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Python 代码示例 ONTAP Select

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Python 代码示例

用干创建集群的脚本

您可以使用以下脚本根据脚本和 JSON 输入文件中定义的参数创建集群。

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
# File: cluster.py
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# no less restrictive than those set forth herein.
import traceback
import argparse
import json
import logging
from deploy requests import DeployRequests
def add vcenter credentials (deploy, config):
    """ Add credentials for the vcenter if present in the config """
    log debug trace()
   vcenter = config.get('vcenter', None)
    if vcenter and not deploy.resource exists('/security/credentials',
                                              'hostname', vcenter
['hostname']):
        log info("Registering vcenter {} credentials".format(vcenter
['hostname']))
        data = {k: vcenter[k] for k in ['hostname', 'username',
'password']}
```

```
data['type'] = "vcenter"
        deploy.post('/security/credentials', data)
def add standalone host credentials(deploy, config):
    """ Add credentials for standalone hosts if present in the config.
        Does nothing if the host credential already exists on the Deploy.
    log debug trace()
   hosts = config.get('hosts', [])
    for host in hosts:
        # The presense of the 'password' will be used only for standalone
hosts.
        # If this host is managed by a vcenter, it should not have a host
'password' in the json.
        if 'password' in host and not deploy.resource exists
('/security/credentials',
                                                              'hostname',
host['name']):
            log info("Registering host {} credentials".format(host[
'name']))
            data = {'hostname': host['name'], 'type': 'host',
                    'username': host['username'], 'password': host
['password']}
            deploy.post('/security/credentials', data)
def register unkown hosts(deploy, config):
    ''' Registers all hosts with the deploy server.
        The host details are read from the cluster config json file.
        This method will skip any hosts that are already registered.
        This method will exit the script if no hosts are found in the
config.
    1.1.1
    log debug trace()
    data = {"hosts": []}
    if 'hosts' not in config or not config['hosts']:
        log and exit("The cluster config requires at least 1 entry in the
'hosts' list got {}".format(config))
   missing host cnt = 0
    for host in config['hosts']:
        if not deploy.resource exists('/hosts', 'name', host['name']):
```

```
missing host cnt += 1
            host config = {"name": host['name'], "hypervisor type": host
['type']}
            if 'mgmt server' in host:
                host config["management server"] = host['mgmt server']
                log info(
                   "Registering from vcenter {mgmt server}".format(**
host))
            if 'password' in host and 'user' in host:
                host config['credential'] = {
                    "password": host['password'], "username": host[
'user']}
            log info("Registering {type} host {name}".format(**host))
            data["hosts"].append(host config)
    # only post /hosts if some missing hosts were found
    if missing host cnt:
        deploy.post('/hosts', data, wait for job=True)
def add cluster attributes(deploy, config):
    ''' POST a new cluster with all needed attribute values.
        Returns the cluster id of the new config
    log debug trace()
    cluster config = config['cluster']
    cluster id = deploy.find resource('/clusters', 'name', cluster config
['name'])
    if not cluster id:
        log info("Creating cluster config named {name}".format(
**cluster config))
        # Filter to only the valid attributes, ignores anything else in
the json
        data = {k: cluster config[k] for k in [
            'name', 'ip', 'gateway', 'netmask', 'ontap image version',
'dns info', 'ntp servers']}
        num nodes = len(config['nodes'])
        log info("Cluster properties: {}".format(data))
        resp = deploy.post('/v3/clusters?node count={}'.format(num nodes),
```

