



Energy Price Predictions using SSMs

GROUP 15

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Project Objectives

- Infer energy prices in the Netherlands based on weather, energy consumption/production and temporal features.
- Develop and compare deep learning models for price forecasting
- Models evaluated
 - Deep State-Space Model (Gu et al. 2021)
 - Structured State Spaces for Sequence Modeling (Gu et al. 2022)
 - Mamba (Gu & Dao. 2023)
 - Linear Regression



Project Outline

- Data extraction and transformation
- Training each model
- Evaluating each model
- Comparison between models
- Discussion



The Dataset

Input Features:

- Spanning back 3 years: $n = 26280$
- Temperature, Solar Radiation, Wind Speed, Energy Consumption, Solar Production, Wind Production in the Netherlands
- Temporal features
 - `Is_daytime`, `sin_hour`, `cos_hour`, `price_lag_1h`

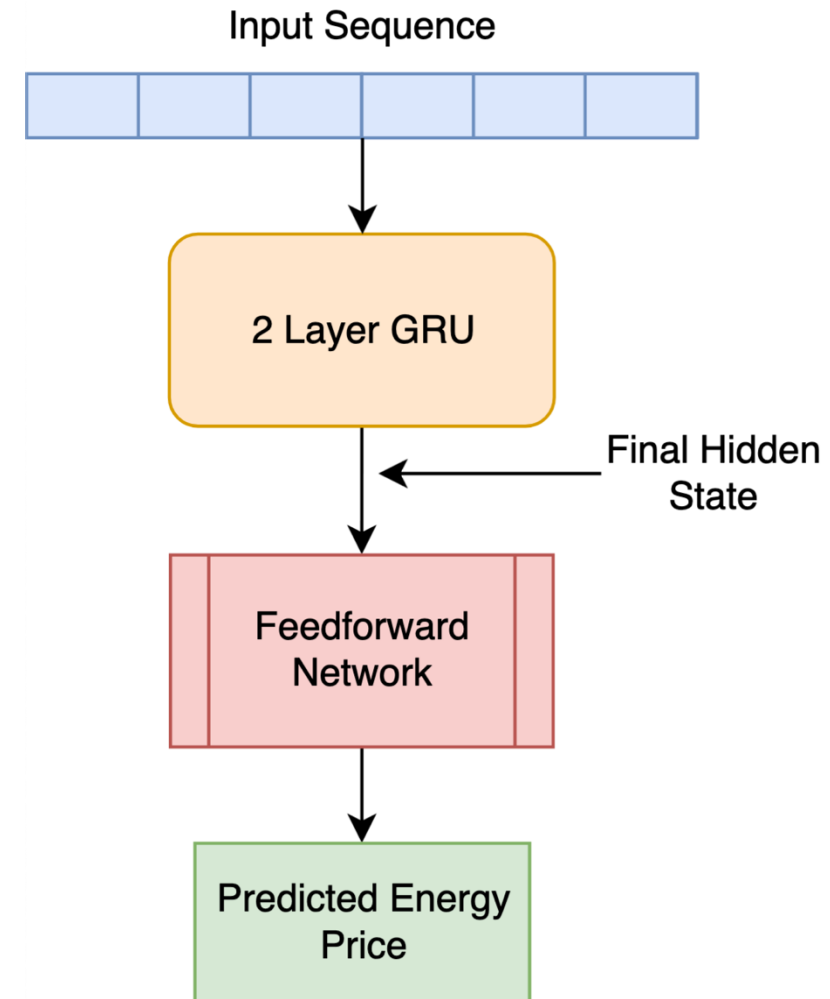
Target:

- Price (EUR/MWh)

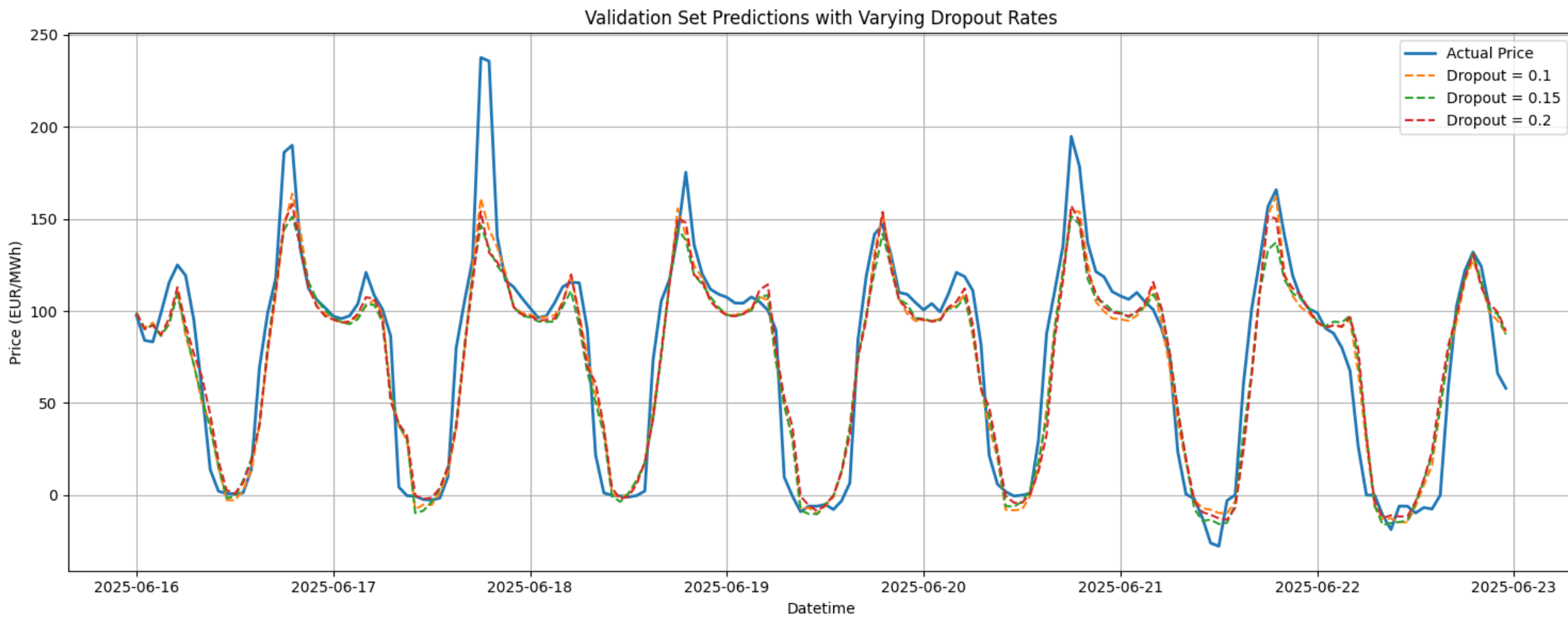
Deep State-Space Model (DSSM)

Architecture:

