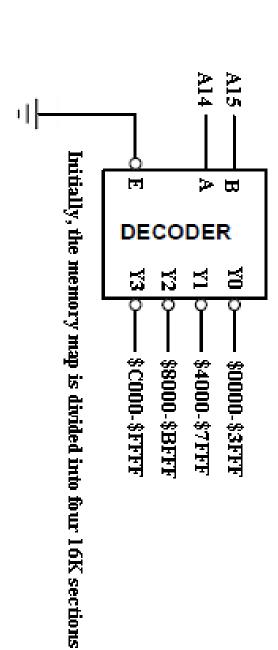
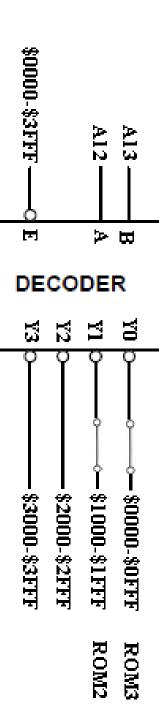
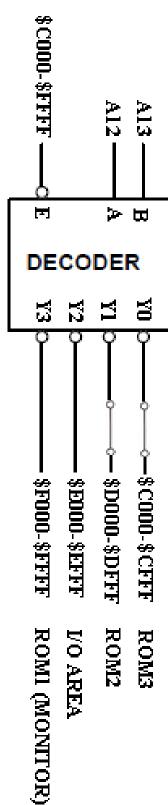
## Analysis of the Aamber Pegasus Memory Map Decoder by: J&R of http://www.GIMEchip.com/ (c)17 May 2010





\$D000-\$DFFF (ROM2). allows them to be mapped alternately at \$C000-\$CFFF (ROM3) and section to be disabled. This is because the design of the Pegasus schematic only displays the \$0000-\$0FFF and \$1000-\$1FFF decodes, two jumpers - this allows the ROM2 and ROM3 decodes of this tapped from the proper pins of the decoder chip. Note the use of the however, the \$2000-\$2FFF and \$3000-\$3FFF are decoded and may be The lowest  $16{
m K}$  is divided into four  $4{
m K}$  sections. The Aamber Pegasus



straightforward - the \$Fxxx area contains the 6809 Interrupt Vectors. This is schematic only displays the \$C000-\$CFFF (ROM3), \$D000-\$DFFF (ROM2) and is always mapped to the \$Fxxx area, as indicated. The reason for this is relatively individually to the areas shown with this decoder. The MONITOR ROM, however, the jumpers allows for these two ROMs to be re-mapped, either collectively or addressing for ROM3 and ROM2 is the \$0xxx and \$1xxx addressing. The use of in conjunction with another decoder to further decode the I/O AREA map, which Here, the upper 16K is also divided into four 4K sections. The Aamber Pegasus \$FFF0-\$FFF1 - Reserved (6809), Illegal Instruction (6309) ALWAYS be mapped into this area. The Interrupt Vectors are mapped as follows: is used for (among other things) the PIA's. In the Pegasus schematic, the two from the proper pin of the decoder chip. This area (\$EDOO-\$EFFF) is, in fact, used \$F000-\$FFFF decodes. The I/O AREA is, however, decoded and may be tapped hard-coded into the 6809 CPU and cannot be changed, thus the MONITOR must jumpers are shown "open" which indicates, or at least implies, that the default

\$FFF2-\$FFF3 - SWI3

\$FFF4-\$FFF5 - SWI2

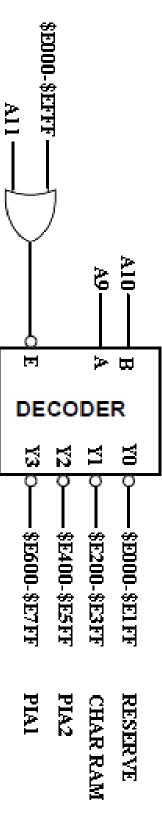
\$FFF6-\$FFF7 - FIRQ

\$FFF8-\$FFF9 - IRQ

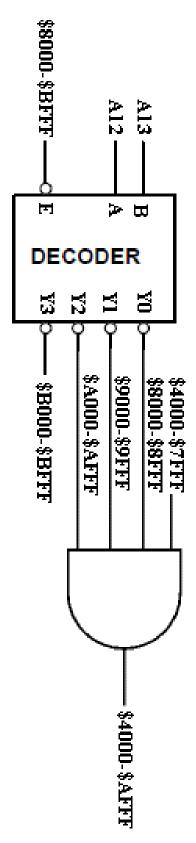
\$FFFA-\$FFFB - SWI

\$FFFC-\$FFFD - NMI \$FFFE-\$FFFF - RESET (and POWER ON)

