Sae S2.04

- 1 Distribution table of Nutri-Score for pizzas, pies, and quiches:
- 3 Saturated fat content in pizzas, pies, and quiches according to the Nutriscore.
- 4 Bar chart of the percentage of vegetarian products in each nutriscore category
- 5 Amount of sugar in pizzas, pies and quiches according to Nutriscore Conclusion

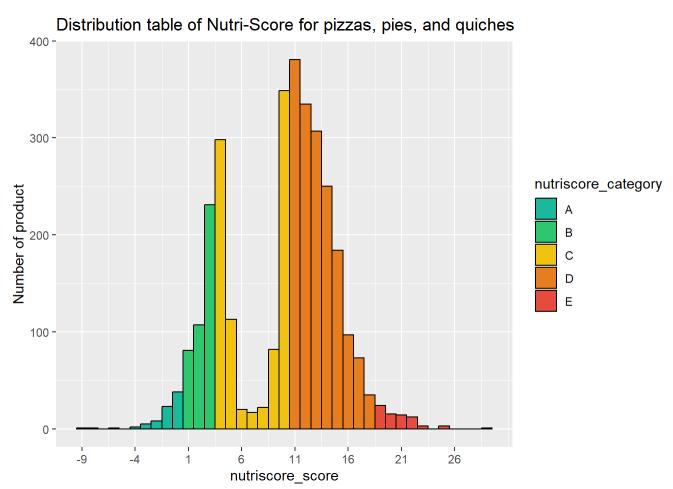
• 2 - Percentage of organic products for each Nutri-Score category

The Nutri-Score is a food product rating system, assigning a grade ranging from "A" to "E". It is calculated using an algorithm based on points allocated according to the quantity of energy, simple sugars, saturated fatty acids, sodium, fibers, and proteins.

Our study will focus on the relationship between Nutri-Score and pizzas, pies, and quiches in the United States. Our dataset contains approximately 3000 products.

- 1. Initially, we will analyze the distribution of Nutri-Scores for all products in the category.
- 2. Subsequently, we will observe the percentage of organic products for each Nutri-Score category.
- 3. Following that, we will examine the saturated fat composition according to Nutri-Score.
- 4. We will then assess the percentage of vegetarian products for each Nutri-Score category. 5. Finally, we will analyze the Amount of sugar in pizzas, pies and quiches according to Nutriscore

1 - Distribution table of Nutri-Score for pizzas, pies, and quiches:

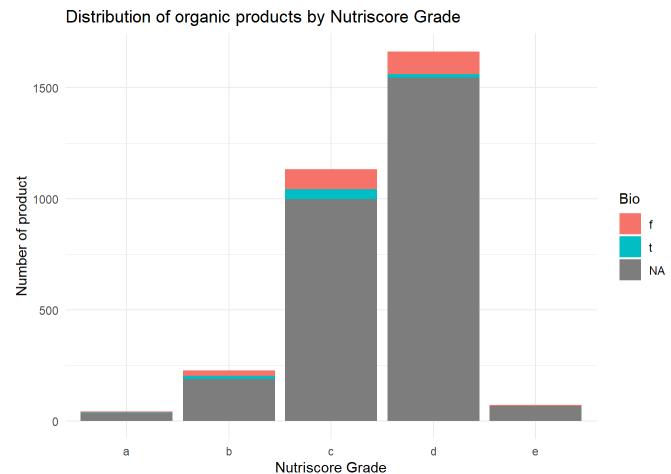


This histogram visualizes the distribution of products based on their nutriscore. Firstly, we can distinguish two segments regarding pizzas, quiches, and pies those where the nutriscore is higher than 10, meaning that the nutriscore is D and those were it is lower than 6 meaning that the nutriscore is either A or B.

this separation is due to a negative peek in the middle of the C category, indeed most of the product in the C category have a nutriscore close to a B nutriscore or a D one

we can then deduce that products in the Pizzas, Quiches, and Pies category are generally at the two extremes, either well-rated or poorly rated.

2 - Percentage of organic products for each Nutri-Score category

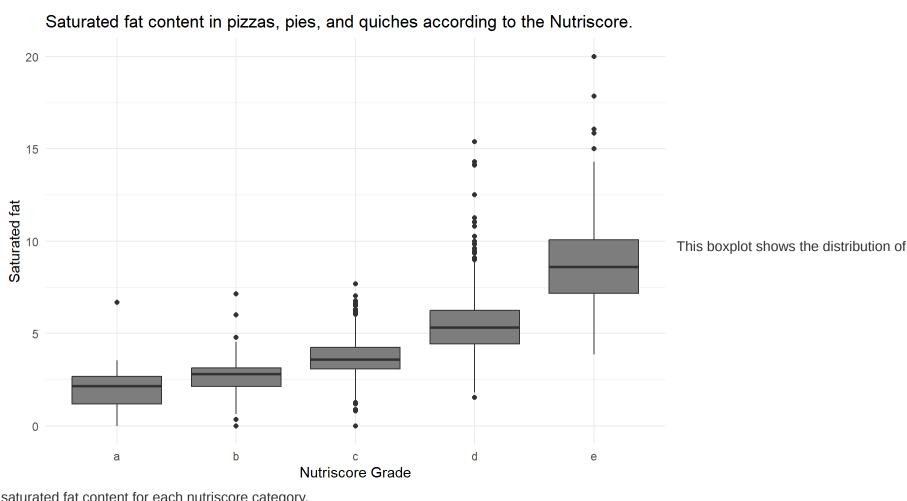


Number of Organic product : 77

Total number of products 3133 ## percentage of organic product on this dataset : 2.457708 %

