■ NetApp

AWS workflows

Cloud Manager Automation

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AWS workflows

Workflows for Amazon Web Services

There are several workflows you can use with the Amazon Web Services public cloud.



Review the Get started section before using any of the Cloud Manager REST API workflows.

Workflow categories

The AWS workflows are organized into the following functional categories:

- · Working environments
- Aggregates
- Volumes
- Metadata
- Miscellaneous

See Understanding the workflow processes for more information on these categories.

Connector setup

You must have a **Connector** for the cloud environment before creating a working environment and performing other activities using the workflows. You can create a Connector using the Cloud Manager web UI. When you create a Connector, Cloud Manager adds the AWS cloud provider account that you deployed the Connector in to your list of available accounts. Your AWS account needs to have the right permissions in order to create a Connector.

Review Learn about AWS Connectors to know how to create and deploy an AWS Connector.

Working environments

Create a working environment with PAYGO

You can create a new Cloud Volumes ONTAP working environment using pay-as-you-go (PAYGO) subscription. You can add new volumes when creating the working environment.

Note the following when using PAYGO:

- A marketplace subscription is required.
- A NetApp Support Site (NSS) key is recommended to register the system for support, but it's not required.
- You can add more volumes after creating the working environment. You can add volumes using the NFS, CIFS or the iSCSI protocol.

Choose the correct workflow depending on the type of the Cloud Volumes ONTAP deployment:

- Single Node
- HA pair

Create working environment for single node

You can use this workflow to create an single node Cloud Volumes ONTAP working environment.

1. Select the region

Perform the workflow Get regions and choose the code value for the region parameter in step 9.

2. Select the workspace

Perform the workflow Get tenants and choose the workspacePublicId value for the tenantId parameter in step 9.

3. Select the permutations configuration

Perform the workflow Get permutations and choose the ontapVersion and license: type and instanceType values for the vsaMetadata parameter in step 9.

4. Select the VPC

Perform the workflow Get VPCs and do the following:

- Choose the vpcId value for the vpcId parameter in step 9.
- Choose the cidrBlock values for the ips value of the volume parameter in step 9.

5. Select the EBS volume configuration

Perform the workflow Get EBS volume types and choose the size and supportedVolumeTypes values for the ebsVolumeSize and ebsVolumeType parameters in step 9.



You need to choose one of the allowed values for the required <code>ebsVolumeType</code> parameter. We have used <code>gp2</code> value for this parameter in step 9.

6. Attach a marketplace subscription

Perform the workflow Attach SaaS subscription.

7. (Optional) Obtain an NSS key

An NSS key is optional when using PAYGO licensing. If needed, you can create a key or select an existing key, and include the NSS key in the nssAccount parameter in step 9.

- To create a new NSS key using the Cloud Manager web user interface, perform the task Generate NSS user ID and choose the NSS ID.
- To select an existing NSS key, perform the workflow Get NSS keys and choose the id of the required NSS user.

8. (Optional) Create a new volume

You can optionally add a new volume while creating a working environment.

- Choose the name and size values for the corresponding name and size:size input parameters in step 9. The size:unit must be one of the following: TB, GB, MB, KB, or Byte.
- Choose the policyType, ips, and the nfsVersion parameters in the exportPolicyInfo input parameter in step 9 if you choose to create a volume using the NFS protocol. The ips parameter signifies the client IP address (could be multiple addresses) that can access the volume over the network. The nfsVersion parameter signifies the version of the NFS protocol that a client will use for data transmission over a network.



If you choose to create a volume using CIFS protocol, you will need to set the <code>shareInfo</code> parameter. If you choose to create a volume using iSCSI protocol, you will need to set the <code>iscsiInfo</code> parameter accordingly.

9. Create the working environment

HTTP method	Path
POST	/occm/api/vsa/working-environments

curl example

```
curl --location --request POST
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/vsa/working-environments'
--header 'x-agent-id: <AGENT_ID>' --header 'Authorization: Bearer
<ACCESS_TOKEN>' --header 'Content-Type: application/json' --d @JSONinput
```

Input

The JSON input example includes the minimum list of parameters.



This request uses PAYGO subscription as indicated in the licenseType parameter.

JSON input example

```
{
    "name": "ziv01we02",
    "svmPassword": "user password",
    "vpcId": "vpc-b16c90d4",
    "region": "us-east-1",
    "tenantId": "tenantIDgoeshere",
    "subnetId": "subnet-f4da95ac",
    "dataEncryptionType": "AWS",
    "vsaMetadata": {
        "ontapVersion": "ONTAP-9.9.0.T1",
        "licenseType": "cot-explore-paygo",
        "instanceType": "m5.xlarge"
    "ebsVolumeSize": {
        "size": 100,
        "unit": "GB"
    },
    "ebsVolumeType": "gp2",
    "volume": {
      "name": "ziv02vol01",
      "size": {
        "size": 200,
        "unit": "GB"
      },
      "exportPolicyInfo": {
        "policyType": "custom",
        "ips": [
          "172.31.0.0/16"
        ],
       "nfsVersion": [
         "nfs3",
          "nfs4"
       1
      },
      "snapshotPolicyName": "default",
      "enableThinProvisioning": true,
      "enableCompression": true,
      "enableDeduplication": true
    "writingSpeedState": "NORMAL"
}
```

Output

The JSON output example includes an example of the VsaWorkingEnvironmentRresponse.

JSON output example

```
{
    "publicId": "VsaWorkingEnvironment-ONWsb1aX",
    "name": "ziv01we02",
    "tenantId": "tenantIDgoeshere",
    "svmName": "svm ziv01we02",
    "creatorUserEmail": "user email",
    "status": null,
    "awsProperties": null,
    "reservedSize": null,
    "encryptionProperties": null,
    "clusterProperties": null,
    "ontapClusterProperties": null,
    "actionsRequired": null,
    "interClusterLifs": null,
    "cronJobSchedules": null,
    "snapshotPolicies": null,
    "svms": null,
    "activeActions": null,
    "replicationProperties": null,
    "schedules": null,
    "cloudProviderName": "Amazon",
    "isHA": false,
    "workingEnvironmentType": "VSA",
    "supportRegistrationProperties": null,
    "supportRegistrationInformation": null,
    "haProperties": null,
    "capacityFeatures": null,
    "cloudSyncProperties": null,
    "supportedFeatures": null,
    "k8sProperties": null,
    "fpolicyProperties": null,
    "saasProperties": null,
    "cbsProperties": null,
    "complianceProperties": null,
    "monitoringProperties": null
}
```

Create working environment for high availability pair

You can use this workflow to create an HA Cloud Volumes ONTAP working environment.

1. Select the region

Perform the workflow Get regions and choose the code value for the region parameter in step 11.

2. Select the cloud provider account

Perform the workflow Get cloud provider accounts and choose the publicId value of the required account for the cloudProviderAccount parameter.

3. Select the workspace

Perform the workflow Get tenants and choose the workspacePublicId value for the tenantId parameter in step 12.

4. Select the permutations configuration

Perform the workflow Get permutations and choose the ontapVersion and license: type and instanceType values for the vsaMetadata parameter in step 12.

5. Select the packages configuration

Perform the Get Packages and choose the packageName, instanceTenancy and writingSpeedState values for the corresponding parameters in step 12.

6. Select the VPC

Perform the workflow Get VPCs and do the following:

- Choose the vpcId value for the vpcId parameter in step 12.
- Choose three subnets and choose the subnetId value for the haParams:mediatorSubnetId, haParams:node1SubnetId, haParams:node2SubnetId in step 12.
- Select the IPs for the clusterFloatingIP, dataFloatingIP, dataFloatingIP2 values for the corresponding parameters in step 12.

7. Select route table

Perform the workflow Get route tables and choose the id value of the required route table for haParams:routeTableIds parameter is step 12.

8. Select the EBS volume configuration

Perform the workflow Get EBS volume types and choose the size and supportedVolumeTypes values for the ebsVolumeSize and ebsVolumeType parameters in step 12.



You need to choose one of the allowed values for the required <code>ebsVolumeType</code> parameter. We have used <code>gp2</code> value for this parameter in step 12.

9. Attach a marketplace subscription

Perform the workflow Attach SaaS subscription.

10. (Optional) Obtain an NSS key

An NSS key is optional when using PAYGO licensing. If needed, you can create a key or select an existing key, and include the NSS key in the nssAccount parameter in step 12.

- To create a new NSS key using the Cloud Manager web user interface, perform the task Generate NSS user ID and choose the NSS ID.
- To select an existing NSS key, perform the workflow Get NSS keys and choose the id of the required NSS user.

11. (Optional) Create a new volume

You can optionally add a new volume while creating a working environment.

- Choose the name and size values for the corresponding name and size:size input parameters in step 12. The size:unit must be one of the following: TB, GB, MB, KB, or Byte.
- Choose the policyType, ips, and the nfsVersion parameters in the exportPolicyInfo input parameter in step 12 if you choose to create a volume using the NFS protocol. The ips parameter signifies the client IP address (could be multiple addresses) that can access the volume over the network. The nfsVersion parameter signifies the version of the NFS protocol that a client will use for data transmission over a network.



If you choose to create a volume using CIFS protocol, you will need to set the <code>shareInfo</code> parameter. If you choose to create a volume using iSCSI protocol, you will need to set the <code>iscsiInfo</code> parameter accordingly.

12. Create the working environment

HTTP method	Path
POST	/occm/api/aws/ha/working-environments

curl example

```
curl --location --request POST
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/aws/ha/working-
environments' --header 'x-agent-id: <AGENT_ID>' --header 'Authorization:
Bearer <ACCESS_TOKEN>' --header 'Content-Type: application/json' --d
@JSONinput
```

Input

The JSON input example includes the minimum list of parameters.



This request uses PAYGO licensing as indicated in the licenseType parameter.

JSON input example

```
"name": "ziv04we02ha",
"svmPassword": "password",
"vpcId": "vpc-b16c90d4",
"region": "us-east-1",
"tenantId": "tenantIDgoeshere",
```

```
"ebsVolumeSize": {
 "size": 100,
 "unit": "GB"
},
"ebsVolumeType": "gp2",
"vsaMetadata": {
 "ontapVersion": "ONTAP-9.9.0X6.T1.ha",
 "licenseType": "ha-cot-explore-paygo",
 "instanceType": "m5.xlarge"
},
"dataEncryptionType": "AWS",
"ontapEncryptionParameters": null,
"haParams": {
 "node1SubnetId": "subnet-f4da95ac",
 "node2SubnetId": "subnet-b4387a9e",
 "mediatorSubnetId": "subnet-76e6d400",
 "clusterFloatingIP": "4.4.4.4",
 "dataFloatingIP": "5.5.5.5",
 "dataFloatingIP2": "6.6.6.6",
  "mediatorKeyPairName": "Developers Virginia",
 "routeTableIds": [
   "rtb-02a45467"
  "failoverMode": "FloatingIP",
  "mediatorAssignPublicIP": true
},
"volume": {
 "name": "ziv02vol01",
 "size": {
   "size": 200,
   "unit": "GB"
 },
  "exportPolicyInfo": {
   "policyType": "custom",
   "ips": [
     "172.31.0.0/16"
   ],
   "nfsVersion": [
     "nfs3",
     "nfs4"
   1
  },
  "snapshotPolicyName": "default",
  "enableThinProvisioning": true,
  "enableCompression": true,
  "enableDeduplication": true
```

```
"optimizedNetworkUtilization": false,
"instanceTenancy": "default",
"packageName": "aws_ha_poc",
"cloudProviderAccount": "InstanceProfile",
"backupVolumesToCbs": false,
"enableMonitoring": "false",
"writingSpeedState": "NORMAL"
}
```

Output

The JSON output example includes an example of the HA working environment details.

JSON output example

```
{
    "publicId": "VsaWorkingEnvironment-sQ9AELDS",
    "name": "ziv04we02ha",
    "tenantId": "tenantIDshownhere",
    "svmName": "svm ziv04we02ha",
    "creatorUserEmail": "user email",
    "status": null,
    "awsProperties": null,
    "reservedSize": null,
    "encryptionProperties": null,
    "clusterProperties": null,
    "ontapClusterProperties": null,
    "actionsRequired": null,
    "interClusterLifs": null,
    "cronJobSchedules": null,
    "snapshotPolicies": null,
    "svms": null,
    "activeActions": null,
    "replicationProperties": null,
    "schedules": null,
    "cloudProviderName": "Amazon",
    "isHA": true,
    "workingEnvironmentType": "VSA",
    "supportRegistrationProperties": null,
    "supportRegistrationInformation": null,
    "haProperties": null,
    "capacityFeatures": null,
    "cloudSyncProperties": null,
    "supportedFeatures": null,
    "k8sProperties": null,
    "fpolicyProperties": null,
    "saasProperties": null,
    "cbsProperties": null,
    "complianceProperties": null,
    "monitoringProperties": null
}
```

Create a working environment with BYOL licensing

You can use this workflow to create a new Cloud Volumes ONTAP working environment using bring-your-own-license (BYOL) licensing.

Note the following when using BYOL licensing:

- · A marketplace subscription is not required.
- A NetApp Support Site (NSS) key is required to register the system for support.
- You can add a volume after creating the working environment.

To optionally create a new volume with the working environment, you must modify the JSON input provided on the REST API call. See Create a working environment with PAYGO licensing for an example.

Choose the correct workflow depending on the type of the Cloud Volumes ONTAP deployment:

- Single Node
- HA pair

Create working environment for single node

You can use this workflow to create a single node Cloud Volumes ONTAP working environment.

1. Select the region

Perform the workflow Get regions and choose the code value for the region parameter in step 7.

2. Select the workspace

Perform the workflow Get tenants and choose the workspacePublicId value for the tenantId parameter in step 7.

3. Select the permutations configuration

Perform the workflow Get permutations and choose the ontapVersion and license: type and instanceType values for the vsaMetadata parameter in step 7.

You will also need to include the platformSerialNumber value in vsaMetadata parameter in the REST API call.

4. Select the VPC

Perform the workflow Get VPCs and choose the vpcId value for the vpcId parameter in step 7.

5. Select the EBS volume configuration

Perform the workflow Get EBS volume types and choose the size and supportedVolumeTypes values for the ebsVolumeSize and ebsVolumeType parameters in step 7.



You need to choose one of the allowed values for the required <code>ebsVolumeType</code> parameter. We have used <code>qp2</code> value for this parameter in step 7.

6. Obtain the required NSS key

An NSS key is required when using BYOL licensing. You can create a key or select an existing key, and

include the NSS key in the nssAccount parameter in step 7.

- To create a new NSS key using the Cloud Manager web user interface, perform the task Generate NSS user ID and choose the NSS ID.
- To select an existing NSS key, perform the workflow Get NSS keys and choose the id of the required NSS user.

