7.33	CVE-2023-22 015	N/A	4.9	Vulnerability in the MySQL Server product of Oracle MySQL (component: Server: Optimizer). Supported versions that are affected are 5.7.42 and prior and 8.0.31 and prior. Easily exploitable vulnerabi
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	MySQL 5.7.33	CVE-2023-22 026	N/A	4.9	Vulnerability in the MySQL Server product of Oracle MySQL (component: Server: Optimizer). Supported versions that are affected are 5.7.42 and prior and 8.0.31 and prior. Easily exploitable vulnerabi
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	MySQL 5.7.33	CVE-2023-22 028	N/A	4.9	Vulnerability in the MySQL Server product of Oracle MySQL (component: Server: Optimizer). Supported versions that are affected are 5.7.43 and prior and 8.0.31 and prior. Easily exploitable vulnerabi

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	MySQL 5.7.33	CVE-2023-22 084	N/A	4.9	Vulnerability in the MySQL Server product of Oracle MySQL (component: InnoDB). Supported versions that are affected are 5.7.43 and prior, 8.0.34 and prior and 8.1.0. Easily exploitable vulnerability
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	PHP 7.4.16	CVE-2007-32 05	N/A	N/A	The parse_str function in (1) PHP, (2) Hardened-PHP, and (3) Suhosin, when called without a second parameter, might allow remote attackers to overwrite arbitrary variables by specifying variable names
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	PHP 7.4.16	CVE-2013-22 20	N/A	N/A	Buffer overflow in the radius_get_vendor_attr function in the Radius extension before 1.2.7 for PHP allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (crash) and possibly execute arbitrary code via
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	PHP 7.4.16	CVE-2017-89 23	N/A	9.8	The zend_string_extend function in Zend/zend_string.h in PHP through 7.1.5 does not prevent changes to string objects that result in a negative length, which allows remote attackers to cause a denial
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	PHP 7.4.16	CVE-2017-91 18	N/A	7.5	PHP 7.1.5 has an Out of bounds access in php_pcre_replace_impl via a crafted preg_replace call.
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	PHP 7.4.16	CVE-2017-91 20	N/A	9.8	PHP 7.x through 7.1.5 allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (buffer overflow and application crash) or possibly have unspecified other impact via a long string because of an Integer ove
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	PHP 7.4.16	CVE-2021-21 704	N/A	5.0	In PHP versions 7.3.x below 7.3.29, 7.4.x below 7.4.21 and 8.0.x below 8.0.8, when using Firebird PDO driver extension, a malicious database server could cause crashes in various database functions, s
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	PHP 7.4.16	CVE-2021-21 705	N/A	4.3	In PHP versions 7.3.x below 7.3.29, 7.4.x below 7.4.21 and 8.0.x below 8.0.8, when using URL validation functionality via filter_var() function with FILTER_VALIDATE_URL parameter, an URL with invalid

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	PHP 7.4.16	CVE-2021-21 706	N/A	5.3	In PHP versions 7.3.x below 7.3.31, 7.4.x below 7.4.24 and 8.0.x below 8.0.11, in Microsoft Windows environment, ZipArchive::extractTo may be tricked into writing a file outside target directory when
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	PHP 7.4.16	CVE-2021-21 703	N/A	7.8	In PHP versions 7.3.x up to and including 7.3.31, 7.4.x below 7.4.25 and 8.0.x below 8.0.12, when running PHP FPM SAPI with main FPM daemon process running as root and child worker processes running a
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	PHP 7.4.16	CVE-2021-21 707	N/A	5.3	In PHP versions 7.3.x below 7.3.33, 7.4.x below 7.4.26 and 8.0.x below 8.0.13, certain XML parsing functions, like simplexml_load_file(), URL-decode the filename passed to them. If that filename conta
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	PHP 7.4.16	CVE-2021-21 708	N/A	8.2	In PHP versions 7.4.x below 7.4.28, 8.0.x below 8.0.16, and 8.1.x below 8.1.3, when using filter functions with FILTER_VALIDATE_FLOAT filter and min/max limits, if the filter fails, there is a possibi
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	PHP 7.4.16	CVE-2022-31 625	N/A	8.1	In PHP versions 7.4.x below 7.4.30, 8.0.x below 8.0.20, and 8.1.x below 8.1.7, when using Postgres database extension, supplying invalid parameters to the parametrized query may lead to PHP attempting
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	PHP 7.4.16	CVE-2022-31 626	N/A	7.5	In PHP versions 7.4.x below 7.4.30, 8.0.x below 8.0.20, and 8.1.x below 8.1.7, when pdo_mysql extension with mysqlnd driver, if the third party is allowed to supply host to connect to and the password
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	PHP 7.4.16	CVE-2022-31 628	N/A	2.3	In PHP versions before 7.4.31, 8.0.24 and 8.1.11, the phar uncompressor code would recursively uncompress "quines" gzip files, resulting in an infinite loop.
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	PHP 7.4.16	CVE-2022-31 629	N/A	6.5	In PHP versions before 7.4.31, 8.0.24 and 8.1.11, the vulnerability enables network and same-site attackers to set a standard insecure cookie in the victim's browser which is treated as a `_Host-` or

