# **■** NetApp

## 使用 **Astra** 数据存储 Astra Data Store

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## 使用 Astra 数据存储

## 使用 kubectl 命令管理 Astra Data Store 预览资产

您可以使用 kubectl 命令和 Kubernetes API 扩展来管理 Astra Data Store 预览资产。

要了解如何部署示例应用程序,请参见 "部署测试应用程序"。

有关以下集群维护信息,请参见"管理集群":

- 将节点置于维护模式
- 更换驱动器
- 添加节点
- 更换节点

您需要什么? #8217; 将需要什么

• 您安装在中的 Astra Data Store 预览 kubectl 插件 "安装 Astra Data Store 预览版"

## 列出适用于 Astra Data Store 预览版的 Kubernetes 自定义 API 资源

您可以在 Kubernetes 中使用 kubectl 命令与 Astra Data Store 预览集群进行交互并观察其状态。

从 api-resources 命令中列出的每个项目都代表一个 Kubernetes 自定义资源定义( CRD ), Astra Data Store 预览版可在内部使用该定义定义定义( CRD )来管理集群。

此列表对于获取每个 Astra Data Store 预览对象的短名称以减少键入效果特别有用,如后面所示。

1. 显示用于 Astra Data Store 预览的 Kubernetes 自定义 API 资源列表:

kubectl api-resources --api-group astrads.netapp.io

| NAME                                   | SHORTNAMES | APIGROUP          | NAMESPACED | KIND |
|--|------------|-------------------|------------|------|
| astradsversions                        | adsve      | astrads.netapp.io | true       |      |
| AstraDSVersion                         |            |                   |            |      |
| astradsclusters                        | adscl      | astrads.netapp.io | true       |      |
| AstraDSCluster                         |            |                   |            |      |
| astradslicenses                        | adsli      | astrads.netapp.io | true       |      |
| AstraDSLicense                         |            |                   |            |      |
| astradsnodeinfoes                      | adsni      | astrads.netapp.io | true       |      |
| AstraDSNodeInfo                        |            |                   |            |      |
| astradsvolumes                         | adsvo      | astrads.netapp.io | true       |      |
| AstraDSVolume                          |            |                   |            |      |
| astradsqospolicies                     | adsqp      | astrads.netapp.io | true       |      |
| AstraDSQosPolicy                       |            |                   |            |      |
| astradsexportpolicies                  | adsep      | astrads.netapp.io | true       |      |
| AstraDSExportPolicy                    |            |                   |            |      |
| ${\tt astradsvolumes napshots}$        | adsvs      | astrads.netapp.io | true       |      |
| AstraDSVolumeSnapshot                  |            |                   |            |      |
| astradsvolumefiles                     | adsvf      | astrads.netapp.io | true       |      |
| AstraDSVolumeFiles                     |            |                   |            |      |
| astradsautosupports                    | adsas      | astrads.netapp.io | true       |      |
| AstraDSAutoSupport                     |            |                   |            |      |
| astradsfaileddrives                    | adsfd      | astrads.netapp.io | true       |      |
| AstraDSFailedDrive                     |            |                   |            |      |
| ${\tt astrads} no {\tt demanagements}$ | adsnm      | astrads.netapp.io | true       |      |
| AstraDSNodeManagement                  |            |                   |            |      |
|  |            |                   |            |      |

## 2. 要获取 Kubernetes 集群中所有当前的 Astra Data Store 预览对象,请使用 kubectl get ADS -a 命令:

kubectl get ads -A

| NAME                   |  |  | AGE   |
|------------------------|--|--|---|
| astradsqospolicy.astra | ds.netapp.io/br  | onze   | 45h   |
| astradsqospolicy.astra | ds.netapp.io/go  | ld   | 45h   |
| astradsqospolicy.astra | dsqospolicy.astrads.netapp.io/silver   |  |   |
|                        |  |  |   |
| NAME                   |  |  |   |
| SERIAL NUMBER          | MVIP   | AGE  |   |
| astradscluster.astrads | .netapp.io/astr  | ads-clı  | ıster-9f1   |
| 11.1 e000000009        | 10.224.8.146   | 46h  |   |
|                        |  |  |   |
| NAME                   |  |  |   |
| Ι                      | astradsqospolicy.astra astradsqospolicy.astra astradsqospolicy.astra  NAME  SERIAL NUMBER  astradscluster.astrads  11.1 e000000009 | astradsqospolicy.astrads.netapp.io/br astradsqospolicy.astrads.netapp.io/go astradsqospolicy.astrads.netapp.io/si  NAME  SERIAL NUMBER MVIP astradscluster.astrads.netapp.io/astr 11.1 e000000009 10.224.8.146 | astradsqospolicy.astrads.netapp.io/bronze astradsqospolicy.astrads.netapp.io/gold astradsqospolicy.astrads.netapp.io/silver  NAME  SERIAL NUMBER MVIP AGE astradscluster.astrads.netapp.io/astrads-clu 11.1 e000000009 10.224.8.146 46h |

| AGE                   |   |         |
|-----------------------|---|---------|
| astrads-system<br>46h | astradsnodeinfo.astrads.netapp.io/englab.netapp | .com    |
| astrads-system        | astradsnodeinfo.astrads.netapp.io/englab.netapp | .com    |
| astrads-system        | astradsnodeinfo.astrads.netapp.io/englab.netapp | .com    |
| astrads-system        | astradsnodeinfo.astrads.netapp.io/englab.netapp | .com    |
| NAMESPACE             | NAME  | AGE     |
| astrads-system        | astradsversion.astrads.netapp.io/astradsversion | 46h     |
| NAMESPACE             | NAME  | AGE     |
| astrads-system        | astradsvolumefiles.astrads.netapp.io/test23     | 27h     |
| astrads-system        | astradsvolumefiles.astrads.netapp.io/test234    | 27h     |
| astrads-system        | astradsvolumefiles.astrads.netapp.io/test2345   | 4h22m   |
| NAMESPACE             | NAME SIZE                                       | IP      |
| CLUSTER               | CREATED   |         |
| astrads-system        | astradsvolume.astrads.netapp.io/test234 21Gi    |         |
| 172.25.123.123        | astrads-cluster-9f1 true                        |         |
| astrads-system        | astradsvolume.astrads.netapp.io/test2345 21Gi   |         |
| 172.25.123.123        | astrads-cluster-9f1 true                        |         |
|                       |   |         |
| NAMESPACE             | NAME  |         |
| SEQUENCE COMPONE      | ENT EVENT TRIGGER PRIORI                        | TY SIZE |
| astrads-system        | astradsautosupport.astrads.netapp.io/controlpla | ne-     |
| _                     | esuccess-20211214t 9 controlplane               |         |
|                       | esuccess k8sEvent notice 0 uploaded             |         |
|                       | astradsautosupport.astrads.netapp.io/controlpla | ne-     |
| daily-20211215t0      |   |         |
| periodic notice       |   |         |
| _                     | astradsautosupport.astrads.netapp.io/controlpla | ne-     |
| daily-20211216t0      |   |         |
| periodic notice       | 1   |         |
| _ <del>-</del>        | astradsautosupport.astrads.netapp.io/storage-   |         |
| _                     | ster.cannot.sync.blocks 10 storage              |         |
|                       | ster.cannot.sync.blocks firetapEvent emergen    | cv 0    |
| uploaded              | ister.eamoc.syne.brocks rriceaphvene emergen    | Cy 0    |
| NAMESPACE             | NAME ADSCLUSTE                                  | R       |
| VALID PRODUCT         | EVALUATION ENDDATE VALIDATED                    |         |
| astrads-system        | astradslicense.astrads.netapp.io/e0 astrads-c   | luster- |
| 9f1 true Astra        |   |         |
|                       |   |         |

#### 3. 使用以下短名称之一显示集群中卷的当前状态:

```
kubectl get adsvo -A
```

#### 响应:

| NAMESPACE                   | NAME     | SIZE | IP             | CLUSTER          |
|-----------------------------|----------|------|----------------|------------------|
| CREATED astrads-system      | test234  | 21Gi | 172.25.138.109 | astrads-cluster- |
| 9f1c99f true astrads-system | test2345 | 21Gi | 172.25.138.111 | astrads-cluster- |
| 9f1c99f true                |          |      |                |                  |

