

3rd level = MA-level $\Rightarrow k=1, \dots, L$ studies
 $\hookrightarrow M$

2nd level = group $\Rightarrow s=1, \dots, N$ subjects
 $\hookrightarrow G$

1st level = subject $\Rightarrow j=1, \dots, T$ time points
 $\hookrightarrow W$

$\hookrightarrow 3^{\text{rd}}$ level: true parameter values

$$Y_m = X_m \beta_m + \varepsilon_m$$

$\Rightarrow \beta = \{0, 3\}$ \hookrightarrow i.e. effect at population level

X = vector of length L with 1's

$$\varepsilon_k \sim N(0, \sigma_m^2)$$

\hookrightarrow i.e. between-study variability

\mathbf{y}_m = vector of length L with study-level values

↳ 2nd lvl: $\mathbf{y}_m = \{ \hat{\beta}_1, \dots, \hat{\beta}_L \}$

$$y_{lg} = x_{lg} \beta_{lg} + \varepsilon_{lg} \quad \text{for each study } l$$

$\Rightarrow x_{lg}$ = vector of length N with 1's

$$\beta_{lg} = \beta_l \quad \text{with } l=1, \dots, L$$

$$\varepsilon_{lg} \sim N(0, \sigma_{\varepsilon}^2)$$

↳ i.e. between-subject variability

\mathbf{y}_g = vector of length N with subject-level values for each study l

6s ↑ level: $Y_G = \{\hat{\beta}_1, \dots, \hat{\beta}_N\}$ for each study k

$$Y_s = X\beta + \epsilon_s$$

$\Rightarrow X =$ vector of length T time points

$\beta =$ vector: $[\beta_0, \beta_s]$ for each $s=1, \dots, N$

$$\epsilon_s \sim N(0, \sigma_w^2)$$

within subject-variance

$Y_s =$ vector of length T
with BOLD response

True parameter values

$$\beta_m = \{0, 3\}$$

$$\text{Cohen's } d = \{0.14; 0.55; 1.02\}$$

↳ percentile 10, 50 & 90 over voxels in ROI

from $N = \pm 180$ subjects
group analysis

$$\hookrightarrow d = \frac{\beta}{\sqrt{\text{VAR}(Y_G)}}$$

$$= \frac{\beta}{\sqrt{C'(CX'X)^{-1}C \sigma_w^2 + \sigma_G^2}}$$

σ_G^2 *

$$\boxed{d} = \frac{\boxed{\beta}}{\sigma_G^*}$$

\Rightarrow fixed $\rightarrow d = [0.24, .55, 1.02]$
 \downarrow
 $\beta = [0, 3]$

$\hookrightarrow \sigma_G^* = \frac{\beta}{d} \Rightarrow$ assume:

$$\frac{\sigma_G^2}{c'(x'x)^{-1} \sigma_w^2} = 0.5$$

\swarrow

$$\sigma_G^2 = \frac{\sigma_G^{2*}}{3}$$

$$\sigma_w^2 = \left[\frac{2 * \sigma_G^{2*}}{3} \right] / c'(x'x)^{-1}$$

$$I^2 = \{0, 0.6267, 0.8728\}$$

↳ 0^{th} , 50^{th} & 100^{th} percentile in data base

⇒ assume:

$$I^2 = \frac{\sigma_m^2}{\sigma_w^2 + \sigma_G^2 + \sigma_m^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sigma_m^2 = \frac{I^2 \sigma_w^2 + I^2 \sigma_G^2}{1 - I^2}$$

↳ combine: β, d, L, σ_m^2

↳ $L=5, \dots, 50$