■ NetApp

监控**Astra**数据存储 Astra Data Store

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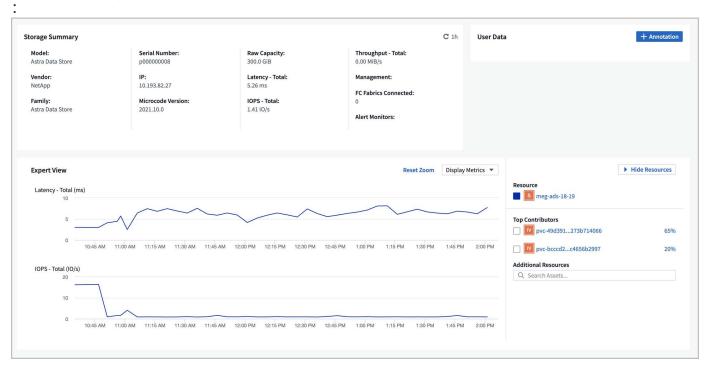
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监控Astra数据存储

使用 Cloud Insights 监控指标

您可以使用Cloud Insights 监控Astra数据存储指标。

以下是Cloud Insights 中显示的一些示例Astra数据存储指标



您还可以使用显示在Astra数据存储中生成的指标列表 [Open Metrics API help]。

您可以完成以下任务:

- [Complete Cloud Insights connection prerequisite tasks]
- [Acquisition Unit storage]
- [Download and run the installation script]
- [Edit the Cloud Insights connection]
- [Disconnect from Cloud Insights]

完成 Cloud Insights 连接前提条件任务

在将 Astra 数据存储与 Cloud Insights 连接之前,您需要完成以下任务:

- "安装 Astra 数据存储监控操作员" 这是Astra Data Store安装说明的一部分。
- "安装 kubectl-astrad 二进制文件" 这是Astra Data Store安装说明的一部分。
- "创建 Cloud Insights 帐户"。
- 确保以下命令可用: jk , curl , grep 和 JQ

收集以下信息:

- 对以下类别具有读 / 写权限的 * Cloud Insights API 访问令牌 * : 采集单元,数据收集,数据载入和日志载入。此选项将用于读 / 写操作,设置采集单元以及设置数据载入过程。
- * * Kubernetes API 服务器 IP 地址和端口 * 。用于监控Astra数据存储集群。
- * Kubernetes API 令牌 * 。此选项用于调用 Kubernetes API 。
- * 永久性卷配置 * 。有关如何配置永久性卷的信息。

采集单元存储

采集单元需要三个永久性卷来存储安装文件,配置数据和日志。监控操作员使用默认存储类创建永久性卷请求。 在运行安装程序脚本时,您可以使用`-s`选项指定其他存储类名称。

如果您的 Kubernetes 集群没有存储配置程序(例如 NetApp Trident),您可以在运行安装程序脚本时使用`-r`选项提供本地文件系统路径。设置`-r`选项后,安装程序脚本会在提供的目录中创建三个永久性卷。此目录至少需要 150 GB 的可用空间。

下载并运行安装脚本

Cloud Insights 提供了Bash脚本、用于通过监控操作员启用Astra数据存储监控。安装脚本将安装一个采集单元、其中包含Astra Data Store收集器和一个Fluent Bit Agent。

下载 Cloud Insights 租户域名和选定的 Cloud Insights API 访问令牌后,此令牌将嵌入安装程序脚本中。

然后,指标将按如下所示发送:

- Cloud Insights 采集单元将指标发送到Cloud Insights 数据湖。
- Fluent Bit 会将日志发送到日志载入服务。

显示安装程序脚本帮助

安装程序脚本的完整帮助文本如下所示:

显示安装程序脚本帮助文本:

./cloudinsights-ads-monitoring.sh -h

响应:

```
USAGE: cloudinsights-ads-monitoring.sh [OPTIONS]
Configure monitoring of Astra Data Store by Cloud Insights.
OPTIONS:
  -h
                          Display this help message.
                          Cloud Insights tenant domain name.
  -d ci domain name
 -i kubernetes ip
                          Kubernetes API server IP address.
 -k ci api key
                          Cloud Insights API Access Token.
 -n namespace
                          Namespace for monitoring components. (default:
netapp-monitoring)
 -p kubernetes port
                         Kubernetes API server port. (default: 6443)
 -r root pv dir
                         Create 3 Persistent Volumes in this directory
for the Acquisition Unit.
                          Only specify this option if there is no Storage
Provisioner installed and the PVs do not already exist.
  -s storage class
                         Storage Class name for provisioning Acquisition
Unit PVs. If not specified, the default storage class will be used.
 -t kubernetes token Kubernetes API server token.
```