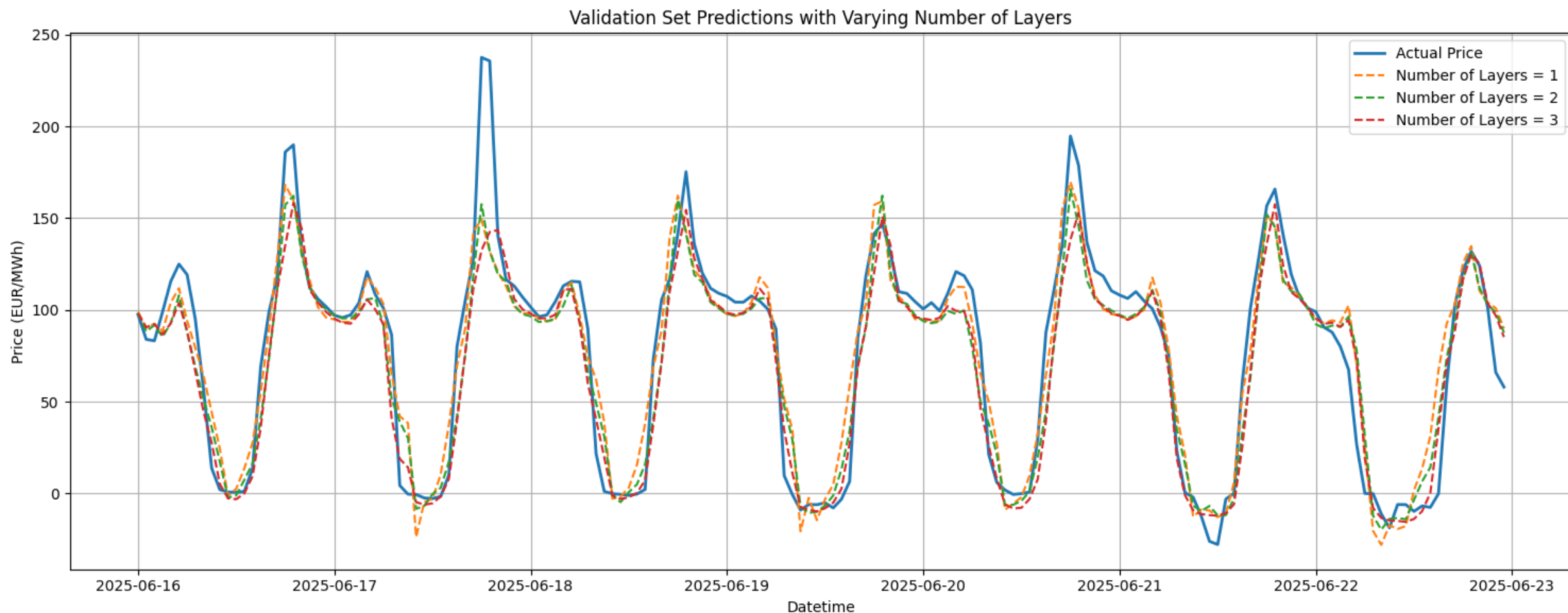
- 2 layer GRU for state representation
 - Dropout (default = 0.1) between layers
- Feedforward Network (Observational model)
 - Two hidden layers with RELU activation
 - Final linear output layer with output neuron



