Computer Science C.Sc. 342

Quiz No.2 CSc or CPE

April 19, 2021

Please write your name on every page.

NO CORRECTIONS ARE ALLOWED !!!!! You may use back page for notes.

You can use any printed material (PDF FORMAT IS ALLOWED). No computers are allowed.

Please review the entire quiz first and then budget your time carefully.

Please hand write and sign statements affirming that you will not cheat:

"I will neither give nor receive unauthorized assistance on this exam. I will use only one computing device to perform this test"

Please hand write and sign here:

This quiz has 9 pages.

| Question | Your | Max |
|----------|-------|-------|
| | Grade | Grade |
| 1.1 | | 10 |
| 1.2 | | 10 |
| 1.3 | | 10 |
| | | |
| 2.1 | | 10 |
| 2.2 | | 10 |
| 2.3 | | 10 |
| 3.1 | | 2 |
| 3.2 | | 2 |
| 3.3 | | 2 |
| 3.4 | | 2 |
| 3.5 | | 2 |
| 4.1 | | 10 |
| 4.2 | | 10 |
| 4.3 | | 10 |

Total: 100

Last NAME:

First Name:

Question 1. A student is given IA-32 compiler generated listing as shown below, includes machine instructions, assembly instructions, and relative addresses of the instructions. The C source code is not displayed!

```
      0001e
      c7 45 f8 ffffffff
      mov
      DWORD PTR _i$[ebp], -1

      00025
      c7 45 ecfeffffff
      mov
      DWORD PTR _j$[ebp], -2

      0002c
      c7 45 e0 00 00 00 00 mov
      DWORD PTR _k$[ebp], 0

      00033
      8b 45 f8 mov eax, DWORD PTR _i$[ebp] eax, DWORD PTR _j$[ebp]
      eax, DWORD PTR _j$[ebp]

      00036
      03 45 ec add eax, DWORD PTR _j$[ebp]
      DWORD PTR _k$[ebp], eax
```

Please answer the following questions:

Question 1.1 (10 POINTS) What is the total length in bytes of the shown machine code. (Please give your answer using decimal numbers).

Question 1.2. (10 POINTS) Please write the corresponding C-code to the right of the assembly code.

Question 1.3 (10 POINTS) Do you have enough information to determine the values of the variables: _i\$, _j\$, _k\$?

Please answer YES or NO.

If your answer is yes

1.3.1 WHAT ARE THEIR 'SIGNED DECIMAL VALUES:

1.3.2 How compiler generated variables: i\$, j\$, k\$ are used by the code? Please describe in 1sentence.

Question 2. You are given the following C code and corresponding Disassembly window in .NET environment.

```
int main()
{
    // initialize the vars
    int f = 1;
    int g = 3;
    int h = 5;
    int i = 0;
    int j = 23;
    int k = 7;
    int save[22];

if (i == j) f = g + h;
    else f = g - h;

while (save[i] == k) i += 1;
    return 0;
}
```

FIGURE 1. C- Source code.

Please answer the following questions:

Question 2.1. (10 POINTS) Based on information displayed in Figure 2. Please the expression how addresses of variables f, g, h are computed at run –time.

g

h

Question 2.2 (10 POINTS) Can you determine the offsets to variables f, g, h? Circle around YES or NO.

