Laboratory work # 1

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Problem # 1155

Screenshot from Timus:

9796435	10:17:46 29 Mar 2022	hduads2022_20321114	1155. Troubleduons	Java 1.8	Accepted	0.125	1 916 KB

Explanation of algorithm:

- 1. Find the points on the diagonal, depending on these, we can judge whether it is possible;
- 2. Fill the Array with the vertices;
- 3. Move all the vertices to A, E. Since if we can transfer all the vertices to A and E, we can annihilate them in couples.

Computational complexity of algorithm:

O(n);

Source code:

```
import java.io.PrintWriter;
import java.util.Scanner;

public class Troubleduons {

    // Define some constants in the question.
    static Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
    static PrintWriter out = new PrintWriter(System.out);
    static final String[] names = {"A", "B", "C", "D", "E", "F", "G", "H"};
    static int[] v = new int[8];

public static void main(String[] args) {
        // Fill the data into the Array.
        for (int i = 0; i < v.length; i++) {
            v[i] = in.nextInt();
      }

      // Find whether the solution is possible.
      int opposite_1 = v[0] + v[2] + v[5] + v[7];
      int opposite_2 = v[1] + v[3] + v[4] + v[6];
}</pre>
```

```
if (opposite_1 != opposite_2) {
     } else {
         moveVertex(2, 0, 1);
moveVertex(5, 0, 4);
moveVertex(7, 0, 4);
moveVertex(6, 4, 5);
         while (v[0]-->0) {
 * @param x : The specific vertex on the cube.
 * @param y : The specific vertex on the cube.
 * @param temp : Give the stopping point.
public static void moveVertex(int x, int y, int temp) {
    while (v[x] != 0) {
         if (v[temp] == 0) {
             v[temp]++;
             v[y]++;
             out.println(names[temp] + names[y] + "+");
         v[temp]--;
         out.println(names[temp] + names[x] + "-");
```