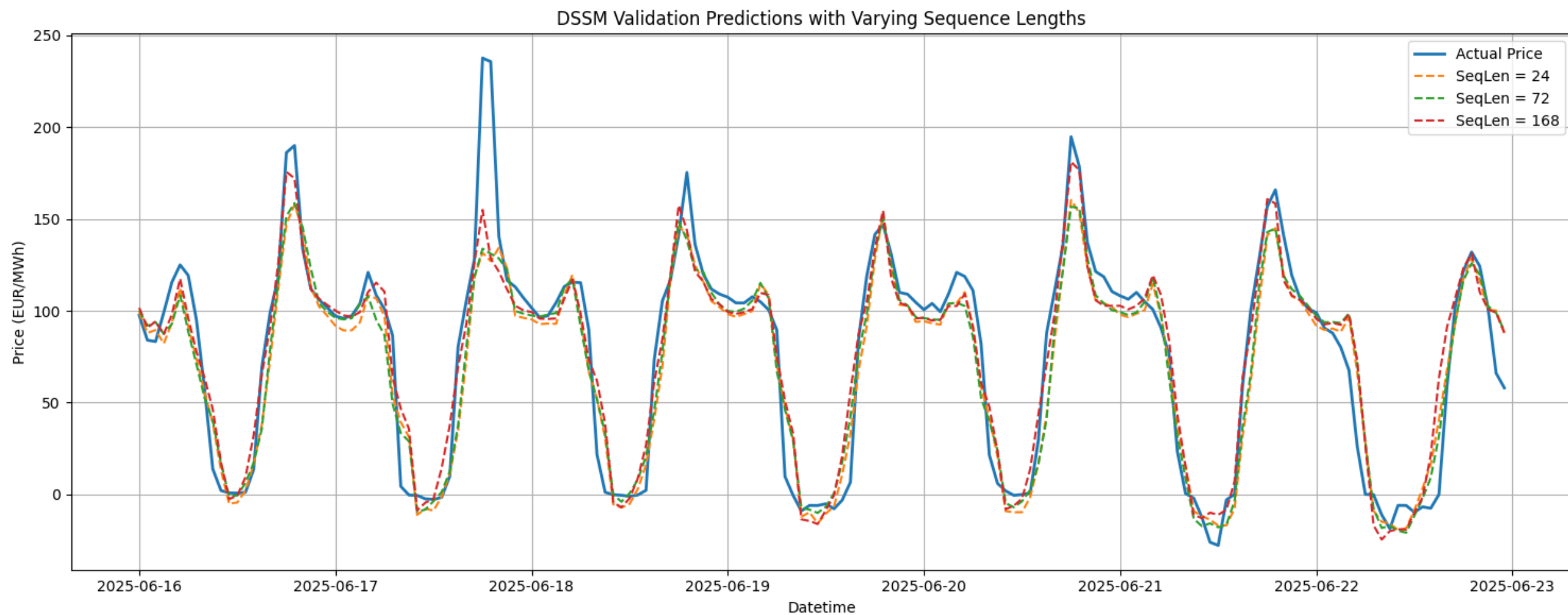
DSSM – Dropout Rate



DSSM – Number of Layers



DSSM – Sequence Length



DSSM – Hyperparameter Results

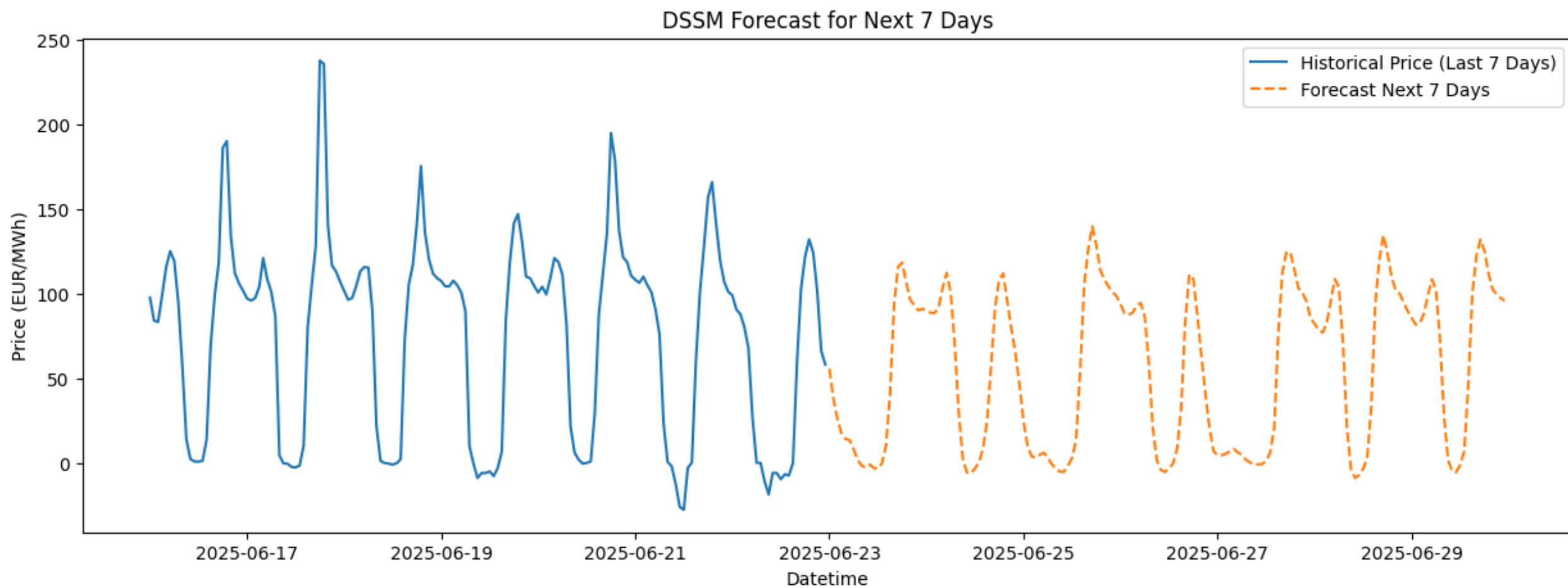
	Drop out	Sequence length	Number of layers	Evaluation Metrics			
				MAE	MSE	SMAPE	Accuracy
Drop out	0.1	24	2	13.38	366.87	50.48%	96.43%
	0.15			13.38	368.47	49.29%	98.81%
	0.2			13.85	418.23	48.70%	98.21%
Sequence length	0.15	24	2	14.52	432.39	50.30%	96.66%
		72		13.83	412.63	50.04%	98.21%
		168		12.77	386.94	44.99%	98.21%
Num layers	0.15	24	1	14.53	423.21	50.38%	97.62%
			2	14.46	408.66	49.99%	98.81%
			3	13.26	397.73	47.25%	98.21%



DSSM Results

	Short-term (0-24h)	Medium-term (24-72h)	Long-term (72-168h)
MAE	10.67	14.05	14.83
MSE	211.01	381.52	372.25
SMAPE	25.14%	71.59%	41.76%
Accuracy	100.00%	95.83%	98.96%

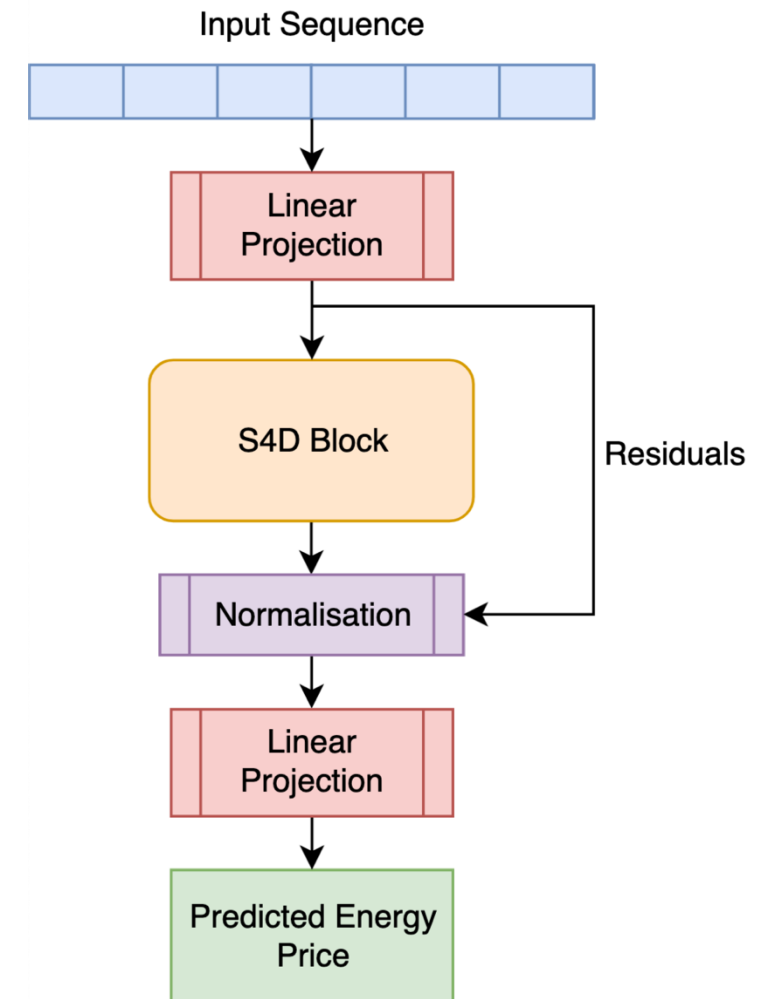
DSSM – Week Forecast



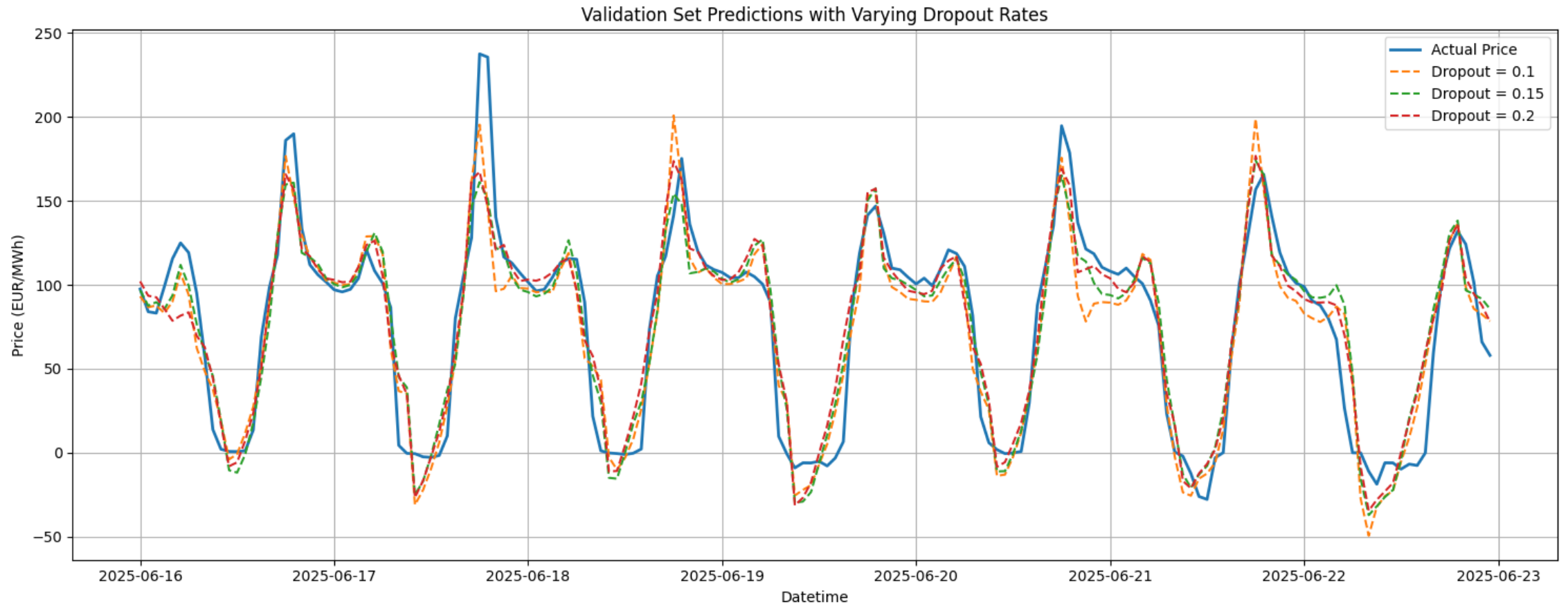
Structured State Spaces for Sequence Modeling (S4)