## 使用 kubectl 扩展上的 help 选项

kubectl astrad 命令包含一个`-h`交换机,可为您提供使用情况和标志文档。

1. 显示有关 Astra Data Store preview kubectl 扩展中所有命令的帮助:

```
kubectl astrads -h
```

```
A kubectl plugin for inspecting your AstraDS deployment
Usage:
 astrads [command]
Available Commands:
 asup
        Manage AutoSupport
 clusters Manage clusters
           Manage drives in a cluster
 faileddrive Manage drive replacement in a cluster
 help
        Help about any command
 license Manage license in the astrads cluster
 maintenance Manage maintenance status of a node
 monitoring Manage Monitoring Output
  nodes
        Manage nodes in a cluster
Flags:
                                     Username to impersonate for the
     --as string
operation
     --as-group stringArray
                             Group to impersonate for the
```

operation, this flag can be repeated to specify multiple groups. --cache-dir string Default HTTP cache directory (default "/u/arda/.kube/httpcache") --certificate-authority string Path to a cert file for the certificate authority --client-certificate string Path to a client certificate file for TLS --client-key string Path to a client key file for TLS The name of the kubeconfig --cluster string cluster to use --context string The name of the kubeconfig context to use -h, --help help for astrads --insecure-skip-tls-verify If true, the server's certificate will not be checked for validity. This will make your HTTPS connections insecure --kubeconfig string Path to the kubeconfig file to use for CLI requests. If present, the namespace scope -n, --namespace string for this CLI request before giving up on a single server request. Non-zero values should contain a corresponding time unit (e.g. 1s, 2m, 3h). A value of zero means don't timeout requests. (default "0") -s, --server string The address and port of the Kubernetes API server Bearer token for authentication --token string to the API server --user string The name of the kubeconfig user to use

2. 有关命令的详细信息,请使用 astrad [command] -help。

kubectl astrads asup collect --help

```
Collect the autosupport bundle by specifying the component to collect.
It will default to manual event.
  Usage:
    astrads asup collect [flags]
  Examples:
    # Control plane collection
      kubectl astrads collect --component controlplane example1
      # Storage collection for single node
      kubectl astrads collect --component storage --nodes node1 example2
      # Storage collection for all nodes
      kubectl astrads collect --component storage --nodes all example3
      # Collect but don't upload to support
      kubectl astrads collect --component controlplane --local example4
      NOTE:
      --component storage and --nodes <name> are mutually inclusive.
      --component controlplane and --nodes <name> are mutually
exclusive.
    Flags:
      -c, --component string Specify the component to collect:
[storage , controlplane , vasaprovider, all]
      -d, --duration int
                                 Duration is the duration in hours from
the startTime for collection
                                   of AutoSupport.
                                   This should be a positive integer
                                 Specify the callhome event to trigger.
      -e, --event string
(default "manual")
      -f, --forceUpload
                                 Configure an AutoSupport to upload if
it is in the compressed state
                                   and not
                                   uploading because it was created with
the 'local' option or if
                                   automatic uploads of AutoSupports is
disabled
                                   at the cluster level.
      -h, --help
                                 help for collect
      -1, --local
                                 Only collect and compress the
autosupport bundle. Do not upload
                                   to support.
                                   Use 'download' to copy the collected
```

bundle after it is in the 'compressed' state --nodes string Specify nodes to collect for storage component. (default "all") -t, --startTime string StartTime is the starting time for collection of AutoSupport. This should be in the ISO 8601 date time format. Example format accepted: 2021-01-01T15:20:25Z, 2021-01-01T15:20:25-05:00 -u, --usermessage string UserMessage is the additional message to include in the AutoSupport subject. (default "Manual event trigger from CLI")

## 部署测试应用程序

以下是部署可与 Astra Data Store 预览版结合使用的测试应用程序的步骤。

在此示例中,我们使用 Helm 存储库从 BitNami 部署 MongoDB 图表。

您需要什么? #8217; 将需要什么

- 部署和配置了 Astra Data Store 预览集群
- Trident 安装已完成

#### 步骤

1. 从 BitNami 添加 Helm repo:

```
helm repo add bitnami https://charts.bitnami.com/bitnami
```

## 2. 部署 MongoDB:

helm install mongohelm4 --set persistence.storageClass=trident-csi bitnami/mongodb --namespace=ns-mongodb --create-namespace

#### 3. 检查 MongoDB POD 的状态:

~% kubectl get pods -n ns-mongodb

NAME READY STATUS RESTARTS AGE

mongodb-9846ff8b7-rfr4r 1/1 Running 0 67s

#### 4. 验证 MongoDB 使用的永久性卷声明( PVC ):

```
~% kubectl get pvc -n ns-mongodb

NAME STATUS VOLUME CAPACITY ACCESS MODES

STORAGECLASS AGE

mongodb Bound pvc-1133453a-e2f5-48a5 8Gi RWO

trident-csi 97s
```

## 5. 使用 kubectl 命令 get astradsvolume 列出卷:

```
~% kubectl get astradsvolume pvc-1133453a-e2f5-48a5 -n astrads-system
NAME SIZE IP CLUSTER CREATED
pvc-1133453a-e2f5-48a5 8830116Ki 10.192.2.192 jai-ads true
```

#### 6. 使用 kubect 命令 describe astradsvolume 描述卷:

```
~% kubectl describe astradsvolume pvc-1133453a-e2f5-48a5 -n astrads-
system
Name:
              pvc-1133453a-e2f5-48a5-a06c-d14b8aa7be07
Namespace:
              astrads-system
              astrads.netapp.io/cluster=jai-ads
Labels:
              astrads.netapp.io/mip=10.192.1.39
              astrads.netapp.io/volumeUUID=cf33fd38-a451-596c-b656-
61b8270d2b5e
              trident.netapp.io/cloud=on-prem
              trident.netapp.io/creator=trident-dev
             trident.netapp.io/performance=premium
Annotations: provisioning: {"provisioning": {"cloud": "on-
prem", "creator": "trident-dev", "performance": "premium"}}
              trident:
                {"trident":{"version":"21.10.0-test.jenkins-trident-
stable-v21.10-
2+e03219ce37294d9ba54ec476bbe788c1a7772548", "backendUUID":"", "platform":
API Version: astrads.netapp.io/vlalpha1
Kind:
              AstraDSVolume
Metadata:
  Creation Timestamp: 2021-12-08T19:35:26Z
  Finalizers:
    trident.netapp.io/astradsvolume-finalizer
    astrads.netapp.io/astradsvolume-finalizer
  Generation: 1
  Managed Fields:
    API Version: astrads.netapp.io/v1alpha1
```

```
Fields Type: FieldsV1
fieldsV1:
  f:metadata:
    f:labels:
      f:astrads.netapp.io/cluster:
      f:astrads.netapp.io/mip:
      f:astrads.netapp.io/volumeUUID:
  f:status:
    . :
    f:cluster:
    f:conditions:
    f:created:
    f:displayName:
    f:exportAddress:
    f:internalName:
    f:mip:
    f:permissions:
    f:qosPolicy:
    f:requestedSize:
    f:restoreCacheSize:
    f:size:
    f:snapshotReservePercent:
    f:state:
    f:volumePath:
    f:volumeUUID:
Manager: cluster-controller
Operation: Update
            2021-12-08T19:35:32Z
Time:
API Version: astrads.netapp.io/vlalpha1
Fields Type: FieldsV1
fieldsV1:
  f:status:
    f:exportPolicy:
Manager:
              dms-controller
Operation:
            Update
Subresource: status
Time:
          2021-12-08T19:35:32Z
API Version: astrads.netapp.io/vlalphal
Fields Type: FieldsV1
fieldsV1:
  f:metadata:
    f:annotations:
      f:provisioning:
      f:trident:
    f:finalizers:
```

```
v:"trident.netapp.io/astradsvolume-finalizer":
        f:labels:
          . :
          f:trident.netapp.io/cloud:
          f:trident.netapp.io/creator:
          f:trident.netapp.io/performance:
      f:spec:
        .:
        f:cluster:
        f:displayName:
        f:exportPolicy:
        f:noSnapDir:
        f:permissions:
        f:qosPolicy:
        f:size:
        f:snapshotReservePercent:
        f:type:
        f:volumePath:
                    trident orchestrator
   Manager:
    Operation:
                 Update
    Time:
                    2021-12-08T19:35:34Z
  Resource Version: 12007115
                    d522ae4f-e793-49ed-bbe0-9112d7f9167b
 UID:
Spec:
 Cluster:
                             jai-ads
 Display Name:
                             pvc-1133453a-e2f5-48a5-a06c-d14b8aa7be07
                             pvc-1133453a-e2f5-48a5-a06c-d14b8aa7be07
 Export Policy:
 No Snap Dir:
                            true
 Permissions:
                             0777
 Qos Policy:
                             silver
                             9042036412
 Size:
 Snapshot Reserve Percent: 5
 Type:
                             ReadWrite
 Volume Path:
                             /pvc-1133453a-e2f5-48a5-a06c-d14b8aa7be07
Status:
  Cluster: jai-ads
 Conditions:
   Last Transition Time:
                            2021-12-08T19:35:32Z
                             Volume is online
   Message:
                             VolumeOnline
   Reason:
   Status:
                             True
   Type:
                             AstraDSVolumeOnline
    Last Transition Time:
                             2021-12-08T19:35:32Z
                             Volume creation request was successful
   Message:
                             VolumeCreated
    Reason:
    Status:
                             True
```

