线代基础

- ① 方阵与同量运算时,可以将
- 17 马氏距离,没

$$\Delta^2 = (X - \mu)^T \Xi^T (X - \mu)$$

2> 协方差距阵的性质

则 以为正纯阵 祖中是

兄尾实对称距阵,其特征同量至相亚。

37 将 Snm 鞋为矢阵和形式。 Snm 建指: 艺 Zui = 艺 Jul;

其,
$$\Lambda = \begin{pmatrix} \lambda_1 \\ \lambda_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

47 轴旋

数

$$Z = \Lambda u u^{T} = \sum_{i=1}^{N} u_{i} u_{i}^{T}$$

 $Z^{T} = (\Lambda u u^{T})^{T} = (u^{T})^{T} u^{T} \Lambda^{T} = u u^{T} \Lambda^{T} = u \Lambda^{T} u^{T}$
 $= \sum_{i=1}^{N} \frac{1}{L} u_{i} u_{i}^{T}$

57 3氏距离转换。

$$\Delta^{2} = (x - \mu^{2})^{T} Z^{-1} (x - \mu)$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^{d} \frac{1}{\lambda_{i}} (x - \mu)^{T} u_{i} u_{i}^{T} (x - \mu)$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^{d} \frac{1}{\lambda_{i}} [u_{i}^{T} (x - \mu)]^{2}$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^{d} \frac{1}{\lambda_{i}} [u_{i}^{T} (x - \mu)]^{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow y = u_{i}^{T} (x - \mu) \Rightarrow \Delta^{2} = \sum_{i=1}^{d} \lambda_{i}^{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow y \Rightarrow \lambda^{2} \Rightarrow \lambda^$$