```
data)
        cluster id = resp.headers.get('Location').split('/')[-1]
    return cluster id
def get node ids(deploy, cluster id):
    ''' Get the the ids of the nodes in a cluster. Returns a list of
node ids.'''
    log debug trace()
    response = deploy.get('/clusters/{}/nodes'.format(cluster id))
    node ids = [node['id'] for node in response.json().get('records')]
    return node ids
def add node attributes (deploy, cluster id, node id, node):
    ''' Set all the needed properties on a node '''
    log debug trace()
    log_info("Adding node '{}' properties".format(node_id))
    data = {k: node[k] for k in ['ip', 'serial number', 'instance type',
                                 'is storage efficiency enabled'] if k in
node }
    # Optional: Set a serial number
    if 'license' in node:
        data['license'] = {'id': node['license']}
    # Assign the host
    host id = deploy.find resource('/hosts', 'name', node['host name'])
    if not host id:
        log and exit("Host names must match in the 'hosts' array, and the
nodes.host name property")
    data['host'] = {'id': host id}
    # Set the correct raid type
    is hw raid = not node['storage'].get('disks') # The presence of a
list of disks indicates sw raid
    data['passthrough disks'] = not is hw raid
    # Optionally set a custom node name
    if 'name' in node:
        data['name'] = node['name']
    log info("Node properties: {}".format(data))
```

```
deploy.patch('/clusters/{}/nodes/{}'.format(cluster id, node id),
data)
def add node networks (deploy, cluster id, node id, node):
    ''' Set the network information for a node '''
    log debug trace()
    log info("Adding node '{}' network properties".format(node id))
    num nodes = deploy.get num records('/clusters/{}/nodes'.format
(cluster id))
    for network in node['networks']:
        # single node clusters do not use the 'internal' network
        if num nodes == 1 and network['purpose'] == 'internal':
            continue
        # Deduce the network id given the purpose for each entry
        network id = deploy.find resource(
'/clusters/{}/nodes/{}/networks'.format(cluster id, node id),
                                           'purpose', network['purpose'])
        data = {"name": network['name']}
        if 'vlan' in network and network['vlan']:
            data['vlan id'] = network['vlan']
        deploy.patch('/clusters/{}/nodes/{}/networks/{}'.format(
cluster id, node id, network id), data)
def add node storage (deploy, cluster id, node id, node):
    ''' Set all the storage information on a node '''
    log debug trace()
    log info("Adding node '{}' storage properties".format(node id))
    log info("Node storage: {}".format(node['storage']['pools']))
    data = {'pool array': node['storage']['pools']} # use all the json
properties
    deploy.post(
        '/clusters/{}/nodes/{}/storage/pools'.format(cluster id, node id),
data)
    if 'disks' in node['storage'] and node['storage']['disks']:
        data = {'disks': node['storage']['disks']}
        deploy.post(
```

```
'/clusters/{}/nodes/{}/storage/disks'.format(cluster id,
node id), data)
def create cluster config(deploy, config):
    ''' Construct a cluster config in the deploy server using the input
json data '''
    log debug trace()
    cluster id = add cluster attributes(deploy, config)
    node ids = get node ids(deploy, cluster id)
    node configs = config['nodes']
    for node id, node config in zip(node ids, node configs):
        add node attributes (deploy, cluster id, node id, node config)
        add node networks(deploy, cluster id, node id, node config)
        add node storage(deploy, cluster id, node id, node config)
    return cluster id
def deploy cluster(deploy, cluster id, config):
    ''' Deploy the cluster config to create the ONTAP Select VMs. '''
    log debug trace()
    log info("Deploying cluster: {}".format(cluster id))
    data = {'ontap credential': {'password': config['cluster'
]['ontap admin password']}}
    deploy.post('/clusters/{}/deploy?inhibit rollback=true'.format
(cluster id),
                data, wait for job=True)
def log debug trace():
    stack = traceback.extract stack()
    parent function = stack[-2][2]
    logging.getLogger('deploy').debug('Calling %s()' % parent function)
def log info(msg):
    logging.getLogger('deploy').info(msg)
def log and exit(msg):
    logging.getLogger('deploy').error(msg)
    exit(1)
```