Type: AstraDSVolumeCreated

Created: true

Display Name: pvc-1133453a-e2f5-48a5-a06c-d14b8aa7be07

Export Address: 10.192.2.192

Export Policy: pvc-1133453a-e2f5-48a5-a06c-d14b8aa7be07
Internal Name: pvc\_1133453a\_e2f5\_48a5\_a06c\_d14b8aa7be07

Mip: 10.192.1.192

Permissions: 777
Qos Policy: silver
Requested Size: 9042036412

Restore Cache Size: 0

Size: 8830116Ki

Snapshot Reserve Percent: 5

State: online

Volume Path: /pvc-1133453a-e2f5-48a5-a06c-d14b8aa7be07

Volume UUID: cf33fd38-a451-596c-b656-61b8270d2b5e

Events:

Type Reason Age From Message

Normal VolumeCreated 3m9s ADSClusterController Volume creation

request was successful

## 管理集群

您可以使用带有 Astra Data Store 预览版的 kubectl 命令来管理集群。

- [Add a node]
- [Place a node in maintenance mode]
- [Replace a node]
- [Replace a drive]

您需要什么? #8217; 将需要什么

• 安装了 kubectl 和 kubectl-astrad 插件的系统。请参见 "安装 Astra Data Store 预览版"。

## 添加节点

要添加的节点应属于 Kubernetes 集群,并且其配置应与集群中的其他节点类似。

#### 步骤

- 1. 如果新节点的 dataIP 尚未加入 ADSCluster CR ,请执行以下操作:
  - a. 编辑 astradscluster CR 并在 ADS Data Networks Addresses 字段中添加额外的 dataIP:

~% kubectl edit astradscluster <cluster-name> -n astrads-system

#### 响应:

ADS Data Networks:

Addresses: dataIP1, dataIP2, dataIP3, dataIP4, \*newdataIP\*

- a. 保存 CR 文件。
- b. 将节点添加到 Astra Data Store 预览集群:

~% kubectl astrads nodes add -cluster <cluster-name>

## 2. 否则,只需添加节点:

~% kubectl astrads nodes add -cluster <cluster-name>

## 3. 验证是否已添加此节点:

~% kubectl astrads nodes list

## 将节点置于维护模式

需要执行主机维护或软件包升级时,应将节点置于维护模式。

(i)

此节点必须已属于 Astra Data Store 预览集群。

当节点处于维护模式时,您无法向集群添加节点。在此示例中,我们会将节点 nhcitj1525 置于维护模式。

#### 步骤

1. 显示节点详细信息:

~% kubectl get nodes

| NAME           | STATUS | ROLES                 | AGE   | VERSION |
|----------------|--------|-----------------------|-------|---------|
| nhcitjj1525    | Ready  | <none></none>         | 3d18h | v1.20.0 |
| nhcitjj1526    | Ready  | <none></none>         | 3d18h | v1.20.0 |
| nhcitjj1527    | Ready  | <none></none>         | 3d18h | v1.20.0 |
| nhcitjj1528    | Ready  | <none></none>         | 3d18h | v1.20.0 |
| scs000039783-1 | Ready  | control-plane, master | 3d18h | v1.20.0 |
|                |        |                       |       |         |

## 2. 确保节点尚未处于维护模式:

~% kubectl astrads maintenance list

## 响应(没有节点处于维护模式):

NAME NODE NAME IN MAINTENANCE MAINTENANCE STATE MAINTENANCE VARIANT

#### 3. 启用维护模式。

~% kubectl astrads maintenance create <cr-name> --node-name=<<node -name>> --variant=Node

#### 示例:

~% kubectl astrads maintenance create maint1 --node-name="nhcitjj1525" --variant=Node
Maintenance mode astrads-system/maint1 created

## 4. 列出节点。

~% kubectl astrads nodes list

#### 响应:

NODE NAME NODE STATUS CLUSTER NAME nhcitjj1525 Added ftap-astra-012

. . .

## 5. 检查维护模式的状态:

~% kubectl astrads maintenance list

NAME NODE NAME IN MAINTENANCE MAINTENANCE STATE

MAINTENANCE VARIANT

node4 nhcitjj1525 true ReadyForMaintenance Node

维护、模式下的将以 `false 开头,并更改为 true 。 M状态 从 PreparingForMaintenance 更改为 ReadyforMaintenance。

6. 完成节点维护后,禁用维护模式:

```
~% kubectl astrads maintenance update maint1 --node-name="nhcitjj1525" --variant=None
```

7. 确保节点不再处于维护模式:

```
~% kubectl astrads maintenance list
```

## 更换节点

使用 kubectl 命令和 Astra Data Store 预览版替换集群中的故障节点。

#### 步骤

1. 列出所有节点:

```
~% kubectl astrads nodes list
```

#### 响应:

```
NODE NAME

sti-rx2540-534d.. Added cluster-multinodes-21209

sti-rx2540-535d... Added cluster-multinodes-21209

...
```

2. 描述集群:

```
~% kubectl astrads clusters list
```

CLUSTER NAME CLUSTER STATUS NODE COUNT

cluster-multinodes-21209 created 4

3. 验证故障节点上的 Node HA 是否标记为 false:

~% kubectl describe astradscluster -n astrads-system

#### 响应:

Name: cluster-multinodes-21209

Namespace: astrads-system

Labels: <none>

Annotations: kubectl.kubernetes.io/last-applied-configuration:

{"apiVersion": "astrads.netapp.io/vlalpha1", "kind": "AstraDSCluster", "meta data": {"annotations": {}, "name": "cluster-multinodes-21209", "namespa...

API Version: astrads.netapp.io/vlalpha1

Kind: AstraDSCluster

State: Disabled
Variant: None
Node HA: false
Node ID: 4

Node Is Reachable: false

Node Management IP: 172.21.192.192

Node Name: sti-rx2540-532d.ctl.gdl.englab.netapp.com

Node Role: Storage

Node UUID: 6f6b88f3-8411-56e5-b1f0-a8e8d0c946db

Node Version: 12.75.0.6167444

Status: Added

4. 通过将 `AddsNode Count' 的值减至 3 ,修改 astradscluster CR 以删除故障节点:

cat manifests/astradscluster.yaml

#### 响应:

apiVersion: astrads.netapp.io/vlalpha1

kind: AstraDSCluster

metadata:

name: cluster-multinodes-21209

```
namespace: astrads-system
spec:
  # ADS Node Configuration per node settings
  adsNodeConfig:
    # Specify CPU limit for ADS components
    # Supported value: 9
    cpu: 9
    # Specify Memory Limit in GiB for ADS Components.
    # Your kubernetes worker nodes need to have at least this much RAM
free
    # for ADS to function correctly
    # Supported value: 34
    memory: 34
    # [Optional] Specify raw storage consumption limit. The operator
will only select drives for a node up to this limit
    capacity: 600
    # [Optional] Set a cache device if you do not want auto detection
e.g. /dev/sdb
    # cacheDevice: ""
    # Set this regex filter to select drives for ADS cluster
    # drivesFilter: ".*"
  # [Optional] Specify node selector labels to select the nodes for
creating ADS cluster
  # adsNodeSelector:
  # matchLabels:
       customLabelKey: customLabelValue
  # Specify the number of nodes that should be used for creating ADS
cluster
  adsNodeCount: 3
  # Specify the IP address of a floating management IP routable from any
worker node in the cluster
 mvip: "172..."
  # Comma separated list of floating IP addresses routable from any host
where you intend to mount a NetApp Volume
  # at least one per node must be specified
  # addresses: 10.0.0.1,10.0.0.2,10.0.0.3,10.0.0.4,10.0.0.5
  # netmask: 255.255.255.0
 adsDataNetworks:
    - addresses: "172..."
      netmask: 255.255.252.0
```