运行安装脚本

- 1. 如果您还没有 Cloud Insights 帐户,请创建一个。
- 2. 登录到 Cloud Insights。
- 3. 从 Cloud Insights 菜单中, 单击*管理*>*数据收集器*。
- 4. 单击 * + Data Collector* 以添加新收集器。



- 5. 单击 * Astra Data Store* 图块。
- 6. 选择正确的 Cloud Insights API 访问令牌或创建新令牌。
- 7. 按照说明下载安装程序脚本,更新权限并运行此脚本。

此脚本包含您的 Cloud Insights 租户 URL 和选定的 Cloud Insights API 访问令牌。



8. 完成脚本后,单击*完成设置*。

安装脚本完成后, Astra Data Store 收集器将显示在 Datasources 列表中。



如果脚本因错误而退出,您可以稍后在解决错误后再次运行它。如果您的环境不使用默认设置,则该脚本支持其他参数,例如监控操作员命名空间和 Kubernetes API 服务器端口。使用`./cloudinsights-ads-monitoring.sh -h`中的 -h 选项查看使用情况和帮助文本。

如果配置成功,安装脚本将生成如下输出:

代理 CR 示例

以下是运行安装程序脚本后 monitoring-NetApp 代理 CR 的外观示例。

```
spec:
 au:
   isEnabled: true
   storageClassName: auto-sc
 cluster-name: meg-ads-21-22-29-30
 docker-repo: docker.repo.eng.netapp.com/global/astra
 fluent-bit:
 - name: ads-tail
   outputs:
   - sink: ADS STDOUT
   substitutions:
   - key: TAG
     value: firetapems
   - key: LOG FILE
     values:
     - /var/log/firetap/*/ems/ems
     - /var/log/firetap/ems/*/ems/ems
   - key: ADS CLUSTER NAME
     value: meg-ads-21-22-28-29-30
 - name: agent
 - name: ads-tail-ci
   outputs:
   - sink: CI
   substitutions:
   - key: TAG
     value: netapp.ads
   - key: LOG FILE
     values:
     - /var/log/firetap/*/ems/ems
     - /var/log/firetap/ems/*/ems/ems
   - key: ADS CLUSTER NAME
     value: meg-ads-21-22-28-29-30
 output-sink:
 - api-key: abcd
   domain-name: bz19ngz.gst-adsdemo.ci-dev.netapp.com
   name: CI
 serviceAccount: sa-netapp-monitoring
status:
 au-pod-status: UP
 au-uuid: eddeccc6-3aa3-4dd2-a98c-220085fae6a9
```

编辑 Cloud Insights 连接

您可以稍后编辑 Kubernetes API 令牌或 Cloud Insights API 访问令牌:

- 如果要更新 Kubernetes API 令牌,应从 Cloud Insights UI 编辑 Astra 数据存储收集器。
- 如果要更新用于遥测和日志的 Cloud Insights API 访问令牌,应使用 kubectl 命令编辑监控操作员 CR。

更新 Kubernetes API 令牌

- 1. 登录到 Cloud Insights。
- 2. 选择*管理*>*数据收集器*以访问数据收集器页面。
- 3. 找到 Astra Data Store 集群的条目。
- 4. 单击页面右侧的菜单,然后选择*编辑*。
- 5. 使用新值更新 Kubernetes API Token 字段。
- 6. 选择*保存收集器*。

更新 Cloud Insights API 访问令牌

- 1. 登录到 Cloud Insights。
- 2. 选择 * 管理 * > * API 访问 * 并单击 * + API 访问令牌 * ,创建新的 Cloud Insights API 访问令牌。
- 3. 编辑代理 CR:

kubectl --namespace netapp-monitoring edit agent agent-monitoring-netapp

- 4. 找到 output-sink 部分,找到名为 CI 的条目。
- 5. 对于标签 api-key ,请将当前值替换为新的 Cloud Insights API 访问令牌。

此部分如下所示:

```
output-sink:
  - api-key: <api key value>
  domain-name: <tenant url>
  name: CI
```

6. 保存并退出编辑器窗口。

监控操作员将更新Fluent Bit以使用新的Cloud Insights API访问令牌。

断开与 Cloud Insights 的连接

要断开与 Cloud Insights 的连接,您需要先从 Cloud Insights UI 中删除 Astra 数据存储收集器。完成此操作后、您可以从监控操作员中删除采集单元、Telegraf (如果已配置)和Fluent Bit配置。