```
def configure logging(verbose):
    FORMAT = '%(asctime)-15s:%(levelname)s:%(name)s: %(message)s'
        logging.basicConfig(level=logging.DEBUG, format=FORMAT)
    else:
        logging.basicConfig(level=logging.INFO, format=FORMAT)
        logging.getLogger('requests.packages.urllib3.connectionpool'
).setLevel(
            logging.WARNING)
def main(args):
    configure logging(args.verbose)
    deploy = DeployRequests(args.deploy, args.password)
    with open (args.config file) as json data:
        config = json.load(json data)
        add vcenter credentials (deploy, config)
        add standalone host credentials (deploy, config)
        register unkown hosts (deploy, config)
        cluster id = create cluster config(deploy, config)
        deploy cluster (deploy, cluster id, config)
def parseArgs():
    parser = argparse.ArgumentParser(description='Uses the ONTAP Select
Deploy API to construct and deploy a cluster.')
    parser.add argument('-d', '--deploy', help='Hostname or IP address of
Deploy server')
    parser.add argument('-p', '--password', help='Admin password of Deploy
server')
    parser.add argument('-c', '--config file', help='Filename of the
cluster config')
    parser.add argument('-v', '--verbose', help='Display extra debugging
messages for seeing exact API calls and responses',
                        action='store true', default=False)
    return parser.parse_args()
if name == ' main ':
    args = parseArgs()
```

用于创建集群的脚本的 JSON

在使用 Python 代码示例创建或删除 ONTAP Select 集群时,必须提供一个 JSON 文件作为脚本的输入。您可以根据部署计划复制和修改相应的 JSON 示例。

ESXi 上的单节点集群

```
"hosts": [
   "password": "mypassword1",
   "name": "host-1234",
   "type": "ESX",
   "username": "admin"
 }
],
"cluster": {
  "dns info": {
    "domains": ["lab1.company-demo.com", "lab2.company-demo.com",
      "lab3.company-demo.com", "lab4.company-demo.com"
     1,
    "dns ips": ["10.206.80.135", "10.206.80.136"]
    },
    "ontap image version": "9.7",
    "gateway": "10.206.80.1",
   "ip": "10.206.80.115",
   "name": "mycluster",
   "ntp servers": ["10.206.80.183", "10.206.80.142"],
    "ontap admin password": "mypassword2",
    "netmask": "255.255.254.0"
},
"nodes": [
    "serial number": "3200000nn",
    "ip": "10.206.80.114",
   "name": "node-1",
    "networks": [
        "name": "ontap-external",
```

```
"purpose": "mgmt",
          "vlan": 1234
        },
          "name": "ontap-external",
         "purpose": "data",
          "vlan": null
        },
          "name": "ontap-internal",
         "purpose": "internal",
         "vlan": null
       }
      ],
      "host name": "host-1234",
      "is storage efficiency enabled": false,
      "instance type": "small",
      "storage": {
        "disk": [],
        "pools": [
         {
            "name": "storage-pool-1",
            "capacity": 4802666790125
          }
 1
}
```

使用 vCenter 的 ESXi 上的单节点集群

```
"dns ips": ["10.206.80.135","10.206.80.136"]
},
"ontap image version": "9.7",
"gateway": "10.206.80.1",
"ip":"10.206.80.115",
"name": "mycluster",
"ntp servers": ["10.206.80.183","10.206.80.142"],
"ontap admin password":"mypassword2",
"netmask": "255.255.254.0"
},
"vcenter": {
 "password": "mypassword2",
 "hostname": "vcenter-1234",
 "username": "selectadmin"
},
"nodes": [
    "serial number": "3200000nn",
    "ip":"10.206.80.114",
    "name": "node-1",
    "networks": [
        "name": "ONTAP-Management",
        "purpose": "mgmt",
       "vlan":null
      },
        "name": "ONTAP-External",
       "purpose": "data",
       "vlan":null
      },
        "name": "ONTAP-Internal",
        "purpose": "internal",
       "vlan":null
    ],
    "host name": "host-1234",
    "is storage efficiency enabled": false,
    "instance type": "small",
    "storage": {
```

KVM 上的单节点集群



- 从ONTAP Select 9.10.1开始、您无法再在KVM虚拟机管理程序上部署新集群。
- 从ONTAP Select 9.11.1开始、除了脱机和删除功能之外、现有KVM集群和主机不再具有所有易管理性功能。