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	PHP 7.4.16	CVE-2022-37 454	N/A	9.8	The Keccak XKCP SHA-3 reference implementation before fdc6fef has an integer overflow and resultant buffer overflow that allows attackers to execute arbitrary code or eliminate expected cryptographic
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	PHP 7.4.16	CVE-2022-31 630	N/A	6.5	In PHP versions prior to 7.4.33, 8.0.25 and 8.1.12, when using imageloadfont() function in gd extension, it is possible to supply a specially crafted font file, such as if the loaded font is used with
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	PHP 7.4.16	CVE-2022-49 00	N/A	6.2	A vulnerability was found in PHP where setting the environment variable PHP_CLI_SERVER_WORKERS to a large value leads to a heap buffer overflow.
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	PHP 7.4.16	CVE-2024-25 117	N/A	6.8	php-svg-lib is a scalable vector graphics (SVG) file parsing/rendering library. Prior to version 0.5.2, php-svg-lib fails to validate that font-family doesn't contain a PHAR url, which might leads to
192.168. 1.30	3306, 80	PHP 7.4.16	CVE-2024-54 58	N/A	5.3	In PHP versions 8.1.* before 8.1.29, 8.2.* before 8.2.20, 8.3.* before 8.3.8, due to a code logic error, filtering functions such as filter_var when validating URLs (FILTER_VALIDATE_URL) for certain t
192.168. 1.40	8080, 8443	Tomcat 9.0.45	CVE-2021-30 640	N/A	6.5	A vulnerability in the JNDI Realm of Apache Tomcat allows an attacker to authenticate using variations of a valid user name and/or to bypass some of the protection provided by the LockOut Realm. This
192.168. 1.40	8080, 8443	Tomcat 9.0.45	CVE-2021-33 037	N/A	5.3	Apache Tomcat 10.0.0-M1 to 10.0.6, 9.0.0.M1 to 9.0.46 and 8.5.0 to 8.5.66 did not correctly parse the HTTP transfer-encoding request header in some circumstances leading to the possibility to request
192.168. 1.40	8080, 8443	Tomcat 9.0.45	CVE-2021-42 340	N/A	7.5	The fix for bug 63362 present in Apache Tomcat 10.1.0-M1 to 10.1.0-M5, 10.0.0-M1 to 10.0.11, 9.0.40 to 9.0.53 and 8.5.60 to 8.5.71 introduced a memory leak. The object introduced to collect metrics fo

