## Pose Estimation in NWB

ndx-pose





## **Pose Estimation in NWB**

### ndx-pose

NWB Currently supports writing from two popular pose estimation frameworks

- SLEAP
- DeepLabCut (DLC)

We do not have time to cover exactly *how* to use or understand these packages

See the main keynote talk by Mackenzie Mathis instead

So we will simply explain the input-output (I/O) workflow

# Note: Storing natural behavior in NWB

- The NWB data type for videos called the *ImageSeries*
- It has two modes
  - Internal
    - each frame of the video is extracted and written as a Dataset
    - > same as any other array-valued series you might find in an NWB file
  - External
    - > data type instead contains a *path* to the video file(s) outside the NWB file
- Reasoning for this is a bit nuanced...
- For history of decision, see...
  - NWB:#1647, DANDI:#769 and DANDI-helpdesk:#30

# Note: Storing natural behavior in NWB

#### Best Practices

- Internal mode
  - videos of physiological recordings (such as optical imaging)
  - > stimulus presentations
- External mode
  - videos of natural behavior

#### DANDI

- strongly recommends these practices for storage
- will automatically remap all paths and organize folder storage at time of upload

#### Step 1: Install SLEAP or DLC

- SLEAP Talmo Lab <u>instructions</u> <u>GitHub repo</u>
- DLC Mathis Lab <u>instructions</u> <u>GitHub repo</u>

■ This step can take a while, but just be patient and persistent

- If anything goes differently from instructions, when in doubt ask
  - Google
  - ChatGPT
  - or raise an issue on their repos/helpdesks

#### Step 2: Launch GUI

These can be run headless through their API but I recommend using the Graphical User
 Interface (GUI) to help walk you through it

■ SLEAP can import NWB ImageSeries and export NWB PoseEstimation

■ Both are able to load in original videos (.mpg, .mp4, .avi, etc...)

 Due to the previous discussion of storing ImageSeries of natural behavior it is recommended to always load in the raw video to both platforms

### Steps 3-7

■ Step 3: Load videos

Step 4: Extract frames for training

- Step 5: Apply points and labels on training frames
- Step 6: Train the model

■ Step 7: Run the prediction

#### Saving results

■ The output of the prediction over the entire video can then be saved in either the source .slp or .h5 (DLC) formats

- These can in turn be converted to NWB format via two utility packages
  - Dlc2nwb (.h5  $\rightarrow$  .nwb)
  - sleap-io.nwb sub-module (.slp → .nwb)

BONUS: SLEAP can export directly to NWB through the GUI

### **Understanding PoseEstimation**

■ In either case (or for any future integrations with keypoint tracking tools) these are modelled using a common structure in NWB called the PoseEstimation

- A single PoseEstimation is a container of multiple PoseEstimationSeries, one for each node (usually a body part) being tracked
- $\blacksquare$  The data field of each PoseEstimationSeries represents the x/y/z positions being tracked over time

■ There is also the confidence ('likelihood') associated with each position over time

#### Understanding PoseEstimation

See it used in practice in the IBL Brain Wide Map (dandiset #409)

```
nwbfile.processing["behavior"]["PoseEstimationLeftCamera"]
PoseEstimationLeftCamera abc.PoseEstimation at 0x140450551033632
Fields:
  description: Estimated positions of body parts using DeepLabCut.
  nodes: <StrDataset for HDF5 dataset "nodes": shape (11,), type "|O"> → nwbfile.processing["behavior"]["PoseEstimationLeftCamera"]["nose_tip"]
  pose estimation series: {
                                                                                 nose tip abc.PoseEstimationSeries at 0x140450549420416
    nose tip <class 'abc.PoseEstimationSeries'>, -
    paw 1 <class 'abc.PoseEstimationSeries'>,
                                                                                   confidence: <HDF5 dataset "confidence": shape (242446,), type "<f8">
    paw r <class 'abc.PoseEstimationSeries'>,
                                                                                   conversion: 1.0
                                                                                  data: <HDF5 dataset "data": shape (242446, 2), type "<f8">
    pupil bottom r <class 'abc.PoseEstimationSeries'>,
                                                                                   interval: 1
    pupil left r <class 'abc.PoseEstimationSeries'>,
                                                                                   offset: 0.0
    pupil right r <class 'abc.PoseEstimationSeries'>.
                                                                                  reference frame: (0,0) corresponds to the upper left corner when using width by height convention.
    pupil top r <class 'abc.PoseEstimationSeries'>,
                                                                                   resolution: -1.0
                                                                                   timestamps: <HDF5 dataset "timestamps": shape (242446,), type "<f8">
    tongue end 1 <class 'abc.PoseEstimationSeries'>,
                                                                                   timestamps unit: seconds
    tongue end r <class 'abc.PoseEstimationSeries'>,
                                                                                   unit: px
    tube bottom <class 'abc.PoseEstimationSeries'>.
    tube top <class 'abc.PoseEstimationSeries'>
  source software: DeepLabCut
```