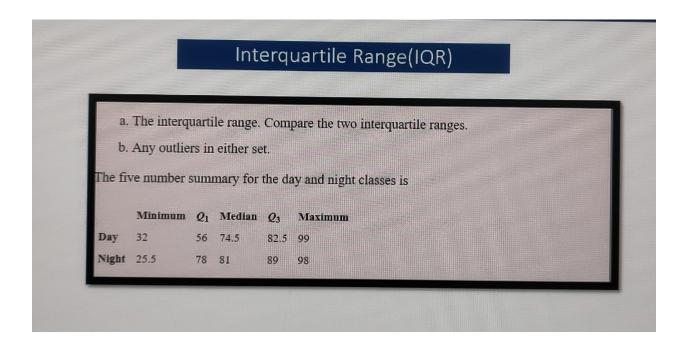
INTERQUARTILE RANGE (IQR)



Manual Calculation

FOR DAY

$$(1.5)$$
 (IQR) = (1.5) (26.5) = 39.75

Lesser

$$Q1 - (1.5)(IQR) = 56 - 39.75 = 16.25$$

Greater

$$Q2 + (1.5) (IQR) = 82.5 + 39.75 = 122.25$$

So now we can see lesser value is placed in our dataset,

Why because lesser calculation value lesser then minimum value.

FOR NIGHT

$$(1.5)$$
 (IQR) = (1.5) (11) = 16.5

Lesser

$$Q1 - (1.5) (IQR) = 78 - 16.5 = 61.5$$

Greater

$$Q3 + (1.5) (IQR) = 89 + 16.5 = 105.5$$

So hear lesser value is compare to minimum value its high witch means there is no lesser values,

And hear at same greater value more the high from maximum value (outlier)