# [Optional] Provide a k8s label key that defines which protection domain a node belongs to # adsProtectionDomainKey: "" # [Optional] Provide a monitoring config to be used to setup/configure a monitoring agent. monitoringConfig: namespace: "netapp-monitoring" repo: "docker.repo.eng.netapp.com/global/astra" autoSupportConfig: # AutoUpload defines the flag to enable or disable AutoSupport upload in the cluster (true/false) autoUpload: true # Enabled defines the flag to enable or disable automatic AutoSupport collection. # When set to false, periodic and event driven AutoSupport collection would be disabled. # It is still possible to trigger an AutoSupport manually while AutoSupport is disabled # enabled: true # CoredumpUpload defines the flag to enable or disable the upload of coredumps for this ADS Cluster # coredumpUpload: false # HistoryRetentionCount defines the number of local (not uploaded) AutoSupport Custom Resources to retain in the cluster before deletion historyRetentionCount: 25 # DestinationURL defines the endpoint to transfer the AutoSupport bundle collection destinationURL: "https://testbed.netapp.com/put/AsupPut" # ProxyURL defines the URL of the proxy with port to be used for AutoSupport bundle transfer # proxyURL: # Periodic defines the config for periodic/scheduled AutoSupport objects periodic: # Schedule defines the Kubernetes Cronjob schedule - schedule: "0 0 \* \* \*" # PeriodicConfig defines the fields needed to create the Periodic AutoSupports periodicconfig: - component: name: storage event: dailyMonitoring userMessage: Daily Monitoring Storage AutoSupport bundle nodes: all

- component:

name: controlplane

event: daily

userMessage: Daily Control Plane AutoSupport bundle

## 5. 验证是否已从集群中删除此节点:

~% kubectl get nodes --show-labels

## 响应:

| NAME<br>LABELS                     | STATUS ROLES                            | AGE        | VERSION            |
|------------------------------------|---|------------|--------------------|
| sti-astramaster-237                | Ready control-plane, master             |            | v1.20.0<br>v1.20.0 |
| sti-rx2540-532d<br>sti-rx2540-533d | Ready <none> Ready <none></none></none> | 24h<br>24h | ₩1.20.0            |

~% kubectl astrads nodes list

## 响应:

| NODE NAME       | NODE STATUS | CLUSTER NAME             |
|-----------------|-------------|--------------------------|
| sti-rx2540-534d | Added       | cluster-multinodes-21209 |
| sti-rx2540-535d | Added       | cluster-multinodes-21209 |
| sti-rx2540-536d | Added       | cluster-multinodes-21209 |
|                 |             |                          |

~% kubectl get nodes --show-labels

## 响应:

| NAME               | STATUS     | ROLES                 | AGE | VERSION |
|--------------------|------------|-----------------------|-----|---------|
| LABELS             |            |                       |     |         |
| sti-astramaster-23 | 37 Ready   | control-plane, master | 24h | v1.20.0 |
| beta.kubernetes.io | o/arch=amd | 54,                   |     |         |
| sti-rx2540-532d    | Ready      | <none></none>         | 24h | v1.20.0 |
| astrads.netapp.io/ | node-remov | <i>r</i> al           |     |         |
|                    |            |                       |     |         |

~% kubectl describe astradscluster -n astrads-system

#### 响应:

Name: cluster-multinodes-21209

Namespace: astrads-system

Labels: <none>

Kind: AstraDSCluster

Metadata:

. . .

6. 通过修改集群 CR 将节点添加到集群以进行更换。节点数将递增至 4 。验证是否已选取新节点进行添加。

rvi manifests/astradscluster.yaml
cat manifests/astradscluster.yaml

apiVersion: astrads.netapp.io/v1alpha1

kind: AstraDSCluster

metadata:

name: cluster-multinodes-21209
namespace: astrads-system

~% kubectl apply -f manifests/astradscluster.yaml

#### 响应:

astradscluster.astrads.netapp.io/cluster-multinodes-21209 configured

~% kubectl get pods -n astrads-system

#### 响应:

NAME READY STATUS RESTARTS AGE astrads-cluster-controller... 24h 1/1 Running 1 astrads-deployment-support... 3/3 Running 24h 0 astrads-ds-cluster-multinodes-21209 1/1 Running

~% kubectl astrads nodes list

NODE NAME NODE STATUS CLUSTER NAME

sti-rx2540-534d... Added cluster-multinodes-21209 sti-rx2540-535d... Added cluster-multinodes-21209

~% kubectl astrads clusters list

#### 响应:

CLUSTER NAME CLUSTER STATUS NODE COUNT

cluster-multinodes-21209 created 4

~% kubectl astrads drives list

#### 响应:

DRIVE NAME DRIVE ID DRIVE STATUS NODE NAME CLUSTER NAME scsi-36000.. c3e197f2... Active sti-rx2540... cluster-

multinodes-21209

## 更换驱动器

当集群中的驱动器发生故障时,必须尽快更换驱动器以确保数据完整性。驱动器发生故障时,您将在集群 CR 节点状态,集群运行状况信息和指标端点中看到故障驱动器信息。

在 nodeStatuss.driveStatuses 中显示故障驱动器的集群示例

\$ kubectl get adscl -A -o yaml

#### 故障驱动器 CR 会在集群中自动创建,其名称与故障驱动器的 UUID 相对应。

```
$ kubectl get adsfd -A -o yaml
```

```
apiVersion: astrads.netapp.io/vlalphal
kind: AstraDSFailedDrive
metadata:
   name: c290a-5000-4652c-9b494
   namespace: astrads-system
spec:
 executeReplace: false
 replaceWith: ""
 status:
   cluster: arda-6e4b4af
   failedDriveInfo:
     failureReason: AdminFailed
     inUse: false
     name: scsi-36000c290ace209465271ed6b8589b494
     path: /dev/disk/by-id/scsi-36000c290ace209465271ed6b8589b494
     present: true
     serial: 6000c290ace209465271ed6b8589b494
     node: sti-rx2540-300b.ctl.gdl.englab.netapp.com
   state: ReadyToReplace
```

~% kubectl astrads faileddrive list --cluster arda-6e4b4af

#### 响应:

NAME NODE CLUSTER STATE

AGE

6000c290 sti-rx2540-300b.lab.netapp.com ard-6e4b4af ReadyToReplace

13m

#### 步骤

1. 使用 kubectl astrad show-replacements 命令列出可能的替代驱动器,该命令可筛选符合更换限制(未在集群中使用,未挂载,无分区以及等于或大于故障驱动器)的驱动器。

要在不筛选可能的替代驱动器的情况下列出所有驱动器,请在 sHow-replacements 命令中添加 `-all`。

~% kubectl astrads faileddrive show-replacements --cluster ard-6e4b4af --name 6000c290

## 响应:

NAME IDPATH SERIAL PARTITIONCOUNT MOUNTED SIZE sdh /scsi-36000c29417 45000c 0 false 100GB

2. 使用 replace 命令将驱动器替换为已传递的序列号。如果`-wait`时间已过,则命令将完成替换或失败。

 $\sim$ % kubectl astrads faileddrive replace --cluster arda-6e4b4af --name 6000c290 --replaceWith 45000c --wait Drive replacement completed successfully



