

## Practice Quiz 2

### Question 1

Compute the truth table for the following sentence of PL.

P	Q	( P ∧ ¬ Q )	≡	¬ ( P ⊃ Q )
T	T	T F F	T	F T
T	F	T T T	T	T F
F	T	F F F	T	F T
F	F	F F T	T	F T

Is the above sentence a tautology [X], a contradiction [ ], or a contingency [ ]?

### Question 2 :

Consider the following argument:

1.  $(A \supset B) \vee (B \supset A)$
2.  $\neg(A \wedge B)$
3.  $\neg A$
4.  $\therefore B$

A	B	( A ⊃ B )	∨	( B ⊃ A )	¬	( A ∧ B )	¬	A	∴ B
T	T	T	T	T	F	T	F		T
T	F	F	T	T	T	F	F		F
F	T	T	T	F	T	F	T		T
F	F	T	T	T	T	F	T		F

Compute the truth tables for each of the premises and the conclusion.

Is the argument valid? [ ] Yes [X] No

If not, which interpretation or interpretations are counterexamples?

*The interpretation which assigns A to False and B to False is a counterexample.*

Question 3 (10 pts):

Consider the following argument:

1.  $(A \supset B)$
2.  $(B \supset X)$
3.  $A$
4.  $\therefore X$

A	B	X	( A $\supset$ B )	( B $\supset$ X )	A	$\therefore$ X
T	T	T	T	T	T	T
T	T	F	T	F	T	F
T	F	T	F	T	T	T
T	F	F	F	T	T	F
F	T	T	T	T	F	T
F	T	F	T	F	F	F
F	F	T	T	T	F	T
F	F	F	T	T	F	F

Compute truth tables for each of the premises and the conclusion.

Is the argument valid? ☒ Yes ☐ No

If not, which interpretation or interpretations are counterexamples?