7. Create the working environment

HTTP method	Path
POST	/occm/api/vsa/working-environments

curl example

```
curl --location --request POST
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/vsa/working-environments'
--header 'x-agent-id: <AGENT_ID>' --header 'Authorization: Bearer
<ACCESS_TOKEN>' --header 'Content-Type: application/json' --d @JSONinput
```

Input

The JSON input example includes the minimum list of parameters. This request uses BYOL licensing as indicated in the <code>licenseType</code> parameter. The <code>platformSerialNumber</code> is required.

JSON input example

```
{
   "name": "ziv02we03",
   "svmPassword": "password",
   "vpcId": "vpc-b16c90d4",
   "region": "us-east-1",
   "tenantId": "workspace-cxxx123",
   "subnetId": "subnet-f4da95ac",
   "dataEncryptionType": "AWS",
   "nssAccount": "xxx332ce3-xxxx-4000-xx00-000a0601c682",
   "vsaMetadata": {
       "ontapVersion": "ONTAP-9.9.0.T1",
       "licenseType": "cot-premium-byol",
       "instanceType": "m5.xlarge",
       },
       "ebsVolumeSize": {
           "size": 100,
           "unit": "GB"
           "ebsVolumeType": "gp2"
}
```

Output

The JSON output example includes an example of the VsaWorkingEnvironmentRresponse response.

JSON output example

```
{
    "publicId": "VsaWorkingEnvironment-wL2MaBJs",
    "name": "username",
    "tenantId": "tenantIDgoeshere",
    "svmName": "svm ziv02we03",
    "creatorUserEmail": "user email",
    "status": null,
    "awsProperties": null,
    "reservedSize": null,
    "encryptionProperties": null,
    "clusterProperties": null,
    "ontapClusterProperties": null,
    "actionsRequired": null,
    "interClusterLifs": null,
    "cronJobSchedules": null,
    "snapshotPolicies": null,
    "svms": null,
    "activeActions": null,
    "replicationProperties": null,
    "schedules": null,
    "cloudProviderName": "Amazon",
    "isHA": false,
    "workingEnvironmentType": "VSA",
    "supportRegistrationProperties": null,
    "supportRegistrationInformation": null,
    "haProperties": null,
    "capacityFeatures": null,
    "cloudSyncProperties": null,
    "supportedFeatures": null,
    "k8sProperties": null,
    "fpolicyProperties": null,
    "saasProperties": null,
    "cbsProperties": null,
    "complianceProperties": null,
    "monitoringProperties": null
}
```

Create working environment for high availability pair

You can use this workflow to create an HA Cloud Volumes ONTAP working environment.

1. Select the region

Perform the workflow Get regions and choose the code value for the region parameter in step 11.

2. Select the cloud provider account

Perform the workflow Get cloud provider accounts and choose the publicId value of the required account for the cloudProviderAccount parameter.

3. Select the workspace

Perform the workflow Get tenants and choose the workspacePublicId value for the tenantId parameter in step 11.

4. Select the permutations configuration

Perform the workflow Get permutations and choose the ontapVersion and license: type and instanceType values for the vsaMetadata parameter in step 11.

5. Select the packages configuration

Perform the Get Packages and choose the packageName, instanceTenancy and writingSpeedState values for the corresponding parameters in step 11.

6. Select the VPC

Perform the workflow Get VPCs and do the following:

- Choose the vpcId value for the vpcId parameter in step 11.
- Choose three subnets and choose the subnetId value for the haParams: mediatorSubnetId, haParams: node1SubnetId, haParams: node2SubnetId.
- Attach the licenses serial number to platformSerialNumberNode1 and platformSerialNumberNode2 parameters.
- Select the IPs for the clusterFloatingIP, dataFloatingIP, dataFloatingIP2 values for the corresponding parameters in step 11.

7. Select the route table

Perform the workflow Get route tables and choose the id value of the required route table for haParams:routeTableIds parameter in step 11.

8. Select the EBS volume configuration

Perform the workflow Get EBS volume types and choose the size and supportedVolumeTypes values for the ebsVolumeSize and ebsVolumeType parameters in step 11.



You need to choose one of the allowed values for the required <code>ebsVolumeType</code> parameter. We have used <code>qp2</code> value for this parameter in step 11.

9. Get key pairs

Perform the Get key pairs workflow and select the required key for haParam: mediatorKeyPairName parameter in step 11.

10. Obtain the required NSS key

An NSS key is required when using BYOL licensing. You can create a key or select an existing key, and include the NSS key in the nssAccount parameter.

- To create a new NSS key using the Cloud Manager web user interface, perform the task Generate NSS user ID and choose the NSS ID.
- To select an existing NSS key, perform the workflow Get NSS keys and choose the id of the required NSS user.

11. Create the working environment

HTTP method	Path
POST	/occm/api/aws/ha/working-environments

curl example

```
curl --location --request POST
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/aws/ha/working-
environments' --header 'x-agent-id: <AGENT_ID>' --header 'Authorization:
Bearer <ACCESS_TOKEN>' --header 'Content-Type: application/json' --d
@JSONinput
```

Input

The JSON input example includes the minimum list of parameters. This request uses BYOL licensing as indicated in the licenseType parameter. The platformSerialNumberNode1 and platformSerialNumberNode2 parameters are required.

JSON input example

```
{
 "name": "ziv04we02ha",
 "svmPassword": "password",
 "vpcId": "vpc-b16c90d4",
 "region": "us-east-1",
 "tenantId": "tenantIDgoeshere",
 "ebsVolumeSize": {
   "size": 100,
   "unit": "GB"
 },
 "ebsVolumeType": "gp2",
 "vsaMetadata": {
    "ontapVersion": "ONTAP-9.9.0.T1.ha",
   "licenseType": "ha-cot-premium-byol",
   "instanceType": "m5.xlarge"
 },
 "dataEncryptionType": "AWS",
 "ontapEncryptionParameters": null,
 "haParams": {
    "node1SubnetId": "subnet-f4da95ac",
   "node2SubnetId": "subnet-b4387a9e",
    "mediatorSubnetId": "subnet-76e6d400",
   "clusterFloatingIP": "4.4.4.4",
   "dataFloatingIP": "5.5.5.5",
   "dataFloatingIP2": "6.6.6.6",
   "platformSerialNumberNode1": "9012014000000000023",
    "platformSerialNumberNode2": "9012014000000000024",
    "mediatorKeyPairName": "Developers Virginia",
    "routeTableIds": [
     "rtb-02a45467"
   ],
   "failoverMode": "FloatingIP",
   "mediatorAssignPublicIP": true
  },
 "nssAccount": "54ab5c0d-xx23-xxxd-bcef-6eeda79e747d",
 "optimizedNetworkUtilization": false,
 "instanceTenancy": "default",
 "packageName": "aws ha poc",
 "cloudProviderAccount": "InstanceProfile",
 "backupVolumesToCbs": false,
 "enableMonitoring": "false",
 "writingSpeedState": "NORMAL"
}
```

Output

The JSON output example includes an example of the HA working environment details.

JSON output example

```
{
    "publicId": "VsaWorkingEnvironment-XxCZibxz",
    "name": "ziv04we02ha",
    "tenantId": "tenantIDshownhere",
    "svmName": "svm ziv04we02ha",
    "creatorUserEmail": "user email",
    "status": null,
    "awsProperties": null,
    "reservedSize": null,
    "encryptionProperties": null,
    "clusterProperties": null,
    "ontapClusterProperties": null,
    "actionsRequired": null,
    "interClusterLifs": null,
    "cronJobSchedules": null,
    "snapshotPolicies": null,
    "svms": null,
    "activeActions": null,
    "replicationProperties": null,
    "schedules": null,
    "cloudProviderName": "Amazon",
    "isHA": true,
    "workingEnvironmentType": "VSA",
    "supportRegistrationProperties": null,
    "supportRegistrationInformation": null,
    "haProperties": null,
    "capacityFeatures": null,
    "cloudSyncProperties": null,
    "supportedFeatures": null,
    "k8sProperties": null,
    "fpolicyProperties": null,
    "saasProperties": null,
    "cbsProperties": null,
    "complianceProperties": null,
    "monitoringProperties": null
}
```

Get working environments

You can retrieve the public identifier, working environment identifier and the storage virtual machine name for Cloud Volumes ONTAP working environments (visible to

currently logged in user) which would be used in other workflows.

Choose the correct workflow depending on the type of the Cloud Volumes ONTAP deployment:

- Single Node
- HA pair

Get working environments for single node

You can use this workflow to retrieve the working environments' details for a single node system.

1. Get the working environments

HTTP method	Path
GET	occm/api/vsa/working-environments

curl example

```
curl --location --request GET
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/vsa/working-environments'
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' --header 'x-agent-id:
<AGENT_ID>' --header 'Authorization: Bearer <ACCESS_TOKEN>'
```

Input

Optional query parameters:

- fields
- tenantId

Output

The JSON output example includes an array of VSA working environments and their details.

JSON output example

```
[
    "publicId": "VsaWorkingEnvironment-79VKenHW",
    "name": "ziv01we02",
    "tenantId": "tenantIDshownhere",
    "svmName": "svm_ziv01we02",
    "creatorUserEmail": "user_email",
    "status": null,
    "awsProperties": null,
    "reservedSize": null,
    "encryptionProperties": null,
    "clusterProperties": null,
    "ontapClusterProperties": null,
    "actionsRequired": null,
    "actionsRequired": null,
```

```
"interClusterLifs": null,
    "cronJobSchedules": null,
    "snapshotPolicies": null,
    "svms": null,
    "activeActions": null,
    "replicationProperties": null,
    "schedules": null,
    "cloudProviderName": "Amazon",
    "isHA": false,
    "workingEnvironmentType": "VSA",
    "supportRegistrationProperties": null,
    "supportRegistrationInformation": [],
    "haProperties": null,
    "capacityFeatures": null,
    "cloudSyncProperties": null,
    "supportedFeatures": null,
    "k8sProperties": null,
    "fpolicyProperties": null,
    "saasProperties": null,
    "cbsProperties": null,
    "complianceProperties": null,
    "monitoringProperties": null
},
    "publicId": "VsaWorkingEnvironment-61kN4p5P",
    "name": "ziv01we03",
    "tenantId": "tenantIDshownhere",
    "svmName": "svm ziv01we03",
    "creatorUserEmail": "user email",
    "status": null,
    "awsProperties": null,
    "reservedSize": null,
    "encryptionProperties": null,
    "clusterProperties": null,
    "ontapClusterProperties": null,
    "actionsRequired": null,
    "interClusterLifs": null,
    "cronJobSchedules": null,
    "snapshotPolicies": null,
    "svms": null,
    "activeActions": null,
    "replicationProperties": null,
    "schedules": null,
    "cloudProviderName": "Amazon",
    "isHA": false,
    "workingEnvironmentType": "VSA",
```

```
"supportRegistrationProperties": null,
    "supportRegistrationInformation": [],
    "haProperties": null,
    "capacityFeatures": null,
    "cloudSyncProperties": null,
    "supportedFeatures": null,
    "k8sProperties": null,
    "fpolicyProperties": null,
    "saasProperties": null,
    "cbsProperties": null,
    "complianceProperties": null,
    "monitoringProperties": null
},
    "publicId": "VsaWorkingEnvironment-E9WanX81",
    "name": "ziv01we04",
    "tenantId": "tenantIDshownhere",
    "svmName": "svm ziv01we04",
    "creatorUserEmail": "user email",
    "status": null,
    "awsProperties": null,
    "reservedSize": null,
    "encryptionProperties": null,
    "clusterProperties": null,
    "ontapClusterProperties": null,
    "actionsRequired": null,
    "interClusterLifs": null,
    "cronJobSchedules": null,
    "snapshotPolicies": null,
    "svms": null,
    "activeActions": null,
    "replicationProperties": null,
    "schedules": null,
    "cloudProviderName": "Amazon",
    "isHA": false,
    "workingEnvironmentType": "VSA",
    "supportRegistrationProperties": null,
    "supportRegistrationInformation": [],
    "haProperties": null,
    "capacityFeatures": null,
    "cloudSyncProperties": null,
    "supportedFeatures": null,
    "k8sProperties": null,
    "fpolicyProperties": null,
    "saasProperties": null,
    "cbsProperties": null,
```

```
"complianceProperties": null,
    "monitoringProperties": null
}
]
```

Get working environment for high availability pair

You can use this workflow to get the working environment details for an HA pair.

1. Select the working environment to use

Perform the workflow Get working environments for single node and choose the publicId of the required working environment for the workingEnvironmentId path parameter.

2. Get the working environment

HTTP method	Path
GET	occm/api/aws/ha/working-environments/ <working_env_id></working_env_id>

curl example

```
curl --location --request GET
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/aws/ha/working-
environments/<WORKING_ENV_ID>' --header 'Content-Type: application/json'
--header 'x-agent-id: <AGENT_ID>' --header 'Authorization: Bearer
<ACCESS_TOKEN>'
```

Input

Path parameter:

<WORKING_ENV_ID> workingEnvironmentId

Optional query parameter:

fields

Output

The JSON output example includes an HA Cloud Volumes ONTAP working environment.

JSON output example

```
[
{
    "publicId": "VsaWorkingEnvironment-N6BPfglr",
    "name": "ziv04we01ha",
    "tenantId": "tenantIDshownhere",
    "svmName": "svm ziv04we01ha",
    "creatorUserEmail": "user email",
    "status": null,
    "awsProperties": null,
    "reservedSize": null,
    "encryptionProperties": null,
    "clusterProperties": null,
    "ontapClusterProperties": null,
    "actionsRequired": null,
    "interClusterLifs": null,
    "cronJobSchedules": null,
    "snapshotPolicies": null,
    "svms": null,
    "activeActions": null,
    "replicationProperties": null,
    "schedules": null,
    "cloudProviderName": "Amazon",
    "isHA": true,
    "workingEnvironmentType": "VSA",
    "supportRegistrationProperties": null,
    "supportRegistrationInformation": [],
    "haProperties": null,
    "capacityFeatures": null,
    "cloudSyncProperties": null,
    "supportedFeatures": null,
    "k8sProperties": null,
    "fpolicyProperties": null,
    "saasProperties": null,
    "cbsProperties": null,
    "complianceProperties": null,
    "monitoringProperties": null
}
```

Delete a working environment

You can delete an existing Cloud Volumes ONTAP working environment.

Choose the correct workflow depending on the type of the Cloud Volumes ONTAP deployment:

Single Node

• HA pair

Delete working environment for single node

You can use this workflow to delete a working environment for a single node system.

1. Select the working environment to use

Perform the workflow Get working environments and choose the publicId value of the working environment for the workingEnvironmentId path parameter.

