

EPI susceptibility correction introduces significant differences far from local areas of high distortion

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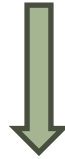
Magnetic Resonance Imaging

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- Goal of the paper:

Applying a deep learning technique to generate an undistorted volume to correct susceptibility artifacts and make improvement in image fidelity and diffusion-based inference outside of areas where high focal distortion is present



Assessing a method for EPI susceptibility distortion correction

PreQual

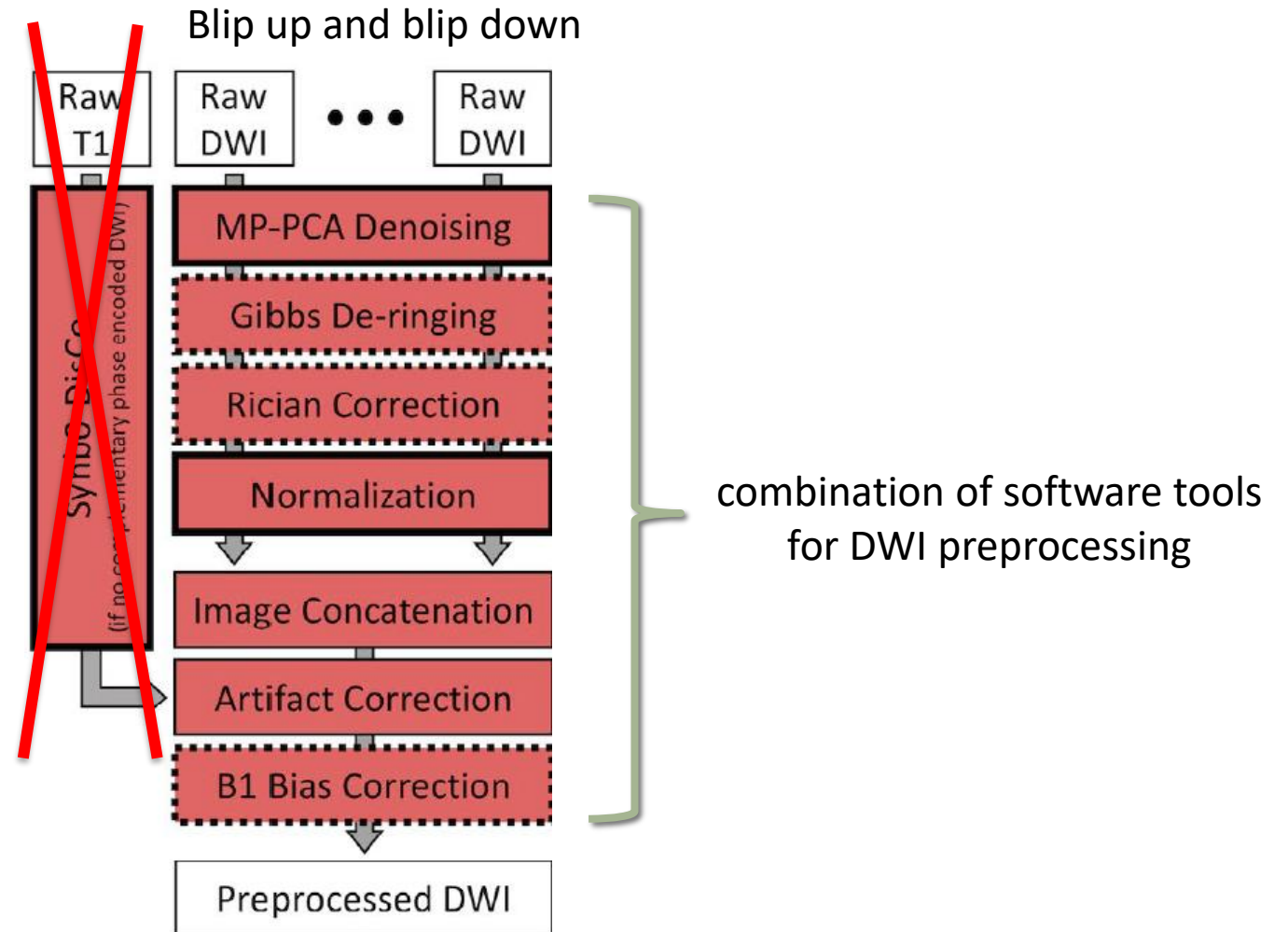
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- Evaluating the benefits of PreQual

