# Advanced Statistics for Data Science Spring 2022

Lecture 1: Introduction, Course Overview, Exploratory Data Analysis

Dr. Alon Kipnis

March 1st 2022

#### Outline of first lecture

- 1. Overview
- 2. Course outline and organizational matters
- 3. Break
- 4. Notebook: Examples
- 5. Introduction to Linear Regression
- 6. Notebook: Exploratory Data Analysis

Why should you take this course?

## **Statistics and Computer Science**

- The **Information Age**
  - Data availability communication, storage, sensing devices
  - Data analysis computing power, algorithms

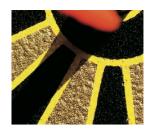
## **Statistics and Computer Science**

- The **Information Age**
  - Data availability communication, storage, sensing devices
  - Data analysis computing power, algorithms
- The **Data Age**
  - More data-driven business, healthcare, government decisions based on massive and ever-increasing datasets

## **Statistics and Computer Science**

- The **Information Age**
  - Data availability communication, storage, sensing devices
  - Data analysis computing power, algorithms
- The **Data Age**
  - More data-driven business, healthcare, government decisions based on massive and ever-increasing datasets
  - Successful Applications:
    - Web search engine
    - Voice recognition systems
    - Targeted advertising
    - Recommendation systems
  - Challenges are at the intersections of hardware, software, and statistics

## The Data Age



## The Unreasonable Effectiveness of Data

Alon Halevy, Peter Norvig, and Fernando Pereira, Google

ugene Wigner's article "The Unreasonable Effectiveness of Mathematics in the Natural Sciences" examines why so much of physics can be neatly explained with simple mathematical formulas

such as f = ma or  $e = mc^2$ . Meanwhile, sciences that involve human beings rather than elementary par-

behavior. So, this corpus could serve as the basis of a complete model for certain tasks—if only we knew how to extract the model from the data.

#### **Learning from Text at Web Scale**

The biggest successes in natural-language-related machine learning have been statistical speech recognition and statistical machine translation. The

## **Example – Predicting Housing Prices**

3smtSF	Heating	HeatingQC	CentralAir	Electrical	1stFlrSF	2ndFlrSF	LowG	GrLivArea	Bsmtl	BsmtHa	FullBati	HalfBa	Bedrooi	Kitchen	Kitche	SalePrice
856	GasA	Ex	Υ	SBrkr	856	854	0	1710	1	0	2	1	3	1	Gd	208500
1262	GasA	Ex	Y	SBrkr	1262	0	0	1262	0	1	2	0	3	1	TA	181500
920	GasA	Ex	Y	SBrkr	920	866	0	1786	1	0	2	1	3	1	Gd	223500
756	GasA	Gd	Y	SBrkr	961	756	0	1717	1	0	1	0	3	1	Gd	140000
1145	GasA	Ex	Y	SBrkr	1145	1053	0	2198	1	0	2	1	4	1	Gd	250000
796	GasA	Ex	Y	SBrkr	796	566	0	1362	1	0	1	1	1	1	TA	143000
1686	GasA	Ex	Y	SBrkr	1694	0	0	1694	1	0	2	0	3	1	Gd	307000
1107	GasA	Ex	Y	SBrkr	1107	983	0	2090	1	0	2	1	3	1	TA	200000
952	GasA	Gd	Υ	FuseF	1022	752	0	1774	0	0	2	0	2	2	TA	129900
991	GasA	Ex	Y	SBrkr	1077	0	0	1077	1	0	1	0	2	2	TA	118000
1040	GasA	Ex	Y	SBrkr	1040	0	0	1040	1	0	1	0	3	1	TA	129500
1175	GasA	Ex	Υ	SBrkr	1182	1142	0	2324	1	0	3	0	4	1	Ex	345000
						_	-			-		-	-			

- x = (sqm, #Bd, #windows, ..., CrimeRate)
- y = SalePrice

## The Data Age: Fail I

#### THE WALL STREET JOURNAL.

MARKETS

## The Future of Housing Rises in Phoenix

High-tech flippers such as Zillow are using algorithms to reshape the housing market