Architecture:

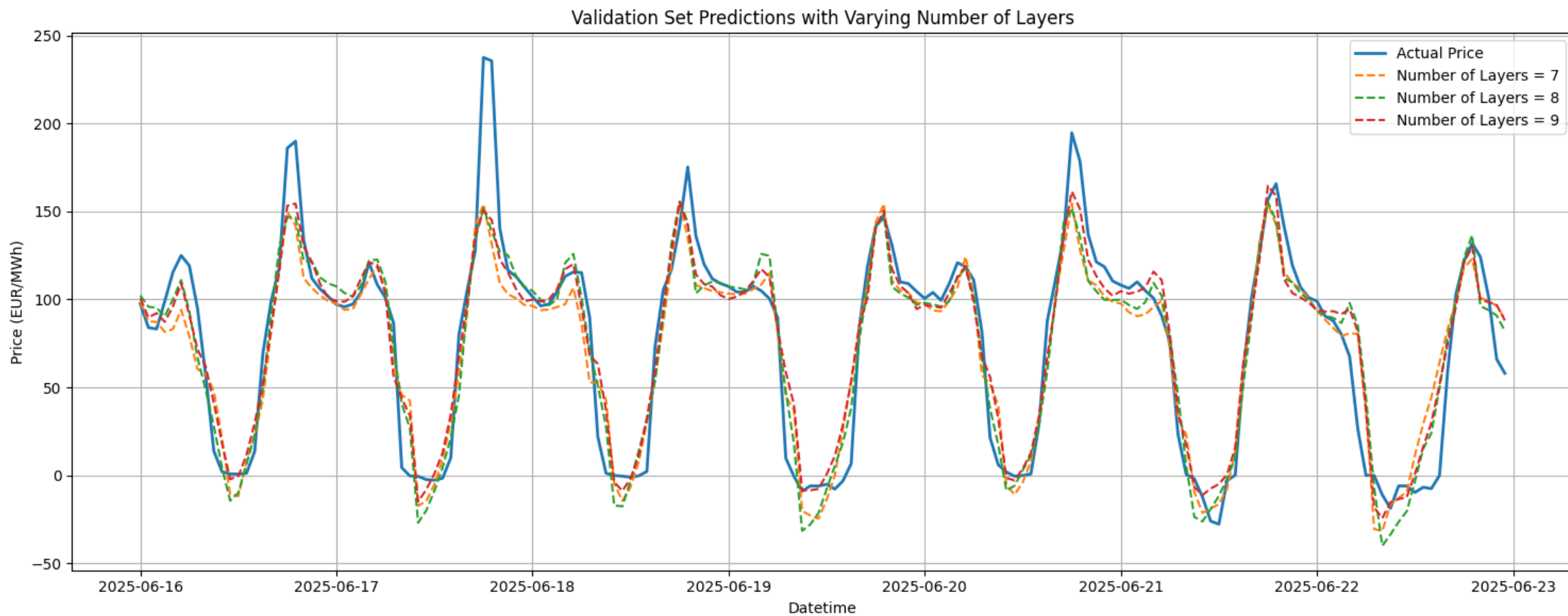
- Linear layer to project input features to hidden_size
- S4D Block (Structured State Space Layers) containing
 - Diagonal state-space dynamics (A, B, C, D matrices)
 - Learned time step (Δt) per hidden unit
 - Option for recurrent or convolutional mode
 - Residual connections and LayerNorm
- GELU activation and dropout (default=0.15) for regularization
- Final linear output layer projecting from hidden_size $\rightarrow 1$