```
{
 "hosts": [
      "password": "mypassword1",
     "name": "host-1234",
     "type": "KVM",
     "username": "root"
   }
 ],
 "cluster": {
    "dns info": {
      "domains": ["lab1.company-demo.com", "lab2.company-demo.com",
       "lab3.company-demo.com", "lab4.company-demo.com"
     ],
      "dns ips": ["10.206.80.135", "10.206.80.136"]
   },
    "ontap image version": "9.7",
    "gateway":"10.206.80.1",
    "ip":"10.206.80.115",
    "name": "CBF4ED97",
    "ntp servers": ["10.206.80.183", "10.206.80.142"],
    "ontap admin password": "mypassword2",
    "netmask":"255.255.254.0"
```

```
},
  "nodes": [
      "serial number": "3200000nn",
      "ip":"10.206.80.115",
      "name": "node-1",
      "networks": [
          "name": "ontap-external",
         "purpose": "mgmt",
         "vlan":1234
        },
          "name": "ontap-external",
          "purpose": "data",
          "vlan": null
        },
          "name": "ontap-internal",
          "purpose": "internal",
         "vlan": null
      ],
      "host name": "host-1234",
      "is storage efficiency enabled": false,
      "instance type": "small",
      "storage": {
        "disk": [],
        "pools": [
            "name": "storage-pool-1",
            "capacity": 4802666790125
  ]
}
```

用于添加节点许可证的脚本

您可以使用以下脚本为 ONTAP Select 节点添加许可证。

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
```

```
# File: add license.py
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# testing a software application product for use with NetApp products,
# provided that the above copyright notice appears in all copies and
# that the software application product is distributed pursuant to terms
# no less restrictive than those set forth herein.
import argparse
import logging
import json
from deploy requests import DeployRequests
def post new license(deploy, license filename):
    log info('Posting a new license: {}'.format(license filename))
    # Stream the file as multipart/form-data
    deploy.post('/licensing/licenses', data={},
                files={'license file': open(license filename, 'rb')})
    # Alternative if the NLF license data is converted to a string.
    # with open(license filename, 'rb') as f:
    # nlf data = f.read()
       r = deploy.post('/licensing/licenses', data={},
                        files={'license file': (license filename,
nlf data) })
def put license (deploy, serial number, data, files):
    log info('Adding license for serial number: {}'.format(serial number))
    deploy.put('/licensing/licenses/{}'.format(serial number), data=data,
files=files)
```

```
def put used license (deploy, serial number, license filename,
ontap username, ontap password):
    ''' If the license is used by an 'online' cluster, a username/password
must be given. '''
    data = {'ontap username': ontap username, 'ontap password':
ontap password}
    files = {'license file': open(license filename, 'rb')}
    put license(deploy, serial number, data, files)
def put free license (deploy, serial number, license filename):
    data = \{\}
    files = {'license file': open(license filename, 'rb')}
    put license(deploy, serial number, data, files)
def get serial number from license(license filename):
    ''' Read the NLF file to extract the serial number '''
    with open(license filename) as f:
        data = json.load(f)
        statusResp = data.get('statusResp', {})
        serialNumber = statusResp.get('serialNumber')
        if not serialNumber:
            log and exit("The license file seems to be missing the
serialNumber")
        return serialNumber
def log info(msg):
    logging.getLogger('deploy').info(msg)
def log and exit(msg):
    logging.getLogger('deploy').error(msg)
    exit(1)
def configure logging():
    FORMAT = '%(asctime)-15s:%(levelname)s:%(name)s: %(message)s'
    logging.basicConfig(level=logging.INFO, format=FORMAT)
    logging.getLogger('requests.packages.urllib3.connectionpool').
setLevel(logging.WARNING)
```

```
def main(args):
    configure logging()
    serial number = get serial number from license(args.license)
    deploy = DeployRequests(args.deploy, args.password)
    # First check if there is already a license resource for this serial-
number
    if deploy.find resource('/licensing/licenses', 'id', serial number):
        # If the license already exists in the Deploy server, determine if
its used
        if deploy.find resource('/clusters', 'nodes.serial number',
serial number):
            # In this case, requires ONTAP creds to push the license to
the node
            if args.ontap username and args.ontap password:
                put used license (deploy, serial number, args.license,
                                 args.ontap username, args.ontap password)
            else:
                print("ERROR: The serial number for this license is in
use. Please provide ONTAP credentials.")
        else:
            # License exists, but its not used
            put free license(deploy, serial number, args.license)
    else:
        # No license exists, so register a new one as an available license
for later use
        post new license(deploy, args.license)
def parseArgs():
    parser = argparse.ArgumentParser(description='Uses the ONTAP Select
Deploy API to add or update a new or used NLF license file.')
    parser.add argument('-d', '--deploy', required=True, type=str, help
='Hostname or IP address of ONTAP Select Deploy')
    parser.add argument('-p', '--password', required=True, type=str, help
='Admin password of Deploy server')
    parser.add argument('-l', '--license', required=True, type=str, help
='Filename of the NLF license data')
    parser.add argument('-u', '--ontap username', type=str,
                        help='ONTAP Select username with privelege to add
the license. Only provide if the license is used by a Node.')
```

