# Is Docker going to replace VMware?

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# Background


software
with specific platform
requirement

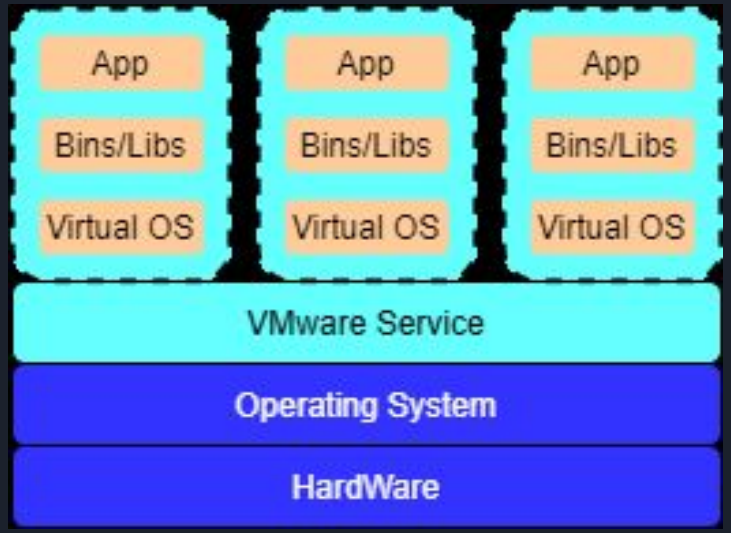

software
with specific platform
requirement

invalid
platform

vmware / docker

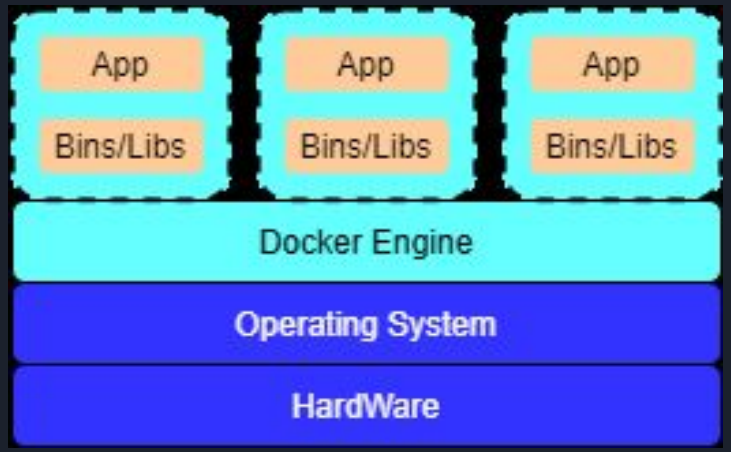

invalid
platform

# Introduction to VMware




- Provides isolation at hardware abstraction level
- Requires hypervisor layer that sits between VMware and hardware
- Each machine contains its own OS, binaries/ libs and application

# Introduction to Docker




- Provides isolation at OS level
- Only requires docker engine, hence not fully isolated
- Containers share OS/ its bins/libs with each other, but it is read-only
- Direct hardware access to the host

# Docker vs VMware - Speed

| | Docker | VMware |
|---|---|---|
| Time to start | <100 millisecond | Similar to start a OS (~5 second) |
| Application Perfomance | Depends | |

# Docker vs VMware - Space

| | Docker | VMware |
|---|---|---|
| Disk Storage | < 1 GB (Mostly) | several GB |
| RAM | < 1 GB | ~ 2 GB |

# Docker vs VMware - Monitor

| | Docker | VMware |
|---|---|---|
| Command Line User Interface |  |  |
| Graphic User Interface |  XService |  OS dependent |

# Docker vs VMware - Securty

Docker:

VMware

# Conclusion

- Docker will be more popular for general enterprise deployment that makes up some percentage  of VMware users due to its scalability & portability
- But VMware will not be obsolete (at least in the near future)
  - Transitioning from VM to Docker takes time for large enterprise
  - VMware will still have its position within the industry due to its full isolation & security