Artificial Intelligence and Data Science Department.

OOPM / Odd Sem 2021-22 / Experiment 4.

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EXPERIMENT - 4.

ATM. White a new second for a standard

AIM: Write a program for a class Student, accept the name, roll no, marks of three subjects, calculate total from the user and display the complete information.

THEORY: Detail theory about Classes and objects

Fim: Write a program for class Students, accept name, Roll no, marks of 3 students subjects, Calculate total and display the complete information.

Theory: · Class - Collection of objects is called class. It is a logical entry.

"is known as an object. It can be physical and logical.

An object has 3 characteristics -

1. State - represents data of an object. 2. Behaviour - represents behaviour of an object.

3. Identity - Object identity is implemented via a unique ID. The value of ID wint visible to external user but used internally by JVM to identify each object uniquely.

A class in Java can contain: data member, method, constructor, Block.

There are many ways to create an object in JAVA.

· By new keyword · By new Instance method.

· By clone () method. · By factory method, etc.

andrision: We have leavint about class, object parametrized constructor. method to instalize object and implemented We have also studied about unstructors Also, different methods to creat an object

Program: Program for a class Student, which accepts name, roll no, marks of three subjects, calculate total from the user and displays the complete information.

```
import java.lang.*;
import java.util.*;
class Student
       String name;
       int rollno;
       int subject1 marks;
       int subject2 marks;
       int subject3 marks;
       int total;
       void basicinfo(String n,int r)
               name = n;
               rollno = r;
       void marks(int m1,int m2,int m3)
               subject 1 - marks = m1;
               subject 2 \text{ marks} = m2;
               subject3 marks = m3;
       void total()
               total = subject1 marks + subject2 marks + subject3 marks;
       void display()
               System.out.println("The information of student is as follows:");
               System.out.println("Name : " + name);
               System.out.println("Roll No.: " + rollno);
               System.out.println("Marks in Subject 1: " + subject1_marks);
               System.out.println("Marks in Subject 2: " + subject2 marks);
               System.out.println("Marks in SUbject 3: " + subject3 marks);
```

```
System.out.println("Total Marks: " + total + "/300");
}
public static void main(String[] args)
       Student s1 = new Student();
       Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
       System.out.print("Enter your name : ");
       String a = sc.nextLine();
       System.out.print("Enter your Roll No.:");
       int b = sc.nextInt();
       System.out.print("Enter marks obtained in three subjects: ");
       int a1 = sc.nextInt();
       int a2 = sc.nextInt();
       int a3 = sc.nextInt();
       s1.basicinfo(a,b);
       s1.marks(a1,a2,a3);
       s1.total();
       s1.display();
```

The output of program:

}

```
C:\Users\admin\Desktop\Java>javac Student.java
C:\Users\admin\Desktop\Java>java Student
Enter your name : Some Name
Enter your Roll No. : 99
Enter marks obtained in three subjects : 98
97
91
The information of student is as follows:
Name : Some Name
Roll No.: 99
Marks in Subject 1: 98
Marks in Subject 2: 97
Marks in SUbject 3: 91
Total Marks : 286/300
```