用于删除集群的脚本

您可以使用以下命令行界面脚本删除现有集群。

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
# File: delete cluster.py
# (C) Copyright 2019 NetApp, Inc.
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# no less restrictive than those set forth herein.
import argparse
import json
import logging
from deploy requests import DeployRequests
def find cluster(deploy, cluster name):
    return deploy.find resource('/clusters', 'name', cluster name)
def offline cluster(deploy, cluster id):
    # Test that the cluster is online, otherwise do nothing
    response = deploy.get('/clusters/{}?fields=state'.format(cluster id))
```

```
cluster data = response.json()['record']
    if cluster data['state'] == 'powered on':
        log info("Found the cluster to be online, modifying it to be
powered off.")
        deploy.patch('/clusters/{}'.format(cluster id), {'availability':
'powered off'}, True)
def delete cluster(deploy, cluster id):
    log info("Deleting the cluster({}).".format(cluster id))
    deploy.delete('/clusters/{}'.format(cluster id), True)
    pass
def log info(msg):
    logging.getLogger('deploy').info(msg)
def configure logging():
    FORMAT = '%(asctime) -15s:%(levelname) s:%(name) s: %(message) s'
    logging.basicConfig(level=logging.INFO, format=FORMAT)
    logging.getLogger('requests.packages.urllib3.connectionpool').
setLevel(logging.WARNING)
def main(args):
   configure logging()
    deploy = DeployRequests(args.deploy, args.password)
    with open (args.config file) as json data:
        config = json.load(json data)
        cluster id = find cluster(deploy, config['cluster']['name'])
        log info("Found the cluster {} with id: {}.".format(config
['cluster']['name'], cluster id))
        offline cluster (deploy, cluster id)
        delete cluster(deploy, cluster id)
def parseArgs():
    parser = argparse.ArgumentParser(description='Uses the ONTAP Select
Deploy API to delete a cluster')
    parser.add argument('-d', '--deploy', required=True, type=str, help
='Hostname or IP address of Deploy server')
```

```
parser.add_argument('-p', '--password', required=True, type=str, help
='Admin password of Deploy server')
    parser.add_argument('-c', '--config_file', required=True, type=str,
help='Filename of the cluster json config')
    return parser.parse_args()