2. Delete the working environment

HTTP method	Path
DELETE	/occm/api/vsa/working-environments/{workingEnvironmentId}

curl example

```
curl --location --request DELETE
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/vsa/working-
environments/<WORKING_ENV_ID>' --header 'Content-Type: application/json'
--header 'x-agent-id: <AGENT_ID>' --header 'Authorization: Bearer
<ACCESS_TOKEN>'
```

Input

Path parameter < WORKING_ENV_ID > workingEnvironmentId

Optional query parameters:

• localDelete

If true the Cloud Volumes ONTAP instance in the cloud is not terminated, but Cloud Manager no longer manages it (default is false).

• forceDelete

If true the working environment is deleted even if it is part of one or more SnapMirror relationships (default is false).

Output

None

Delete working environment for high availability pair

You can use this workflow to delete a working environment for an HA pair.

1. Select the working environment to use

Perform the workflow Get working environments and choose the publicId value of the working environment for the workingEnvironmentId path parameter.

2. Delete the working environment

HTTP method	Path
DELETE	/occm/api/aws/ha/working-environments/{workingEnvironmentId}

curl example

```
curl --location --request DELETE
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/aws/ha/working-
environments/<WORKING_ENV_ID>' --header 'Content-Type: application/json'
--header 'x-agent-id: <AGENT_ID>' --header 'Authorization: Bearer
<ACCESS_TOKEN>'
```

Input

Path parameter < WORKING ENV ID > workingEnvironmentId

Optional query parameters:

• localDelete

If true the Cloud Volumes ONTAP instance in the cloud is not terminated, but Cloud Manager no longer manages it (default is false).

• forceDelete

If true the working environment is deleted even if it is part of one or more SnapMirror relationships (default is false).

Output

None

Create CIFS server configuration

If you want to create CIFS volumes on your Cloud Volumes ONTAP system, you first need to configure the CIFS server. You can choose to set up the CIFS server in a workgroup or in an Active Directory domain. Review the NetApp docs for more information.

Choose the correct workflow depending on the type of the Cloud Volumes ONTAP deployment:

- Single Node
- HA pair

Create CIFS server configuration for single node

You can use this workflow to create a CIFS server configuration for a single node system.

Choose the workflow that is specific to your goal:

- Set up a CIFS server in a workgroup
- · Set up a CIFS server in an Active Directory domain

Set up a CIFS server in a workgroup

You can configure a CIFS server in a workgroup when the Microsoft Active Directory domain infrastructure is not available.

1. Select the working environment

Perform the workflow Get working environments and choose the publicId value of the working environment for the workingEnvironmentId path parameter.

2. Create the CIFS configuration

Create the CIFS server configuration.

HTTP method	Path
POST	/occm/api/vsa/working-environments/{workingEnvironmentId}/cifs-workgroup

curl example

```
curl --location --request POST
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/vsa/working-
environments/<WORKING_ENV_ID>/cifs-workgroup' --header 'Content-Type:
application/json' --header 'x-agent-id: <AGENT_ID>' --header
'Authorization: Bearer <ACCESS_TOKEN>' --d @JSONinput
```

Input

• Path parameter < WORKING ENV ID > workingEnvironmentId

JSON input example

```
"serverName": "SMB_SERVER02",
   "workgroupName": "workgroup02",
   "svmName": "svm_ziv01we01"
}
```

Output

None.

Set up a CIFS server in an Active Directory domain

You can create a CIFS server on the SVM and specify the Active Directory (AD) domain to which it belongs.

1. Select the working environment

Perform the workflow Get working environments and choose the publicId value of the working environment for the workingEnvironmentId path parameter.

2. Determine the Active Directory configuration

You need the following configuration parameters for an Active Directory server.

Input parameter	Description
dnsDomain	Use the Active Directory domain as the DNS name.
ipAddresses	Define the primary DNS IP address and optionally add a secondary IP address.
netBIOS	Use the CIFS server NetBIOS name.
organizationalUnit	Include the organizational unit as appropriate.
activeDirectoryDomain	Set the Active Directory domain to join.
activeDirectoryUsername	A username with authorization to join the domain.
activeDirectoryPassword	The password for the authorized username.

3. Create the CIFS configuration

Create the CIFS server configuration.

HTTP method	Path
POST	/occm/api/vsa/working-environments/{workingEnvironmentId}/cifs

curl example

```
curl --location --request POST
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/vsa/working-
environments/<WORKING_ENV_ID>/cifs' --header 'Content-Type:
application/json' --header 'x-agent-id: <AGENT_ID>' --header
'Authorization: Bearer <ACCESS_TOKEN>' --d @JSONinput
```

Input

• Path parameter < WORKING ENV ID> workingEnvironmentId

JSON input example

```
"dnsDomain": "zivh.netapp.com",
"ipAddresses": [
    "172.31.5.241"
],
"netBIOS": "zivaws02we03",
"organizationalUnit": "CN=Computers",
"activeDirectoryDomain": "zivh.netapp.com",
"activeDirectoryUsername": "administrator",
"activeDirectoryPassword": "password"
}
```

Output

None.

Create CIFS server configuration for high availability pair

You can use this workflow to create a CIFS server configuration for an HA working environment.

Choose the workflow that is specific to your goal:

- Set up a CIFS server in a workgroup
- · Set up a CIFS server in an Active Directory domain

Set up a CIFS server in a workgroup

You can configure a CIFS server in a workgroup when the Microsoft Active Directory domain infrastructure is not available.

1. Select the working environment

Perform the workflow Get working environments and choose the publicId value of the working environment for the workingEnvironmentId path parameter.

2. Create the CIFS configuration

Create the CIFS server configuration.

HTTP method	Path
POST	/occm/api/aws/ha/working-environments/{workingEnvironmentId}/cifs-workgroup

curl example

```
curl --location --request POST
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/aws/ha/working-
environments/<WORKING_ENV_ID>/cifs-workgroup' --header 'Content-Type:
application/json' --header 'x-agent-id: <AGENT_ID>' --header
'Authorization: Bearer <ACCESS_TOKEN>' --d @JSONinput
```

Input

• Path parameter < WORKING_ENV_ID > workingEnvironmentId

JSON input example

```
"serverName": "SMB_SERVER02",
   "workgroupName": "workgroup02",
   "svmName": "svm_ziv01we01"
}
```

Output

None.

Set up a CIFS server in an Active Directory domain

You can create a CIFS server on the SVM and specify the Active Directory (AD) domain to which it belongs.

1. Select the working environment

Perform the workflow Get working environments and choose the publicId value of the working environment for the workingEnvironmentId path parameter.

2. Determine the Active Directory configuration

You need the following configuration parameters for an Active Directory server.

Input parameter	Description
dnsDomain	Use the Active Directory domain as the DNS name.
ipAddresses	Define the primary DNS IP address and optionally add a secondary IP address.
netBIOS	Use the CIFS server NetBIOS name.
organizationalUnit	Include the organizational unit as appropriate.
activeDirectoryDomain	Set the Active Directory domain to join.
activeDirectoryUsername	A username with authorization to join the domain.
activeDirectoryPassword	The password for the authorized username.

3. Create the CIFS configuration

Create the CIFS server configuration.

HTTP method	Path
POST	/occm/api/aws/ha/working-environments/{workingEnvironmentId}/cifs

curl example

```
curl --location --request POST
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/aws/ha/working-
environments/<WORKING_ENV_ID>/cifs' --header 'Content-Type:
application/json' --header 'x-agent-id: <AGENT_ID>' --header
'Authorization: Bearer <ACCESS_TOKEN>' --d @JSONinput
```

Input

• Path parameter <WORKING_ENV_ID> workingEnvironmentId

JSON input example

```
"dnsDomain": "zivh.netapp.com",
"ipAddresses": [
    "172.31.5.241"
],
    "netBIOS": "zivaws02we03",
    "organizationalUnit": "CN=Computers",
    "activeDirectoryDomain": "zivh.netapp.com",
    "activeDirectoryUsername": "administrator",
    "activeDirectoryPassword": "password"
}
```

Output

None.

Get CIFS server configurations

You can use this workflow to retrieve the CIFS server configurations for an existing Cloud Volumes ONTAP working environment.

Choose the correct workflow depending on the type of the Cloud Volumes ONTAP deployment:

- Single Node
- HA pair

Get CIFS server configuration for single node

You can use this workflow to retrieve a CIFS server configuration for a single node system.

1. Select the working environment

Perform the workflow Get working environments and choose the publicId value of the working environment for the workingEnvironmentId path parameter.

2. Get the CIFS configurations

HTTP method	Path
GET	/occm/api/vsa/working-environments/{workingEnvironmentId}/cifs

curl example

```
curl --location --request GET
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/vsa/working-
environments/<WORKING_ENV_ID>/cifs' --header 'Content-Type:
application/json' --header 'x-agent-id: <AGENT_ID>' --header
'Authorization: Bearer <ACCESS_TOKEN>'
```

Input

- Path parameter <WORKING_ENV_ID> workingEnvironmentId
- Optional query parameter svm

Output

The JSON output example includes the CIFS configurations for an existing Cloud Volumes ONTAP working environment.

JSON output example

```
[
    "dnsDomain": "zivh.netapp.com",
    "activeDirectoryDomain": "zivh.netapp.com",
    "ipAddresses": [
        "172.31.5.241"
    ],
    "netBIOS": "zivaws02we01",
    "organizationalUnit": "CN=Computers",
    "authenticationType": "domain"
    }
]
```

Get CIFS server configuration for high availability pair

You can use this workflow to retrieve a CIFS server configuration for an HA working environment.

1. Select the working environment

Perform the workflow Get working environments and choose the publicId value of the working environment for the workingEnvironmentId path parameter.

2. Get the CIFS configurations

HTTP method	Path
GET	/occm/api/aws/ha/working-environments/{workingEnvironmentId}/cifs

curl example

```
curl --location --request GET
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/aws/ha/working-
environments/<WORKING_ENV_ID>/cifs' --header 'Content-Type:
application/json' --header 'x-agent-id: <AGENT_ID>' --header
'Authorization: Bearer <ACCESS_TOKEN>'
```

Input

- Path parameter < WORKING_ENV_ID > workingEnvironmentId
- Optional query parameter svm

Output

The JSON output example includes the CIFS configurations for an existing Cloud Volumes ONTAP working environment.

JSON output example

```
[
    "dnsDomain": "zivh.netapp.com",
    "activeDirectoryDomain": "zivh.netapp.com",
    "ipAddresses": [
        "172.31.5.241"
    ],
    "netBIOS": "zivaws02we01",
    "organizationalUnit": "CN=Computers",
    "authenticationType": "domain"
}
```

Delete CIFS server configuration

You can use this workflow to delete a CIFS server configuration for an existing Cloud Volumes ONTAP working environment.

Choose the correct workflow depending on the type of the Cloud Volumes ONTAP deployment:

- Single Node
- HA pair

Delete CIFS server configuration for single node

You can use this workflow to delete a CIFS server configuration for a single node system.

1. Select the working environment

Perform the workflow Get working environments and choose the publicId value of the working environment for the workingEnvironmentId path parameter.

2. Delete the CIFS configurations

HTTP method	Path
POST	/occm/api/vsa/working-environments/{workingEnvironmentId}/delete-cifs

curl example

```
curl --location --request POST
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/vsa/working-
environments/<WORKING_ENV_ID>/delete-cifs' --header 'Content-Type:
application/json' --header 'x-agent-id: <AGENT_ID>' --header
'Authorization: Bearer <ACCESS_TOKEN>'
```

Input

- Path parameter < WORKING ENV ID > workingEnvironmentId
- Optional JSON body

```
"activeDirectoryUsername": "string",
  "activeDirectoryPassword": "string",
  "svmName": "string"
}
```

Output

None.

Delete CIFS server configuration for high availability pair

You can use this workflow to delete a CIFS server configuration for an HA working environment.

1. Select the working environment

Perform the workflow Get working environments and choose the publicId value of the working environment for the workingEnvironmentId path parameter.

2. Delete the CIFS configurations

HTTP method	Path
POST	/occm/api/aws/ha/working-environments/{workingEnvironmentId}/delete-cifs

curl example

```
curl --location --request POST
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/aws/ha/working-
environments/<WORKING_ENV_ID>/delete-cifs' --header 'Content-Type:
application/json' --header 'x-agent-id: <AGENT_ID>' --header
'Authorization: Bearer <ACCESS_TOKEN>'
```

Input

- Path parameter < WORKING_ENV_ID > workingEnvironmentId
- Optional JSON body

```
"activeDirectoryUsername": "string",
   "activeDirectoryPassword": "string",
   "svmName": "string"
}
```

Output

None.

Aggregates

Get aggregates

You can retrieve a list of available disk aggregates.

Choose the correct workflow depending on the type of Cloud Volumes ONTAP deployment:

- Single Node
- HA pair

Get aggregates for single node

You can use this workflow to retrieve the aggregates for a single node working environment.

1. Select the working environment to use

Perform the workflow Get working environments and choose the publicId value of the working environment for the workingEnvironmentId path parameter.

2. Get the list of aggregates

HTTP method	Path
GET	/occm/api/vsa/aggregates/{workingEnvironmentId}

curl example

```
curl --location --request GET
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/vsa/aggregates/<WORKING_EN
V_ID>' --header 'Content-Type: application/json' --header 'x-agent-id:
<AGENT_ID>' --header 'Authorization: Bearer <ACCESS_TOKEN>'
```

Input

Path parameter <WORKING_ENV_ID> (workingEnvironmentId)

Output

An array of aggregates for the indicated working environment is returned as shown in the JSON output example.

JSON output example

```
[
        "name": "aggr1",
        "availableCapacity": {
            "size": 87.55,
            "unit": "GB"
        },
        "totalCapacity": {
            "size": 88.57,
            "unit": "GB"
        },
        "usedCapacity": {
            "size": 1.02,
            "unit": "GB"
        },
        "volumes": [
                "name": "svm ziv01we01 root",
```

```
"totalSize": {
           "size": 1.0,
            "unit": "GB"
        },
        "usedSize": {
            "size": 0.00115203857421875,
            "unit": "GB"
        },
        "thinProvisioned": false,
        "isClone": false,
        "rootVolume": true
   }
],
"providerVolumes": [
    {
        "id": "vol-066fea889cbc6a65c",
        "name": "vol-066fea889cbc6a65c",
        "size": {
            "size": 100.0,
            "unit": "GB"
        } ,
        "state": "in-use",
        "device": "/dev/xvdg",
        "instanceId": "i-0fa9a2879e67a8829",
        "diskType": "gp2",
        "encrypted": true,
        "iops": null
   }
],
"disks": [
    {
        "name": "NET-1.3",
        "position": "data",
        "ownerNode": "ziv01we01-01",
        "device": "xvdg vol066fea889cbc6a65c",
        "vmDiskProperties": null
   }
],
"state": "online",
"encryptionType": "cloudEncrypted",
"encryptionKeyId": null,
"isRoot": false,
"homeNode": "ziv01we01-01",
"ownerNode": "ziv01we01-01",
"capacityTier": null,
"capacityTierUsed": null,
```

```
"sidlEnabled": true,
    "snaplockType": "non_snaplock"
}
]
```

Get aggregates for high availability pair

You can use this workflow to retrieve the aggregates for an HA working environment.

