

$$\textcircled{1} \sin^{-1}(\sqrt{3}/2) = \pi/3 = 60^\circ$$

$$\textcircled{17} \arcsin(\sin \pi/2) = \pi/2$$

$$\textcircled{2} \cos^{-1}(-1) = \pi$$

$$\textcircled{18} \arccos(\cos \pi/8) = 15^\circ = \pi/8$$

$$\textcircled{3} \tan^{-1} \sqrt{3} = \pi/3$$

$1/2 / \sqrt{3}/2$

$$\textcircled{4} \arccos(-\sqrt{2}/2) = 3\pi/4$$

$$\textcircled{5} \arctan(-1/\sqrt{3}) = -\pi/6$$

$\sqrt{3}/2 / 1/2$

$$\textcircled{6} \arcsin(-1) = -\pi/2$$

$$\textcircled{7} \tan^{-1} 1 = \pi/4$$

$\sqrt{2}/2 / \sqrt{2}/2$

$$\textcircled{8} \sin^{-1}(0) = 0$$

$$\textcircled{9} \cos^{-1} 2\pi = \text{undefined}$$

$$\textcircled{10} \arctan 0 = 0$$

$$\textcircled{11} \sin[\sin^{-1}(1/4)] = 1/4$$

$$\textcircled{12} \cos[\cos^{-1}(4/3)] = \text{undefined}$$

greater than 1

$$\textcircled{13} \cos[\cos^{-1}(3/4)] = 3/4$$