PreQual tool:

A novel diffusion preprocessing pipeline

FSL's TOPUP



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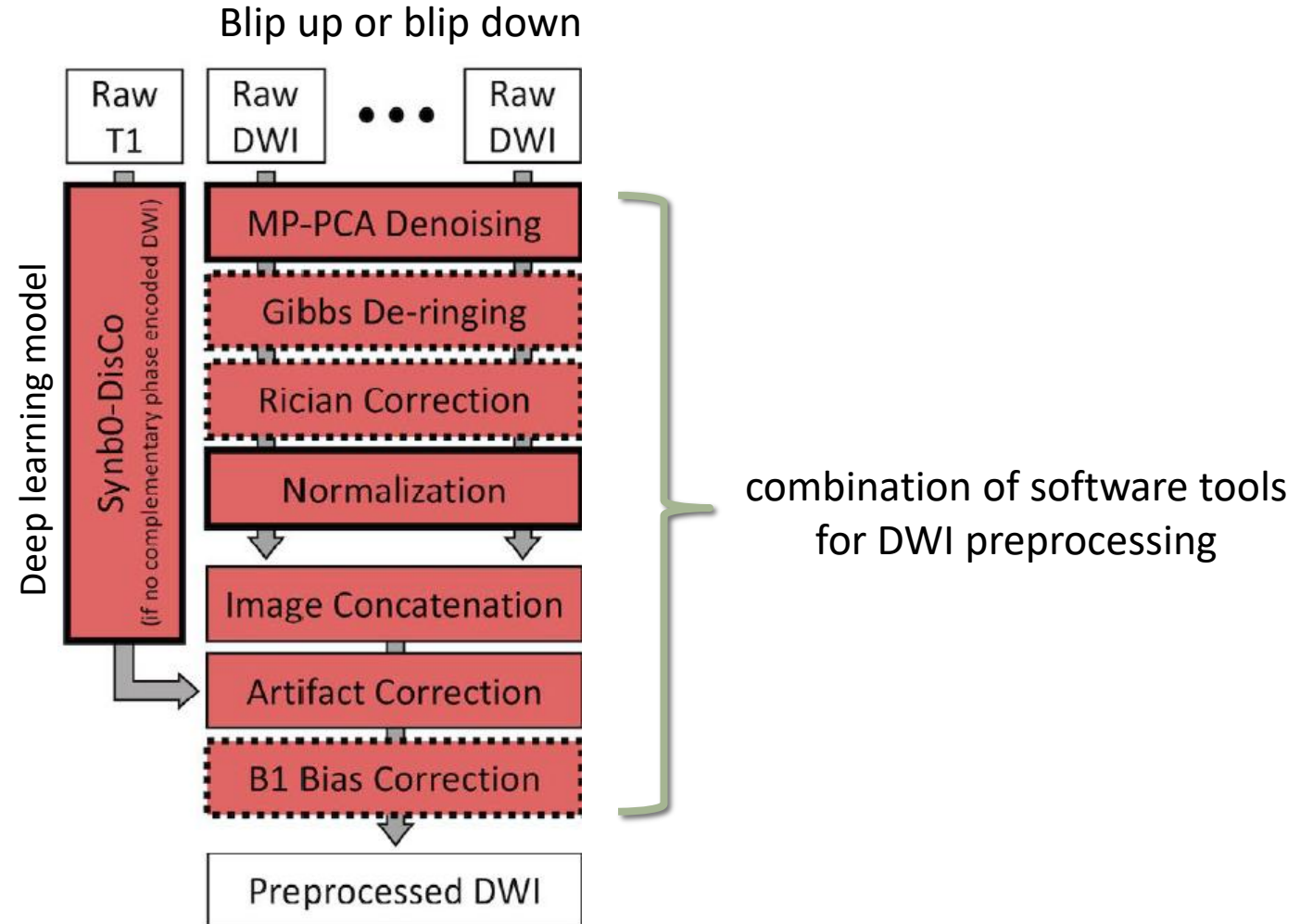
- Evaluating the benefits of PreQual

PreQual tool:

A novel diffusion preprocessing pipeline

FSL's TOPUP

FSL's EDDY



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- **Evaluating the benefits of PreQual**


Tract-Based Spatial Statistics (TBSS)  voxel-wise comparison method to assess white matter integrity across the brain