1. Select the working environment to use

Perform the workflow Get working environments and choose the publicId value of the working environment for the workingEnvironmentId path parameter.

2. Get the list of aggregates

HTTP method	Path
GET	/occm/api/aws/ha/aggregates/{workingEnvironmentId}

curl example

```
curl --location --request GET
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/aws/ha/aggregates/<WORKING
_ENV_ID>' --header 'Content-Type: application/json' --header 'x-agent-id:
<AGENT_ID>' --header 'Authorization: Bearer <ACCESS_TOKEN>'
```

Input

Path parameter <WORKING ENV ID> (workingEnvironmentId)

Output

An array of aggregates for the indicated working environment is returned as shown in the JSON output example.

JSON output example

```
[
    "name": "aggr1",
    "availableCapacity": {
        "size": 83.13,
        "unit": "GB"
    },
    "totalCapacity": {
        "size": 84.14,
        "unit": "GB"
    },
    "usedCapacity": {
```

```
"size": 1.02,
    "unit": "GB"
},
"volumes": [
    {
        "name": "svm ziv04we01ha root",
        "totalSize": {
            "size": 1.0,
            "unit": "GB"
        },
        "usedSize": {
            "size": 7.0953369140625E-4,
            "unit": "GB"
        },
        "thinProvisioned": false,
        "isClone": false,
       "rootVolume": true
],
"providerVolumes": [
    {
        "id": "vol-0d5d1983432218cec",
        "name": "vol-0d5d1983432218cec",
        "size": {
            "size": 100.0,
           "unit": "GB"
        "state": "in-use",
        "device": "/dev/xvdh",
        "instanceId": "i-053d9d1bce8121c43",
        "diskType": "qp2",
        "encrypted": true,
        "iops": null
    },
        "id": "vol-0a3fe8eaed2af69de",
        "name": "vol-0a3fe8eaed2af69de",
        "size": {
            "size": 100.0,
           "unit": "GB"
        },
        "state": "in-use",
        "device": "/dev/xvdh",
        "instanceId": "i-0392f55ca4bc06322",
        "diskType": "qp2",
        "encrypted": true,
```

```
"iops": null
       }
    ],
    "disks": [
        {
            "name": "NET-1.4",
            "position": "data",
            "ownerNode": "ziv04we01ha-01",
            "device": "xvdh vol0d5d1983432218cec",
            "vmDiskProperties": null
        },
        {
            "name": "NET-2.4",
            "position": "data",
            "ownerNode": "ziv04we01ha-01",
            "device": "xvdh vol0a3fe8eaed2af69de",
            "vmDiskProperties": null
        }
    ],
    "state": "online",
    "encryptionType": "cloudEncrypted",
    "encryptionKeyId": null,
    "isRoot": false,
    "homeNode": "ziv04we01ha-01",
    "ownerNode": "ziv04we01ha-01",
    "capacityTier": null,
    "capacityTierUsed": null,
    "sidlEnabled": true,
    "snaplockType": "non snaplock"
},
    "name": "ziv04we01haagg01",
    "availableCapacity": {
        "size": 84.14,
        "unit": "GB"
    },
    "totalCapacity": {
       "size": 84.14,
        "unit": "GB"
    },
    "usedCapacity": {
       "size": 156.0,
        "unit": "KB"
    },
    "volumes": [],
    "providerVolumes": [
```

```
"id": "vol-0149ffa06bb4e92ad",
        "name": "vol-0149ffa06bb4e92ad",
        "size": {
            "size": 100.0,
            "unit": "GB"
        },
        "state": "in-use",
        "device": "/dev/xvdi",
        "instanceId": "i-0392f55ca4bc06322",
        "diskType": "qp2",
        "encrypted": true,
        "iops": null
    },
    {
        "id": "vol-03e6ada9e893b1196",
        "name": "vol-03e6ada9e893b1196",
        "size": {
            "size": 100.0,
            "unit": "GB"
        },
        "state": "in-use",
        "device": "/dev/xvdi",
        "instanceId": "i-053d9d1bce8121c43",
        "diskType": "gp2",
        "encrypted": true,
        "iops": null
   }
],
"disks": [
    {
        "name": "NET-2.5",
        "position": "data",
        "ownerNode": "ziv04we01ha-01",
        "device": "xvdi vol0149ffa06bb4e92ad",
        "vmDiskProperties": null
    },
        "name": "NET-1.5",
        "position": "data",
        "ownerNode": "ziv04we01ha-01",
        "device": "xvdi vol03e6ada9e893b1196",
        "vmDiskProperties": null
   }
],
"state": "online",
```

```
"encryptionType": "cloudEncrypted",
    "encryptionKeyId": null,
    "isRoot": false,
    "homeNode": "ziv04we01ha-01",
    "ownerNode": "ziv04we01ha-01",
    "capacityTier": null,
    "capacityTierUsed": null,
    "sidlEnabled": true,
    "snaplockType": "non_snaplock"
}
```

Create aggregate

You can create a new aggregate within a working environment using this workflow. Choose the correct workflow depending on the type of Cloud Volumes ONTAP deployment:

- Single Node
- HA pair

Create aggregate for single node

You can use this workflow to create an aggregate for a single node working environment.

1. Select the working environment to use

Perform the workflow Get working environments and choose the publicId value for the workingEnvironmentId parameter.

2. Create the aggregate

HTTP method	Path
POST	occm/api/vsa/aggregates

curl example

```
curl --location --request POST
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/vsa/aggregates' --header
'Content-Type: application/json' --header 'x-agent-id: <AGENT_ID>'
--header 'Authorization: Bearer <ACCESS_TOKEN>' --d @JSONinput
```

Input

The JSON input example includes the minimum list of input parameters.

JSON input example

```
"name": "ziv01agg04",
  "workingEnvironmentId": "VsaWorkingEnvironment-9e6p8LuF",
  "numberOfDisks": 1,
  "diskSize": {
    "size": 100,
    "unit": "GB"
    },
    "providerVolumeType": "gp2"
}
```

Output

None

Create aggregate for high availability pair

You can use this workflow to create an aggregate for an HA working environment.

1. Select the working environment to use

Perform the workflow Get working environments and choose the publicId value for the workingEnvironmentId parameter.

2. Create the aggregate

HTTP method	Path
POST	occm/api/aws/ha/aggregates

curl example

```
curl --location --request POST
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/aws/ha/aggregates'
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' --header 'x-agent-id:
<AGENT_ID>' --header 'Authorization: Bearer <ACCESS_TOKEN>' --d @JSONinput
```

Input

The JSON input example includes the minimum list of input parameters.

```
"name": "ziv0lagg04",
  "workingEnvironmentId": "VsaWorkingEnvironment-9e6p8LuF",
  "numberOfDisks": 1,
  "diskSize": {
      "size": 100,
      "unit": "GB"
    },
    "providerVolumeType": "gp2"
}
```

None

Add disks to aggregate

You can add disks to an existing aggregate.

Choose the correct workflow depending on the type of Cloud Volumes ONTAP deployment:

- Single Node
- HA pair

Add disks to an aggregate for single node

You can use this workflow to add disks to an aggregate for a single node working environment.

1. Select the working environment to use

Perform the workflow Get working environments and choose the publicId value for the workingEnvironmentId path parameter.

2. Select the aggregate

Perform the workflow Get aggregates and choose the name value for the aggregateName path parameter.

3. Add the disks

HTTP method	Path
POST	/occm/api/vsa/aggregates/{workingEnvironmentId}/{aggregateName}/disks

curl example

```
curl --location --request POST
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/vsa/aggregates/<WORKING_EN
V_ID>/<AGGR_NAME>/disks' --header 'Content-Type: application/json'
--header 'x-agent-id: <AGENT_ID>' --header 'Authorization: Bearer
<ACCESS_TOKEN>' --d @JSONinput
```

Input

You must include the following path parameters:

- <WORKING ENV ID> (workingEnvironmentId)
- <AGGR NAME> (aggregateName)

Also, the JSON input example includes an input parameter as shown.

JSON input example

```
{
    "numberOfDisks": "1"
}
```

Output

None

Add disks to an aggregate for high availability pair

You can use this workflow to add disks to an aggregate for HA working environment.

1. Select the working environment to use

Perform the workflow Get working environments and choose the publicId value for the workingEnvironmentId path parameter.

2. Select the aggregate

Perform the workflow Get aggregates and choose the name value for the aggregateName path parameter.

3. Add the disks

HTTP method	Path
POST	/occm/api/aws/ha/aggregates/{workingEnvironmentId}/{aggregateName}/disks

curl example

```
curl --location --request POST
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/aws/ha/aggregates/<WORKING
_ENV_ID>/<AGGR_NAME>/disks' --header 'Content-Type: application/json'
--header 'x-agent-id: <AGENT_ID>' --header 'Authorization: Bearer
<ACCESS_TOKEN>' --d @JSONinput
```

Input

You must include the following path parameters:

- <WORKING_ENV_ID> (workingEnvironmentId)
- <AGGR NAME> (aggregateName)

Also, the JSON input example includes an input parameter as shown.

JSON input example

```
{
    "numberOfDisks": "1"
}
```

Output

None

Delete aggregate

You can delete an existing disk aggregate. Choose the correct workflow depending on the type of Cloud Volumes ONTAP deployment:

- Single Node
- HA pair

Delete aggregate for single node

You can use this workflow to delete an aggregate for a single node working environment.

1. Select the working environment to use

Perform the workflow Get working environments and choose the publicId value for the workingEnvironmentId path parameter.

2. Select the aggregate to delete

Perform the workflow Get aggregates and choose the name value of the required for the aggregateName path parameter.

3. Delete the aggregate

HTTP method	Path
DELETE	/occm/api/vsa/aggregates/{workingEnvironmentId}/{aggregateName}

curl example

```
curl --location --request DELETE
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/vsa/aggregates/<WORKING_EN
V_ID>/<AGGR_NAME>' --header 'Content-Type: application/json' --header 'x-
agent-id: <AGENT_ID>' --header 'Authorization: Bearer <ACCESS_TOKEN>'
```

Input

Path parameters:

```
<WORKING_ENV_ID> (workingEnvironmentId)
<AGGR_NAME> (aggregateName)
```

Output

None

Delete aggregate for high availability pair

You can use this workflow to delete an aggregate for an HA working environment.

1. Select the working environment to use

Perform the workflow Get working environments and choose the publicId value for the workingEnvironmentId path parameter.

2. Select the aggregate to delete

Perform the workflow Get aggregates and choose the name value of the required for the aggregateName path parameter.

3. Delete the aggregate

HTTP method	Path
DELETE	/occm/api/aws/ha/aggregates/{workingEnvironmentId}/{aggregateName}

curl example

```
curl --location --request DELETE
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/aws/ha/aggregates/<WORKING
_ENV_ID>/<AGGR_NAME>' --header 'Content-Type: application/json' --header
'x-agent-id: <AGENT_ID>' --header 'Authorization: Bearer <ACCESS_TOKEN>'
```

Input

Path parameters:

<WORKING_ENV_ID> (workingEnvironmentId)
<AGGR NAME> (aggregateName)

Output

None

Volumes

Create volume using NFS

You can use this workflow to create a volume accessed through NFS protocol.



If the properties aggregateName and maxNumOfDisksApprovedToAdd are not provided on the REST API call, the response will fail with a suggested name for the aggregate and the number of disks needed to fulfill the request.

Choose the correct workflow depending on the type of Cloud Volumes ONTAP deployment:

- Single Node
- HA pair

Create volume using NFS for single node

You can use this workflow to create volume using NFS for a single node system.

1. Select the working environment

Perform the workflow Get working environments and choose the publicId and the svmName values for the workingEnvironmentId and the svmName parameters.

2. Select the aggregate

Perform the workflow Get aggregates and choose the name value of the aggregate for the name parameter.



If aggregate name does not exist and the <code>createAggregateIfNotFound</code> query parameter is set <code>true</code>, the create volume request is allowed if the named aggregate is not found.

3. Select the virtual private cloud

Perform the workflow Get virtual private clouds and choose the cidrBlock value of the required VPC for the ips parameter or fill in the desired exportPolicyInfo value manually.

4. Choose the size for the disk

Choose the size value for the size:size parameter. The size:unit must be one of the following: TB, GB, MB, KB, or Byte.

5. Create the quote

Perform the workflow Create quote. This is a recommended step but is not mandatory.

6. Create the volume

HTTP method	Path
POST	/occm/api/vsa/volumes

curl example

```
curl --location --request POST
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/vsa/volumes' --header
'Content-Type: application/json' --header 'x-agent-id: <AGENT_ID>'
--header 'Authorization: Bearer <ACCESS_TOKEN>' --d @JSONinput
```

Input

The JSON input example includes the minimum list of input parameters, including:

- <WORKING_ENV_ID> (workingEnvironmentId)
- SVM NAME> (svmName)
- <AGGR_NAME> (aggregateName)

If aggregate name does not exist, you can set the <code>createAggregateIfNotFound</code> query parameter to <code>true</code> which allows the aggregate not-found condition.

```
{
  "workingEnvironmentId": "VsaWorkingEnvironment-5dZfyKS5",
  "svmName": "svm ziv01we01",
  "aggregateName": "ziv01agg01",
  "name": "ziv01vol04",
  "size": {
    "size": 100,
    "unit": "GB"
  },
  "exportPolicyInfo": {
    "policyType": "custom",
    "ips": [
     "172.31.0.0/16"
    ],
    "nfsVersion": [
      "nfs3",
      "nfs4"
   ]
  },
  "snapshotPolicyName": "default",
  "enableThinProvisioning": true,
  "enableCompression": true,
  "enableDeduplication": true,
  "maxNumOfDisksApprovedToAdd": 0
}
```

None

Create volume using NFS for high availability pair

You can use this workflow to create volume using NFS for an HA working environment.

1. Select the working environment

Perform the workflow Get working environments and choose the publicId and the svmName values for the workingEnvironmentId and the svmName parameters.

2. Select the aggregate

Perform the workflow Get aggregates and choose the name value of the aggregate for the name parameter.



If aggregate name does not exist and the <code>createAggregateIfNotFound</code> query parameter is set <code>true</code>, the create volume request is allowed if the named aggregate is not found.

3. Select the virtual private cloud

Perform the workflow Get virtual private clouds and choose the cidrBlock value of the required VPC for the ips parameter or fill in the desired exportPolicyInfo value manually.

4. Choose the size for the disk

Choose the size value for the size: size parameter. The size: unit must be one of the following: TB, GB, MB, KB, or Byte.

5. Create the quote

Perform the workflow Create quote. This is a recommended step but is not mandatory.