如果使用不适当的`-replaceWith`序列号执行 kubectl astrad faileddrive replace,则会显示类似以下内容的错误:

```
~% kubectl astrads replacedrive replace --cluster astrads-cluster-f51b10a --name 6000c2927 --replaceWith BAD_SERIAL_NUMBER
Drive 6000c2927 replacement started
Failed drive 6000c2927 has been set to use BAD_SERIAL_NUMBER as a replacement
...

Drive replacement didn't complete within 25 seconds
Current status: {FailedDriveInfo:{InUse:false Present:true Name:scsi-36000c2 FiretapUUID:444a5468 Serial:6000c Path:/scsi-36000c
FailureReason:AdminFailed Node:sti-b200-0214a.lab.netapp.com}
Cluster:astrads-cluster-f51b10a State:ReadyToReplace
Conditions:[{Message: "Replacement drive serial specified doesn't exist", Reason: "DriveSelectionFailed", Status: False, Type:' Done"]}
```

3. 要重新运行驱动器更换, 请使用 `-force`和上一个命令:

```
\sim% kubectl astrads replacedrive replace --cluster astrads-cluster-f51b10a --name 6000c2927 --replaceWith VALID_SERIAL_NUMBER --force
```

## 有关详细信息 ...

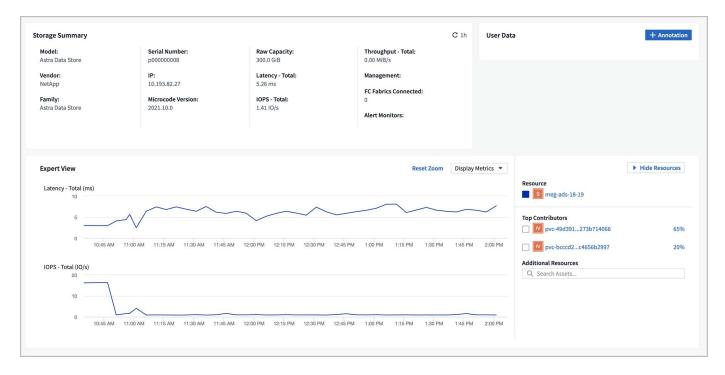
• "使用 kubectl 命令管理 Astra Data Store 预览资产"

## 使用 Cloud Insights 监控指标

您可以使用 Cloud Insights 监控 Astra 数据存储预览指标。

- [Complete Cloud Insights connection prerequisite tasks]
- [Download and run the installation script]
- [Edit the Cloud Insights connection]
- [Disconnect from Cloud Insights]

以下是 Cloud Insights 中显示的一些示例 Astra 数据存储预览指标 ·



您还可以使用显示在 Astra Data Store 预览版中生成的指标列表 [Open Metrics API help]。

## 完成 Cloud Insights 连接前提条件任务

在将 Astra 数据存储与 Cloud Insights 连接之前,您需要:

- "安装 Astra 数据存储监控操作员" 这是 Astra Data Store 预览安装说明的一部分。
- "安装 kubectl-astrad 二进制文件" 这是 Astra Data Store 预览安装说明的一部分。
- "创建 Cloud Insights 帐户"。
- 确保以下命令可用: jk , curl , grep 和 JO

#### 收集以下信息:

- 对以下类别具有读 / 写权限的 \* Cloud Insights API 密钥 \* : 采集单元,数据收集,数据载入和日志载入。此参数将用于读 / 写操作,设置采集单元和设置数据载入过程。
- \* Kubernetes API 服务器 IP 地址和端口 \* 。用于监控 Astra Data Store 预览集群。
- \* Kubernetes API 令牌 \* 。此选项用于调用 Kubernetes API 。
- \* 永久性卷配置 \* 。有关如何配置永久性卷的信息。有关详细信息,请参见下面的 " 采集单元 " 。

#### 下载并运行安装脚本

Cloud Insights 提供了 Bash 脚本,用于通过监控操作员启用 Astra 数据存储预览监控。安装脚本将安装一个采集单元以及 Astra 数据存储收集器,一个 Telegraf 代理和一个 Fluent Bit Agent。

下载 Cloud Insights 租户域名和选定 API 访问密钥后,此域名和 API 访问密钥将嵌入安装程序脚本中。

然后,指标将按如下所示发送:

- Telegraf 将向 Cloud Insights 数据湖发送指标。
- Fluent Bit 会将日志发送到日志载入服务。

#### 步骤

- 1. 如果您还没有 Cloud Insights 帐户,请创建一个。
- 2. 登录到 Cloud Insights。
- 3. 从 Cloud Insights 菜单中, 单击\*管理\*>\*数据收集器\*。
- 4. 单击 \* + Data Collector\* 以添加新收集器。



- 5. 单击 \* Astra Data Store\* 图块。
- 6. 选择正确的 API 访问令牌或创建新的 API 访问令牌。
- 7. 按照说明下载安装程序脚本,更新权限并运行此脚本。

此脚本包含您的 Cloud Insights 租户 URL 和选定 API 访问令牌。



8. 完成脚本后,单击\*完成设置\*。

安装脚本完成后, Astra Data Store 收集器将显示在 Datasources 列表中。



如果脚本因错误而退出,您可以在解决错误后重新运行它。如果您的环境不使用默认设置,则该脚本支持其他参数,例如监控操作员命名空间和 Kubernetes API 服务器端口。使用-h"选项查看使用情况和帮助文本。

#### 运行安装脚本会生成如下输出:

#### 采集单元存储

采集单元需要三个永久性卷来存储安装文件,配置数据和日志。监控操作员使用默认存储类创建永久性卷请求。 在运行安装程序脚本时,您可以使用`-s`选项指定其他存储类名称。

如果您的 Kubernetes 集群没有存储配置程序(例如 NetApp Trident ),您可以在运行安装程序脚本时使用`-r`选项提供本地文件系统路径。设置`-r`选项后,安装程序脚本会在提供的目录中创建三个永久性卷。此目录至少需要 150 GB 的可用空间。

## 代理 CR 示例

以下是运行安装程序脚本后 monitoring-NetApp 代理 CR 的外观示例。

```
spec:
au:
    isEnabled: true
    storageClassName: auto-sc
cluster-name: meg-ads-21-22-29-30
docker-repo: docker.repo.eng.netapp.com/global/astra
fluent-bit:
- name: ads-tail
    outputs:
    - sink: ADS_STDOUT
    substitutions:
    - key: TAG
    value: firetapems
    - key: LOG_FILE
```

```
values:
      - /var/log/firetap/*/ems/ems
      - /var/log/firetap/ems/*/ems/ems
    - key: ADS CLUSTER NAME
     value: meg-ads-21-22-28-29-30
  - name: agent
  - name: ads-tail-ci
   outputs:
   - sink: CI
    substitutions:
    - key: TAG
     value: netapp.ads
    - key: LOG FILE
     values:
      - /var/log/firetap/*/ems/ems
      - /var/log/firetap/ems/*/ems/ems
    - key: ADS CLUSTER NAME
      value: meg-ads-21-22-28-29-30
 output-sink:
  - api-key: abcd
    domain-name: bzl9ngz.gst-adsdemo.ci-dev.netapp.com
 serviceAccount: sa-netapp-monitoring
 telegraf:
  - name: ads-open-metric
   outputs:
   - sink: CI
   run-mode:
   - ReplicaSet
   substitutions:
    - key: URLS
     values:
      - http://astrads-metrics-service.astrads-
system.svc.cluster.local:9341
   - key: METRIC TYPE
     value: ads-metric
    - key: ADS CATEGORY
     value: netapp_ads
    - key: ADS CLUSTER NAME
      value: meg-ads-21-22-28-29-30
 - name: agent
status:
 au-pod-status: UP
 au-uuid: eddeccc6-3aa3-4dd2-a98c-220085fae6a9
```

## 安装程序脚本帮助

#### 安装程序脚本的完整帮助文本如下所示:

```
./cloudinsights-ads-monitoring.sh -h
USAGE: cloudinsights-ads-monitoring.sh [OPTIONS]
Configure monitoring of Astra Data Store by Cloud Insights.
OPTIONS:
  -h
                          Display this help message.
  -d ci domain name
                          Cloud Insights tenant domain name.
  -i kubernetes ip
                          Kubernetes API server IP address.
                          Cloud Insights API Access Key.
  -k ci api key
                          Namespace for monitoring components. (default:
  -n namespace
netapp-monitoring)
  -p kubernetes port
                         Kubernetes API server port. (default: 6443)
  -r root pv dir
                          Create 3 Persistent Volumes in this directory
for the Acquisition Unit.
                          Only specify this option if there is no Storage
Provisioner installed and the PVs do not already exist.
  -s storage class
                         Storage Class name for provisioning Acquisition
Unit PVs. If not specified, the default storage class will be used.
  -t kubernetes token Kubernetes API server token.
```