if __name__ == '__main__':
    args = parseArgs()
    main(args)
```

通用支持模块

所有 Python 脚本都在一个模块中使用一个通用 Python 类。

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
# File: deploy requests.py
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# provided that the above copyright notice appears in all copies and
# that the software application product is distributed pursuant to terms
# no less restrictive than those set forth herein.
import json
import logging
import requests
requests.packages.urllib3.disable warnings()
class DeployRequests(object):
    Wrapper class for requests that simplifies the ONTAP Select Deploy
    path creation and header manipulations for simpler code.
    1.1.1
```

```
def init (self, ip, admin password):
       self.base url = 'https://{}/api'.format(ip)
       self.auth = ('admin', admin password)
       self.headers = {'Accept': 'application/json'}
       self.logger = logging.getLogger('deploy')
   def post(self, path, data, files=None, wait for job=False):
       if files:
           self.logger.debug('POST FILES:')
           response = requests.post(self.base url + path,
                                     auth=self.auth, verify=False,
                                     files=files)
       else:
           self.logger.debug('POST DATA: %s', data)
           response = requests.post(self.base url + path,
                                     auth=self.auth, verify=False,
                                     json=data,
                                     headers=self.headers)
       self.logger.debug('HEADERS: %s\nBODY: %s', self.filter headers
(response), response.text)
       self.exit on errors(response)
       if wait for job and response.status code == 202:
            self.wait for job(response.json())
       return response
   def patch(self, path, data, wait for job=False):
       self.logger.debug('PATCH DATA: %s', data)
       response = requests.patch(self.base url + path,
                                  auth=self.auth, verify=False,
                                  json=data,
                                  headers=self.headers)
       self.logger.debug('HEADERS: %s\nBODY: %s', self.filter headers
(response), response.text)
       self.exit on errors(response)
       if wait for job and response.status code == 202:
            self.wait for job(response.json())
       return response
   def put(self, path, data, files=None, wait for job=False):
       if files:
           print('PUT FILES: {}'.format(data))
           response = requests.put(self.base url + path,
                                    auth=self.auth, verify=False,
```

```
data=data,
                                     files=files)
        else:
            self.logger.debug('PUT DATA:')
            response = requests.put(self.base url + path,
                                    auth=self.auth, verify=False,
                                    json=data,
                                    headers=self.headers)
        self.logger.debug('HEADERS: %s\nBODY: %s', self.filter headers
(response), response.text)
        self.exit on errors(response)
        if wait for job and response.status code == 202:
            self.wait for job(response.json())
        return response
    def get(self, path):
        """ Get a resource object from the specified path """
        response = requests.get(self.base url + path, auth=self.auth,
verify=False)
        self.logger.debug('HEADERS: %s\nBODY: %s', self.filter headers
(response), response.text)
        self.exit on errors(response)
        return response
    def delete(self, path, wait for job=False):
        """ Delete's a resource from the specified path """
        response = requests.delete(self.base url + path, auth=self.auth,
verify=False)
        self.logger.debug('HEADERS: %s\nBODY: %s', self.filter headers
(response), response.text)
        self.exit on errors(response)
        if wait for job and response.status code == 202:
            self.wait for job(response.json())
        return response
    def find resource(self, path, name, value):
        ''' Returns the 'id' of the resource if it exists, otherwise None
1.1.1
        resource = None
        response = self.get('{path}?{field}={value}'.format(
                            path=path, field=name, value=value))
        if response.status_code == 200 and response.json().get
('num records') >= 1:
```

```
resource = response.json().get('records')[0].get('id')
        return resource
    def get num records(self, path, query=None):
        ''' Returns the number of records found in a container, or None on
error '''
        resource = None
        query opt = '?{}'.format(query) if query else ''
        response = self.get('{path}{query}'.format(path=path, query
=query opt))
        if response.status code == 200 :
            return response.json().get('num records')
        return None
    def resource exists(self, path, name, value):
        return self.find resource(path, name, value) is not None
    def wait for job(self, response, poll timeout=120):
        last modified = response['job']['last modified']
        job id = response['job']['id']
        self.logger.info('Event: ' + response['job']['message'])
        while True:
            response = self.get('/jobs/{}?fields=state,message&'
                                 'poll timeout={}&last modified=>={}'
.format(
                                    job id, poll timeout, last modified))
            job body = response.json().get('record', {})
            # Show interesting message updates
            message = job body.get('message', '')
            self.logger.info('Event: ' + message)
            # Refresh the last modified time for the poll loop
            last modified = job body.get('last modified')
            # Look for the final states
            state = job body.get('state', 'unknown')
            if state in ['success', 'failure']:
                if state == 'failure':
                    self.logger.error('FAILED background job.\nJOB: %s',
job_body)
                    exit(1) # End the script if a failure occurs
                break
```