6. Create the volume

HTTP method	Path
POST	/occm/api/aws/ha/volumes

curl example

```
curl --location --request POST
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/aws/ha/volumes' --header
'Content-Type: application/json' --header 'x-agent-id: <AGENT_ID>'
--header 'Authorization: Bearer <ACCESS_TOKEN>' --d @JSONinput
```

Input

The JSON input example includes the minimum list of input parameters, including:

- <WORKING_ENV_ID> (workingEnvironmentId)
- SVM_NAME> (svmName)
- <AGGR NAME> (aggregateName)

If aggregate name does not exist, you can set the <code>createAggregateIfNotFound</code> query parameter to <code>true</code> which allows the aggregate not-found condition.

```
{
  "workingEnvironmentId": "VsaWorkingEnvironment-5dZfyKS5",
  "svmName": "svm ziv01we01",
  "aggregateName": "ziv01agg01",
  "name": "ziv01vol04",
  "size": {
    "size": 100,
    "unit": "GB"
  },
  "exportPolicyInfo": {
    "policyType": "custom",
    "ips": [
      "172.31.0.0/16"
    ],
    "nfsVersion": [
      "nfs3",
      "nfs4"
    ]
  },
  "snapshotPolicyName": "default",
  "enableThinProvisioning": true,
  "enableCompression": true,
  "enableDeduplication": true,
  "maxNumOfDisksApprovedToAdd": 0
}
```

None

Create volume using CIFS

You can use this workflow to create a volume accessed through CIFS.



If the properties <code>aggregateName</code> and <code>maxNumOfDisksApprovedToAdd</code> are not provided on the REST API call, the response will fail with a suggested name for the aggregate and the number of disks needed to fulfill the request.

Choose the correct workflow depending on the type of Cloud Volumes ONTAP deployment:

- Single Node
- HA pair

Create volume using CIFS for single node

You can use this workflow to create volume using CIFS protocol for a single node system.

1. Choose the CIFS configuration

A CIFS server configuration must be defined for your working environment. You can do one of the following:

- If a CIFS configuration already exists, perform the workflow Get CIFS server configurations to access the configuration parameters.
- If a CIFS configuration does not exist, perform the workflow Create CIFS server configuration to create
 one.

2. Select the working environment

Perform the workflow Get working environments and choose the publicId and the svmName values for the workingEnvironmentId (working environment) and the svmName (SVM name) parameters.

3. Select the aggregate

Perform the workflow Get aggregates and choose the name for the aggregateName value.



If aggregate name does not exist and the createAggregateIfNotFound query parameter is set true, the create volume request is allowed if the named aggregate is not found.

4. Choose the size for the disk

Choose the size value for the size: size parameter. The size: unit must be one of the following: TB, GB, MB, KB, or Byte.

5. Create the quote

Perform the workflow Create quote. This is a recommended step but is not mandatory.

6. Create the volume

HTTP method	Path
POST	/occm/api/vsa/volumes

curl example

```
curl --location --request POST
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/vsa/volumes' --header
'Content-Type: application/json' --header 'x-agent-id: <AGENT_ID>'
--header 'Authorization: Bearer <ACCESS_TOKEN>' --d @JSONinput
```

Input

The JSON input example includes the minimum list of input parameters, including:

- <WORKING_ENV_ID> (workingEnvironmentId)
- <SVM_NAME> (svmName)
- <AGGR_NAME> (aggregateName)

If an aggregate name does not exist, you can set the <code>createAggregateIfNotFound</code> query parameter to true which allows the aggregate not-found condition.

JSON input example

```
{
  "workingEnvironmentId": "VsaWorkingEnvironment-SfpVUZSc",
  "svmName": "svm zivaws02we01",
  "aggregateName": "aggr1",
  "name": "zivaws02we02vol02Cifs",
  "size": {
   "size": 100,
   "unit": "GB"
  },
  "shareInfo": {
    "accessControl": {
        "permission": "full control",
        "users": [
           "Everyone"
        ],
        "users": "Everyone;"
    "shareName": "zivaws02we01vol02Cifs share"
  },
  "snapshotPolicyName": "default",
  "enableThinProvisioning": true,
  "enableCompression": true,
  "enableDeduplication": true,
  "maxNumOfDisksApprovedToAdd": 0
}
```

Output

None

Create volume using CIFS for high availability pair

You can use this workflow to create volume using CIFS for an HA working environment.

1. Choose the CIFS configuration

A CIFS server configuration must be defined for your working environment. You can do one of the following:

- If a CIFS configuration already exists, perform the workflow Get CIFS server configurations to access the configuration parameters.
- If a CIFS configuration does not exist, perform the workflow Create CIFS server configuration to create one.

2. Select the working environment

Perform the workflow Get working environments and choose the publicId and the svmName values for the workingEnvironmentId (working environment) and the svmName (SVM name) parameters.

3. Select the aggregate

Perform the workflow Get aggregates and choose the name for the aggregateName value.



If aggregate name does not exist and the createAggregateIfNotFound query parameter is set true, the create volume request is allowed if the named aggregate is not found.

4. Choose the size for the disk

Choose the size value for the size: size parameter. The size: unit must be one of the following: TB, GB, MB, KB, or Byte.

5. Create the quote

Perform the workflow Create quote. This is a recommended step but is not mandatory.

6. Create the volume

HTTP method	Path
POST	/occm/api/aws/ha/volumes

curl example

```
curl --location --request POST
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/aws/ha/volumes' --header
'Content-Type: application/json' --header 'x-agent-id: <AGENT_ID>'
--header 'Authorization: Bearer <ACCESS_TOKEN>' --d @JSONinput
```

Input

The JSON input example includes the minimum list of input parameters, including:

- <WORKING_ENV_ID> (workingEnvironmentId)
- <SVM_NAME> (svmName)
- <AGGR_NAME> (aggregateName)

If an aggregate name does not exist, you can set the <code>createAggregateIfNotFound</code> query parameter to true which allows the aggregate not-found condition.

```
{
  "workingEnvironmentId": "VsaWorkingEnvironment-SfpVUZSc",
  "svmName": "svm zivaws02we01",
  "aggregateName": "aggr1",
  "name": "zivaws02we02vol02Cifs",
  "size": {
    "size": 100,
    "unit": "GB"
  },
  "shareInfo": {
    "accessControl": {
        "permission": "full control",
        "users": [
            "Everyone"
        "users": "Everyone;"
    "shareName": "zivaws02we01vol02Cifs share"
  },
  "snapshotPolicyName": "default",
  "enableThinProvisioning": true,
  "enableCompression": true,
  "enableDeduplication": true,
  "maxNumOfDisksApprovedToAdd": 0
}
```

None

Create volume using iSCSI

You can use this workflow to create a volume accessed through iSCSI protocol.

Choose the correct workflow depending on the type of Cloud Volumes ONTAP deployment:

- Single Node
- HA pair

Create volume using iSCSI for single node

You can use this workflow to create volume using iSCSI for a single node system.

There are two workflows available depending on whether a new or existing iGroup is used. You need to select the correct workflow:

- Create volume using iSCSI with a new iGroup
- · Create volume using iSCSI with an existing iGroup

Create volume using iSCSI with a new iGroup



If the properties <code>aggregateName</code> and <code>maxNumOfDisksApprovedToAdd</code> are not provided on the REST API call, the response will fail with a suggested name for the aggregate and the number of disks needed to fulfill the request.

1. Select the working environment

Perform the workflow Get working environments and choose the publicId value for the workingEnvironmentId parameter and the svmName value for the svmName parameter.

2. Select the aggregate

Perform the workflow Get aggregates and choose the name for the aggregateName value.

3. Choose the size for the disk

Choose the size value for the size: size parameter. The size: unit must be one of the following: TB, GB, MB, KB, or Byte.

4. Choose the iscasilnfo parameters

You must choose the following values for the REST API call:

- A unique igroup name for $igroupCreationRequest \rightarrow igroupName$ parameter
- The required ign's to $igroupCreationRequest \rightarrow initiators$ parameter.
- The required operating system for the osName parameter from one of the following:
 - windows
 - linux
 - vmware
 - windows 2008
 - · windows gpt

5. Create the quote

Perform the workflow Create quote. This is a recommended step but is not mandatory.

6. Create the volume

HTTP method	Path
POST	/occm/api/vsa/volumes

curl example

```
curl --location --request POST
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/vsa/volumes' --header
'Content-Type: application/json' --header 'x-agent-id: <AGENT_ID>'
--header 'Authorization: Bearer <ACCESS_TOKEN>' --d @JSONinput
```

Input

The JSON input example includes the minimum list of input parameters, including:

- <WORKING_ENV_ID> (workingEnvironmentId)<SVM NAME> (svmName)
- <AGGR_NAME> (aggregateName)

If aggregate name does not exist, you can set the <code>createAggregateIfNotFound</code> query parameter to <code>true</code> which allows the aggregate not-found condition.

```
"workingEnvironmentId": "VsaWorkingEnvironment-SfpVUZSc",
  "svmName": "svm zivaws02we01",
  "aggregateName": "aggr1",
  "name": "zivaws02we01vol01Iscsi",
  "size": {
    "size": 100,
    "unit": "GB"
  },
  "iscsiInfo": {
    "igroupCreationRequest": {
        "igroupName": "zivIgroup",
        "initiators": [
            "iqn.1994-05.com.redhat:96de86825216",
            "ign.1994-05.com.redhat:96de86823426"
        1
    },
    "osName": "linux"
  "snapshotPolicyName": "default",
  "enableThinProvisioning": true,
  "enableCompression": true,
  "enableDeduplication": true,
  "maxNumOfDisksApprovedToAdd": 0
}
```

None

Create volume using iSCSI with an existing iGroup



If the properties aggregateName and maxNumOfDisksApprovedToAdd are not provided on the REST API call, the response will fail with a suggested name for the aggregate and the number of disks needed to fulfill the request.

1. Select the working environment

Perform the workflow Get working environments and choose the publicId value for the workingEnvironmentId parameter and the svmName value for the svmName parameter.

2. Select the aggregate

Perform the workflow Get aggregates and choose the name for the aggregateName parameter.

3. Choose the size for the disk

Choose the size value for the size:size parameter. The size:unit must be one of the following: TB, GB, MB, KB, or Byte.

4. Choose the iGroup

Perform the workflow Get iGroups and choose the igroups for the iscasiInfo \rightarrow igroups value. Also select the osType value for the iscasiInfo \rightarrow osName.

5. Create the quote

Perform the workflow Create quote. This is a recommended step but is not mandatory.

6. Create the volume

HTTP method	Path
POST	/occm/api/vsa/volumes

curl example

```
curl --location --request POST
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/vsa/volumes' --header
'Content-Type: application/json' --header 'x-agent-id: <AGENT_ID>'
--header 'Authorization: Bearer <ACCESS_TOKEN>' --d @JSONinput
```

Input

The JSON input example includes the minimum list of input parameters, including:

- <WORKING ENV ID> (workingEnvironmentId)
- SVM NAME> (svmName)

• <AGGR_NAME> (aggregateName)

If an aggregate name does not exist, you can set the <code>createAggregateIfNotFound</code> query parameter to true which allows the aggregate not-found condition.

JSON input example

```
{
  "workingEnvironmentId": "VsaWorkingEnvironment-UvFmWXoD",
  "svmName": "svm zivaws01we01",
  "aggregateName": "aggr1",
  "name": "zivaws01we01vol05Iscsi",
  "size": {
    "size": 100,
    "unit": "GB"
  },
  "iscsiInfo": {
    "igroups": ["zivIgroup1"],
    "osName": "linux"
  },
  "snapshotPolicyName": "default",
  "enableThinProvisioning": true,
  "enableCompression": true,
  "enableDeduplication": true,
  "maxNumOfDisksApprovedToAdd": 0
}
```

Output

None

Create volume using iSCSI for high availability pair

You can use this workflow to create volume using iSCSI for an HA working environment.

There are two workflows available depending on whether a new or existing iGroup is used. You need to select the correct workflow:

- · Create volume using iSCSI with a new iGroup
- Create volume using iSCSI with an existing iGroup

Create volume using iSCSI with a new iGroup



If the properties <code>aggregateName</code> and <code>maxNumOfDisksApprovedToAdd</code> are not provided on the REST API call, the response will fail with a suggested name for the aggregate and the number of disks needed to fulfill the request.

1. Select the working environment

Perform the workflow Get working environments and choose the publicId value for the workingEnvironmentId parameter and the svmName value for the svmName parameter.

2. Select the aggregate

Perform the workflow Get aggregates and choose the name for the aggregateName parameter.

3. Choose the size for the disk

Choose the size value for the size: size parameter. The size: unit must be one of the following: TB, GB, MB, KB, or Byte.

4. Choose the iscasilnfo parameters

You must choose the following values for the REST API call:

- A unique igroup name for $igroupCreationRequest \rightarrow igroupName$ parameter
- The required iqn's to $igroupCreationRequest \rightarrow initiators$ parameter.
- The required operating system for the osName parameter from one of the following:
 - windows
 - linux
 - vmware
 - windows_2008
 - windows_gpt

5. Create the quote

Perform the workflow Create quote. This is a recommended step but is not mandatory.

6. Create the volume

HTTP method	Path
POST	/occm/api/aws/ha/volumes

curl example

```
curl --location --request POST
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/aws/ha/volumes' --header
'Content-Type: application/json' --header 'x-agent-id: <AGENT_ID>'
--header 'Authorization: Bearer <ACCESS_TOKEN>' --d @JSONinput
```

Input

The JSON input example includes the minimum list of input parameters, including:

<WORKING ENV ID> (workingEnvironmentId)

- <SVM_NAME> (svmName)
- <AGGR_NAME> (aggregateName)

If aggregate name does not exist, you can set the <code>createAggregateIfNotFound</code> query parameter to <code>true</code> which allows the aggregate not-found condition.

JSON input example

```
{
 "workingEnvironmentId": "VsaWorkingEnvironment-SfpVUZSc",
 "svmName": "svm zivaws02we01",
 "aggregateName": "aggr1",
 "name": "zivaws02we01vol01Iscsi",
 "size": {
   "size": 100,
   "unit": "GB"
  },
 "iscsiInfo": {
    "igroupCreationRequest": {
        "igroupName": "zivIgroup",
        "initiators": [
            "iqn.1994-05.com.redhat:96de86825216",
            "ign.1994-05.com.redhat:96de86823426"
        1
    "osName": "linux"
  },
  "snapshotPolicyName": "default",
  "enableThinProvisioning": true,
 "enableCompression": true,
  "enableDeduplication": true,
  "maxNumOfDisksApprovedToAdd": 0
```

Output

None

Create volume using iSCSI with an existing iGroup



If the properties aggregateName and maxNumOfDisksApprovedToAdd are not provided on the RESTAPI call, the response will fail with a suggested name for the aggregate and the number of disks needed to fulfill the request.

1. Select the working environment

Perform the workflow Get working environments and choose the publicId value for the workingEnvironmentId parameter and the svmName value for the svmName parameter.