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.40	8080, 8443	Tomcat 9.0.45	CVE-2022-23 181	N/A	7.0	The fix for bug CVE-2020-9484 introduced a time of check, time of use vulnerability into Apache Tomcat 10.1.0-M1 to 10.1.0-M8, 10.0.0-M5 to 10.0.14, 9.0.35 to 9.0.56 and 8.5.55 to 8.5.73 that allowed
192.168. 1.40	8080, 8443	Tomcat 9.0.45	CVE-2022-29 885	N/A	7.5	The documentation of Apache Tomcat 10.1.0-M1 to 10.1.0-M14, 10.0.0-M1 to 10.0.20, 9.0.13 to 9.0.62 and 8.5.38 to 8.5.78 for the EncryptInterceptor incorrectly stated it enabled Tomcat clustering to ru
192.168. 1.40	8080, 8443	Tomcat 9.0.45	CVE-2022-34 305	N/A	6.1	In Apache Tomcat 10.1.0-M1 to 10.1.0-M16, 10.0.0-M1 to 10.0.22, 9.0.30 to 9.0.64 and 8.5.50 to 8.5.81 the Form authentication example in the examples web application displayed user provided data witho
192.168. 1.40	8080, 8443	Tomcat 9.0.45	CVE-2021-43 980	N/A	3.7	The simplified implementation of blocking reads and writes introduced in Tomcat 10 and back-ported to Tomcat 9.0.47 onwards exposed a long standing (but extremely hard to trigger) concurrency bug in A
192.168. 1.40	8080, 8443	Tomcat 9.0.45	CVE-2022-42 252	N/A	7.5	If Apache Tomcat 8.5.0 to 8.5.82, 9.0.0-M1 to 9.0.67, 10.0.0-M1 to 10.0.26 or 10.1.0-M1 to 10.1.0 was configured to ignore invalid HTTP headers via setting rejectIllegalHeader to false (the default fo
192.168. 1.40	8080, 8443	Tomcat 9.0.45	CVE-2022-45 143	N/A	7.5	The JsonErrorReportValve in Apache Tomcat 8.5.83, 9.0.40 to 9.0.68 and 10.1.0-M1 to 10.1.1 did not escape the type, message or description values. In some circumstances these are constructed from user
192.168. 1.40	8080, 8443	Tomcat 9.0.45	CVE-2023-28 708	N/A	4.3	When using the RemotelpFilter with requests received from a reverse proxy via HTTP that include the X-Forwarded-Proto header set to https, session cookies created by Apache Tomcat 11.0.0-M1 to
192.168. 1.40	8080, 8443	Tomcat 9.0.45	CVE-2023-41 080	N/A	6.1	URL Redirection to Untrusted Site ('Open Redirect') vulnerability in FORM authentication feature Apache Tomcat. This issue affects Apache Tomcat: from 11.0.0-M1 through 11.0.0-M10, from 10.1.0-M1 throu

IP	Порты	Сервис	CVE ID	Крит.	cvss	Описание
192.168. 1.40	8080, 8443	Tomcat 9.0.45	CVE-2023-44 487	N/A	7.5	The HTTP/2 protocol allows a denial of service (server resource consumption) because request cancellation can reset many streams quickly, as exploited in the wild in August through October 2023.
192.168. 1.40	8080, 8443	Tomcat 9.0.45	CVE-2023-42 795	N/A	5.3	Incomplete Cleanup vulnerability in Apache Tomcat.When recycling various internal objects in Apache Tomcat from 11.0.0-M1 through 11.0.0-M11, from 10.1.0-M1 through 10.1.13, from 9.0.0-M1 through 9.0
192.168. 1.40	8080, 8443	Tomcat 9.0.45	CVE-2023-45 648	N/A	5.3	Improper Input Validation vulnerability in Apache Tomcat.Tomcat from 11.0.0-M1 through 11.0.0-M11, from 10.1.0-M1 through 10.1.13, from 9.0.0-M1 through 9.0.81 and from 8.5.0 through 8.5.93 did not co
192.168. 1.40	8080, 8443	Tomcat 9.0.45	CVE-2023-46 589	N/A	7.5	Improper Input Validation vulnerability in Apache Tomcat.Tomcat from 11.0.0-M1 through 11.0.0-M10.1.15, from 9.0.0-M1 through 9.0.82 and from 8.5.0 through 8.5.95 did not co
192.168. 1.40	8080, 8443	Tomcat 9.0.45	CVE-2024-38 286	N/A	8.6	Allocation of Resources Without Limits or Throttling vulnerability in Apache Tomcat. This issue affects Apache Tomcat: from 11.0.0-M1 through 11.0.0-M20, from 10.1.0-M1 through 10.1.24, from 9.0.13 t
192.168. 1.40	8080, 8443	Tomcat 9.0.45	CVE-2025-24 813	N/A	9.8	Path Equivalence: 'file.Name' (Internal Dot) leading to Remote Code Execution and/or Information disclosure and/or malicious content added to uploaded files via write enabled Default Servlet in Apache