By  $\underline{Ryan\ Dezember}$  and  $\underline{Peter\ Rudegeair}$  / Photographs by Benjamin Hoste for The Wall Street Journal June 19, 2019 11:10 am ET

### The Data Age: Fail I

#### THE WALL STREET JOURNAL.

MARKETS

## The Future of Housing Rises in Phoenix

High-tech flippers such as Zillow are using algorithms to reshape the housing market

By <u>Ryan Dezember</u> for The Wall Street J June 19, 2019 11:10 am E

#### The New York Times

Daily Business Briefing >

## Zillow, facing big losses, quits flipping houses and will lay off a quarter of its staff.

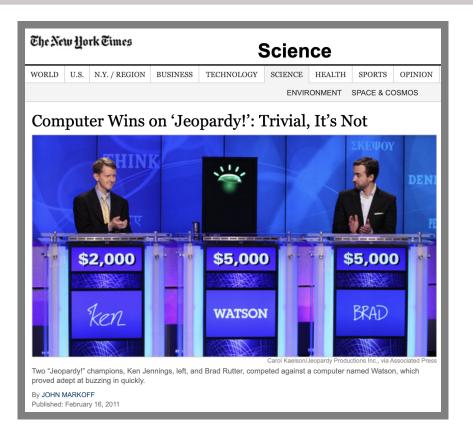
The real estate website had been relying on its algorithm that estimates home values to buy and resell homes. That part of its business lost about \$420 million in three months.

Zillow is sitting on thousands of houses worth less than what the company paid for them. Caitlin O'Hara for The New York Times

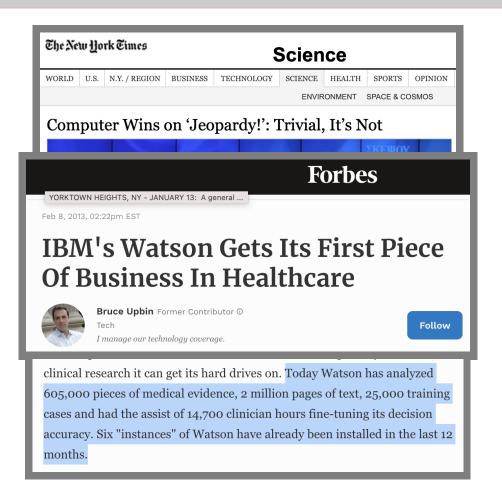
By Stephen Gandel

Nov. 2, 2021

## The Data Age: Fail II



## The Data Age: Fail II



## The Data Age: Fail II





#### This Class...

- ...is about making decisions based on data using models (see next slide)
- ... focuses on **connecting** methods to problems correctly (challenges are more philosophical than technical)
- ...is mostly about the **linear model**, through which we will also develop the concepts of
  - Hypothesis testing
  - Model selection
  - Variable/feature Selection

#### The Two-Cultures

- According to Leo Brieman (2001), there are "two cultures in the use of statistical modeling to reach conclusions from data":
  - Data Modeling Culture:

$$x \to \mathsf{model} \to y$$

here the statistician decides on a **model**, learns its **parameters**, and assesses its fit

• Algorithmic Modeling Culture:

$$x \rightarrow \text{unknown} \rightarrow y$$

here the statistician applies an **algorithm** and asses its ability to predict unseen y-s given new x-s.

This course is mostly model based

#### **Statistics and Data Science**

- Tibshirani & Efron (1993):

  Statistics is the science of learning from experience.
- Wikipedia (2021):
   Statistics is the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data.
- Wikipedia (2021):

Data science is an interdisciplinary field that uses scientific methods, processes, algorithms and systems to extract knowledge and insights from noisy, structured and unstructured data, and apply knowledge and actionable insights from data across a broad range of application domains.