## 编辑 Cloud Insights 连接

您可以稍后编辑 Kubernetes API 密钥或 Cloud Insights API 密钥:

- 如果要更新 Kubernetes API 密钥,应从 Cloud Insights UI 编辑 Astra 数据存储收集器。
- 如果要更新用于遥测和日志的 Cloud Insights API 密钥,应使用 kubectl 命令编辑监控操作员 CR 。

## 更新 Kubernetes API 令牌

- 1. 登录到 Cloud Insights。
- 2. 选择\*管理\*>\*数据收集器\*以访问数据收集器页面。
- 3. 找到 Astra Data Store 集群的条目。
- 4. 单击页面右侧的菜单,然后选择\*编辑\*。

#### 更新 Cloud Insights API 访问令牌

- 1. 登录到 Cloud Insights。
- 2. 选择 \* 管理 \* > \* API 访问 \* 并单击 \* + API 访问令牌 \* ,创建新的 Cloud Insights API 访问令牌。
- 3. 编辑代理 CR:

kubectl --namespace netapp-monitoring edit agent agent-monitoring-netapp

- 4. 找到 output-sink 部分,然后找到名为 `"Ci" 的条目。
- 5. 对于标签 api-key , 请将当前值替换为新的 API 密钥。

#### 此部分如下所示:

output-sink:

- api-key: <api key value>
 domain-name: <tenant url>

name: CI

6. 保存并退出编辑器窗口。

监控操作员将更新 Telegraf 和 Fluent Bit 以使用新的 API 密钥。

## 断开与 Cloud Insights 的连接

要断开与 Cloud Insights 的连接,您需要先从 Cloud Insights UI 中删除 Astra 数据存储收集器。完成后,您可以从监控操作员中删除采集单元, Telegraf 和 Fluent 位配置。

#### 删除 Astra Data Store 预览收集器

- 1. 登录到 Cloud Insights。
- 2. 选择\*管理\*>\*数据收集器\*以访问数据收集器页面。
- 3. 找到 Astra Data Store 集群的条目。
- 4. 选择屏幕右侧的串行菜单, 然后选择\*删除\*。
- 5. 单击确认页面上的 \* 删除 \*。

#### 删除采集单元, Telegraf 和 Fluent 位

1. 编辑代理 CR:

kubectl --namespace netapp-monitoring edit agent agent-monitoring-netapp

- 2. 找到 au 部分并设置 isenabled : false
- 3. 找到 flual-bit 部分,然后删除名为 `ads-tail ci`的插件。如果没有其他插件,您可以删除 flual-bit 部分。
- 4. 找到 telaff 部分,然后删除名为 `ads-open-metric`的插件。如果没有其他插件,您可以删除 电报 部分。
- 5. 找到 output-sink 部分,然后删除名为 `"Ci"`的接收器。

6. 保存并退出编辑器窗口。

监控操作员将更新 Telegraf 和 Fluent 位配置并删除采集单元 POD。

7. 如果您使用本地目录作为采集单元 PV ,而不是存储配置程序,请删除这些 PV:

kubectl delete pv au-lib au-log au-pv

然后,删除运行 AU 的节点上的实际目录。

- 8. 删除采集单元 POD 后,您可以从 Cloud Insights 中删除采集单元。
  - a. 在 Cloud Insights 菜单中,选择\*管理\*>\*数据收集器\*。
  - b. 单击\*采集单元\*选项卡。
  - c. 单击采集单元 POD 旁边的菜单。
  - d. 单击 \* 删除 \*。

监控操作员将更新 Telegraf 和 Fluent 位配置并删除采集单元。

## 打开指标 API 帮助

下面列出了可用于从 Astra Data Store 预览版收集指标的 API。

- "help" 行说明了指标。
- "type" 行表示指标是量表还是计数器。
- # HELP astrads\_cluster\_capacity\_logical\_percent Percentage cluster logical capacity that is used (0-100)
- # TYPE astrads cluster capacity logical percent gauge
- # HELP astrads\_cluster\_capacity\_max\_logical Max Logical capacity of the cluster in bytes
- # TYPE astrads cluster capacity max logical gauge
- # HELP astrads\_cluster\_capacity\_max\_physical The sum of the space in the cluster in bytes for storing data after provisioning efficiencies, data reduction algorithms and replication schemes are applied
- # TYPE astrads cluster capacity max physical gauge
- # HELP astrads\_cluster\_capacity\_ops The IO operations capacity of the cluster
- # TYPE astrads cluster capacity ops gauge
- # HELP astrads\_cluster\_capacity\_physical\_percent The percentage of cluster
  physical capacity that is used (0-100)
- # TYPE astrads cluster capacity physical percent gauge
- # HELP astrads\_cluster\_capacity\_used\_logical The sum of the bytes of data
  in all volumes in the cluster before provisioning efficiencies, data
  reduction algorithms and replication schemes are applied

```
# TYPE astrads cluster capacity used logical gauge
# HELP astrads cluster capacity_used_physical Used Physical capacity of a
cluster in bytes
# TYPE astrads cluster capacity used physical gauge
# HELP astrads cluster other latency The sum of the accumulated latency in
seconds for other IO operations of all the volumes in a cluster. Divide by
astrads cluster other ops to get the average latency per other operation
# TYPE astrads cluster other latency counter
# HELP astrads cluster other ops The sum of the other IO operations of all
the volumes in a cluster
# TYPE astrads cluster other ops counter
# HELP astrads_cluster_read_latency The sum of the accumulated latency in
seconds of read IO operations of all the volumes in a cluster. Divide by
astrads cluster read ops to get the average latency per read operation
# TYPE astrads cluster read latency counter
# HELP astrads cluster read ops The sum of the read IO operations of all
the volumes in a cluster
# TYPE astrads cluster read ops counter
# HELP astrads cluster read throughput The sum of the read throughput of
all the volumes in a cluster in bytes
# TYPE astrads cluster read throughput counter
# HELP astrads cluster storage efficiency Efficacy of data reduction
technologies. (logical used / physical used)
# TYPE astrads cluster storage efficiency gauge
# HELP astrads cluster total latency The sum of the accumulated latency in
seconds of all IO operations of all the volumes in a cluster. Divide by
astrads cluster total ops to get average latency per operation
# TYPE astrads cluster total latency counter
# HELP astrads cluster total ops The sum of the IO operations of all the
volumes in a cluster
# TYPE astrads cluster total ops counter
# HELP astrads cluster total throughput The sum of the read and write
throughput of all the volumes in a cluster in bytes
# TYPE astrads cluster total throughput counter
# HELP astrads cluster utilization factor The ratio of the current cluster
IO operations based on recent IO sizes to the cluster iops capacity. (0.0
- 1.0)
# TYPE astrads_cluster_utilization_factor_gauge
# HELP astrads cluster volume used The sum of used capacity of all the
volumes in a cluster in bytes
# TYPE astrads cluster volume used gauge
# HELP astrads cluster write latency The sum of the accumulated latency in
seconds of write IO operations of all the volumes in a cluster. Divide by
astrads cluster write ops to get the average latency per write operation
# TYPE astrads cluster write latency counter
# HELP astrads cluster write ops The sum of the write IO operations of all
```

```
the volumes in a cluster
# TYPE astrads cluster write ops counter
# HELP astrads cluster write throughput The sum of the write throughput of
all the volumes in a cluster in bytes
# TYPE astrads cluster write throughput counter
# HELP astrads disk base seconds Base for busy, pending and queued.
Seconds since collection began
# TYPE astrads disk base seconds counter
\# HELP astrads disk busy Seconds the disk was busy. 100 *
(astrads disk busy / astrads disk base seconds) = percent busy (0-100)
# TYPE astrads disk busy counter
# HELP astrads disk capacity Raw Capacity of a disk in bytes
# TYPE astrads disk capacity gauge
# HELP astrads disk io pending Summation of the count of pending io
operations for a disk times time. Divide by astrads disk base seconds to
get the average pending operation count
# TYPE astrads disk io pending counter
# HELP astrads disk io queued Summation of the count of queued io
operations for a disk times time. Divide by astrads disk base seconds to
get the average queued operations count
# TYPE astrads disk io queued counter
# HELP astrads disk read latency Total accumulated latency in seconds for
disk reads. Divide by astrads disk read ops to get the average latency per
read operation
# TYPE astrads disk read latency counter
# HELP astrads disk read ops Total number of read operations for a disk
# TYPE astrads disk read ops counter
# HELP astrads disk read throughput Total bytes read from a disk
# TYPE astrads disk read throughput counter
# HELP astrads disk write latency Total accumulated latency in seconds for
disk writes. Divide by astrads disk write ops to get the average latency
per write operation
# TYPE astrads disk write latency counter
# HELP astrads_disk_write_ops Total number of write operations for a disk
# TYPE astrads disk write ops counter
# HELP astrads disk write throughput Total bytes written to a disk
# TYPE astrads disk write throughput counter
# HELP astrads_value_scrape_duration Duration to scrape values
# TYPE astrads value scrape duration gauge
# HELP astrads volume capacity available The minimum of the available
capacity of a volume and the available capacity of the cluster in bytes
# TYPE astrads_volume_capacity_available gauge
# HELP astrads volume capacity available logical Logical available
capacity of a volume in bytes
# TYPE astrads volume capacity available logical gauge
# HELP astrads volume capacity percent Percentage of volume capacity
```

```
available (0-100). (capacity available / provisioned) * 100
# TYPE astrads volume capacity percent gauge
# HELP astrads volume capacity provisioned Provisioned capacity of a
volume in bytes after setting aside the snapshot reserve. (size - snapshot
reserve = provisioned)
# TYPE astrads volume capacity provisioned gauge
# HELP astrads volume capacity size Total capacity of a volume in bytes
# TYPE astrads volume capacity size gauge
# HELP astrads volume capacity snapshot reserve percent Snapshot reserve
percentage of a volume (0-100)
# TYPE astrads volume capacity snapshot reserve percent gauge
# HELP astrads volume capacity snapshot used The amount of volume snapshot
data that is not in the active file system in bytes
# TYPE astrads volume capacity snapshot used gauge
# HELP astrads volume capacity used Used capacity of a volume in bytes.
This is bytes in the active filesystem unless snapshots are consuming more
than the snapshot reserve. (bytes in the active file system + MAX(0,
snapshot used-(snapshot reserve percent/100*size))
# TYPE astrads volume capacity used gauge
# HELP astrads volume other latency Total accumulated latency in seconds
for operations on a volume that are neither read or write. Divide by
astrads volume other ops to get the average latency per other operation
# TYPE astrads volume other latency counter
# HELP astrads volume other ops Total number of operations for a volume
that are neither read or write
# TYPE astrads volume other ops counter
# HELP astrads volume read latency Total accumulated read latency in
seconds for a volume. Divide by astrads volume read ops to get the average
latency per read operation
# TYPE astrads volume read latency counter
# HELP astrads volume read ops Total number of read operations for a
volume
# TYPE astrads volume read ops counter
# HELP astrads volume read throughput Total read throughput for a volume
in bytes
# TYPE astrads volume read throughput counter
# HELP astrads volume total latency Total accumulated latency in seconds
for all operations on a volume. Divide by astrads_volume_total_ops to get
the average latency per operation
# TYPE astrads volume total latency counter
# HELP astrads volume total ops Total number of operations for a volume
# TYPE astrads volume total ops counter
# HELP astrads volume total throughput Total thoughput for a volume in
bytes
# TYPE astrads volume total throughput counter
# HELP astrads volume write latency Total accumulated write latency in
```