TBSS aims to compare fractional anisotropy (FA) between groups

- i. Aligning individual FA images to MNI space
- ii. Creating FA skeleton of major white matter tracts
- iii. Performing a voxel-wise comparison of FA values across groups at every point on the skeleton

- **Participants**

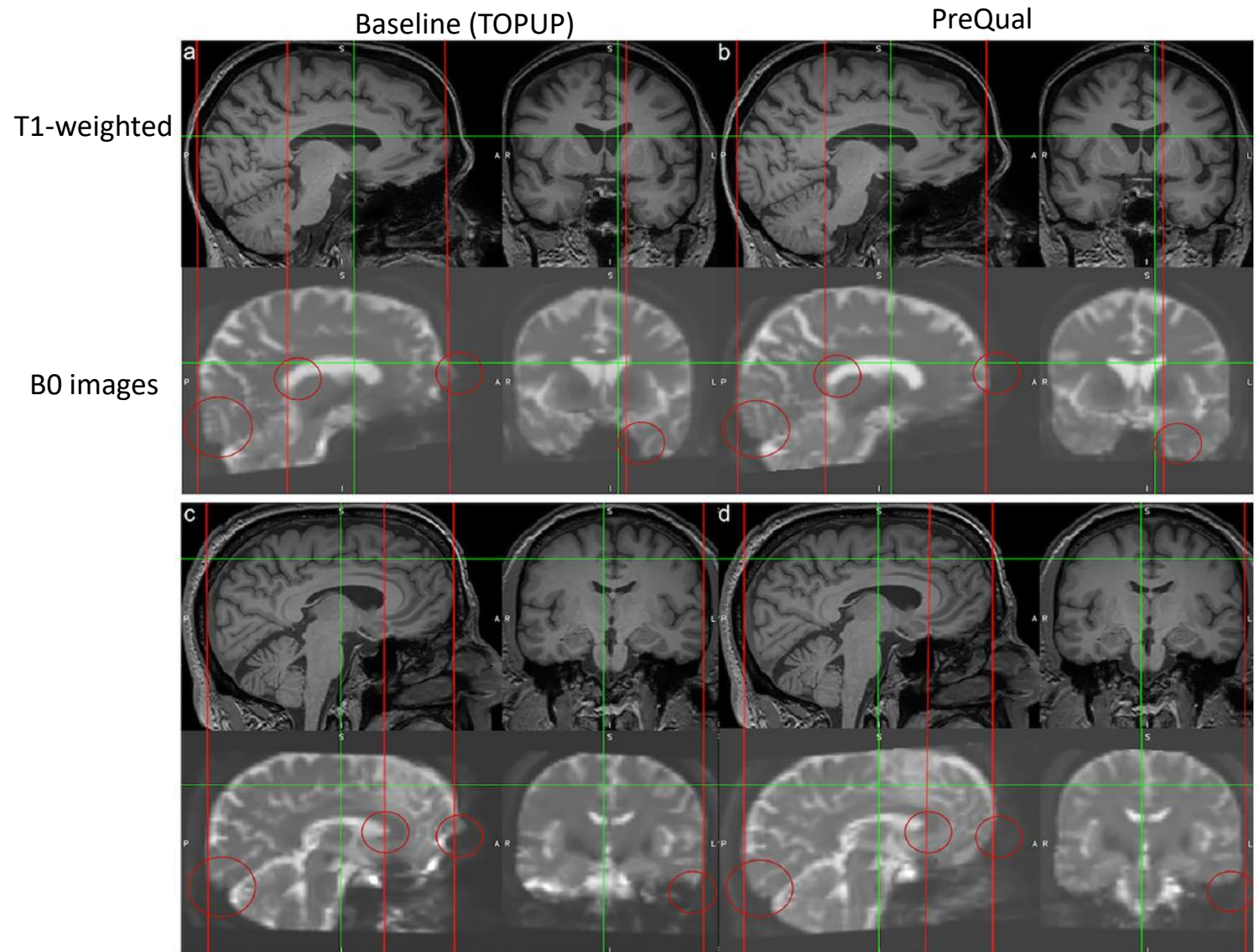
94 participants (range 60–86) in a study examining late-life depression

 53 with major depressive disorder (MDD)
41 without psychiatric or neurological history

