# RED BLACK TREE LAB

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### 1- Problem Statement >

1-RedblackTree: A redblack tree is a kind of self-balancing binary search tree in computer science. Each node of the binary

tree has an extra bit, and that bit is often interpreted as the color (red or black) of the node. These color bits are used to ensure the tree remains approximately balanced during insertions and deletions. Balance is preserved by painting each node of the tree with one of two colors in a way that satisfies certain properties, which collectively constrain how unbalanced the tree can become in the worst case. When the tree is modified, the new tree is subsequently rearranged and repainted to restore the coloring properties. The properties are designed in such a way that this rearranging and recoloring can be performed efficiently.

2- TreeMap : A Red-Black tree based NavigableMap implementation. The map is sorted according to the natural ordering

of its keys, or by a Comparator provided at map creation time, depending on which constructor is used. This implementation provides guaranteed log(n) time cost for the containsKey, get, put and remove operations.

Algorithms are adaptations of those in Cormen, Leiserson, and Rivest's Introduction to Algorithms.

# 2- Algorithm Description >

#### 1- Red Black Tree:

- getRoot: return the root of the given Red black tree.
- isEmpty: return whether the given tree isEmpty or not by checking if the root is null or not.
- clear: Clear all keys in the given tree.
- search: return the value associated with the given key or null if no value is found.
- contains: return true if the tree contains the given key and false otherwise.
- insert: Insert the given key in the tree while maintaining the red black tree properties. If the key is already present in the tree, update its value.
- delete: Delete the node associated with the given key. Return true in case of success and false otherwise.

# 2- Tree Map:

- ceilingEntry: Returns a key-value mapping associated with the least key greater than or equal to the given key, or null if there is no such key.
- ceilingKey: Returns the least key greater than or equal to the given key, or null if there is no such key.
- clear: Removes all of the mappings from this map.
- containsKey: Returns true if this map contains a mapping for the specified key.
- contains Value: Returns true if this map maps one or more keys to the specified value.
- entrySet: Returns a Set view of the mappings contained in this map in ascending key order.
- firstEntry: Returns a key-value mapping associated with the least key in this map, or null if the map is empty.
- firstKey: Returns the first (lowest) key currently in this map, or null if the map is empty.

- floorEntry: Returns a key-value mapping associated with the greatest key less than or equal to the given key, or null if there is no such key.
- floorKey: Returns the greatest key less than or equal to the given key, or null if there is no such key.
- get: Returns the value to which the specified key is mapped, or null if this map contains no mapping for the key.
- headMap: Returns a view of the portion of this map whose keys are strictly less than toKey in ascending order.
- headMap: Returns a view of the portion of this map whose keys are less than (or equal to, if inclusive is true) to Key in ascending order..
- keySet: Returns a Set view of the keys contained in this map.
- lastEntry: Returns a key-value mapping associated with the greatest key in this map, or null if the map is empty.
- lastKey: Returns the last (highest) key currently in this map.
- pollFirstElement: Removes and returns a key-value mapping associated with the least key in this map, or null if the map is empty.
- pollLastEntry: Removes and returns a key-value mapping associated with the greatest key in this map, or null if the map is empty.
- put: Associates the specified value with the specified key in this map.
- putAll: Copies all of the mappings from the specified map to this map.
- remove: Removes the mapping for this key from this TreeMap if present.
- size: Returns the number of key-value mappings in this map.
- values: Returns a Collection view of the values contained in this map.

# 3- Assumptions >

In IRed Black Tree Implementation:

If key or value of node that the user want to insert to the tree are null then the program will throw exception for that.

If the key that the user want to search about or know if the tree contains that key is null then the program will throw exception from that.

If the user want to delete an key from the tree and enter a null key the program will throw exception for that.

In ITree Map:

If the user enter a null key or map or entry to the functions then the program will throw exception for that.

## 4- Pseudo Code >

# Red Black Tree:

#### Search:

```
search(T key)
 node = T.root;
 if (key = null)
   retrun;
 endIF;
 while (!node.isNull())
          if (node.getKey=key)
             break;
           else if (key>node.getKey())
                    node = node.getRightChild();
           else
                    node = node.getLeftChild();
           endIF;
 endWhile;
 return node.getValue();
END;
```

## **Contains:**

```
contains(Tkey)
 if(key = null)
     retrun:
 endIF:
 Node = T.root;
 while (!node.isNull())
          if(node.getKey()=key)
                  return true;
          else if(node.getKey()<key)</pre>
                  node = node.getRightChild();
          else
                  node = node.getLeftChild();
         endIF;
 endWhile:
 return false;
 END:
```