2. Select the aggregate

Perform the workflow Get aggregates and choose the name for the aggregateName parameter.

3. Choose the size for the disk

Choose the size value for the size: size parameter. The size: unit must be one of the following: TB, GB, MB, KB, or Byte.

4. Choose the iGroup

Perform the workflow Get iGroups and choose the igroups for the $iscasiInfo \rightarrow igroups$ value. Also select the osType value for the $iscasiInfo \rightarrow osName$.

5. Create the quote

Perform the workflow Create quote. This is a recommended step but is not mandatory.

6. Create the volume

HTTP method	Path
POST	/occm/api/vsa/volumes

curl example

```
curl --location --request POST
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/vsa/volumes' --header
'Content-Type: application/json' --header 'x-agent-id: <AGENT_ID>'
--header 'Authorization: Bearer <ACCESS_TOKEN>' --d @JSONinput
```

Input

The JSON input example includes the minimum list of input parameters, including:

- <WORKING ENV ID> (workingEnvironmentId)
- <SVM NAME> (svmName)
- <AGGR_NAME> (aggregateName)

If an aggregate name does not exist, you can set the createAggregateIfNotFound query parameter to true which allows the aggregate not-found condition.

```
{
 "workingEnvironmentId": "VsaWorkingEnvironment-UvFmWXoD",
  "svmName": "svm zivaws01we01",
  "aggregateName": "aggr1",
  "name": "zivaws01we01vol05Iscsi",
  "size": {
    "size": 100,
    "unit": "GB"
  },
  "iscsiInfo": {
    "igroups": ["zivIgroup1"],
    "osName": "linux"
  },
  "snapshotPolicyName": "default",
  "enableThinProvisioning": true,
  "enableCompression": true,
  "enableDeduplication": true,
  "maxNumOfDisksApprovedToAdd": 0
}
```

None

Get volumes

You can retrieve the list of volumes.

Choose the correct workflow depending on the type of Cloud Volumes ONTAP deployment:

- Single Node
- HA pair

Get volumes for single node

You can use this workflow to retrieve a list of volumes for a single node working environment.

1. Select the working environment

Perform the workflow Get working environments and choose the publicId value of the working environment for the workingEnvironmentId query parameter.

2. Get the volumes

HTTP method	Path
GET	/occm/api/vsa/volumes

curl example

```
curl --location --request GET
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/vsa/volumes?workingEnviron
mentId=<WORKING_ENV_ID>' --header 'Content-Type: application/json'
--header 'x-agent-id: <AGENT_ID>' --header 'Authorization: Bearer
<ACCESS_TOKEN>'
```

Input

Query parameter <WORKING_ENV_ID> (workingEnvironmentId)

Output

The JSON output example includes the list of volumes for the working environment.

JSON output example

```
[
        "name": "ziv02vol01",
        "uuid": "cb488216-5bd1-11eb-8a9b-615eb82c79d8",
        "svmName": "svm ziv01we02",
        "size": {
            "size": 100.0,
            "unit": "GB"
        },
        "usedSize": {
            "size": 5.18798828125E-4,
            "unit": "GB"
        },
        "junctionPath": "/ziv02vol01",
        "volumeTotalInodes": 3112959,
        "volumeUsedInodes": 96,
        "mountPoint": "172.31.1.199:/ziv02vol01",
        "compressionSpaceSaved": {
            "size": 0.0,
            "unit": "GB"
        },
        "deduplicationSpaceSaved": {
            "size": 0.0,
            "unit": "GB"
        },
        "thinProvisioning": true,
        "compression": true,
        "deduplication": true,
        "snapshotPolicy": "default",
        "securityStyle": "unix",
        "exportPolicyInfo": {
```

```
"name": "export-svm ziv01we02-ziv02vol01",
    "policyType": "custom",
    "ips": [
        "172.31.0.0/16"
    ],
    "nfsVersion": [
       "nfs3"
   1
},
"shareNames": [],
"shareInfo": [],
"parentVolumeName": "",
"rootVolume": false,
"state": "online",
"volumeType": "rw",
"aggregateName": "aggr1",
"parentSnapshot": null,
"autoSizeMode": "grow",
"maxGrowSize": {
   "size": 1100.0,
   "unit": "GB"
},
"providerVolumeType": "gp2",
"cloneNames": [],
"moving": false,
"primaryNoFailoverMountPoint": null,
"secondaryNoFailoverMountPoint": null,
"capacityTier": null,
"capacityTierUsedSize": null,
"cifsShareAccessPoint": null,
"primaryCifsShareAccessPoint": null,
"secondaryCifsShareAccessPoint": null,
"tieringPolicy": "none",
"tierInactiveUserData": {
   "size": 0.0,
   "unit": "GB"
},
"tierInactiveUserDataPercent": 0,
"comment": null,
"qosPolicyGroupName": null,
"snaplockType": "non snaplock",
"constituentsAggregates": [],
"snapshotsUsedSize": {
    "size": 1597440.0,
    "unit": "Byte"
},
```

```
"cbsBackupsInfo": null,
    "minimumCoolingDays": null,
    "targetName": "iqn.1992-

08.com.netapp:sn.7d147b755bd011ebb076ef46475a0933:vs.2",
    "iscsiEnabled": false,
    "isFlexGroupVolume": false
}
]
```

Get volumes for high availability pair

You can use this workflow to retrieve a list of volumes for an HA working environment.

1. Select the working environment

Perform the workflow Get working environments and choose the publicId value of the working environment for the workingEnvironmentId query parameter.

2. Get the volumes

HTTP method	Path
GET	/occm/api/aws/ha/volumes

curl example

```
curl --location --request GET
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/aws/ha/volumes?workingEnvi
ronmentId=<WORKING_ENV_ID>' --header 'Content-Type: application/json'
--header 'x-agent-id: <AGENT_ID>' --header 'Authorization: Bearer
<ACCESS_TOKEN>'
```

Input

Query parameter <WORKING ENV ID> (workingEnvironmentId)

Output

The JSON output example includes the list of volumes for the working environment.

```
[
{
    "name": "ziv04we01haagg01vol01",
    "uuid": "728ad225-61ca-11eb-81ba-637783e50391",
    "svmName": "svm_ziv04we01ha",
    "size": {
        "size": 100.0,
        "unit": "GB"
    },
```

```
"usedSize": {
    "size": 2.93731689453125E-4,
   "unit": "GB"
},
"junctionPath": "/ziv04we01haagg01vol01",
"volumeTotalInodes": 3112959,
"volumeUsedInodes": 96,
"mountPoint": "2.2.2.2:/ziv04we01haagg01vol01",
"compressionSpaceSaved": {
   "size": 0.0,
   "unit": "GB"
},
"deduplicationSpaceSaved": {
   "size": 0.0,
   "unit": "GB"
},
"thinProvisioning": true,
"compression": true,
"deduplication": true,
"snapshotPolicy": "default",
"securityStyle": "unix",
"exportPolicyInfo": {
    "name": "export-svm ziv04we01ha-ziv04we01haagg01vol01",
    "policyType": "custom",
    "ips": [
       "172.31.0.0/16"
   ],
    "nfsVersion": [
       "nfs3",
       "nfs4"
},
"shareNames": [],
"shareInfo": [],
"parentVolumeName": "",
"rootVolume": false,
"state": "online",
"volumeType": "rw",
"aggregateName": "aggr1",
"parentSnapshot": null,
"autoSizeMode": "grow",
"maxGrowSize": {
   "size": 1100.0,
   "unit": "GB"
"providerVolumeType": "gp2",
```

```
"cloneNames": [],
        "moving": false,
        "primaryNoFailoverMountPoint":
"172.31.1.36:/ziv04we01haagg01vol01",
        "secondaryNoFailoverMountPoint":
"172.31.2.210:/ziv04we01haagg01vol01",
        "capacityTier": null,
        "capacityTierUsedSize": null,
        "cifsShareAccessPoint": null,
        "primaryCifsShareAccessPoint": null,
        "secondaryCifsShareAccessPoint": null,
        "tieringPolicy": "none",
        "tierInactiveUserData": {
            "size": 0.0,
            "unit": "GB"
        },
        "tierInactiveUserDataPercent": 0,
        "comment": null,
        "gosPolicyGroupName": null,
        "snaplockType": "non snaplock",
        "constituentsAggregates": [],
        "snapshotsUsedSize": {
            "size": 0.0,
            "unit": "Byte"
        },
        "cbsBackupsInfo": null,
        "minimumCoolingDays": null,
        "targetName": "ign.1992-
08.com.netapp:sn.c4a88d8c618511eba2c7672081bef253:vs.3",
        "iscsiEnabled": false,
        "isFlexGroupVolume": false
    }
]
```

Modify volume

You can modify the configuration of an existing volume.

Choose the correct workflow depending on the type of Cloud Volumes ONTAP deployment:

- Single Node
- HA pair

Modify volume for single node

You can use this workflow to modify the configuration of an existing volume for a single node working environment.

1. Select the working environment

Perform the workflow Get working environments and choose the publicId and svmName values for the workingEnvironmentId and svmName path parameters.

2. Select the volume

Perform the workflow Get volumes and choose the name for the volumeName path parameter.

3. Modify the volume

HTTP method	Path
PUT	/occm/api/vsa/volumes/{workingEnvironmentId}/{svmName}/{volumeName}

curl example

```
curl --location --request PUT
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/vsa/volumes/<WORKING_ENV_I
D>/<SVM_NAME>/<VOLUME_NAME>' --header 'Content-Type: application/json'
--header 'x-agent-id: <AGENT_ID>' --header 'Authorization: Bearer
<ACCESS_TOKEN>' --d @JSONinput
```

Input

Path parameters:

- <WORKING ENV ID> (workingEnvironmentId)
- <SVM_NAME> (svmName)
- <VOLUME_NAME> (volumeName)

The JSON input example includes the minimum list of input parameters.

JSON input example

```
{
   "exportPolicyInfo": {
        "policyType": "custom",
        "ips": [
            "172.31.0.0/16"
        ],
        "nfsVersion": [
            "nfs3"
        ]
    }
}
```

Output

None

Modify volume for high availability pair

You can use this workflow to modify the configuration of an existing volume for an HA working environment.

1. Select the working environment

Perform the workflow Get working environments and choose the publicId and svmName values for the workingEnvironmentId and svmName path parameters.

2. Select the volume

Perform the workflow Get volumes and choose the name for the volumeName path parameter.

3. Modify the volume

HTTP method	Path
PUT	/occm/api/aws/ha/volumes/{workingEnvironmentId}/{svmName}/{volumeName}

curl example

```
curl --location --request PUT
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/aws/ha/volumes/<WORKING_EN
V_ID>/<SVM_NAME>/<VOLUME_NAME>' --header 'Content-Type: application/json'
--header 'x-agent-id: <AGENT_ID>' --header 'Authorization: Bearer
<ACCESS_TOKEN>' --d @JSONinput
```

Input

Path parameters:

- <WORKING ENV ID> (workingEnvironmentId)
- <SVM_NAME> (svmName)
- <VOLUME NAME> (volumeName)

The JSON input example includes the minimum list of input parameters.

```
"exportPolicyInfo": {
    "policyType": "custom",
    "ips": [
        "172.31.0.0/16"
    ],
    "nfsVersion": [
        "nfs3"
    ]
}
```

None

Delete volume

You can delete an existing volume.

Choose the correct workflow depending on the type of Cloud Volumes ONTAP deployment:

- Single Node
- HA pair

Delete volume for single node

You can use this workflow to delete a volume for a single node working environment.

1. Select the working environment

Perform the workflow Get working environments and choose the publicId and svmName values of the working environment for the workingEnvironmentId and svmName path parameters.

2. Select the volume

Perform the workflow Get volumes and choose the name of the required volume for the volumeName path parameter.

3. Delete the volume

HTTP method	Path
DELETE	/occm/api/vsa/volumes/{workingEnvironmentId}/{svmName}/{volumeName}

curl example

```
curl --location --request DELETE
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/vsa/volumes/<WORKING_ENV_I
D>/<SVM_NAME>/<VOLUME_NAME>' --header 'Content-Type: application/json'
--header 'x-agent-id: <AGENT_ID>' --header 'Authorization: Bearer
<ACCESS_TOKEN>'
```

Input

Path parameters:

- <WORKING ENV ID> (workingEnvironmentId)
- <SVM NAME> (svmName)
- <VOLUME_NAME> (volumeName)

Output

None

Delete volume for high availability pair

You can use this workflow to delete a volume for an HA working environment.

1. Select the working environment

Perform the workflow Get working environments and choose the publicId and svmName values of the working environment for the workingEnvironmentId and svmName path parameters.

2. Select the volume

Perform the workflow Get volumes and choose the name of teh required volume for volumeName path parameter.

3. Delete the volume

HTTP method	Path
DELETE	/occm/api/aws/ha/volumes/{workingEnvironmentId}/{svmName}/{volumeName}

curl example

```
curl --location --request DELETE
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/aws/ha/volumes/<WORKING_EN
V_ID>/<SVM_NAME>/<VOLUME_NAME>' --header 'Content-Type: application/json'
--header 'x-agent-id: <AGENT_ID>' --header 'Authorization: Bearer
<ACCESS_TOKEN>'
```

Input

Path parameters:

<WORKING_ENV_ID> (workingEnvironmentId)

- <SVM_NAME> (svmName)
- <VOLUME NAME> (volumeName)

Output

None

Create quote

You can create a quote for a new volume which returns a resource quote needed to satisfy the request. The resource quote contains aggregate information where the volume will be created and confirms if the space is available. This is a recommended step but is not mandatory.

Choose the correct workflow depending on the type of Cloud Volumes ONTAP deployment:

- Single Node
- HA pair

Create quote for single node

You can use this workflow to retrieve quote details for a single node working environment.

1. Select the working environment

Perform the workflow Get working environments and choose the publicId and svmName values of the working environment for the workingEnvironmentId and svmName parameters.

2. Select the aggregate

Perform the workflow Get aggregates and choose the name value for the name parameter.

3. Select the permutations configuration

Perform the workflow Get permutations and choose the size and diskType values for step 4.

4. Generate the volume quote

HTTP method	Path
POST	/occm/api/vsa/quote

curl example

```
curl --location --request POST
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/vsa/volumes/quote'
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' --header 'x-agent-id: <AGENT_ID>
--header 'Authorization: Bearer <ACCESS_TOKEN>' --d @JSONinput
```

Input

The JSON input example includes the list of input parameters.

JSON input example

```
"workingEnvironmentId": "VsaWorkingEnvironment-5dZfyKS5",
"svmName": "svm_ziv01we01",
"aggregateName": "ziv0lagg01",
"name": "ziv1vol02",
"size": {
    "size": "100",
    "unit": "GB"
},
"enableThinProvisioning": "true",
"providerVolumeType": "gp2",
"verifyNameUniqueness": "true"
}
```

Output

The JSON output example includes an example of the quote details.