If your answer is YES, please list the offset value for each variable in hex and decimal.

```
int main()
push
                                           ebp
 003413B1 8B EC
                               mov
                                           ebp, esp
 003413B3 81 EC 68 01 00 00
                               sub
                                           esp,168h
 003413B9 53
                               push
                                           ebx
 003413BA 56
                               push
                                           esi
 003413BB 57
                                           edi
                               push
 003413BC 8D BD 98 FE FF FF
                                           edi,[ebp-168h]
                               lea
 003413C2 B9 5A 00 00 00
                               mov
                                           ecx,5Ah
                                           eax,0CCCCCCCh
 003413C7 B8 CC CC CC CC
                               mov
                               rep stos
 003413CC F3 AB
                                           dword ptr es:[edi]
     // initialize the vars
     int f = 1:
 003413CE C7 45 F8 01 00 00 00 mov
                                           dword ptr [f],1
     int g = 3;
 003413D5 C7 45 EC 03 00 00 00 mov
                                           dword ptr [g],3
     int h = 5;
 003413DC C7 45 E0 05 00 00 00 mov
                                           dword ptr [h],5
     int i = 0;
 003413E3 C7 45 D4 00 00 00 00 mov
                                           dword ptr [i],0
     int j = 23;
 003413EA C7 45 C8 17 00 00 00 mov
                                           dword ptr [j],17h
     int k = 7;
 003413F1 C7 45 BC 07 00 00 00 mov
                                           dword ptr [k],7
     int save[22];
     if (i == j) f = g + h;
                                           eax,dword ptr [i]
 003413F8 8B 45 D4
                               mov
 003413FB 3B 45 C8
                               cmp
                                           eax, dword ptr [j]
 003413FE 75 0B
                               ine
                                           main+5Bh (034140Bh)
 00341400 8B 45 EC
                               mov
                                           eax, dword ptr [g]
 00341403 03 45 E0
                                           eax, dword ptr [h]
                               add
                                           dword ptr [f],eax
 00341406 89 45 F8
                               mov
 00341409 EB 09
                               jmp
                                           main+64h (0341414h)
```

Figure 2. Disassembly window.

Offset to variable f is

Offset to variable g is

Offset to variable h is

Question 2.3 (10 POINTS) After the instruction at the address 0x00341400 is executed. What will be stored in *Register EAX if your answer is value write it, if – address write it*

the **value** of variable **g** ?

or the address of variable g?

| Last | NAME: | First Name: |
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Question 3. (10 points)

Translate MIPS binary code into assembly language. Left column are addresses, right column are machine instructions. The third column is your answer- mips assembly instruction. Please justify your answer in the row below.

[0x00400054] 0x340f000f

[0x00400058] 0xafaf0028

[0x0040005c] 0x27a4002a

[0x00400060] 0x03e00008

[0x00400064] 0x27bdffd0

Question 4. (30 points) You are given a library in some directory. You know the source code of one function in the library.

```
Extern int main_stat=-11;
int myadd(intx, inty)
{
    int i = 0x800000000000005;
    int t = main_stat;
    main_stat = -2;
    t = x+ y;
    y = t+main_stat;
    returny;
    }
```

You were able to link this library to your main project file. Main() in your project calls the procedure myadd().

On the next three pages you given three snapshots in debug

mode. ----Please answer questions on each page

8

```
You have displayed Register file at INSTANCE_1:
EAX = CCCCCCCC EBX = 7F9D8000 ECX = 00000000 EDX = 00000001 ESI = 00000000
EDI = 00E6F9C8 EIP = 002B104C ESP = 00E6F8E4 EBP = 00E6F9C8 EFL = 00000206
Int myadd(int, int);
static int main_stat =-7;
int main()
002B1020 push ebp
002B1021 mov ebp,esp
002B1023 sub
                    esp,0D8h
002B1029 push ebx
002B102A push esi
002B102B push edi
002B102C lea edi,[ebp-0D8h]
002B1032 mov
                    ecx,36h
002B1037 mov
                    eax,0CCCCCCCh
002B103C rep stos dword ptr es:[edi]
      Int i = -2;
002B103E mov dword ptr [i],0FFFFFFEh
      int j = -3;
002B1045 mov dword ptr [j],0FFFFFFDh
      main_stat = 13;
002B104C mov dword ptr ds:[2B8000h],0Dh
      i=-1;
002B1056 movdwordptr [i],0FFFFFFFh
      j =7;
002B105D mov dword ptr [j],7
      // call function thatimplements addition
      // function myadd(int,int)
      j = myadd(i,j);
002B1064 mov eax, dword ptr [j]
002B1067 push eax
002B1068 mov ecx, dword ptr [i]
002B106B push ecx
002B106C call myadd (02B100Ah)
002B1071 add
                    esp,8
002B1074 mov dword ptr [j],eax
            i = main_stat;
002B1077 mov eax, dword ptr ds: [002B8000h]
002B107C mov dword ptr [i],eax
      return 0;
002B107F xor eax,eax
}
002B1081 pop edi
002B1082 pop esi
002B1083
        pop ebx
002B1084 add
                    esp,0D8h
002B108A cmp ebp,esp
002B108C call
                    _RTC_CheckEsp (02B12B0h)
002B1091 mov esp,ebp
002B1093 pop ebp
002B1094 ret
```