删除 Astra 数据存储收集器

1. 登录到 Cloud Insights。

- 2. 选择*管理*>*数据收集器*以访问数据收集器页面。
- 3. 找到 Astra Data Store 集群的条目。
- 4. 选择屏幕右侧的菜单, 然后选择*删除*。
- 5. 单击确认页面上的*删除*。

删除采集单元、Telegraf (如果已配置)和Fluent Bit

1. 编辑代理 CR:

kubectl --namespace netapp-monitoring edit agent agent-monitoring-netapp

- 2. 找到 au 部分并将 isenabled 设置为 false
- 3. 找到 flual-bit 部分,然后删除名为 ads-tail -CI 的插件。如果没有其他插件,您可以删除 flual-bit 部分。
- 4. 如果配置了Telegraf、请找到`telecraf`部分、然后删除名为`ads-open-metric`的插件。如果没有其他插件,您可以删除 电报 部分。
- 5. 找到 output-sink 部分,然后卸下名为 CI 的接收器。
- 6. 保存并退出编辑器窗口。

监控操作员将更新Telegraf (如果已配置)和Fluent Bit配置、并删除采集单元POD。

7. 如果您使用本地目录作为采集单元 PV ,而不是存储配置程序,请删除这些 PV:

kubectl delete pv au-lib au-log au-pv

然后,删除运行采集单元的节点上的实际目录。

- 8. 删除采集单元 POD 后,您可以从 Cloud Insights 中删除采集单元。
 - a. 在 Cloud Insights 菜单中,选择*管理*>*数据收集器*。
 - b. 单击 * 采集单元 * 选项卡。
 - c. 单击采集单元 POD 旁边的菜单。
 - d. 选择*删除*。

