### Introduction to Scientific Python

Iñigo Aldazabal Mensa – Centro de Física de Materiales (CSIC-UPV/EHU)

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### Why Python?



### Why Python?

Python is inherently slow compared to C/C++ or FORTRAN, so why Python for Scientific Computing?

Python is slow, but...

Syntactically, Python code looks like executable pseudo code. Program development using Python is 5-10 times faster than using C/C++...

The best approach is often to write only the performance-critical parts of the application in C++ or Java, and use Python for all higher-level control and customization.

- Guido van Rossum

### Why Python?

### We have (for free)

- A general purpose language with a huge spectrum of freely available libraries for almost anything you can think of.
- A very easy to learn (and read) language that smoothly interfaces with C/C++ and FORTRAN (eg. calculation kernels).
- Lots of wrappers for well stablished, fast and long time tested numerical packages.
- Lots of high level utility libraries for scientific computing: plotting, data analisys, parallelization, ...

### Why Python? Batteries Included



Hauldon 200

# PYTHON: BATTERIES INCLUDED

Iñigo Aldazabal

Introduction to Scientific Python

### Python Scientific Computing Environment





SciPy (pronounced "Sigh Pie") is a Python-based ecosystem of open-source software for mathematics, science, and engineering. In particular, these are some of the core packages:



NumPv Base N-dimensional array package



SciPv library **Fundamental** library for scientific computing



Matplotlib Comprehensive 2D Plotting

IP[y]: **IPvthon** 

**IPvthon** Enhanced

Interactive Console



Sympy Symbolic mathematics



pandas Data structures & analysis

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Data structures & analysis

### NumPy



NumPy Base N-dimensional array package







NumPy is the fundamental package for scientific computing with Python. It contains among other things:

- a powerful N-dimensional array object
- sophisticated (broadcasting) functions
- tools for integrating C/C++ and Fortran code
- useful linear algebra, Fourier transform, and random number capabilities

### NumPy



NumPy Base N-dimensional array package







```
import numpy as np

# Create a numpy array, x
x = np.array( [1.1, 1.3, 1.5] )
y = np.sin(x)

# create a random two dimensional numpy array, A
A = np.random.rand(3,3)

A.transpose()
A.trace()
```

### SciPy





SciPy library Fundamental library for scientific computing





SciPy is a collection of mathematical algorithms and convenience functions built on the Numpy extension of Python.

Much of SciPy is a thin layer of code on top of the C and FORTRAN scientific routines that are freely available at http://www.netlib.org/.

Provides the user with high-level commands and classes for manipulating and visualizing data.

With SciPy an interactive Python session becomes a data-processing and system-prototyping environment rivaling sytems such as MATLAB, IDL, Octave, R-Lab, and SciLab.

### SciPy





SciPy library Fundamental library for scientific computing





#### SciPy subpackages (some of them)

- constants: Physical and mathematical constants
- fftpack: Fast Fourier Transform routines
- integrate: Integration and ordinary differential equation solvers
- interpolate: Interpolation and smoothing splines
- linalg: Linear algebra
- optimize: Optimization and root-finding
- signal: Signal processing
- special: Special functions
- **.**.

### SciPy





SciPy library Fundamental library for scientific computing



```
Python Enhanced Interactive Console
```

```
import numpy as np
from scipy.special import gamma

x = np.array( [1.1, 2., 3.] )
y = gamma(x)

print (y)
```

```
[ 0.95135077, 1. , 2. ]
```

### matplotlib







Matplotlib Comprehensive 2D Plotting



matplotlib is a Python 2D plotting library which produces publication quality figures in a variety of hardcopy formats and interactive environments across platforms.

matplotlib can be used in Python scripts, the IPython shell, Jupyter Notebooks (ala MATLAB $\Re$ ) or Mathematica $\Re$ ), and several graphical user interface toolkits.

For simple plotting the pyplot interface provides a MATLAB-like interface, particularly when combined with the <code>IPython</code> / <code>Jupyter</code> environment.

matplotlib

### SciPy



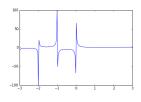




Matplotlib Comprehensive 2D Plotting



```
import numpy as np
from scipy.special import gamma
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
x = np.linspace( start=-3., stop
    =3., num=200)
y = gamma(x)
plt.plot(x,y)
plt.savefig("gamma.png")
```



matplotlib

### SciPy



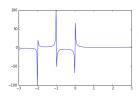




Matplotlib Comprehensive 2D Plotting

```
IPython
IP[y]:
```

```
import numpy as np
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x = np.linspace( start=-3., stop
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v = qamma(x)
plt.plot(x,y)
plt.savefig("gamma.png")
```



Just google matplotlib images for examples!

### IPython / Jupyter









IPython Enhanced Interactive Console

The **IPython** / **Jupyter Notebook** is an open-source web-based interactive computing system that enables users to create and share documents that contain live code, LATEX equations, visualizations and explanatory text.

These documents contain a full record of a computation and its results and can be shared on email, Dropbox, version control systems (like git/GitHub) or with the Jupyter online notebook viewer nbviewer.jupyter.org.

### IPython / Jupyter







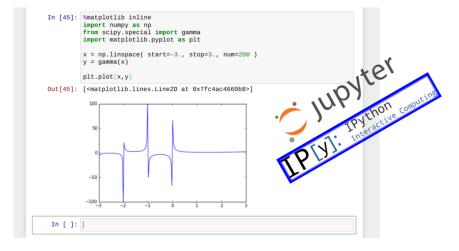


IPython Enhanced Interactive Console

#### Ipython / Jupyter notebooks allows us to:

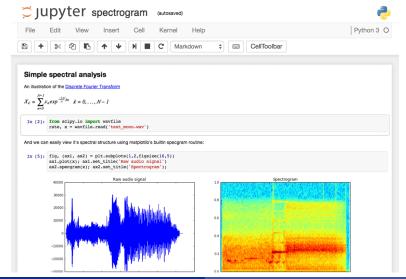
- Edit code in the browser, with syntax highlighting, indentation, and tab completion/introspection.
- Run code in the browser, with results attached to the code generating them.
- See the results with rich media representation as HTML, LaTeX, PDF, PNG, etc.
- Embed interactive user interface controls and visualization.
- Author narrative text using Markdown markup language.
- Build hierarchical documents with headings, sections, etc.
- Use LATEX systax in Markdown, rendered in the browser.

### IPython / Jupyter



#### NumPy SciPy matplotlib IPython / Jupyter

### IPython / Jupyter



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Let's try it!