## **Course outline and organizational**

matters

## **Organizational matters**

- **Instructor**: Dr. Alon Kipnis
- **Lectures**: Tue. 18:30 21:00
- Teaching Assistant: Mr. Ben Galili
- Course Staff Email Address: alon.kipnis@idc.ac.il
- Office Hours: Monday 14:00 15:00
- TA Office Hours: will be posted on course website

## **Course pages**

- Lecture material (slides, sample code, homework etc.) on Moodle (https://moodle.idc.ac.il/2022/course/)
- 2. Other course-related announcements on **Moodle**
- 3. Discussions on **Piazza** (https://piazza.com/class/kz5imoo7xi991)
- 4. Home assignments and grades will be posted on Moodle

#### This class is new

#### Cons:

• Expect more typos and errors in material than usual

#### **Pros:**

- Teaching stuff is more attentive to requests and suggestions: let us know if you have suggestions on how to improve your learning experience
- We are here to help. We look forward to seeing you in our office hours

## Tips for succeeding in the class

- Review previous lecture **before** the beginning of the current one
- Discuss home assignments with peers and instructors; solve individually
- Attend office hours after reviewing relevant class material

## Recording

- Lectures will be recorded. They will be available on **Moodle**.
- I strongly encourage you to attend the class live.

#### **Time Zone**

- Israel time (usually UTC+02:00)
- If you are currently not in Israel, please let us know what time zone you're in.

## **Prerequisites:**

- Calculus and linear algebra
- Introductory course in probability/statistics
- Familiarity with Python and basic packages (numpy, scipy, pandas)

#### **Textbooks**

- The class does not follow one textbook in particular
- Here is a non-exhaustive list of relevant books and notes:
  - Cosma Shalizi, "The Truth About Linear Regression",
     https://www.stat.cmu.edu/~cshalizi/TALR/
  - Jonathan Taylor, "Stanford's STATS 203 lecture notes: Introduction to Regression and Analysis of Variance." 2005
  - Emanuel Candes, "Stanford's 300C lecture notes: Theory of Statistics", 2019
  - "Regression: Linear Models in Statistics", by Bingham and Fry, 2010.
- Related classes:
  - Art Owen, Stanford STATS 305A: "Applied Statistics"
  - Cosma Sahlizi, CMU 36-401: "Modern Regression"
  - Rob Tibshirani and Trevor Hastie, Stanford STATS 315: "Introduction to Modern Applied Statistics"

## **Assessment and grading:**

- **Grading:** 60% regular homework assignments, 40% exam.
- Exam:
  - About 3 hour time-limit
  - Ideology: those who solved all home assignments **individually** will receive above 85% of exam's credit

#### **Homeworks**

- Constitute 60% of the final grade.
- Mix of theoretical (pen and paper) and coding exercises.
- Will be posted about every two weeks.
- Due **before** the weekly lecture
- Late submissions: 10% penalty for every 24 hours beyond the submission deadline, up to 72 hours after which the submission is no longer accepted.
- Regrade requests must be submitted within one week after grading has been published

## **Learning Community**

- We encourage discussions between classmates, either on Piazza or elsewhere
- Please send us interesting related dataset and articles so we can share with everyone

## Interacting with the Instructors

- Interacting with your instructors is a great way of promoting your career
- Several ways of doing so effectively:
  - Participate in class discussions
  - Attend office hours
  - Ask/comment on Piazza

## **Tentative List of Topics**

## **List of Topics**

- The linear model (intro to linear regression, ordinary least squares)
- Math and probability review (distribution, multivariate normal distribution, F-distribution, goodness-of-fit, quadratic forms)
- The linear model (continued) (distributional properties of least squares solution, applications)
- Hypothesis testing (basics, one-sample, two-samples, A/B testing, controlled vs. uncontrolled)
- ANOVA (fixed and random effects)
- More linear regression (model-order selection, confidence and prediction bands, multiple regression)
- Other linear response models (logistic/probit, Poisson regression)
- Multiple Testing (FDR, methods of combining P-values)
- Variable selection
- Validation (cross validation) and permutation tests
- Quantile regression