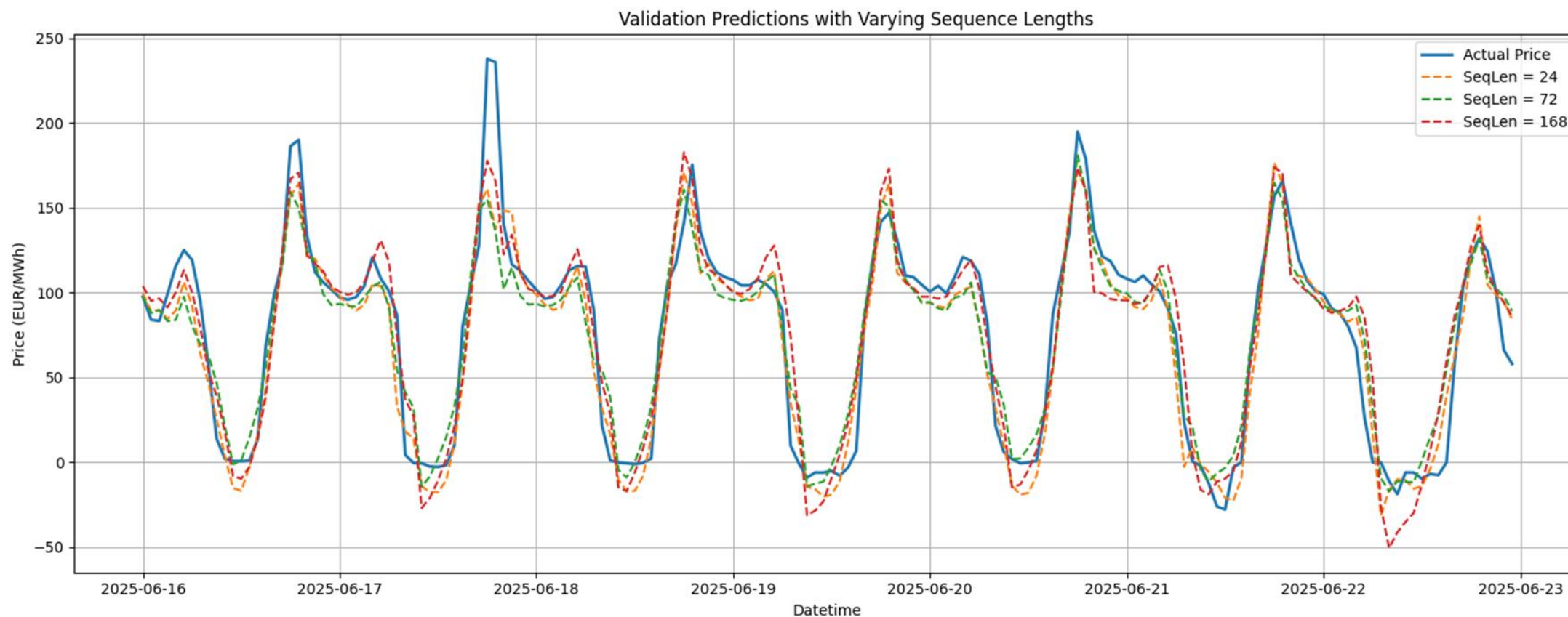
S4 – Dropout Rate



S4 – Number of Layers



S4 – Sequence Length



S4 - Hyperparameter Results

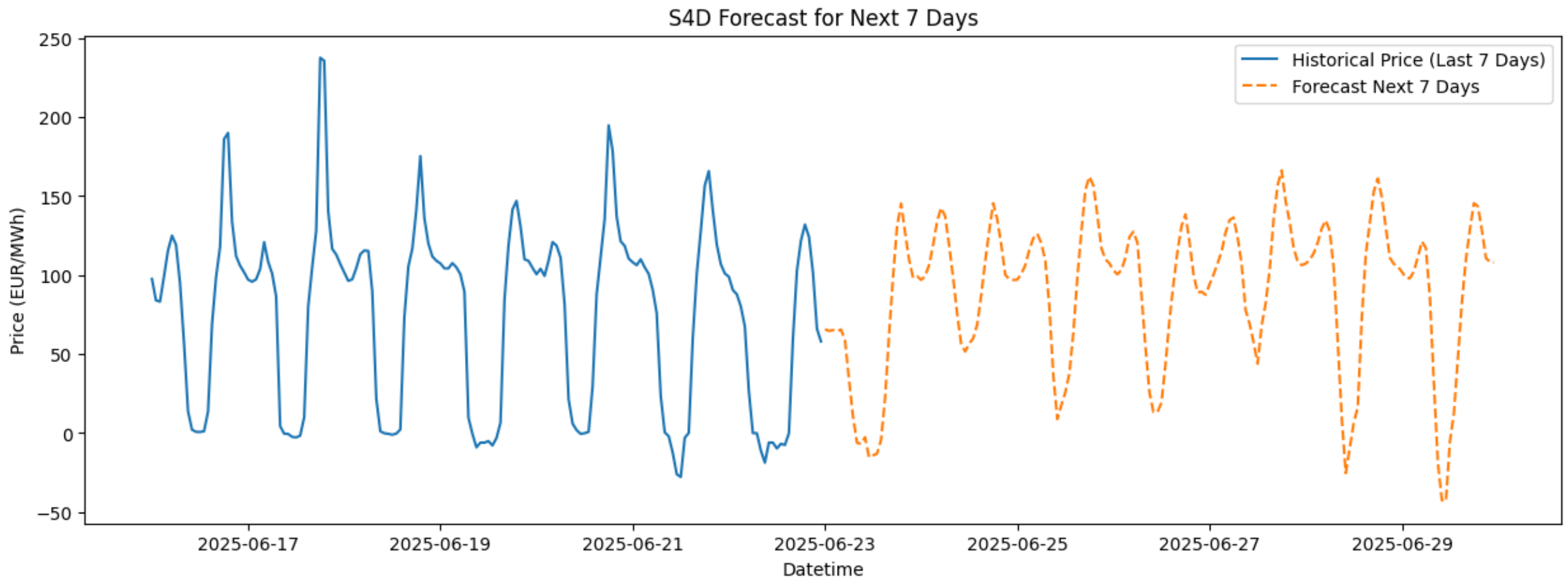
	Drop out	Sequence length	Number of layers	Evaluation Metrics			
				MAE	MSE	SMAPE	Accuracy
Drop out	0.1	72	9	16.72	459.46	55.78%	98.81%
	0.15			15.65	429.22	55.59%	98.21%
	0.2			15.42	435.02	56.62%	97.62%
Sequence length	0.2	24	9	14.05	356.33	51.22%	98.81%
		72		15.16	431.47	54.20%	98.81%
		168		15.09	400.22	54.63%	97.02%
Num layers	0.2	72	7	16.18	512.82	54.55%	98.21%
			8	14.71	412.35	53.08%	98.21%
			9	13.76	397.96	53.62%	98.81%



S4 Results

	Short-term (0-24h)	Medium-term (24-72h)	Long-term (72-168h)
MAE	18.42	14.41	18.40
MSE	446.33	374.43	537.71
SMAPE	32.20%	59.14%	43.10%
Accuracy	96.81%	96.81%	96.81%