Questions 4.1 What is the signed hexadecimal value of an integer at the address 0X002B8000h at the instance_1?

```
You have displayed Register file at INSTANCE_2:
EAX = 00000007 EBX = 7F9D8000 ECX = FFFFFFFF EDX = 00000001 ESI = 00000000 EDI = 00E6F9C8
EIP = 002B106C ESP = 00E6F8DC EBP = 00E6F9C8 EFL = 00000206
Int myadd(int, int);
Static int main_stat =-7;
int main()
002B1020 push ebp
002B1021 mov ebp,esp
002B1023 sub
                     esp,0D8h
002B1029 push ebx
002B102A push esi
002B102B push edi
002B102C lea edi,[ebp-0D8h]
002B1032 mov
                     ecx,36h
002B1037 mov
                     eax,0CCCCCCCh
002B103C rep stos dword ptr es:[edi]
      Int i = -2;
002B103E mov dword ptr [i],0FFFFFFEh
      int j = -3;
002B1045 mov dword ptr [j],0FFFFFFDh
      main_stat = 13;
002B104C mov dword ptr ds:[2B8000h],0Dh
      i=-1;
002B1056 mov dword ptr [i],0FFFFFFFh
      j =7;
002B105D mov dword ptr [j],7
      // call function thatimplements addition
      // function myadd(int,int)
      j = myadd(i,j);
002B1064 mov eax, dword ptr [j]
002B1067 push eax
002B1068 mov ecx, dword ptr [i]
002B106B push ecx
002B106C call myadd (02B100Ah)
002B1071 add
                     esp,8
002B1074 mov dword ptr [j],eax
          i = main_stat;
002B1077 mov eax,dword ptr ds:[002B8000h]
002B107C mov dword ptr [i],eax
      return 0;
002B107F xo reax, eax
}
002B1081 pop edi
002B1082 pop esi
002B1083 pop ebx
002B1084 add
                     esp,0D8h
002B108A cmp ebp,esp
002B108C call
                     _RTC_CheckEsp (02B12B0h)
002B1091 mov esp,ebp
002B1093 pop ebp
002B1094 ret
```

Questions 4.2 What is the signed hexadecimal value of an integer at the address 0X002B8000h at the instance_2?

```
You have displayed Register file at INSTANCE_3:
EAX = 00000004 EBX = 7F9D8000 ECX = 00000000 EDX = 00000001 ESI = 00000000 EDI = 00E6F9C8
EIP = 002B1077 ESP = 00E6F8E4 EBP = 00E6F9C8 EFL = 00000216
Int myadd(int, int);
Static int main_stat =-7;
int main()
002B1020 push ebp
002B1021 mov ebp,esp
002B1023 sub
                    esp,0D8h
002B1029 push ebx
002B102A push esi
002B102B push edi
002B102C lea edi, [ebp-0D8h]
002B1032 mov
                    ecx,36h
002B1037 mov
                     eax,0CCCCCCCh
002B103C rep stos dword ptres:[edi]
      Int i = -2;
002B103E mov dword ptr [i],0FFFFFFEh
      int j = -3;
002B1045 mov dword ptr [j],0FFFFFFDh
      main stat = 13;
002B104C mov dword ptr ds:[2B8000h],0Dh
      i=-1;
002B1056 mov dword ptr [i],0FFFFFFFh
      j =7;
002B105D mov dword ptr [j],7
      // call function thatimplements addition
      // function myadd(int,int)
      j = myadd(i,j);
002B1064 mov eax, dword ptr [j]
002B1067 push eax
002B1068 mov ecx, dword ptr [i]
002B106B push ecx
002B106C call myadd (02B100Ah)
002B1071 add
                    esp,8
002B1074 mov dword ptr [j],eax
             i = main_stat;
002B1077 mov eax, dword ptr ds:[002B8000h]
002B107C mov dword ptr [i],eax
      return 0;
002B107F xor eax,eax
002B1081 pop edi
002B1082 pop esi
002B1083 pop ebx
002B1084 add
                     esp,0D8h
002B108A cmp ebp,esp
                     _RTC_CheckEsp (02B12B0h)
002B108C call
002B1091 mov esp,ebp
002B1093 pop ebp
002B1094 ret
Questions 4.3 What is the signed hexadecimal value of an integer at the
```

address 0X002B8000h at the instance_3 ?