

# JSpeech

**JSpeech** is a company that specializes in developing advanced speech recognition technology for recognizing a single speech command. With their cutting-edge software and algorithms, **JSpeech** offers a range of solutions for businesses and individuals who require accurate and reliable voice recognition technology. Whether you need to control your smart home devices, operate a hands-free system in your car, or give voice commands to a robot, **JSpeech's** technology can help you achieve your goals efficiently and effectively.

**JSpeech's** team of developers has decided to bring on board an enthusiastic programmer, which happens to be you, to increase efficiency in the company. Your task as a programmer is to develop a program using **Python** language and **Tensorflow** library that meets the following requirements:

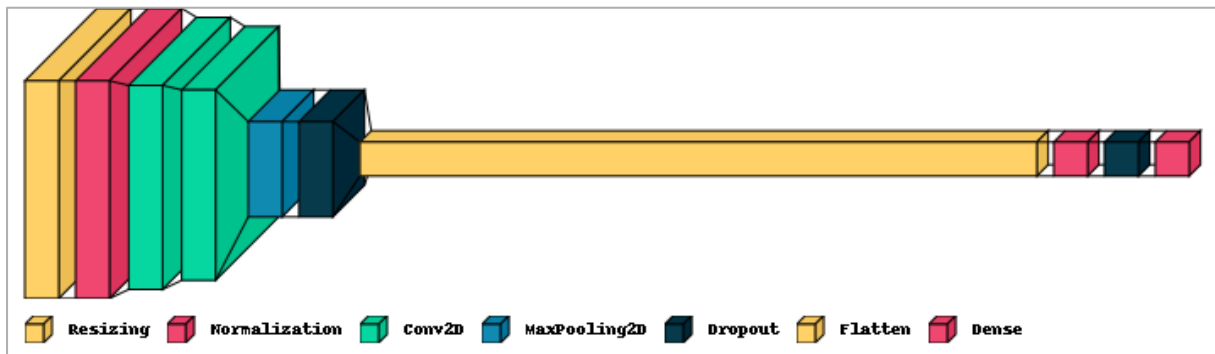
1. **Load audio file dataset using the following requirements.**

Attributes	Description
Dataset Name	Tensorflow Speech Commands
Dataset Source Link	<a href="https://storage.googleapis.com/download.tensorflow.org/data/speech_commands_v0.01.tar.gz">https://storage.googleapis.com/download.tensorflow.org/data/speech_commands_v0.01.tar.gz</a>
Dataset Description	<a href="https://ml-exchange.org/datasets/tensorflow-speech-commands/">https://ml-exchange.org/datasets/tensorflow-speech-commands/</a>

*Figure 1. Dataset Requirements*

2. **Divide the dataset into train, validation, and test sets** with the ratio of **80/10/10**.
3. **Perform two stages of preprocessing** on the **dataset**, which involves **squeezing** and **converting the audio array into a spectrogram** format that can be processed by the Convolutional Neural Network model.

4. Create the following **Convolutional Neural Network** architecture using **tensorflow** library which the **architecture modeling** is mainly divided into **3 parts**.



*Figure 2. CNN Model Architecture*

- **Input Layers**, defines the **input features** that is obtained from the spectrogram preprocessing result.
- **Hidden Layers**, consists of the **main Convolutional Layer** which applies a set of filters to the input data, which helps to extract relevant features and patterns from the data.
- **Output Layers**, fully-connected layer to classify and generate the final output from patterns and features on the data.