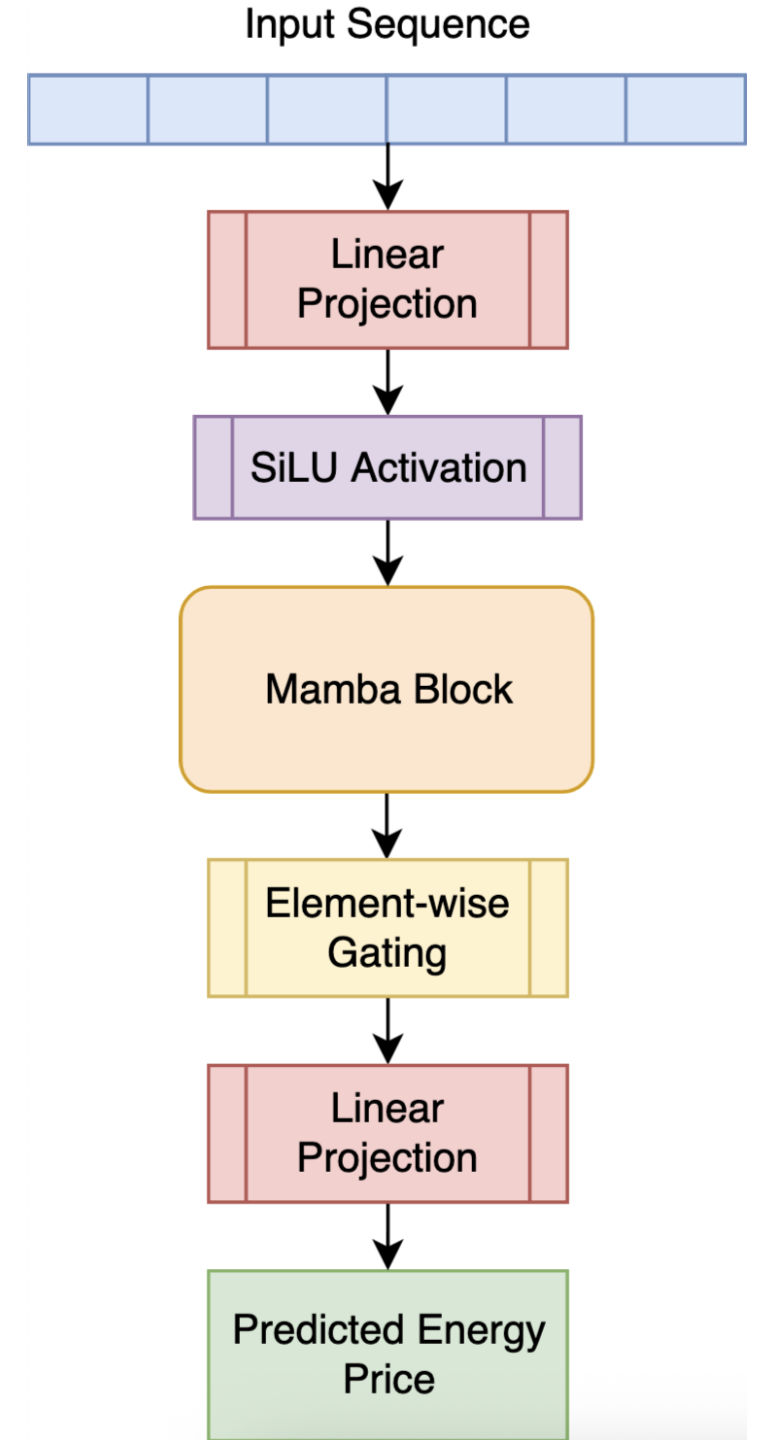
S4 – Week Forecast



Mamba

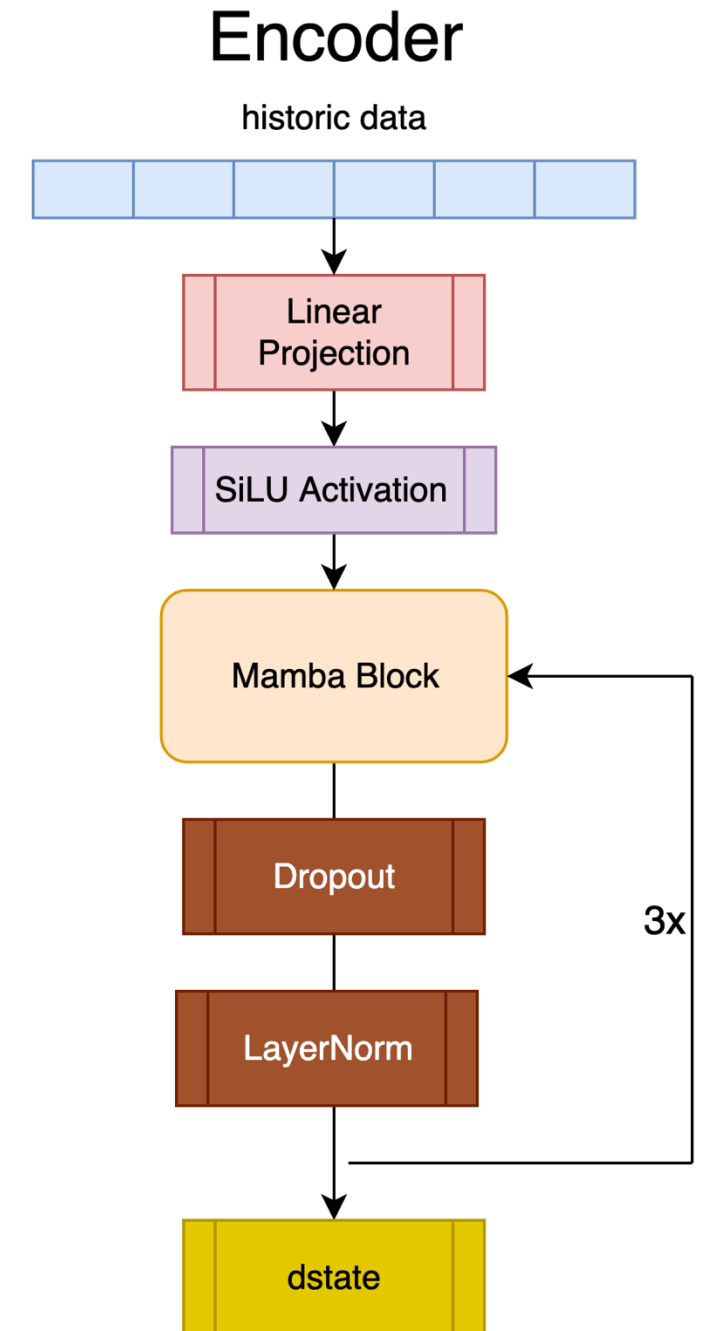
Architecture:

- Linear projection maps raw input features to hidden_size
- Mamba block
 - Depth-wise 1D convolution for token mixing
 - Structured State Space Model (SSM) with:
 - Diagonal state matrix A (log-parameterized)
 - Input-dependent B, C, and Δt (learned per time step)
 - Dynamic recurrent state update per hour
 - Query-key interaction (q_proj, k_proj) fused with SSM output
 - Element-wise gated output: $SSM_out \odot \text{SiLU}(query)$
- Final linear layer maps to a single energy price per hour



Mamba

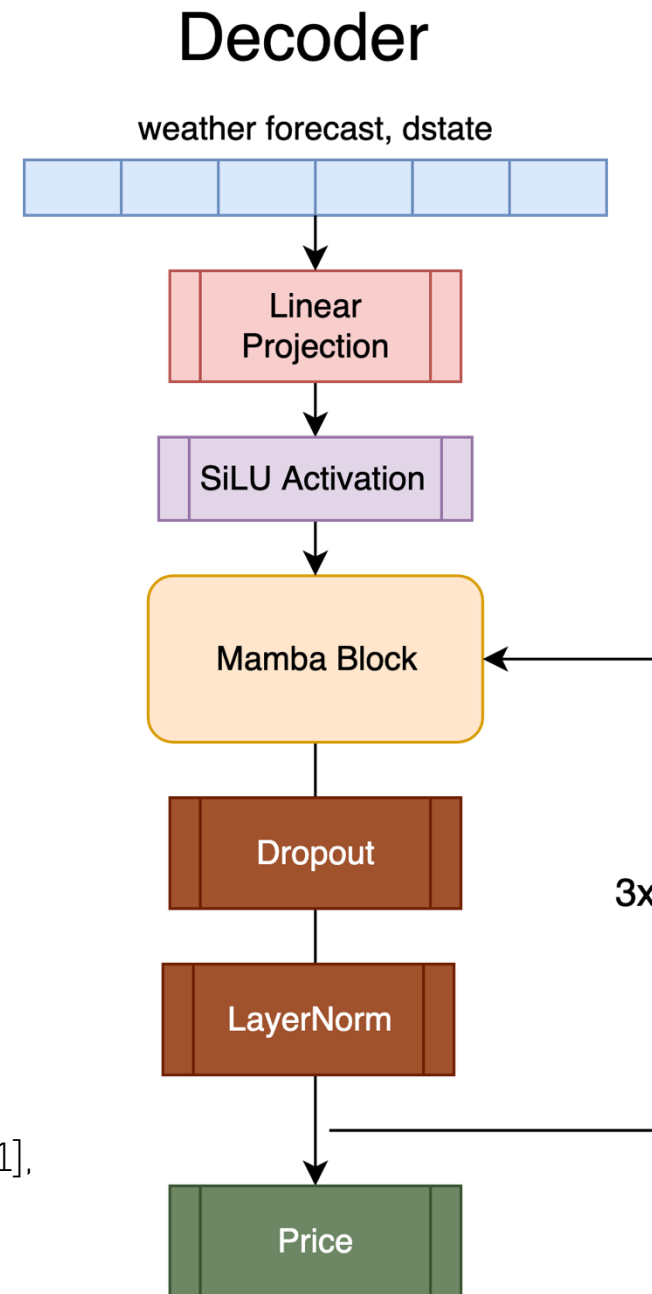
- Linear Projection
- Projects raw historical features $[B, T_{hist}, n_{hist}]$ into model dimension $[B, T_{hist}, d_{model}]$.
- Stacked Mamba Blocks (repeated layers 3x)
- Mamba SSM (diagonal AA, time- and input-dependent $B, C, \Delta t B, C, \Delta t$, per-step recurrent update)
- Dropout ($p=0.1$)
- LayerNorm over the d_{model} axis
- Residual connection around each block
- Summary Extraction
- Take the final time-step output as the encoder state ("dstatedstate"), shape $[B, d_{model}]$.