## РЕКОМЕНДАЦИИ ПО УСТРАНЕНИЮ

CVE ID	IP	Рекомендации
CVE-2019-1 4678	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 365	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
384	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
908	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
711	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2021-4 2013	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
292	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2022-2 068	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2022-2 2720	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2022-3 1813	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2023-3 8408	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2024-3 8474	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2024-3 8476	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 476	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 540	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 626	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 626	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 697	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 698	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 725	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 726	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 785	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности

CVE ID	IP	Рекомендации
CVE-2019-0 786	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 181	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 182	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 212	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 222	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 226	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 609	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 610	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 646	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 690	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2017-8 923	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2017-9 120	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2022-3 7454	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2025-2 4813	192.168.1.4 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2022-2 2721	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2022-2 8615	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2024-3 8475	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 719	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 721	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2022-3 6760	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 938	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 256	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 494	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 544	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 582	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 634	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности

CVE ID	IP	Рекомендации
CVE-2019-0 541	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 552	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 566	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 613	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 618	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 630	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 633	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 662	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 722	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 765	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 772	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 790	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 792	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 793	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 794	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 842	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 845	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 853	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 888	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 902	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 903	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 904	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 905	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности

CVE ID	IP	Рекомендации
906	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 907	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 908	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 909	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 974	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 060	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 102	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 113	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 118	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 119	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 120	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 122	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 124	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 128	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 140	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 144	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 145	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 149	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 150	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 151	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 152	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности

CVE ID	IP	Рекомендации
183	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
290	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
291	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
333	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
419	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
456	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
468	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
605	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
606	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 662	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 684	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 687	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 729	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 738	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 801	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 807	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 809	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 816	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 869	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 881	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 883	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 948	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 949	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 950	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 964	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности

CVE ID	IP	Рекомендации
966	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
967	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
020	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-1 061	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
067	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
8286	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
019	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
489	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
490	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 550	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 620	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 397	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 910	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2021-4 4224	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2021-2 1708	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2006-5 051	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2024-6 387	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 734	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 424	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-1 056	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности

CVE ID	IP	Рекомендации
CVE-2022-3 1625	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 720	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 887	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 655	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 170	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2016-1 0012	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2023-4 807	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 411	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 415	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 423	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 432	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 471	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 484	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 485	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 497	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 550	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 554	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 561	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 562	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 584	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 599	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 611	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 639	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности

CVE ID	IP	Рекомендации
CVE-2018-8 641	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 538	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 543	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 555	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 570	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 571	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 572	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 573	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 574	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 575	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 576	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 577	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 578	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 580	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 581	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 582	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 584	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 595	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 596	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 597	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 598	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 599	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 617	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 625	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности

CVE ID	IP	Рекомендации
CVE-2019-0 627	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 631	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 632	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 682	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 685	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 689	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 692	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 693	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 694	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 727	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 730	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 731	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 735	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 766	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 797	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 805	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 836	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 838	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 841	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 846	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 847	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 851	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 859	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности

CVE ID	IP	Рекомендации
CVE-2019-0 863	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 877	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 879	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 880	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 881	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 885	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 889	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 890	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 891	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 892	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 893	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 894	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 895	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 896	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 897	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 898	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 899	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 900	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 901	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 936	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 943	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 959	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 973	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 983	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 984	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 998	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности

CVE ID	IP	Рекомендации
CVE-2019-1 007	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 014	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 017	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 018	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 021	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 026	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 027	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 028	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 044	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 064	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 065	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 069	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 086	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 088	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 089	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 090	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 129	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 130	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 146	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 147	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 155	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности

CVE ID	IP	Рекомендации
156	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
157	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
159	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
162	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
164	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
168	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
190	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
214	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
215	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 232	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 235	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 240	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 241	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 243	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 246	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 247	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 248	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 249	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 250	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 253	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 256	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 267	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 268	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 269	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 271	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности

