Standard Operating Procedure for Network Topology

Purpose:

To establish a consistent and effective approach to managing, documenting, and maintaining the network topology, ensuring optimal performance, reliability, and security.

Scope:

This SOP applies to all network devices and connections within the organization's infrastructure.

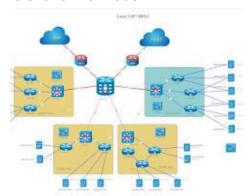
Responsibilities:

- Network Administrator: Responsible for implementing, maintaining, and enforcing this SOP.
- IT Staff: Responsible for following the procedures outlined in this SOP.

Procedures:

1. Documentation:

- Create and maintain a comprehensive network topology diagram, accurately depicting the physical and logical arrangement of devices and connections.
- Use a visual network mapping tool to generate and update the diagram regularly.
- Include clear labels for devices, IP addresses, subnets, VLANs, and other relevant information.



- Opens in a new window
- Dwww.edrawsoft.com
- sample network topology diagram

2. Discovery and Inventory:

- Regularly employ network scanning and discovery tools to detect new devices, changes in connections, and potential vulnerabilities.
- Maintain an up-to-date inventory of all network devices, including manufacturer, model, serial number, firmware version, location, and status.

3. Change Management:

- Implement a formal change management process for any modifications to the network topology.
- Require documentation, approval, and testing for all proposed changes.
- Schedule changes during off-peak hours to minimize disruptions.
- Communicate changes to affected users in advance.

4. Monitoring and Troubleshooting:

- Use network monitoring tools to collect performance metrics, identify potential issues, and troubleshoot problems proactively.
- Configure alerts for critical events, such as device failures, link outages, or security breaches.
- Establish a structured troubleshooting process to quickly isolate and resolve network issues.

5. Security:

- Implement security measures to protect the network topology from unauthorized access, attacks, and data breaches.
- Restrict physical access to network devices and wiring closets.
- Enforce strong password policies for device access.
- Regularly update firmware and software patches.
- Conduct vulnerability assessments and penetration testing.
- Implement network segmentation to isolate sensitive areas.

Review and Updates:

- Review this SOP annually or as needed to reflect changes in network infrastructure, technologies, or best practices.
- Ensure all IT staff are aware of and adhere to the procedures.

Compliance:

•	Failure to follow this SOP may result in network instabilities, outages, security risks, and non-compliance with regulatory requirements.