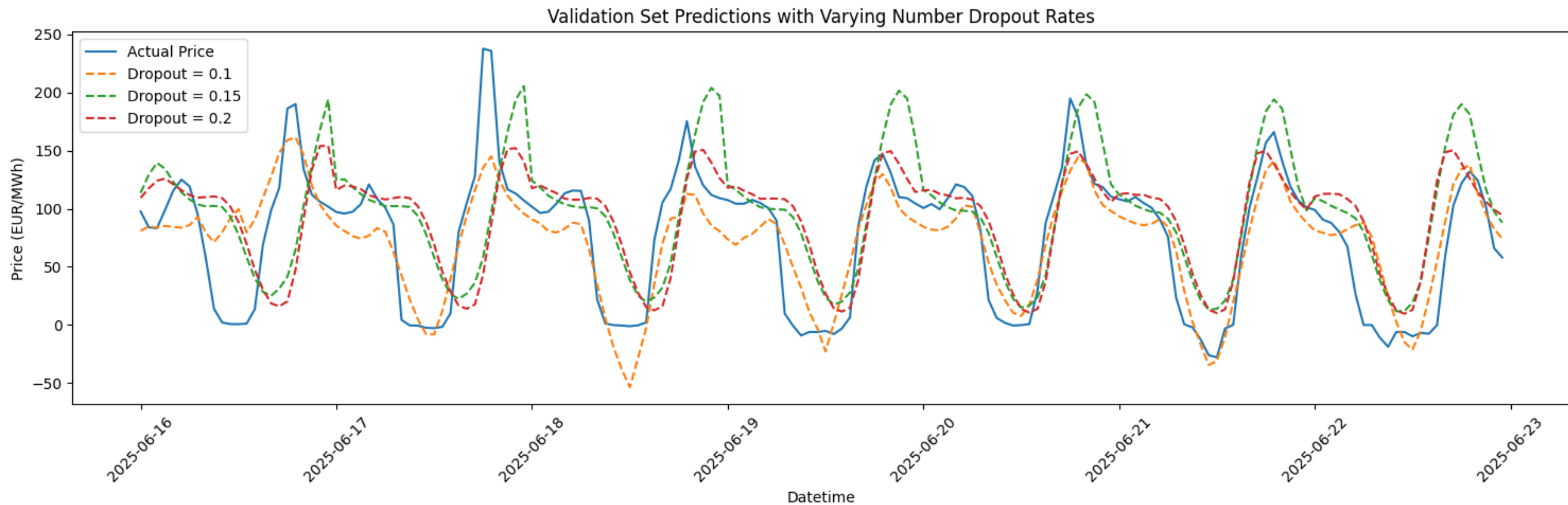
Mamba

Decoder

- Summary Injection
 - Expand the encoder state to $[B, T_{\text{fore}}, d_{\text{model}}][B, T_{\text{fore}}, d_{\text{model}}]$ and **concatenate** with forecast features $[B, T_{\text{fore}}, n_{\text{fore}}][B, T_{\text{fore}}, n_{\text{fore}}]$, yielding $[B, T_{\text{fore}}, n_{\text{fore}} + d_{\text{model}}][B, T_{\text{fore}}, n_{\text{fore}} + d_{\text{model}}]$.
- Linear Projection
 - Map to $[B, T_{\text{fore}}, d_{\text{model}}][B, T_{\text{fore}}, d_{\text{model}}]$.
- Stacked Mamba Blocks ($\times n_{\text{layers}}$)
 - Same Mamba + Dropout + LayerNorm + residual pattern as the encoder.
- Output Head
 - Final linear layer from $[B, T_{\text{fore}}, d_{\text{model}}][B, T_{\text{fore}}, d_{\text{model}}]$ to $[B, T_{\text{fore}}, 1][B, T_{\text{fore}}, 1]$, producing the hourly energy price forecast.