5. Train the **Convolutional Neural Network** model using the **train** and **validation set**.

```
Epoch 1/10
810/810 [=====] - 47s 38ms/step - loss: 2.2163 - accuracy: 0.3586 - val_loss: 1.1522 - val_accuracy: 0.6807
Epoch 2/10
810/810 [=====] - 7s 8ms/step - loss: 1.2843 - accuracy: 0.6148 - val_loss: 0.8055 - val_accuracy: 0.7706
Epoch 3/10
810/810 [=====] - 6s 8ms/step - loss: 1.0286 - accuracy: 0.6889 - val_loss: 0.6758 - val_accuracy: 0.8082
Epoch 4/10
810/810 [=====] - 6s 8ms/step - loss: 0.8883 - accuracy: 0.7278 - val_loss: 0.6114 - val_accuracy: 0.8246
Epoch 5/10
810/810 [=====] - 6s 8ms/step - loss: 0.8020 - accuracy: 0.7531 - val_loss: 0.5837 - val_accuracy: 0.8368
Epoch 6/10
810/810 [=====] - 6s 8ms/step - loss: 0.7358 - accuracy: 0.7736 - val_loss: 0.5469 - val_accuracy: 0.8458
Epoch 7/10
810/810 [=====] - 6s 8ms/step - loss: 0.6776 - accuracy: 0.7895 - val_loss: 0.5472 - val_accuracy: 0.8411
Epoch 8/10
810/810 [=====] - 7s 9ms/step - loss: 0.6349 - accuracy: 0.8013 - val_loss: 0.5036 - val_accuracy: 0.8513
Epoch 9/10
810/810 [=====] - 8s 9ms/step - loss: 0.5975 - accuracy: 0.8136 - val_loss: 0.4846 - val_accuracy: 0.8631
Epoch 10/10
810/810 [=====] - 7s 9ms/step - loss: 0.5697 - accuracy: 0.8226 - val_loss: 0.4767 - val_accuracy: 0.8628
```

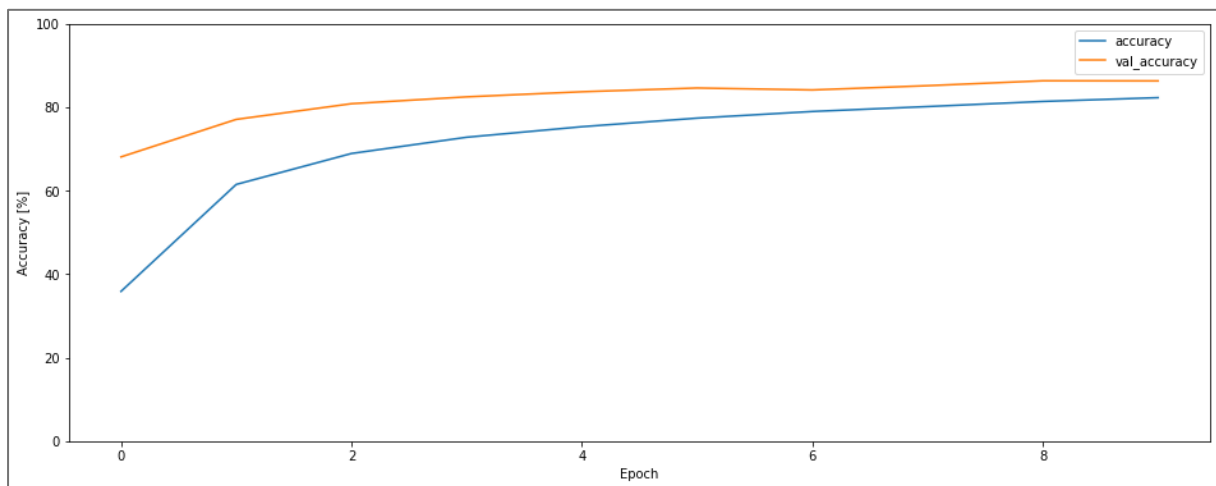
*Figure 3. Model Training*

6. Make a **prediction** on a **test datasets** and **display** the **results** with the **highest probability**.

```
Data 6060 : Original Label 'bed' - Prediction 'bed'  
Data 6061 : Original Label 'cat' - Prediction 'cat'  
Data 6062 : Original Label 'nine' - Prediction 'dog'  
Data 6063 : Original Label 'dog' - Prediction 'stop'  
Data 6064 : Original Label 'go' - Prediction 'go'  
Data 6065 : Original Label 'five' - Prediction 'five'  
Data 6066 : Original Label 'one' - Prediction 'no'  
Data 6067 : Original Label 'bed' - Prediction 'eight'  
Data 6068 : Original Label 'two' - Prediction 'down'  
Data 6069 : Original Label 'dog' - Prediction 'dog'  
Data 6070 : Original Label 'two' - Prediction 'zero'
```

*Figure 4. Model Prediction*

7. Evaluate the **Convolutional Neural Network** model by **train accuracy** and **validation accuracy**.



*Figure 5. Model Evaluation*