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■ Results

- ✓ Improvements in overall geometric fidelity not limited to localized areas



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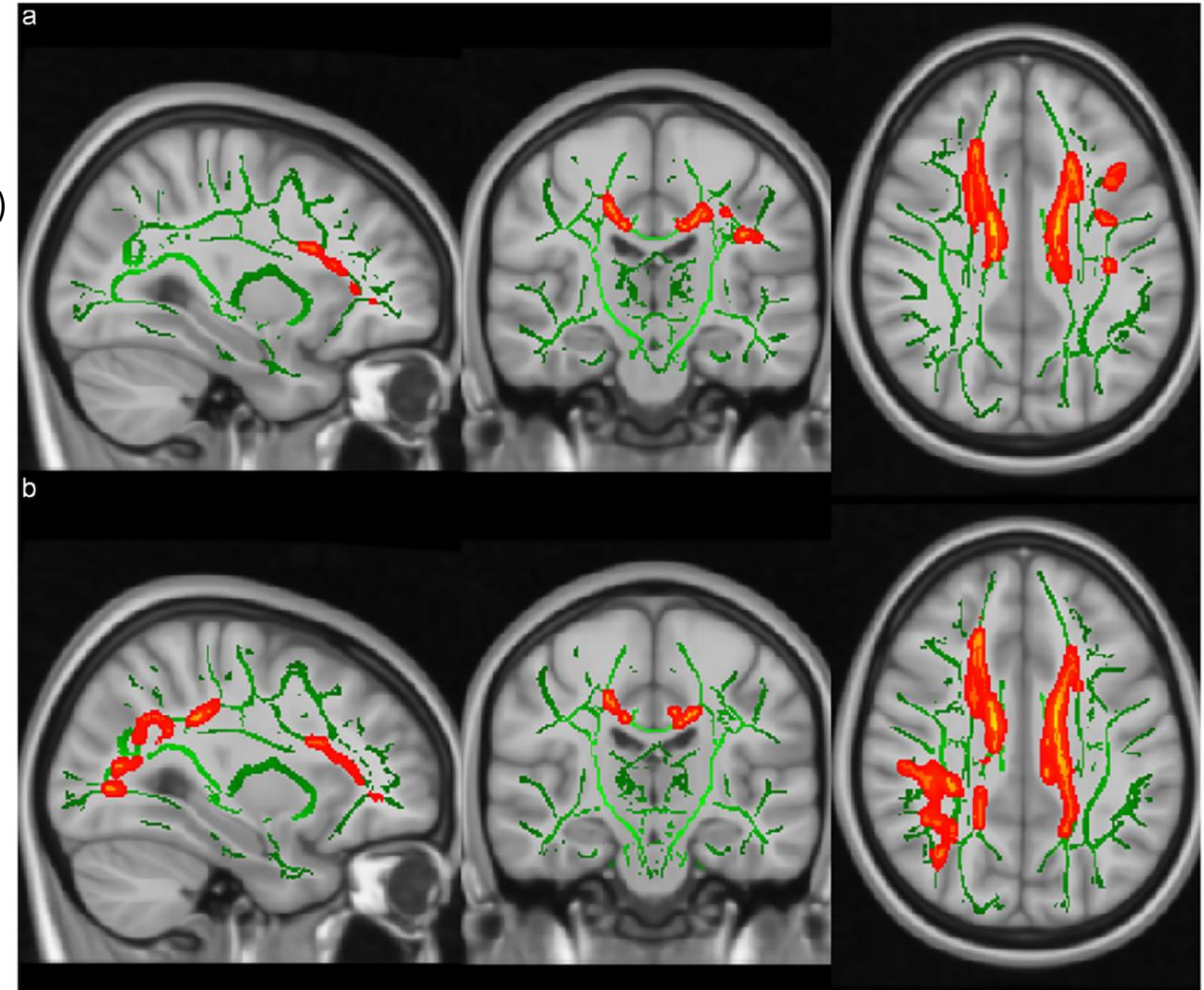
■ Results

Red regions : areas of FA for healthy compared to depressed subjects

Green tracts : mean FA skeleton from entire sample

- ✓ larger number of voxels included in the mean FA skeleton

Baseline (TOPUP)



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- **Takeaways**

- i. EPI distortions are not focal
- ii. EPI distortions are not random
- iii. Interpreting dMRI in distorted space is not equivalent to corrected space, even in areas remote from focal distortions

- **Limitations of using Synb0-DisCo**

- i. Image contrast may be affected by filtering
- ii. Learned network structure may be affected by large differences in acquisitions settings
- iii. Appropriate image contrast may not be predicted in certain abnormalities (e.g., tumors)

Thank you