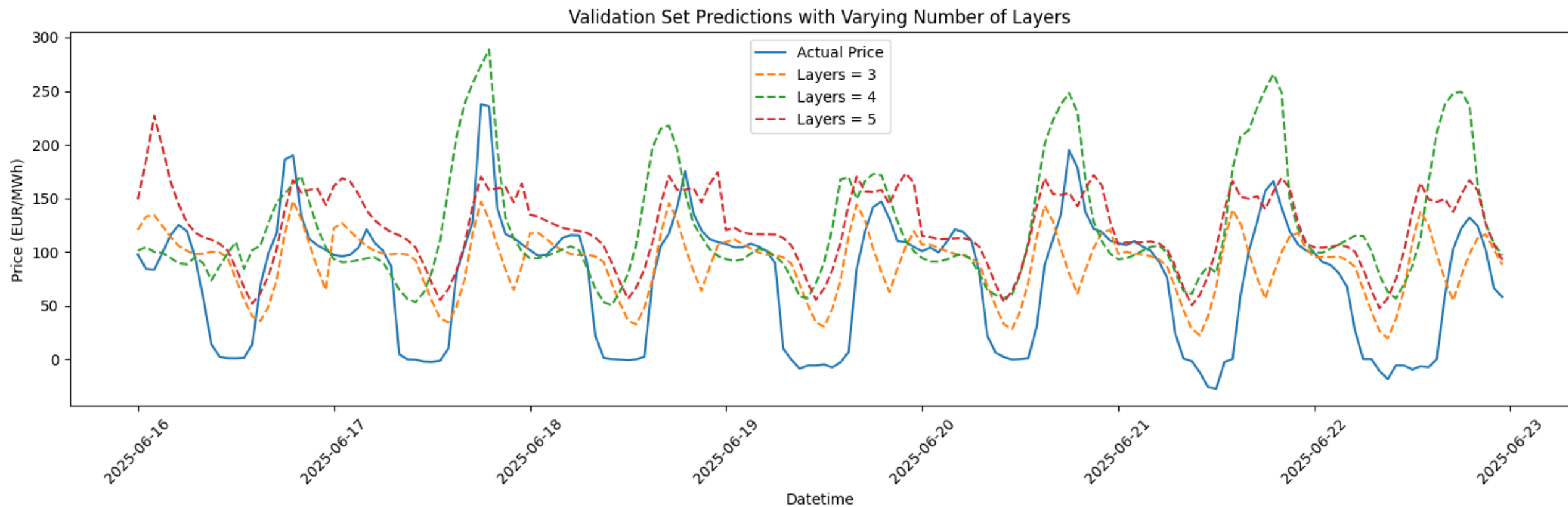


Mamba – Dropout Rate

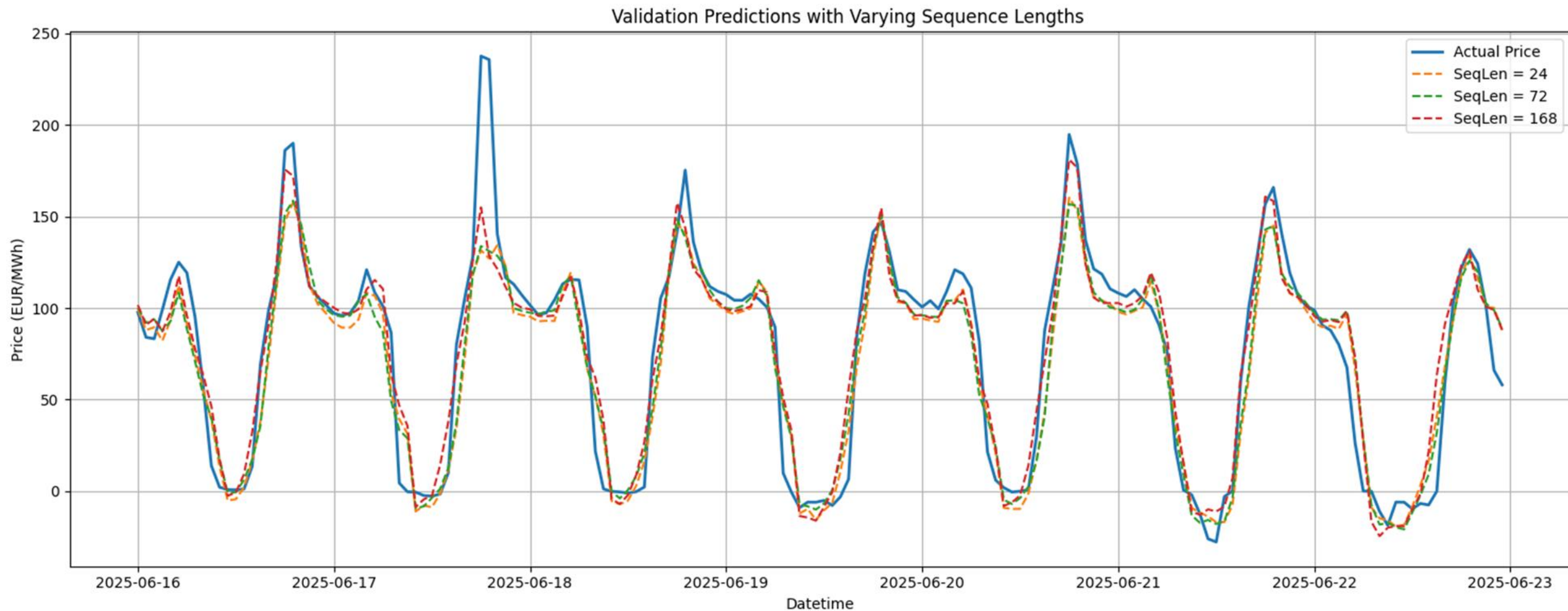




Mamba – Number of Layers



Mamba – Sequence Length



Mamba – Hyperparameter Results

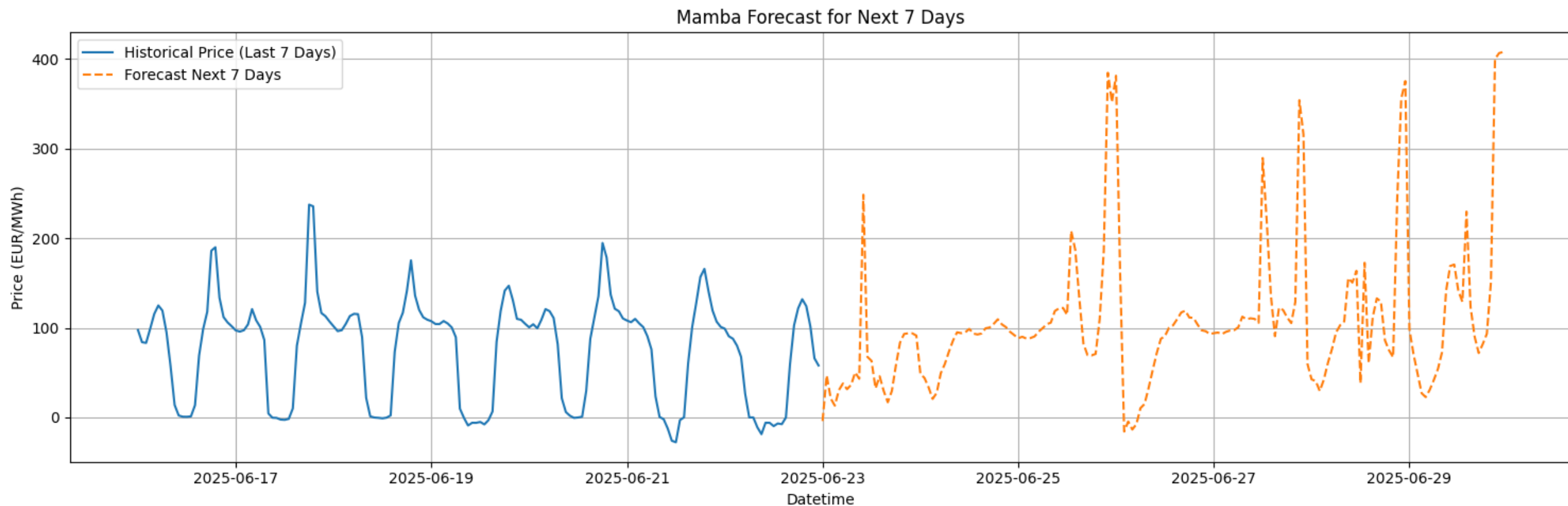
	Drop out	Sequence length	Number of layers	Evaluation Metrics			
				MAE	MSE	SMAPE	Accuracy
Drop out	0.1	24	3	23.92	989.03	62.94%	91.67%
	0.15	24	3	41.78	2870.68	81.31%	72.02%
	0.2	24	3	39.14	2855.42	80.74%	76.19%
Sequence length	0.1	24	3	30.49	1881.77	69.34%	83.93%
		72	3	21.85	830.15	61.40%	96.43%
		168	3	32.56	1714.57	72.32%	83.33%
Num layers	0.1	24	3	39.74	2696.02	76.73%	75.60%
			4	54.24	5260.57	77.98%	60.71%
			5	51.51	4165.23	78.38%	61.90%



Mamba Results

	Short-term (0-24h)	Medium-term (24-72h)	Long-term (72-168h)
MAE	23.59	20.77	21.95
MSE	784.97	965.13	773.96
SMAPE	57.29%	54.45%	45.94%
Accuracy	100.00%	95.83%	95.83%

Mamba – Week Forecast





Model comparison

Model	Hyperparameters			Evaluation Metrics			
	Drop out	Sequence length	Number of layers	MAE	MSE	SMAPE	Accuracy
DSSM	0.15	168	2	13.32	373.24	51.28%	97.50%
S4D	0.2	72	9	16.39	466.67	56.19%	97.50%
Mamba	0.15	72	3	21.85	830.15	61.40%	96.43%
LR	n/a	n/a	n/a	48.74	4395.58	60.03%	69.52%



Discussion

- All models performed better than baseline (linear regression)
- Models are not great at predicting price volatility; high SMAPE values (51.28%-60.03%)
 - Model was trained on MAE loss; focused on averages and not extremes
 - Use probabilistic forecasting (Gaussian likelihood)
 - Add more volatility features (momentum indicators)
- Diminishing returns from layers, more layers didn't necessarily improve performance but increased training times
- Models get worse the further they are from the current day
- DSSM outperformed all models
- Mamba model did not include temporal features
 - Could not learn patterns within time intervals as effectively when inferring data
- Possible improvements
 - More specific temporal features (seasonal)
 - Dataset larger than 3 years for deeper training



Q&A

References

- <https://github.com/gnovack/easy-ssm>
- Gu, A., Johnson, I., Goel, K., Saab, K., Dao, T., Rudra, A., & Ré, C. (2021). Linear State-Space Layers: Combining Recurrent, Convolutional, and Continuous-time Models with Linear State Space Layers. *arXiv preprint arXiv:2110.13985*. <https://arxiv.org/abs/2110.13985>
- Gu, A., Goel, K., Gupta, A., & Ré, C. (2022). On the parameterization and initialization of diagonal state space models. *arXiv preprint arXiv:2206.11893*. <https://arxiv.org/abs/2206.11893>
- Gu, A., & Dao, T. (2023). Mamba: Linear-time sequence modeling with selective state spaces. *arXiv preprint arXiv:2312.00752*. <https://arxiv.org/abs/2312.00752>