This second histogram show the percentage of organic product (in blue) compared to the rest of the product in the same nutriscore category we can deduce from the data that we have here that being an organic product or not doesn't necessarily means a better nutriscore grade and that, in general, pizza quiche and pie aren't really the type of product to be organic, in fact, when we are counting the number of organic product compared to the total product we observe that the number of organic product is insignificant compared to the rest But we have to be carefull with those data since they might not be enough to make a clear conclusion as there are a lot of product where the field is not filled in

3 - Saturated fat content in pizzas, pies, and quiches according to the Nutriscore.



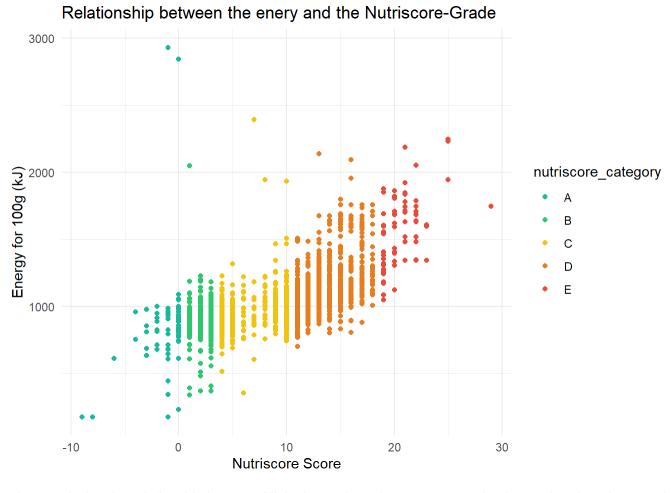
saturated fat content for each nutriscore category.

We can observe a link between saturated fat content and the nutriscore.

Saturated fat content is therefore an important factor in calculating the score.

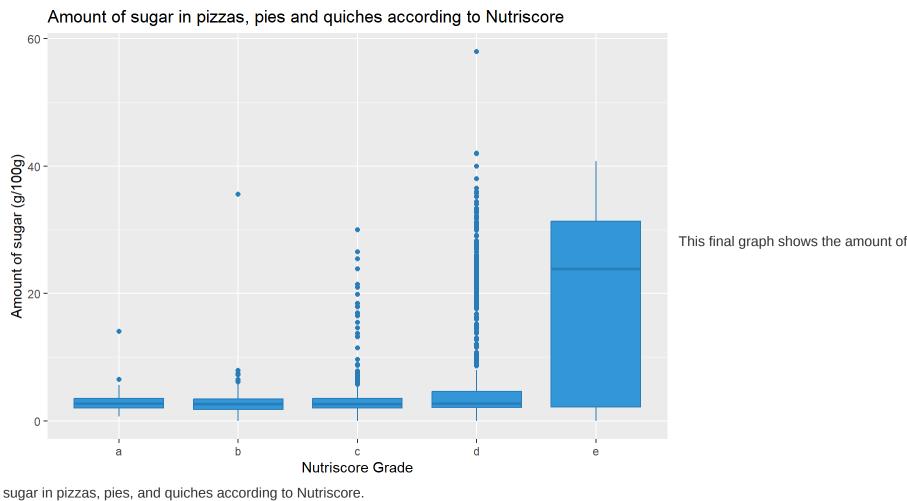
The higher the saturated fat content, the lower the nutriscores.

4 - Bar chart of the percentage of vegetarian products in each nutriscore category



When Analyzing the relationship between kilojoules and Nutri-Score we can clearly see that there is a trend where product with a lower Nutriscore-Grade also have a lower energy intake than those with a higher Nutriscore-Grade nonetheless we also see points where the amount of energy is super high despite being supposedly "Healthier products" having a Nutriscore-Grade around the A metrics

5 - Amount of sugar in pizzas, pies and quiches according to Nutriscore



sugar in pizzas, pies, and quiches according to Nutriscore.

It can be seen that for the "A", "B", "C", and "D" categories, the amount of sugar does not seem to influence the Nutriscore.

However, for the "E" category, there is a significant amount of sugar observed.

Therefore, it can be concluded that a low sugar content will not positively influence the Nutriscore. However, a high sugar content will impact the score and result in an "E" category rating.

Conclusion To conclude and sum everything up. We can define that the Nutriscore is mostly impacted by the saturated fat and the amount of sugar in one

rating Now regarding the food family we had to focus on which were Pizzas, quiches and Pies in the US, they are having two very differents dynamics in Nutriscore Rating, they either have a really good Nutriscore-Grade, such as A or B or a very bad one such as D, this huge difference could be explainened by the way pizza quiches and pie are mad, since they are a very diverse type of food, there are one made with healthier ingredient containing lower saturated fat and sugar, and others made with less healthier ingredient which impacts the nutriscore poorly and create those two dynamics when we study the nutriscore of this type of food

product resulting in an increase of the amount of energy it brings to one's body, however a product being organic doesn't really affect it's Nutriscore