用于调整集群节点大小的脚本

您可以使用以下脚本调整 ONTAP Select 集群中节点的大小。

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
# File: resize nodes.py
# (C) Copyright 2019 NetApp, Inc.
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# any kind, including but not limited for warranties of merchantability
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# that the software application product is distributed pursuant to terms
# no less restrictive than those set forth herein.
import argparse
import logging
import sys
from deploy requests import DeployRequests
```

```
def parse args():
    """ Parses the arguments provided on the command line when executing
this
       script and returns the resulting namespace. If all required
arguments
        are not provided, an error message indicating the mismatch is
printed and
        the script will exit.
    11 11 11
    parser = argparse.ArgumentParser(description=(
        'Uses the ONTAP Select Deploy API to resize the nodes in the
cluster.'
        ' For example, you might have a small (4 CPU, 16GB RAM per node) 2
       ' cluster and wish to resize the cluster to medium (8 CPU, 64GB
        ' node). This script will take in the cluster details and then
perform'
       ' the operation and wait for it to complete.'
    ) )
    parser.add argument('--deploy', required=True, help=(
        'Hostname or IP of the ONTAP Select Deploy VM.'
    ))
    parser.add argument('--deploy-password', required=True, help=(
        'The password for the ONTAP Select Deploy admin user.'
    ) )
    parser.add_argument('--cluster', required=True, help=(
        'Hostname or IP of the cluster management interface.'
    ))
    parser.add argument('--instance-type', required=True, help=(
        'The desired instance size of the nodes after the operation is
complete.'
    ) )
    parser.add argument('--ontap-password', required=True, help=(
        'The password for the ONTAP administrative user account.'
    parser.add argument('--ontap-username', default='admin', help=(
        'The username for the ONTAP administrative user account. Default:
admin.'
   ))
    parser.add argument('--nodes', nargs='+', metavar='NODE NAME', help=(
        'A space separated list of node names for which the resize
operation'
        ' should be performed. The default is to apply the resize to all
```

```
' the cluster. If a list of nodes is provided, it must be provided
in HA'
       ' pairs. That is, in a 4 node cluster, nodes 1 and 2 (partners)
       ' resized in the same operation.'
   ) )
   return parser.parse args()
def get cluster(deploy, parsed args):
    """ Locate the cluster using the arguments provided """
    cluster id = deploy.find resource('/clusters', 'ip', parsed args
.cluster)
    if not cluster id:
       return None
    return deploy.get('/clusters/%s?fields=nodes' % cluster id).json
() ['record']
def get request body(parsed args, cluster):
   """ Build the request body """
    changes = {'admin password': parsed args.ontap password}
    # if provided, use the list of nodes given, else use all the nodes in
the cluster
    nodes = [node for node in cluster['nodes']]
    if parsed args.nodes:
       nodes = [node for node in nodes if node['name'] in parsed args
.nodes1
    changes['nodes'] = [
        {'instance type': parsed args.instance type, 'id': node['id']} for
node in nodesl
   return changes
def main():
    """ Set up the resize operation by gathering the necessary data and
then send
       the request to the ONTAP Select Deploy server.
    logging.basicConfig(
```

```
format='[%(asctime)s] [%(levelname)5s] %(message)s', level=
logging.INFO,)
    logging.getLogger('requests.packages.urllib3').setLevel(logging
.WARNING)
   parsed args = parse args()
    deploy = DeployRequests(parsed args.deploy, parsed args
.deploy password)
    cluster = get cluster(deploy, parsed args)
    if not cluster:
        deploy.logger.error(
            'Unable to find a cluster with a management IP of %s' %
parsed_args.cluster)
        return 1
   changes = get request body(parsed args, cluster)
   deploy.patch('/clusters/%s' % cluster['id'], changes, wait for job
=True)
if name == ' main ':
    sys.exit(main())
```

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