JSON output example

```
"numOfDisks": 0,
"diskSize": {
    "size": 100.0,
    "unit": "GB"
},
"aggregateName": "ziv0lagg01",
"newAggregate": false,
"autoVsaCapacityManagement": true
}
```

Create quote for high availability pair

You can use this workflow to retrieve quote details for an HA working environment.

1. Select the working environment

Perform the workflow Get working environments and choose the publicId and svmName values of the working environment for the workingEnvironmentId and svmName parameters.

2. Select the aggregate

Perform the workflow Get aggregates and choose the name value for step 4.

3. Select the package

Perform the Get packages workflow and select the size and diskType values of the required package for diskSize and providerVolumeType values.

4. Generate the volume quote

HTTP method	Path
POST	/occm/api/aws/ha/quote

curl example

```
curl --location --request POST
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/aws/ha/volumes/quote'
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' --header 'x-agent-id: <AGENT_ID>
--header 'Authorization: Bearer <ACCESS_TOKEN>' --d @JSONinput
```

Input

The JSON input example includes the list of input parameters.

JSON input example

```
"workingEnvironmentId": "VsaWorkingEnvironment-N6BPfglr",
"svmName": "svm_ziv04we01ha",
"aggregateName": "aggr1",
"name": "ziv04we01haagg01vo101",
"size": {
    "size": "100",
    "unit": "GB"
},
"enableThinProvisioning": "true",
"providerVolumeType": "gp2",
    "verifyNameUniqueness": "true"
}
```

Output

The JSON output example includes an example of the quote details.

```
"numOfDisks": 0,
"diskSize": {
    "size": 100.0,
    "unit": "GB"
},
"aggregateName": "ziv04we01haagg01",
"newAggregate": false,
"autoVsaCapacityManagement": true
}
```

Get iGroups

You can use this workflow to retrieve all the initiator groups (iGroups).

Choose the correct workflow depending on the type of Cloud Volumes ONTAP deployment:

- Single Node
- HA pair

Get iGroups for single node

You can use this workflow to retrieve the iGroups for a single node system.

1. Select the working environment

Perform the workflow Get working environments and choose the publicId and svmName values of the working environment for the workingEnvironmentId and svmName path parameters.

2. Get the CIFS configurations

HTTP method	Path
GET	/occm/api/vsa/volumes/igroups/{workingEnvironmentId}/{svmName}

curl example

```
curl --location --request GET
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/vsa/volumes/igroups/<WORKI
NG_ENV_ID>/<SVM_NAME>' --header 'x-agent-id: <AGENT_ID>' --header
'Authorization: Bearer <ACCESS_TOKEN>' --header 'Content-Type:
application/json'
```

Input

- Path parameter <WORKING ENV ID>
- Path parameter <SVM NAME>

Output

The JSON output example includes a list of iGroups.

JSON output example

```
[
        "igroupName": "zivIgroup1",
        "osType": "linux",
        "portsetName": "",
        "igroupType": "iscsi",
        "initiators": [
            "ign.1994-05.com.redhat:1d9ac633937c"
        1
    },
        "igroupName": "zivIgroup2",
        "osType": "linux",
        "portsetName": "",
        "igroupType": "iscsi",
        "initiators": [
            "ign.1994-05.com.redhat:96de86825216"
    }
]
```

Get iGroups for high availability pair

You can use this workflow to retrieve the iGroups for an HA working environment.

1. Select the working environment

Perform the workflow Get working environments and choose the publicId and svmName values of the working environment for the workingEnvironmentId and svmName path parameters.

2. Get the CIFS configurations

HTTP method	Path
GET	/occm/api/aws/ha/volumes/igroups/{workingEnvironmentId}/{svmName}

curl example

```
curl --location --request GET
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/aws/ha/volumes/igroups/<WO
RKING_ENV_ID>/<SVM_NAME>' --header 'x-agent-id: <AGENT_ID>' --header
'Authorization: Bearer <ACCESS_TOKEN>' --header 'Content-Type:
application/json'
```

Input

- Path parameter <WORKING ENV ID>
- Path parameter <SVM_NAME>

Output

The JSON output example includes a list of iGroups.

JSON output example

```
[
        "igroupName": "zivIgroup1",
        "osType": "linux",
        "portsetName": "",
        "igroupType": "iscsi",
        "initiators": [
            "iqn.1994-05.com.redhat:1d9ac633937c"
        ]
    },
        "igroupName": "zivIgroup2",
        "osType": "linux",
        "portsetName": "",
        "igroupType": "iscsi",
        "initiators": [
            "ign.1994-05.com.redhat:96de86825216"
        ]
    }
]
```

Metadata

Get regions

This workflow retrieves the AWS regions in which an Cloud Volumes ONTAP working environment may be created.

Choose the correct workflow depending on the type of Cloud Volumes ONTAP deployment:

- Single Node
- HA pair

Get regions for single node

You can use this workflow to retrieve the regions for a single node system.

1. Get the list of regions

HTTP method	Path
GET	/occm/api/vsa/metadata/regions

curl example

```
curl --location --request GET
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/vsa/metadata/regions'
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' --header 'x-agent-id:
<AGENT_ID>' --header 'Authorization: Bearer <ACCESS_TOKEN>'
```

Input

None

Output

The JSON output provides an example of a list of AWS regions.

```
Γ
    {
        "name": "US East",
        "code": "us-east-1",
        "location": "N. Virginia",
        "s3Region": "US"
    },
        "name": "US West",
        "code": "us-west-1",
        "location": "N. California",
        "s3Region": "us-west-1"
    },
        "name": "EU",
        "code": "eu-central-1",
        "location": "Frankfurt",
        "s3Region": "eu-central-1"
    },
        "name": "Asia Pacific",
        "code": "ap-south-1",
        "location": "Mumbai",
        "s3Region": "ap-south-1"
    },
]
```

Get regions for high availability pair

You can use this workflow to retrieve the regions for an HA pair.

1. Get the list of regions

HTTP method	Path
GET	/occm/api/aws/ha/metadata/regions

curl example

```
curl --location --request GET
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/aws/ha/metadata/regions'
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' --header 'x-agent-id:
<AGENT_ID>' --header 'Authorization: Bearer <ACCESS_TOKEN>'
```

Input

None

Output

The JSON output provides an example of a list of AWS regions.

```
[
        "name": "US East",
        "code": "us-east-1",
        "location": "N. Virginia",
        "s3Region": "US"
    },
        "name": "US East",
        "code": "us-east-2",
        "location": "Ohio",
        "s3Region": "us-east-2"
    },
        "name": "US West",
        "code": "us-west-1",
        "location": "N. California",
        "s3Region": "us-west-1"
    }
]
```

Get permutations

You can use the permutations endpoint to retrieve the Cloud Volumes ONTAP configuration information.

Choose the correct workflow depending on the type of Cloud Volumes ONTAP deployment:

- Single Node
- HA pair

Get permutations for single node

You can use this workflow to retrieve the configuration information for a single node working environment.

1. Get the permutations

HTTP method	Path
GET	/occm/api/vsa/metadata/permutations

curl example

```
curl --location --request GET
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/vsa/metadata/permutations'
--header 'x-agent-id: <AGENT_ID>' --header 'Authorization: Bearer
<ACCESS_TOKEN>' --header 'Content-Type: application/json'
```

Input

There are several optional query parameters you can use:

- region
- version
- license
- instance_type
- default_instance_type
- feature
- latest only
- ami

Output

The JSON output example includes the list of Cloud Volumes ONTAP configurations.

```
[
       "ontapVersion": "ONTAP-9.9.0X4.T1",
       "license": {
           "type": "cot-explore-paygo",
           "name": "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Explore",
           "description": "Suitable for smaller capacity applications.
Supports up to 2 TB of underlying AWS storage.",
           "subName": "",
           "subDescription": "Support of tiering to object storage is not
included.",
           "capacity limit": "2TB",
           "platformLicenseRequired": false,
           "default": false,
           "capacityLimit": {"size":2.0, "unit": "TB"}
       },
      "instanceType": "m5.xlarge",
      "region": {
         "name": "EU",
         "code": "eu-central-1",
         "location": "Frankfurt",
         "s3Region": "eu-central-1"
      },
      "defaultInstance": true,
      "features": ["ena", "kvm", "network-utilization"],
      "upgradeableFrom": ["9.8", "9.9.0"]
]
```

Get permutations for high availability pair

You can use this workflow to retrieve the configuration information for an HA working environment.

1. Get the permutations

HTTP method	Path
GET	/occm/api/aws/ha/metadata/permutations

curl example

```
curl --location --request GET
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/aws/ha/metadata/permutatio
ns?latest_only=true' --header 'x-agent-id: <AGENT_ID>' --header
'Authorization: Bearer <ACCESS_TOKEN>' --header 'Content-Type:
application/json'
```

Input

There are several optional query parameters you can use:

- region
- version
- license
- · instance type
- · default_instance_type
- feature
- latest only
- ami

Output

The JSON output example includes the list of Cloud Volumes ONTAP configurations.

```
[
    {
        "ontapVersion": "ONTAP-9.9.0X6.T1.ha",
        "license": {
            "type": "ha-cot-explore-paygo",
            "name": "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Explore",
            "description": "Suitable for smaller capacity applications.
Supports up to 2 TB of underlying AWS storage.",
            "subName": "",
            "subDescription": "Support of tiering to object storage is not
included.",
            "capacity limit": "2TB",
            "platformLicenseRequired": false,
            "default": false,
            "capacityLimit": {
                "size": 2.0,
                "unit": "TB"
            }
        },
        "instanceType": "m5.xlarge",
        "region": {
            "name": "EU",
            "code": "eu-central-1",
            "location": "Frankfurt",
            "s3Region": "eu-central-1"
        },
        "defaultInstance": true,
        "features": [
            "ena",
```

```
"kvm",
            "network-utilization"
        ],
        "upgradeableFrom": [
            "9.8",
            "9.9.0"
        1
    },
        "ontapVersion": "ONTAP-9.9.0X6.T1.ha",
        "license": {
            "type": "ha-cot-explore-paygo",
            "name": "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Explore",
            "description": "Suitable for smaller capacity applications.
Supports up to 2 TB of underlying AWS storage.",
            "subName": "",
            "subDescription": "Support of tiering to object storage is not
included.",
            "capacity limit": "2TB",
            "platformLicenseRequired": false,
            "default": false,
            "capacityLimit": {
                "size": 2.0,
                "unit": "TB"
            }
        },
        "instanceType": "m5.xlarge",
        "region": {
            "name": "EU",
            "code": "eu-west-1",
            "location": "Ireland",
            "s3Region": "eu-west-1"
        },
        "defaultInstance": true,
        "features": [
            "ena",
            "kvm",
            "network-utilization"
        ],
        "upgradeableFrom": [
            "9.8",
            "9.9.0"
   }
]
```

Get list of virtual private clouds

You can use this workflow to retrieve a list of the available virtual private clouds (VPCs).

Choose the correct workflow depending on the type of Cloud Volumes ONTAP deployment:

- Single Node
- HA pair

Get VPCs for single node

You can use this workflow to retrieve the VPCs for a single node working environment.

1. Select the region to use

Perform the workflow Get regions and choose the code value for the region query parameter.

2. Get the VPCs

HTTP method	Path
GET	/occm/api/vsa/metadata/vpcs?region= <region></region>

Curl example

```
curl --location --request GET
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/vsa/metadata/vpcs?region=<
REGION>' --header 'Content-Type: application/json' --header 'x-agent-id:
<AGENT_ID>' --header 'Authorization: Bearer <ACCESS_TOKEN>'
```

Input

Query parameters:

• <REGION> region

Output

The JSON output example includes the list of virtual private clouds.

```
"key": "last",
                "value": "ioio"
            }
        ],
        "default": true,
        "subnets": [
            {
                "subnetId": "subnet-c1d99699",
                "cidr": "172.31.5.0/24",
                "subnetName": "subnet5",
                "availabilityZone": "us-east-la",
                "availableIps": 247,
                "minimumRequiredIps": 8,
                "outpostArn": null
            },
                "subnetId": "subnet-deebdbe3",
                "cidr": "172.31.6.0/24",
                "subnetName": "Proxy Subnet",
                "availabilityZone": "us-east-le",
                "availableIps": 248,
                "minimumRequiredIps": 8,
                "outpostArn": null
            }
        ],
        "securityGroups": [
                "securityGroupId": "xx-xxxa1ne9xxx67xcvf",
                "description": "NetApp OCCM Instance External Security
Group",
                "name": "hguyiuukOCCM1590415972561-OCCMSecurityGroup-
yryrytt"
            },
                "securityGroupId": "xx-xxxalne9xxx67xcvf",
                "description": "Enable HTTP and NFS for Cloud Restore
Instance",
                "name": "Cloud-Restore-Instance-account-xxxxxx-
CloudRestoreInstanceSecurityGroup-sdweretttrrt"
        ],
        "tenancy": "default"
    },
        "vpcId": "vpc-fe5c1f98",
```

```
"state": "available",
        "cidrBlock": "140.30.0.0/16",
        "tags": [
            {
                "key": "Name",
                "value": "VPCWIthNOS3"
            }
        ],
        "default": false,
        "subnets": [
            {
                "subnetId": "subnet-e84722d4",
                "cidr": "140.30.5.0/24",
                "subnetName": "subnet1",
                "availabilityZone": "us-east-1e",
                "availableIps": 250,
                "minimumRequiredIps": 8,
                "outpostArn": null
            }
        ],
        "securityGroups": [
            {
                "securityGroupId": "xx-xxxa1ne9xxx67xcvf",
                "description": "ONTAP Cloud firewall rules for management
and data interface",
                "name": "xx-Version10-duahpJbS-
NetAppExternalSecurityGroup-rtyunht"
            },
            {
                "securityGroupId": "xx-xxxa1ne9xxx67xcvf",
                "description": "default VPC security group",
                "name": "default"
            }
        ],
        "tenancy": "default"
    }
]
```

Get VPCs for high availability pair

You can use this workflow to retrieve the VPCs for an HA working environment.

1. Select the region to use

Perform the workflow Get regions and choose the code value for the region query parameter.