seconds for volume. Divide by astrads\_volume\_write\_ops to get the average
latency per write operation
# TYPE astrads\_volume\_write\_latency counter
# HELP astrads\_volume\_write\_ops Total number of write operations for a
volume
# TYPE astrads\_volume\_write\_ops counter
# HELP astrads\_volume\_write\_throughput Total write thoughput for a volume
in bytes

## 配置和监控事件日志

要监控事件管理系统 (EMS) 日志,您可以执行以下高级任务:

# TYPE astrads volume write throughput counter

- [Configure monitoring in the Astra Data Store preview cluster custom resource (CR)]
- [Set up Cloud Insights]
- [Stream event logs to Elastic].

## 在 Astra Data Store 预览集群自定义资源( CR )中配置监控

如果尚未在 Astra Data Store 预览集群 CR 上配置监控选项,您可以使用 astrad extensions 进行设置。

输入...

 $\sim$ % kubectl astrads monitoring setup -n <NAMESPACE OF AGENT INSTALLED> -r <DOCKER REPO TO FIND FLUENT/TELEGRAF ETC IMAGES>

#### 其中:

- 已安装代理的命名空间: 这是监控代理, 它是监控操作员的 CR。
- `-r`是可选的。

## 设置 Cloud Insights

请参见 "如何设置 NetApp Cloud Insights" 用于 Astra Data Store 预览版。

## 将事件日志流式传输到 Elastic

要将 EMS 事件和其他 POD 日志流式传输到将日志流式传输到 Elastic 等第三方端点,请使用 astrad 扩展。

#### 输入...

~% kubectl astrads monitoring --host <ELASTIC HOST NAME> --port <ELASTIC HOST PORT> es



## 将 Astra 控制中心与 Astra Data Store 预览结合使用

您可以使用 Astra 控制中心用户界面( UI )执行 Astra Data Store 预览任务。

## 为 Astra 数据存储预览设置 Astra 控制中心

要使用适用于 Astra Data Store 的 Astra 控制中心 UI 预览版,您需要完成以下任务:

- 添加集群。这是安装了 Astra Data Store 预览版的底层 Kubernetes 集群。请参见 "将 Astra Data Store 预览 集群导入到您的 Astra Control Center 安装中"。
- 为该集群添加 Astra Data Store 预览存储后端。
  - (i)

如果您添加了存储后端,并且不存在具有 Astra Data Store 预览版的 Kubernetes 集群,则需要先添加一个集群。

#### 您可以在 Astra 控制中心执行的操作

在为 Astra 数据存储预览设置 Astra 控制中心后,您可以使用 Astra 控制中心 UI 完成以下任务:

- "使用 Astra 控制中心监控 Astra Data Store 预览资产的运行状况"。
- "管理 Astra Data Store 预览后端存储"。
- "查看节点,磁盘和永久性卷声明(PVC)及其状态"。

#### 有关详细信息 ...

- "Astra 系列简介"
- "Astra 控制中心文档"
- "使用 Astra Control API"

## 卸载 Astra Data Store 预览版

要卸载 Astra Data Store 预览版,您需要删除工作负载,绑定,卷,导出策略,集群, 许可证,部署环境和 Astra Data Store 预览命名空间。

您需要什么? #8217; 将需要什么

• root 管理权限

Astra Data Store 预览卸载过程将指导您完成以下高级步骤:

- [Remove existing workloads and bindings]
- [Delete the volumes and export policies]
- [Delete the Astra Data Store preview cluster]

- [Delete the license]
- [Delete the Astra Data Store preview installation]
- [Validate the removal of the astrads-system namespace]
- [Ensure containers are not running on worker nodes]
- [Delete OpenShift Container Platform resources]

#### 删除现有工作负载和绑定

卸载 Astra Data Store 预览版之前,必须先删除以下内容

- 使用 Astra Data Store 预览版作为存储后端的所有应用程序工作负载
- 使用 Astra Data Store 预览作为后端的 Trident 绑定