监控操作员将更新Telegraf (如果已配置)和Fluent Bit配置、并删除采集单元。

打开指标 API 帮助

下面列出了可用于从Astra数据存储收集指标的API。

- "help" 行说明了指标。
- "type" 行表示指标是量表还是计数器。

HELP astrads cluster capacity logical percent Percentage cluster logical capacity that is used (0-100) # TYPE astrads cluster capacity logical percent gauge # HELP astrads cluster capacity max logical Max Logical capacity of the cluster in bytes # TYPE astrads cluster capacity max logical gauge # HELP astrads cluster capacity max physical The sum of the space in the cluster in bytes for storing data after provisioning efficiencies, data reduction algorithms and replication schemes are applied # TYPE astrads cluster capacity max physical gauge # HELP astrads cluster capacity ops The IO operations capacity of the cluster # TYPE astrads cluster capacity ops gauge # HELP astrads cluster capacity physical percent The percentage of cluster physical capacity that is used (0-100) # TYPE astrads cluster capacity physical percent gauge # HELP astrads_cluster_capacity_used_logical The sum of the bytes of data in all volumes in the cluster before provisioning efficiencies, data reduction algorithms and replication schemes are applied # TYPE astrads cluster capacity used logical gauge # HELP astrads cluster capacity used physical Used Physical capacity of a cluster in bytes # TYPE astrads cluster capacity used physical gauge # HELP astrads cluster other latency The sum of the accumulated latency in seconds for other IO operations of all the volumes in a cluster. Divide by astrads cluster other ops to get the average latency per other operation # TYPE astrads cluster other latency counter # HELP astrads cluster other ops The sum of the other IO operations of all the volumes in a cluster # TYPE astrads cluster other ops counter # HELP astrads cluster read latency The sum of the accumulated latency in seconds of read IO operations of all the volumes in a cluster. Divide by astrads cluster read ops to get the average latency per read operation # TYPE astrads cluster read latency counter # HELP astrads cluster read ops The sum of the read IO operations of all the volumes in a cluster # TYPE astrads cluster read ops counter # HELP astrads cluster read throughput The sum of the read throughput of all the volumes in a cluster in bytes # TYPE astrads cluster read throughput counter # HELP astrads cluster storage efficiency Efficacy of data reduction technologies. (logical used / physical used) # TYPE astrads cluster storage efficiency gauge # HELP astrads cluster total latency The sum of the accumulated latency in seconds of all IO operations of all the volumes in a cluster. Divide by astrads cluster total ops to get average latency per operation

```
# TYPE astrads cluster total latency counter
# HELP astrads cluster total ops The sum of the IO operations of all the
volumes in a cluster
# TYPE astrads cluster total ops counter
# HELP astrads cluster total throughput The sum of the read and write
throughput of all the volumes in a cluster in bytes
# TYPE astrads cluster total throughput counter
# HELP astrads cluster utilization factor The ratio of the current cluster
IO operations based on recent IO sizes to the cluster iops capacity. (0.0
- 1.0)
# TYPE astrads cluster utilization factor gauge
# HELP astrads cluster volume used The sum of used capacity of all the
volumes in a cluster in bytes
# TYPE astrads cluster volume used gauge
# HELP astrads cluster write latency The sum of the accumulated latency in
seconds of write IO operations of all the volumes in a cluster. Divide by
astrads cluster write ops to get the average latency per write operation
# TYPE astrads cluster write latency counter
# HELP astrads cluster write ops The sum of the write IO operations of all
the volumes in a cluster
# TYPE astrads cluster write ops counter
# HELP astrads cluster write throughput The sum of the write throughput of
all the volumes in a cluster in bytes
# TYPE astrads cluster write throughput counter
# HELP astrads disk base seconds Base for busy, pending and queued.
Seconds since collection began
# TYPE astrads disk base seconds counter
\# HELP astrads disk busy Seconds the disk was busy. 100 *
(astrads disk busy / astrads disk base seconds) = percent busy (0-100)
# TYPE astrads disk busy counter
# HELP astrads disk capacity Raw Capacity of a disk in bytes
# TYPE astrads disk capacity gauge
# HELP astrads disk io pending Summation of the count of pending io
operations for a disk times time. Divide by astrads disk base seconds to
get the average pending operation count
# TYPE astrads disk io pending counter
# HELP astrads disk io queued Summation of the count of queued io
operations for a disk times time. Divide by astrads disk base seconds to
get the average queued operations count
# TYPE astrads disk io queued counter
# HELP astrads disk read latency Total accumulated latency in seconds for
disk reads. Divide by astrads disk read ops to get the average latency per
read operation
# TYPE astrads disk read latency counter
# HELP astrads disk read ops Total number of read operations for a disk
# TYPE astrads disk read ops counter
```

```
# HELP astrads disk read throughput Total bytes read from a disk
# TYPE astrads disk read throughput counter
# HELP astrads disk write latency Total accumulated latency in seconds for
disk writes. Divide by astrads disk write ops to get the average latency
per write operation
# TYPE astrads disk write latency counter
# HELP astrads disk write ops Total number of write operations for a disk
# TYPE astrads disk write ops counter
# HELP astrads disk write throughput Total bytes written to a disk
# TYPE astrads disk write throughput counter
# HELP astrads value scrape duration Duration to scrape values
# TYPE astrads value scrape duration gauge
# HELP astrads volume capacity available The minimum of the available
capacity of a volume and the available capacity of the cluster in bytes
# TYPE astrads volume capacity available gauge
# HELP astrads volume capacity available logical Logical available
capacity of a volume in bytes
# TYPE astrads volume capacity available logical gauge
# HELP astrads volume capacity percent Percentage of volume capacity
available (0-100). (capacity available / provisioned) * 100
# TYPE astrads volume capacity percent gauge
# HELP astrads volume capacity provisioned Provisioned capacity of a
volume in bytes after setting aside the snapshot reserve. (size - snapshot
reserve = provisioned)
# TYPE astrads volume capacity provisioned gauge
# HELP astrads volume capacity size Total capacity of a volume in bytes
# TYPE astrads volume capacity size gauge
# HELP astrads volume capacity snapshot reserve percent Snapshot reserve
percentage of a volume (0-100)
# TYPE astrads volume capacity snapshot reserve percent gauge
# HELP astrads volume capacity snapshot used The amount of volume snapshot
data that is not in the active file system in bytes
# TYPE astrads volume capacity snapshot used gauge
# HELP astrads volume capacity used Used capacity of a volume in bytes.
This is bytes in the active filesystem unless snapshots are consuming more
than the snapshot reserve. (bytes in the active file system + MAX(0,
snapshot used-(snapshot reserve percent/100*size))
# TYPE astrads volume capacity used gauge
# HELP astrads volume other latency Total accumulated latency in seconds
for operations on a volume that are neither read or write. Divide by
astrads volume other ops to get the average latency per other operation
# TYPE astrads volume other latency counter
# HELP astrads volume other ops Total number of operations for a volume
that are neither read or write
# TYPE astrads volume other ops counter
# HELP astrads volume read latency Total accumulated read latency in
```

```
seconds for a volume. Divide by astrads volume read ops to get the average
latency per read operation
# TYPE astrads volume read latency counter
# HELP astrads volume read ops Total number of read operations for a
# TYPE astrads volume read ops counter
# HELP astrads volume read throughput Total read throughput for a volume
in bytes
# TYPE astrads volume read throughput counter
# HELP astrads volume total latency Total accumulated latency in seconds
for all operations on a volume. Divide by astrads volume total ops to get
the average latency per operation
# TYPE astrads volume total latency counter
# HELP astrads volume total ops Total number of operations for a volume
# TYPE astrads volume total ops counter
# HELP astrads volume total throughput Total thoughput for a volume in
bytes
# TYPE astrads volume total throughput counter
# HELP astrads volume write latency Total accumulated write latency in
seconds for volume. Divide by astrads volume write ops to get the average
latency per write operation
# TYPE astrads volume write latency counter
# HELP astrads volume write ops Total number of write operations for a
volume
# TYPE astrads volume write ops counter
# HELP astrads volume write throughput Total write thoughput for a volume
in bytes
# TYPE astrads volume write throughput counter
```