CVE ID	IP	Рекомендации
272	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
277	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
278	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
280	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
285	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
287	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
303	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 311	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
315	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 316	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 319	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 320	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 321	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 323	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 336	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 339	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 340	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 341	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 342	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 359	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 379	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 385	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности

CVE ID	IP	Рекомендации
388	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 393	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 394	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 395	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 396	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 405	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 406	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 408	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 415	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 420	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 422	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 433	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 437	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 476	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 483	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 484	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 546	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 613	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 614	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 620	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 623	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 625	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности

CVE ID	IP	Рекомендации
626	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 627	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 628	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 629	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 630	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 631	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 632	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 633	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 634	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 638	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 641	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 642	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 657	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 659	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 666	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 667	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 668	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 669	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 670	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 671	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 672	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 678	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 679	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 680	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности

CVE ID	IP	Рекомендации
682	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 683	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 685	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 686	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 691	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 701	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 703	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 704	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 707	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 715	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 719	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 720	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 722	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 723	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 724	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 725	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 726	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 727	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 731	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 735	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 737	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 739	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 740	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 741	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности

CVE ID	IP	Рекомендации
CVE-2020-0 742	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 743	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 745	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 747	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 749	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 750	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 752	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 753	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 754	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 757	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 763	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 769	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 770	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 772	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 773	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 776	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 777	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 778	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 780	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 781	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 783	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 784	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 787	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 788	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 791	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности

CVE ID	IP	Рекомендации
CVE-2020-0 793	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 797	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
798	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 799	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 800	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 802	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 803	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 804	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 806	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 808	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 810	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 814	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 819	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 822	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 834	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 840	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 841	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 842	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 843	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 844	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 845	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 849	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 857	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 858	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 860	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 861	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности

CVE ID	IP	Рекомендации
CVE-2020-0 864	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 865	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 866	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 867	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 868	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 877	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 887	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 888	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 889	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 896	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 897	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 907	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 913	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 934	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 938	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 940	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 944	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 953	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 956	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 958	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 959	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 960	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 965	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 983	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 985	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 988	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности

CVE ID	IP	Рекомендации
992	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 994	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 995	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 996	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 999	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-1 000	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-1 001	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-1 003	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-1 004	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-1 008	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-1 009	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-1 010	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-1 014	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-1 017	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-1 027	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-1 028	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-1 029	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-1 048	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-1 051	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-1 054	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-1 068	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-1 070	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности

CVE ID	IP	Рекомендации
077	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-1 078	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-1 079	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-1 082	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-1 086	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-1 087	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-1 088	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-1 090	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2021-2 1703	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 965	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2006-2 0001	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 190	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2021-4 1524	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2022-0 778	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2022-2 2719	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2022-2 6377	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2022-3 0556	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2022-4 450	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2023-0 215	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2023-0 464	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности

CVE ID	IP	Рекомендации
CVE-2023-2 7522	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2023-3 1122	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2024-2 7316	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2024-3 8477	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2024-4 0898	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 460	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 473	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 491	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 505	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 510	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 511	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 517	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 541	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 542	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 551	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 552	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 555	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 557	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 583	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 588	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 617	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности

CVE ID	IP	Рекомендации
CVE-2018-8 618	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 619	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 624	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 625	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 629	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 631	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 643	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 653	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 539	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 565	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 567	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 568	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 591	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 592	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 593	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 605	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 606	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 607	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 609	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 610	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 611	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 634	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 637	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности

CVE ID	IP	Рекомендации
639	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 640	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 642	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 644	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 645	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 650	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 651	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 652	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 655	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 665	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 666	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 667	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 680	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 739	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 752	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 753	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 763	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 769	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 771	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 773	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 780	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 783	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 784	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 806	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 810	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности

CVE ID	IP	Рекомендации
CVE-2019-0 811	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 812	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 820	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 829	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 860	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 861	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 862	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 865	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 884	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 912	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 913	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 914	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 916	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 917	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 918	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 922	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 923	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 924	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 925	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 926	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 927	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 929	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 933	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности

CVE ID	IP	Рекомендации
937	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 940	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 941	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 980	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 981	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 988	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 989	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 991	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 992	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 001	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 003	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 004	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 006	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 025	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 051	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 052	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 055	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 059	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 062	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 063	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 080	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности

CVE ID	IP	Рекомендации
083	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
092	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
103	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
104	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
106	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
107	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
133	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
138	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
188	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 194	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 206	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 208	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 217	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 223	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 224	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 225	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 236	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 237	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
239	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 255	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 298	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 300	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 307	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 308	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 326	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности

CVE ID	IP	Рекомендации
CVE-2019-1 335	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 366	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 367	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 371	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 390	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 427	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 428	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 429	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 485	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 611	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 612	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 645	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 660	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 673	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 674	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 681	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 710	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 711	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 712	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 713	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 767	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 768	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 811	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности

CVE ID	IP	Рекомендации
812	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 813	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 823	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 824	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 825	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 826	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 827	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 828	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 829	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 831	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 832	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 833	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 895	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 909	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 968	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 969	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 970	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-1 035	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-1 037	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-1 058	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-1 060	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-1 062	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-1 064	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-1 065	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности

CVE ID	IP	Рекомендации
092	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
118	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
1626	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2021-4 2340	192.168.1.4 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
9885	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
2252	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
5143	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2023-4 4487	192.168.1.4 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2023-4 6589	192.168.1.4 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 543	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2021-3 712	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2023-0 286	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2016-1 0009	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 856	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 986	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 785	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 854	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 936	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-1 002	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2023-2 1980	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 333	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности

CVE ID	IP	Рекомендации
CVE-2019-0 656	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 659	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 707	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 931	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 037	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 174	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 175	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 176	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 178	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 179	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 180	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 416	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.4 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-6 109	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 678	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 690	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 695	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 701	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 710	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 711	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 712	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 713	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности

CVE ID	IP	Рекомендации
886	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 966	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 043	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 230	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 309	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 661	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 917	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 918	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2024-2 5117	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 184	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 689	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2023-5 1385	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 595	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 596	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 614	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 615	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 616	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 619	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 658	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 660	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 676	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 703	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности

CVE ID	IP	Рекомендации
704	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 746	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 758	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 761	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 764	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 774	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 802	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 821	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 833	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 849	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 882	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 921	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 961	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 972	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 990	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 012	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 023	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 050	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 094	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 095	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 108	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 198	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности

CVE ID	IP	Рекомендации
CVE-2019-1 244	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 245	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 252	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 286	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 299	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 346	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 347	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 356	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 439	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 465	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 466	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 637	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 774	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 853	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 882	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 952	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 963	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 993	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-1 4830	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2022-2 1454	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности

CVE ID	IP	Рекомендации
1629	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2022-3 1630	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2021-3 0640	192.168.1.4 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 592	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 193	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 238	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 975	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 635	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 399	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2022-4 900	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-1 055	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2022-3 4305	192.168.1.4 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2023-4 1080	192.168.1.4 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 470	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 617	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-0 734	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-0 735	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-6 111	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-1 971	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2021-2 3841	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2021-3 449	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2021-4 160	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2022-4 304	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2023-4 5802	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2023-4 8795	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 641	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности

CVE ID	IP	Рекомендации
657	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 040	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 166	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 318	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-1 971	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2021-2 356	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 714	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 715	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 716	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 718	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 723	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 125	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2016-1 0011	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2024-0 727	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2013-3 900	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 407	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 454	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 472	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 477	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 486	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 506	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 514	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 549	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности

CVE ID	IP	Рекомендации
CVE-2018-8 612	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 637	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 638	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 649	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 536	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 549	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 553	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 554	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 569	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 621	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 628	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 636	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 702	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 754	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 755	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 759	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 767	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 776	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 782	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 796	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 814	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 840	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 844	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 848	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 864	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 942	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности

CVE ID	IP	Рекомендации
948	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 039	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 046	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 071	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 073	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 078	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 091	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 093	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 097	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 142	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 143	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 153	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 163	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 219	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 227	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 251	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 270	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 274	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 282	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 289	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности

CVE ID	IP	Рекомендации
CVE-2019-1 293	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 325	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 334	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 337	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 344	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 374	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 381	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 382	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 409	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 436	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 440	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 469	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 474	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 607	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 608	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 615	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 616	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 639	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 643	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 658	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 675	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 676	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности

CVE ID	IP	Рекомендации
677	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 698	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 699	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 705	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 714	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 717	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 728	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 744	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 746	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 755	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 756	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 775	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 794	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 820	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 821	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 859	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 871	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 879	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 937	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 945	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 946	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 955	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 962	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 982	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности

CVE ID	IP	Рекомендации
987	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-1 005	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-1 007	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-1 016	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-1 072	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-1 076	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-1 084	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-1 5358	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 547	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 273	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2016-2 0012	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-1 5473	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-2 0685	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 549	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2022-2 097	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2022-2 8330	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2022-2 8614	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2022-3 7436	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2023-0 465	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2023-0 466	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2023-5 678	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 417	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности

CVE ID	IP	Рекомендации
CVE-2018-8 492	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 612	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 733	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 126	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 324	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-9 510	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-7 317	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2021-2 1706	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2021-2 1707	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2021-3 3037	192.168.1.4 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2023-4 2795	192.168.1.4 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2023-4 5648	192.168.1.4 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2021-2 1704	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 292	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-1 4837	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-1 4839	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2021-2 146	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2021-2 154	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2021-2 166	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2021-2 169	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности

CVE ID	IP	Рекомендации
179	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
180	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
194	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
226	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
5624	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
1270	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
1303	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
1304	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
1344	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
1417	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2022-2 1427	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2022-2 1608	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2022-2 1617	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2023-2 2007	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2023-2 2015	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2023-2 2026	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2023-2 2028	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2023-2 2084	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 547	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 600	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 601	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 775	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 566	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 294	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 368	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности

CVE ID	IP	Рекомендации
CVE-2019-0 839	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 621	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2021-2 171	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2021-2 174	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2022-2 1444	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2022-2 1451	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2022-2 1460	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2022-2 1595	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 320	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 545	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 564	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 608	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 643	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 648	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 654	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 762	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-0 768	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 030	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 172	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 192	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 220	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 357	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 413	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 706	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-1 059	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности

CVE ID	IP	Рекомендации
162	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2021-2 1705	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2022-2 1245	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2022-2 1589	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2022-2 1592	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.4 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 131	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 139	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 141	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 196	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 197	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2020-0 663	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2021-3 6368	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2021-4 3980	192.168.1.4 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 552	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2019-1 488	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 481	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2018-8 482	192.168.1.2 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2022-3 1628	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2000-0 143	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2001-0 529	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2001-0 816	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2001-0 872	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности

CVE ID	IP	Рекомендации
380	0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2001-1 382	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2003-0 190	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2003-0 682	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2003-0 693	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2003-0 695	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2004-1 653	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2006-5 794	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2007-2 768	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2007-4 752	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2008-3 259	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2008-3 844	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2009-0 796	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2009-2 299	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2009-3 765	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2009-3 766	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2009-3 767	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2010-4 478	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2010-4 755	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2010-5 107	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2011-1 176	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2011-2 688	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2011-4 327	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности

CVE ID	IP	Рекомендации
CVE-2011-5 000	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2012-0 814	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2012-3 526	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2012-4 001	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2012-4 360	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2013-0 941	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2013-0 942	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2013-2 765	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2013-4 365	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2014-1 692	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2014-2 653	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2014-9 278	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2015-5 352	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2015-5 600	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2015-6 563	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2015-6 564	192.168.1.1 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2007-3 205	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности
CVE-2013-2 220	192.168.1.3 0	• Обновите до последней версии • Примените патчи безопасности

## выводы

Обнаруженные уязвимости представляют значительные риски для безопасности сети. Игнорирование рекомендаций по их устранению может привести к серьезным последствиям, включая:

Критические и высокие уязвимости отсутствуют. Однако игнорирование низких и средних уязвимостей может привести к накоплению рисков, которые в будущем могут быть использованы для атак.