这样可以确保 Kubernetes 环境保持干净,这在重新安装时非常重要。

## 卸载 Astra Data Store 预览集群和控制平面

按照以下步骤手动卸载 Astra Data Store 预览版。

#### 删除卷和导出策略

在删除集群之前,您应删除 Astra Data Store 预览卷和导出策略。



如果不先删除卷和导出策略,则集群删除过程将暂停,直到删除 Astra Data Store 预览卷对象为止。在开始删除集群之前删除这些项会更高效。

#### 步骤

#### 1. 删除卷:

```
~% kubectl delete astradsvolumes --all -A
```

~% kubectl get astradsvolumes -A

#### 2. 删除导出策略:

```
~% kubectl delete astradsexportpolicies --all -A
```

~% kubectl get astradsexportpolicies -A

#### 删除 Astra Data Store 预览集群

删除集群时,只会删除 Astra Data Store 预览集群对象自定义资源( CR )以及集群范围的资源。



即使在删除集群后,操作符, nodeinfo Pod 和集群控制器(即 Kubernetes 范围的资源)仍会保持不变。

删除集群还会从节点卸载底层操作系统,从而停止 fireap 和 netwd 服务。

卸载程序大约需要一分钟才能完成。然后,开始删除 Astra Data Store 预览集群范围的资源。

1. 删除集群:

```
~% kubectl delete astradsclusters --all -A 
~% kubectl get astradsclusters -A
```

#### 删除许可证

- 1. 通过 SSH 连接到集群中的每个工作节点,并验证` fireap` 或 `netwd `未在工作节点中运行。
- 2. 删除 Astra Data Store 预览许可证:

```
~% kubectl delete astradslicenses --all -A
~% kubectl get astradslicenses -A
```

#### 删除 Astra Data Store 预览安装

删除集群中的控制器,操作员,命名空间和支持 Pod。

1. 删除 Astra Data Store 预览安装对象:

```
~% kubectl delete astradsversion astradsversion -n astrads-system ~% kubectl get astradsversion -n astrads-system
```

2. 删除数据存储 DemonSets 和所有 Astra Data Store 预览控制器资源:

3. 删除其余项目和操作符 YAML 文件:

```
~% kubectl delete -f ./manifests/astradsoperator.yaml ~% kubectl get pods -n astrads-system
```

#### 验证是否删除了 astrads-system 命名空间

确保以下命令不返回任何结果:

```
~% kubectl get ns | grep astrads-system
```

#### 确保工作节点上未运行容器

验证 fireap 或 netwd 等容器是否未在工作节点上运行。在每个节点上运行以下命令。

```
ssh <mynode1>
# runc list
```

## 删除 OpenShift 容器平台资源

如果您在 Red Hat OpenShift 容器平台( OCP )上安装了 Astra Data Store preview ,则可以卸载 OCP 安全上下文约束( SCC )和绑定资源。

OpenShift 使用安全上下文约束 (SCC) 来控制 Pod 可以执行的操作。

完成标准卸载过程后,请完成以下步骤。

1. 删除 SCC 资源:

```
oc delete -f ads_privileged_scc.yaml
```

2. 删除 rolebindings 资源:

```
oc delete -f oc_role_bindings.yaml
```

- ②略这些步骤中的"未找到资源错误"。
- 3. 从所有 Kubernetes 节点中删除 ` /var/lib/kubelet/config.yaml` 。

## 手动删除示例

下面显示了执行手动卸载脚本的示例。

```
$ kubectl delete astradsvolumes --all -A
No resources found
$ kubectl delete astradsexportpolicies --all -A
No resources found
$ kubectl delete astradsclusters --all -A
```

```
astradscluster.astrads.netapp.io "astrads-sti-c6220-09-10-11-12" deleted
$ kubectl delete astradslicenses --all -A
astradslicense.astrads.netapp.io "e900000005" deleted
$ kubectl delete astradsdeployment astradsdeployment -n astrads-system
astradsdeployment.astrads.netapp.io "astradsdeployment" deleted
$ kubectl delete ds --all -n astrads-system
daemonset.apps "astrads-ds-astrads-sti-c6220-09-10-11-12" deleted
daemonset.apps "astrads-ds-nodeinfo-astradsdeployment" deleted
daemonset.apps "astrads-ds-support" deleted
$ kubectl delete deployments --all -n astrads-system
deployment.apps "astrads-cluster-controller" deleted
deployment.apps "astrads-deployment-support" deleted
deployment.apps "astrads-license-controller" deleted
deployment.apps "astrads-operator" deleted
$ kubectl delete -f /.../firetap/sds/manifests/netappsdsoperator.yaml
namespace "astrads-system" deleted
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io
"astradsautosupports.astrads.netapp.io" deleted
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io
"astradscloudsnapshots.astrads.netapp.io" deleted
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io
"astradsclusters.astrads.netapp.io" deleted
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io
"astradsdeployments.astrads.netapp.io" deleted
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io
"astradsexportpolicies.astrads.netapp.io" deleted
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io
"astradsfaileddrives.astrads.netapp.io" deleted
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io
"astradslicenses.astrads.netapp.io" deleted
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io
"astradsnfsoptions.astrads.netapp.io" deleted
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io
"astradsnodeinfoes.astrads.netapp.io" deleted
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io
"astradsqospolicies.astrads.netapp.io" deleted
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io
"astradsvolumefiles.astrads.netapp.io" deleted
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io
"astradsvolumes.astrads.netapp.io" deleted
customresourcedefinition.apiextensions.k8s.io
```

```
"astradsvolumesnapshots.astrads.netapp.io" deleted
role.rbac.authorization.k8s.io "astrads-leader-election-role" deleted
clusterrole.rbac.authorization.k8s.io "astrads-astradscloudsnapshot-
editor-role" deleted
clusterrole.rbac.authorization.k8s.io "astrads-astradscloudsnapshot-
viewer-role" deleted
clusterrole.rbac.authorization.k8s.io "astrads-astradscluster-editor-role"
deleted
clusterrole.rbac.authorization.k8s.io "astrads-astradscluster-viewer-role"
deleted
clusterrole.rbac.authorization.k8s.io "astrads-astradslicense-editor-role"
clusterrole.rbac.authorization.k8s.io "astrads-astradslicense-viewer-role"
deleted
clusterrole.rbac.authorization.k8s.io "astrads-astradsvolume-editor-role"
deleted
clusterrole.rbac.authorization.k8s.io "astrads-astradsvolume-viewer-role"
deleted
clusterrole.rbac.authorization.k8s.io "astrads-autosupport-editor-role"
clusterrole.rbac.authorization.k8s.io "astrads-autosupport-viewer-role"
deleted
clusterrole.rbac.authorization.k8s.io "astrads-manager-role" deleted
clusterrole.rbac.authorization.k8s.io "astrads-metrics-reader" deleted
clusterrole.rbac.authorization.k8s.io "astrads-netappexportpolicy-editor-
role" deleted
clusterrole.rbac.authorization.k8s.io "astrads-netappexportpolicy-viewer-
role" deleted
clusterrole.rbac.authorization.k8s.io "astrads-netappsdsdeployment-editor-
role" deleted
clusterrole.rbac.authorization.k8s.io "astrads-netappsdsdeployment-viewer-
role" deleted
clusterrole.rbac.authorization.k8s.io "astrads-netappsdsnfsoption-editor-
role" deleted
clusterrole.rbac.authorization.k8s.io "astrads-netappsdsnfsoption-viewer-
role" deleted
clusterrole.rbac.authorization.k8s.io "astrads-netappsdsnodeinfo-editor-
role" deleted
clusterrole.rbac.authorization.k8s.io "astrads-netappsdsnodeinfo-viewer-
role" deleted
clusterrole.rbac.authorization.k8s.io "astrads-proxy-role" deleted
rolebinding.rbac.authorization.k8s.io "astrads-leader-election-
rolebinding" deleted
clusterrolebinding.rbac.authorization.k8s.io "astrads-manager-rolebinding"
clusterrolebinding.rbac.authorization.k8s.io "astrads-proxy-rolebinding"
```

```
deleted
configmap "astrads-autosupport-cm" deleted
configmap "astrads-firetap-cm" deleted
configmap "astrads-fluent-bit-cm" deleted
configmap "astrads-kevents-asup" deleted
configmap "astrads-metrics-cm" deleted
service "astrads-operator-metrics-service" deleted
Error from server (NotFound): error when deleting
"/.../export/firetap/sds/manifests/netappsdsoperator.yaml":
deployments.apps "astrads-operator" not found

$ kubectl get ns | grep astrads-system

[root@sti-rx2540-535c ~] # runc list
ID PID STATUS BUNDLE CREATED OWNER
```

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