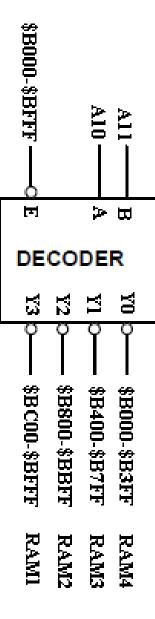
The different Interrupts will fetch the corresponding Vector from the memory as listed



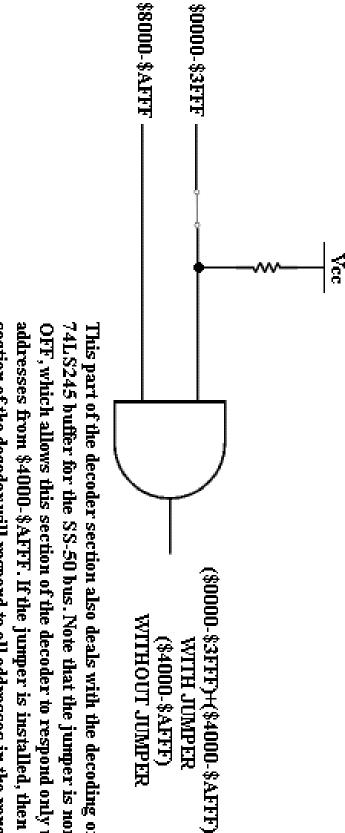
such, it is entirely possible to further decode these PIA sections into smaller blocks to allow for the addition of more PIA's or other remaining 512 byte decodes are for the two PIA's. Note that the PIA's reserved, the next 512 bytes decode the character RAM, and the two themselves DO NOT require the full 512 bytes assigned to them. As decodes it into four  $1/2{
m K}$  (512 byte) selects. The lowest 512 bytes are hardware within this area. This section of the decoder takes the lower  $2{
m K}$  of the  $4{
m K}$  1/0 area and



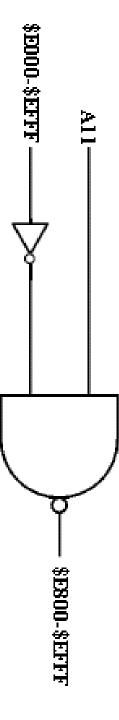
consists of two decodes - one for the \$4000-\$AFFF area, and the other only for the \$B000-\$BFFF area combines them into a single decode minus the \$B000-\$BFFF area. Basically, the output of this section to provide the decode for the 74LS245 buffer, which is intended for an SS-50 Expansion Bus (which is the Pegasus onboard RAM area.) The \$4000-\$AFFF decode is combined with further logic This section may seem a bit tricky. It takes the second and third 16K sections of the initial decode and



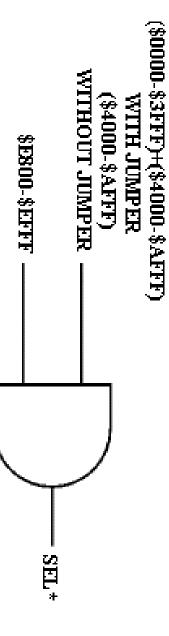
would not be needed. chips. If a single 4K RAM chip were used instead of 1K chips, then this decoder previous section and splits it into four 1K selects for the Pegasus onboard RAM This section of the decoder circuitry simply takes in the \$Bxxx select from the



section of the decoder will respond to all addresses in the range of addresses from \$4000-\$AFFF. If the jumper is installed, then this \$0000-\$AFFF. 74L S245 buffer for the SS-50 bus. Note that the jumper is normally OFF, which allows this section of the decoder to respond only to This part of the decoder section also deals with the decoding of the



This section of the decoder decodes the External I/O area of the Pegasus.



will be active on: (for the SS-50 bus expansion) and creates the active low SEL\* signal that enables the buffer. This signal This section of the decoder brings together ALL of the signals associated with the 74LS245 Data Buffer

(\$0000-\$3FFF [if related jumper is on])+(\$4000-\$AFFF)+(\$E800-\$EFFF)

(\$4000-\$AFFF)+(\$E800-\$EFFF) [if the jumper is off]