使用 Prometheus 和 Grafana 监控指标

您可以使用Prometheus和Grafana监控Astra数据存储指标。您可以将Prometheus配置为从Astra Data Store Kubernetes集群指标端点收集指标、并且可以使用Grafana将指标数据可视化。

您需要什么? #8217; 将需要什么

- 确保已在Astra数据存储集群或可与Astra数据存储集群通信的其他集群上下载并安装Prometheus和Grafana 软件包。按照官方文档中的说明安装每个工具:
 - 。"安装 Prometheus"
 - 。"安装 Grafana"
- Prometheus和Grafana需要能够与Astra Data Store Kubernetes集群进行通信。如果Astra Data Store集群上未安装Prometheus和Grafana、则需要确保它们可以与Astra Data Store集群上运行的指标服务进行通信。

配置 Prometheus

Astra数据存储在Kubernetes集群中的TCP端口9341上公开指标服务。您需要配置 Prometheus 以从此服务收集

指标。

步骤

- 1. 为您的 Prometheus 安装编辑 Prometheus.yml 配置文件。
- 2. 添加指向Astra Data Store服务名称及其端口的服务目标。例如:

```
scrape_configs:
static_configs:
- targets: ['astrads-metrics-service.astrads-system:9341']
```

3. 启动 Prometheus 服务。

配置 Grafana

您可以将 Grafana 配置为显示 Prometheus 收集的指标。

步骤

- 1. 为您的 Grafana 安装编辑 datasources.yaml 配置文件。
- 2. 将 Prometheus 添加为数据源。例如:

```
apiVersion: 1

datasources:
   - name: astradatastore-prometheus
   type: prometheus
   access: proxy
   url: http://localhost:9090
   jsonData:
    manageAlerts: false
```

- 3. 启动 Grafana 服务。
- 4. 按照 Grafana 文档中的说明进行操作 "开始使用"。

导入 Grafana 信息板模板

为安装Astra数据存储而下载的捆绑包文件包含Grafana信息板模板文件、您可以从Grafana中导入这些文件。这 些信息板模板可帮助您查看Astra数据存储提供的指标类型以及查看方式。

步骤

- 1. 打开Astra Data Store `.tar.gz`软件包。
- 2. 打开 manifests 目录。
- 3. 提取 grafana cluster.json 和 grafana volume.json 文件。
- 4. 使用 Grafana Web UI , "将信息板模板文件导入到 Grafana 中"。

配置和监控事件日志

要监控事件管理系统(EMS)日志,您可以执行以下高级任务:

- [Configure monitoring in the Astra Data Store cluster custom resource (CR)]
- [Set up Cloud Insights]
- [Stream event logs to Elastic].

在Astra Data Store集群自定义资源(CR)中配置监控

如果尚未在Astra Data Store集群CR上配置监控选项、您可以使用`astrad` extensions进行设置。

输入 ...

kubectl astrads monitoring setup -n <NAMESPACE OF AGENT INSTALLED> -r
<DOCKER REPO TO FIND FLUENT/TELEGRAF ETC IMAGES>

其中:

- 已安装代理的命名空间:输入监控代理的命名空间,这是监控操作员的 monitoring-NetApp CR 的默认名称。
- `-r` 是可选的,用于设置 Fluent 或 Telegraf 映像所在的 Docker 注册表。默认情况下,此路径设置为 docker.repo.eng.netapp.com/global/astra ,您可以进行更改。

设置 Cloud Insights

要查看日志,设置 Cloud Insights 是可选的;但是,使用 Cloud Insights 查看数据很有帮助。请参见 "如何设置 NetApp Cloud Insights" 用于Astra数据存储。

将事件日志流式传输到 Elastic

要将 EMS 事件和其他 POD 日志流式传输到 Elastic 等第三方端点,请使用 astrad 扩展。

输入...

kubectl astrads monitoring --host <ELASTIC HOST NAME> --port <ELASTIC HOST
PORT> es



弹性主机名可以是 IP 地址。

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