How its made: Docker



A presentation by: Joar Rutqvist and Pontus Broberg

Content

- What is Docker?
- Docker, "Under the hood"
 - o Implementation
- Docker vs VM
- Summary

What is Docker?

What is Docker?

- Open source, Linux based tool
- Uses "Containers" to package your application
- Your application can run on any other Linux machine

Docker, "Under the Hood"

How would you implement docker?

- Same OS
- Separated programs
- No access to host OS

A good start: Processes

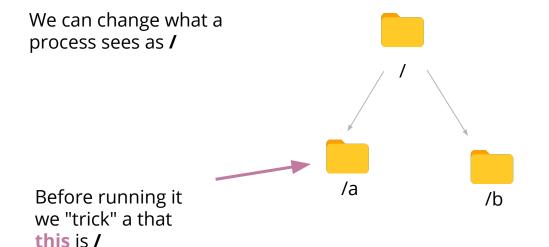
- Some isolation
- Good support for resource distribution
- Problem: Shared OS and configuration

Example: Filespace isolation

A: Creates a file "**file.txt**" in /

B: Writes a lot of gibberish into any file named file.txt in /

Isolating file systems



Crucially only a thinks that/a is actually /

We may now trick **b** that **/b** is **/**, making it unable to access **/a/file.txt**

We have split a and b's file handling into separate **namespaces**

Namespaces: What you can see

- File system Each container only sees its private sub-filesystem
- Process IDs
- Users
- Networking
- ...

We also need: Control Groups

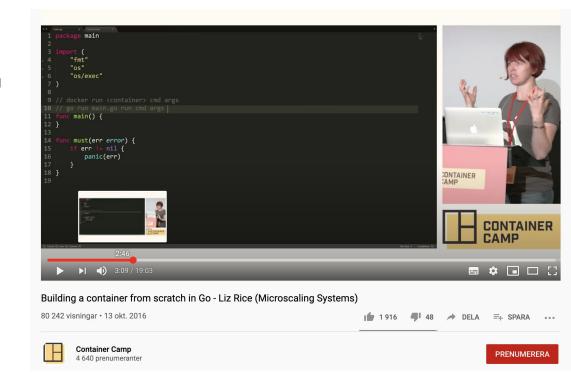
Limiting computer resources

- CPU "give each container 10% of the CPU only"
- Memory
- Disk I/O
- Device permissions
- ...

WOULD YOU LIKE TO KNOW MORE?

Please check out the talk **Building a** container from scratch in **Go** by **Liz Rice** from the conference **Container Camp** (you will get it even if you haven't used **Go**).

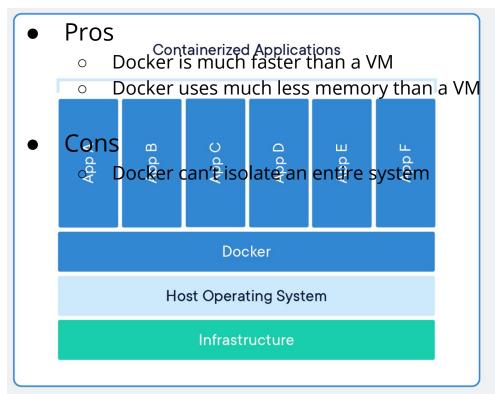
There you will get a quick look into how these ideas might be implemented using the Go programming language.

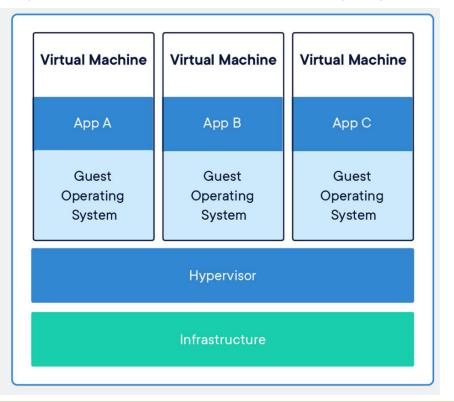


Docker vs VM

Docker vs Virtual Machine

src: https://www.docker.com/resources/what-container#/package_software





Summary

Summary

Docker provides containers

Container environments are identical everywhere

This is achieved by isolating

Thank You For Listening!