2. Get the VPCs

HTTP method	Path
GET	/occm/api/aws/ha/metadata/vpcs?region= <region></region>

Curl example

```
curl --location --request GET
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/aws/ha/metadata/vpcs?regio
n=<REGION>' --header 'Content-Type: application/json' --header 'x-agent-
id: <AGENT_ID>' --header 'Authorization: Bearer <ACCESS_TOKEN>'
```

Input

Query parameters:

• <REGION> region

Output

The JSON output example includes the list of virtual private clouds.

```
[
        "vpcId": "vpc-b16c90d4",
        "state": "available",
        "cidrBlock": "172.31.0.0/16",
        "tags": [
            {
                "key": "Name",
                "value": "VPC for VSA"
            },
            {
                "key": "last",
                "value": "ioio"
        ],
        "default": true,
        "subnets": [
            {
                "subnetId": "subnet-c1d99699",
                "cidr": "172.31.5.0/24",
                "subnetName": "subnet5",
                "availabilityZone": "us-east-la",
                "availableIps": 247,
                "minimumRequiredIps": 8,
                "outpostArn": null
```

```
},
                "subnetId": "subnet-deebdbe3",
                "cidr": "172.31.6.0/24",
                "subnetName": "Proxy Subnet",
                "availabilityZone": "us-east-1e",
                "availableIps": 248,
                "minimumRequiredIps": 8,
                "outpostArn": null
        ],
        "securityGroups": [
                "securityGroupId": "xx-xxxa1ne9xxx67xcvf",
                "description": "NetApp OCCM Instance External Security
Group",
                "name": "lilush20000CCM1590415972561-OCCMSecurityGroup-
JDB72N6W90UG"
            },
                "securityGroupId": "xx-xxxa1ne9xxx67xcvf",
                "description": "Enable HTTP and NFS for Cloud Restore
Instance",
                "name": "Cloud-Restore-Instance-account-xxxxxx-
CloudRestoreInstanceSecurityGroup-sdweretttrrt"
        ],
        "tenancy": "default"
    },
        "vpcId": "vpc-fe5c1f98",
        "state": "available",
        "cidrBlock": "140.30.0.0/16",
        "tags": [
                "key": "Name",
                "value": "VPCWIthNOS3"
        ],
        "default": false,
        "subnets": [
                "subnetId": "subnet-e84722d4",
                "cidr": "140.30.5.0/24",
                "subnetName": "subnet1",
                "availabilityZone": "us-east-le",
```

```
"availableIps": 250,
                "minimumRequiredIps": 8,
                "outpostArn": null
            }
        ],
        "securityGroups": [
            {
                "securityGroupId": "xx-xxxa1ne9xxx67xcvf",
                "description": "ONTAP Cloud firewall rules for management
and data interface",
                "name": "XX-Version10-yuiloJbS-
NetAppExternalSecurityGroup-TYUOPR"
            },
            {
                "securityGroupId": "xx-xxxa1ne9xxx67xcvf",
                "description": "default VPC security group",
                "name": "default"
            }
        ],
        "tenancy": "default"
    }
]
```

Get EBS volume types

You can use this workflow to retrieve the supported EBS volume types.

Choose the correct workflow depending on the type of Cloud Volumes ONTAP deployment:

- Single Node
- HA pair

Get EBS volume types for single node

You can use this workflow to get the EBS volume types for a single node working environment.

1. Get the EBS volume types

HTTP method	Path
GET	/occm/api/vsa/metadata/ebs-volume-types

curl example

```
curl --location --request GET
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/vsa/metadata/ebs-volume-
types' --header 'Content-Type: application/json' --header 'x-agent-id:
<AGENT_ID>' --header 'Authorization: Bearer <ACCESS_TOKEN>'
```

Input

None

Output

The JSON output example includes the list of EBS volume types.

```
[
   {
        "description": "",
        "size": {
            "size": 100.0,
            "unit": "GB"
        },
        "supportedVolumeTypes": [
           "standard",
            "io1",
            "io2",
            "ap2"
        ],
        "supportedOccmLicenses": [
            "Explore (hourly)",
            "Standard (hourly)",
            "Standard (BYOL)",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Explore",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Standard",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Premium",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP BYOL",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Explore",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Standard",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Premium",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP BYOL"
        "isDefault": false
   },
        "description": "",
        "size": {
            "size": 500.0,
            "unit": "GB"
```

```
} ,
        "supportedVolumeTypes": [
            "standard",
            "io1",
            "io2",
            "qp2",
            "st1"
        ],
        "supportedOccmLicenses": [
            "Explore (hourly)",
            "Standard (hourly)",
            "Standard (BYOL)",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Explore",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Standard",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Premium",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP BYOL",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Explore",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Standard",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Premium",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP BYOL"
        ],
        "isDefault": false
]
```

Get EBS volume types for high availability pair

You can use this workflow to get the EBS volume types for an HA working environment.

1. Get the EBS volume types

HTTP method	Path
GET	/occm/api/aws/ha/metadata/ebs-volume-types

curl example

```
curl --location --request GET
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/aws/ha/metadata/ebs-
volume-types' --header 'Content-Type: application/json' --header 'x-agent-
id: <AGENT_ID>' --header 'Authorization: Bearer <ACCESS_TOKEN>'
```

Input

None

Output

The JSON output example includes the list of EBS volume types.

```
[
    {
        "description": "",
        "size": {
            "size": 100.0,
            "unit": "GB"
        },
        "supportedVolumeTypes": [
            "standard",
            "io1",
            "io2",
            "gp2",
            "gp3"
        ],
        "supportedOccmLicenses": [
            "Explore (hourly)",
            "Standard (hourly)",
            "Standard (BYOL)",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Explore",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Standard",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Premium",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP BYOL",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Explore",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Standard",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Premium",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP BYOL",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Explore",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Standard",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Premium",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP BYOL",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Standard",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Premium",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP BYOL",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Explore",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Standard",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Premium",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP BYOL",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Explore",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Standard",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Premium",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP BYOL"
        ],
        "isDefault": false
    },
```

```
"description": "",
        "size": {
            "size": 500.0,
            "unit": "GB"
        },
        "supportedVolumeTypes": [
            "standard",
            "io1",
            "io2",
            "qp2",
            "gp3",
            "st1"
        ],
        "supportedOccmLicenses": [
            "Explore (hourly)",
            "Standard (hourly)",
            "Standard (BYOL)",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Explore",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Standard",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Premium",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP BYOL",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Explore",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Standard",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Premium",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP BYOL",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Explore",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Standard",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Premium",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP BYOL",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Standard",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Premium",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP BYOL",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Explore",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Standard",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Premium",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP BYOL",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Explore",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Standard",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP Premium",
            "Cloud Volumes ONTAP BYOL"
        ],
        "isDefault": false
   }
]
```

Get packages

You can use the packages endpoint to retrieve the Cloud Volumes ONTAP packages configuration information.

Choose the correct workflow depending on the type of Cloud Volumes ONTAP deployment:

- Single Node
- HA pair

Get packages for single node

You can use this workflow to retrieve the packages information for a single node system.

1. Get the packages

HTTP method	Path
GET	/occm/api/vsa/metadata/packages

curl example

```
curl --location --request GET
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/vsa/metadata/packages'
--header 'x-agent-id: <AGENT_ID>' --header 'Authorization: Bearer
<ACCESS_TOKEN>' --header 'Content-Type: application/json'
```

Input

None

Output

The JSON output example includes the list of Cloud Volumes ONTAP packages.

```
[
        "name": "aws ha poc",
        "displayName": "POC and small workloads",
        "description": "No description yet",
        "licenseType": "ha-cot-explore-paygo",
        "instanceTypeMapping": [
                "region": "default",
                "instanceType": "m5.xlarge"
        ],
        "diskType": "gp2",
        "diskSize": {
            "size": 100.0,
            "unit": "GB"
        },
        "capacityTier": null,
        "instanceTenancy": "default",
        "writingSpeedState": "NORMAL"
    },
        "name": "aws ha standard",
        "displayName": "Database and application data production
workloads",
        "description": "No description yet",
        "licenseType": "ha-cot-standard-paygo",
        "instanceTypeMapping": [
                "region": "default",
                "instanceType": "m5.2xlarge"
            }
        ],
        "diskType": "gp2",
        "diskSize": {
            "size": 100.0,
            "unit": "GB"
        },
        "capacityTier": null,
        "instanceTenancy": "default",
        "writingSpeedState": "NORMAL"
    }
]
```

Get packages for high availability pair

You can use this workflow to retrieve the packages information for an HA working environment.

1. Get the packages

HTTP method	Path
GET	/occm/api/aws/ha/metadata/packages

curl example

```
curl --location --request GET
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/aws/ha/metadata/packages'
--header 'x-agent-id: <AGENT_ID>' --header 'Authorization: Bearer
<ACCESS_TOKEN>' --header 'Content-Type: application/json'
```

Input

None

Output

The JSON output example includes the list of Cloud Volumes ONTAP packages.

```
[
        "name": "aws ha poc",
        "displayName": "POC and small workloads",
        "description": "No description yet",
        "licenseType": "ha-cot-explore-paygo",
        "instanceTypeMapping": [
                "region": "default",
                "instanceType": "m5.xlarge"
        ],
        "diskType": "gp2",
        "diskSize": {
            "size": 100.0,
            "unit": "GB"
        },
        "capacityTier": null,
        "instanceTenancy": "default",
        "writingSpeedState": "NORMAL"
    },
        "name": "aws ha standard",
        "displayName": "Database and application data production
workloads",
        "description": "No description yet",
        "licenseType": "ha-cot-standard-paygo",
        "instanceTypeMapping": [
                "region": "default",
                "instanceType": "m5.2xlarge"
            }
        ],
        "diskType": "gp2",
        "diskSize": {
            "size": 100.0,
            "unit": "GB"
        },
        "capacityTier": null,
        "instanceTenancy": "default",
        "writingSpeedState": "NORMAL"
    }
]
```

Get route tables

You can use the route tables endpoint to retrieve the route tables labels for each VPC and their subnet association information.



We use the Get route tables workflow only for the high availability pair.

1. Get the region

Perform the workflow Get regions and choose the code value of the required region for the region query parameter.

2. Get the VPC

Perform the workflow Get VPCs and choose the <code>vpcId</code> value of the required VPC for the <code>vpcId</code> query parameter.

3. Get the route tables

HTTP method	Path
GET	/occm/api/aws/ha/metadata/route-tables

curl example

```
curl --location --request GET
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/aws/ha/metadata/route-
tables?region=<REGION>&vpcId=<VPC_ID>' --header 'x-agent-id: <AGENT_ID>'
--header 'Authorization: Bearer <ACCESS_TOKEN>' --header 'Content-Type:
application/json'
```

Input

Query parameters:

- < REGION > region
- <VPCID> vpcId

Optional parameters:

- roleArn: String
- cloudProviderAccountId: String

Output

The output includes an array of route tables.

```
[
```

```
"id": "rtb-3338784b",
    "main": false,
   "subnets": [],
    "tags": [
       {
           "key": "Name",
           "value": "route3"
       }
   ]
},
   "id": "rtb-e13a7a99",
   "main": false,
   "subnets": [],
   "tags": [
       {
           "key": "Name",
           "value": "route2"
   ]
},
{
   "id": "rtb-7a3b7b02",
   "main": false,
   "subnets": [],
   "tags": [
       {
           "key": "Name",
           "value": "route4"
       }
   ]
},
{
   "id": "rtb-0a41155f5c924872e",
   "main": false,
   "subnets": [],
   "tags": [
       {
           "key": "Name",
           "value": "long"
        }
   ]
},
   "id": "rtb-d0e847b6",
   "main": false,
```

```
"subnets": [],
        "tags": [
             {
                 "key": "Name",
                 "value": "IC Route"
             }
        ]
    },
        "id": "rtb-3333734b",
        "main": false,
        "subnets": [],
        "tags": [
             {
                 "key": "Name",
                 "value": "route1"
        ]
    },
        "id": "rtb-02a45467",
        "main": true,
        "subnets": [],
        "tags": [
             {
                 "key": "Name",
                 "value": "main"
             }
        ]
    }
]
```

Get key pairs

You can use the key pairs endpoint to retrieve the AWS key pairs for specific regions.

Choose the correct workflow depending on the type of Cloud Volumes ONTAP deployment:

- Single Node
- HA pair

Get key pairs for single node

You can use this workflow to retrieve the key pairs for a single node working environment.

1. Get the region

Perform the workflow Get regions and choose the code value of the required region for the region query parameter.

2. Get the key pairs

HTTP method	Path
GET	/occm/api/vsa/metadata/key-pairs

curl example

```
curl --location --request GET
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/vsa/metadata/key-
pairs?region=<REGION>' --header 'x-agent-id: <AGENT_ID>' --header
'Authorization: Bearer <ACCESS_TOKEN>' --header 'Content-Type:
application/json'
```

Input

Query parameter:

• <REGION> region

Optional parameters for filter:

- roleArn: String
- cloudProviderAccountId: String

Output

The output shows the AWS user key pairs for a specific region.

JSON output example

```
[
    "Developers_Virginia",
    "gfcqa",
    "kubernetes-net6vbp8sd",
    "kubernetes-netpn77b32",
    "occm_qa"
]
```

Get key pairs for high availability pair

You can use this workflow to retrieve the key pairs for an HA working environment.

1. Get the region

Perform the workflow Get regions and choose the code value of the required region for the region query

parameter.



Ensure that you choose the path value for the HA pair while performing the Get Regions workflow.

2. Get the key pairs

HTTP method	Path
GET	/occm/api/aws/ha/metadata/key-pairs

curl example

```
curl --location --request GET
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/aws/ha/metadata/key-
pairs?region=<REGION>' --header 'x-agent-id: <AGENT_ID>' --header
'Authorization: Bearer <ACCESS_TOKEN>' --header 'Content-Type:
application/json'
```

Input

Query parameter:

• <REGION> region

Optional parameters for filter:

- roleArn: String
- cloudProviderAccountId: String

Output

The output shows the AWS user key pairs for a specific region.

JSON output example

```
[
    "Developers_Virginia",
    "gfcqa",
    "kubernetes-net6vbp8sd",
    "kubernetes-netpn77b32",
    "occm_qa"
]
```

Miscellaneous

Create AWS cloud provider account

You can use this workflow to create an AWS cloud provider account.

Before you begin

You must have AWS credentials.

1. Get the SaaS marketplace account

Perform the workflow Get SaaS marketplace account and choose the id value for the required subscription for subscriptionId parameter.

2. Create the account

HTTP method	Path
POST	/occm/api/accounts/aws

curl example

```
curl --location --request POST
'https://cloudmanager.cloud.netapp.com/occm/api/accounts/aws' --header 'x-
agent-id: <AGENT_ID>' --header 'Authorization: Bearer <TOKEN>' --header
'Content-Type: application/json' --d JSONinput
```

Input

The JSON input example includes the list of parameters.

JSON input example

```
"accountName": "zivAccountTest2",
"providerKeys": {
    "awsAccessKeys": {
        "accessKey": "accesskeystring",
        "secretKey": "secretkeystring"
     }
},
"subscriptionId": "subscriptionIDgoeshere"
}
```

Output

The JSON output provides an example of the cloud provider details.

```
"publicId": "CloudProviderAccount-LCwgVOy7",
   "accountName": "zivAccountTest2",
   "accountType": "AWS_KEYS",
   "accountId": "accountIDshownhere",
   "accessKey": " accesskeyshownhere",
   "assumeRole": null,
   "occmRole": null,
   "vsaList": [],
   "subscriptionId": "subscriptionIDshownhere"
}
```

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