#### **Insert:**

```
return:
                      else if (z.getKey().>y.key)
                                x = x.getRightChild();
                      else
                                x = x.getLeftChild();
                      endIF;
           endWhile;
z.setParent(y);
z.setLeftChild(NIL);
z.setRightChild(NIL);
if (y.isNull())
           root = z:
else if (z.getKey()>y.key()) {
           y.setRightChild(z);
else
           y.setLeftChild(z);
endIF;
if(z=root)
           z.setColor(false);
           root.setColor(false);
else
z.setColor(true);
endIF;
if(z.getParent().getColor() = RED)
checkColor(z);
endIF;
END;
```

#### **Check Color:**

```
checkColor(z)
while(z.getParent().getColor()==RED)
          if(z.getParent() Is (z.getParent().getParent().getLeftChild()))
                     uncle = z.getParent().getParent().getRightChild();
                    if(uncle.getColor()&&!uncle.isNull())
                               uncle.setColor(Black);
                               z.getParent().setColor(Black);
                               z.getParent().getParent().setColor(Red);
                               z = z.getParent().getParent();
                    else if(z.equals(z.getParent().getRightChild()))
                               z = z.getParent();
                               leftRotate(z);
                    else
                               z.getParent().setColor(Black);
                               z.getParent().getParent().setColor(Red);
                               rightRotate(z.getParent().getParent());
                    endIF;
          else
                    uncle = z.getParent().getParent().getLeftChild();
                    if(uncle.getColor()&&!uncle.isNull())
                               uncle.setColor(Black);
                               z.getParent().setColor(Black);
                               z.getParent().getParent().setColor(Red);
                               z = z.getParent().getParent();
                    else if(z.equals(z.getParent().getLeftChild()))
                               z = z.getParent();
                               rightRotate(z);
                    else
                               z.getParent().setColor(Black);
                               z.getParent().getParent().setColor(Red);
                               leftRotate(z.getParent().getParent());
                    endIF;
          endIF;
endWhile;
T.root.setColor(false);
END:
```

#### Delete:

```
delete(T key)
if (key = null)
              return;
     endIF;
     if(!contains(key))
              return false;
     endIF;
     node = T.root;
     while (!node.isNull())
              if (node.getKey()=key)
                        deleteNode(node);
                        break;
              else if (key.>node.Key())
                        node = node.getRightChild();
               else
                        node = node.getLeftChild();
               endIF;
     endWhile:
     return true:
    END:
```

#### **Delete Node:**

```
deleteNode(z)
y = z;
color = y.getColor();
if(z.getLeftChild().isNull())
          x = z.getRightChild();
          transPlant(z, z.getRightChild());
else if(z.getRightChild().isNull()) {=
          x = z.getLeftChild();
          transPlant(z, z.getLeftChild());
          y = Minimum(z.getRightChild());
          color = y.getColor();
          x = y.getRightChild();
          if(y.getParent().equals(z)) {
                    x.setParent(y);
          else
                    transPlant(y, y.getRightChild());
                    y.setRightChild(z.getRightChild());
                    y.getRightChild().setParent(y);
          transPlant(z, y);
          y.setLeftChild(z.getLeftChild());
          y.getLeftChild().setParent(y);
          y.setColor(z.getColor());
 endIF:
if(color Is Black)
          fixDelete(x);
 endIF:
 END;
```

#### Fix Delete:

```
fixDelete(x)
while (!x.equals(root) && !x.getColor())
           if(x.getParent().getLeftChild().equals(x))
                     w = x.getParent().getRightChild();
                     if(w.getColor())
                                w.setColor(Black);
                               x.getParent().setColor(Red);
                               leftRotate(x.getParent());
                                w = x.getParent().getRightChild();
                                endlf;
                               if(!w.getLeftChild().getColor() && !w.getRightChild().getColor())
                                          w.setColor(Red);
                                          x = x.getParent();
                                          continue;
                                else if(!w.getRightChild().getColor() &&w.getLeftChild().getColor())
                                          w.getLeftChild().setColor(Black);
                                          w.setColor(Red);
                                          rightRotate(w);
                                          w = x.getParent().getRightChild();
                                endlf;
                               if(w.getRightChild().getColor())
                                w.setColor(x.getParent().getColor());
                               x.getParent().setColor(Black);
                                w.getRightChild().setColor(Black);
                                leftRotate(x.getParent());
                               x = root;
                                endIF;
                      else
                     w = x.getParent().getLeftChild();
                     if(w.getColor())
                                w.setColor(Black);
                                x.getParent().setColor(Red);
                                rightRotate(x.getParent());
                                w = x.getParent().getLeftChild();
                               if(!w.getRightChild().getColor() && !w.getLeftChild().getColor())
                                          w.setColor(Red);
                                          x = x.getParent();
                                          continue;
                                else if(!w.getLeftChild().getColor() && w.getRightChild().getColor())
                                          w.getRightChild().setColor(Black);
                                          w.setColor(true);
                                          leftRotate(w);
                                          w = x.getParent().getLeftChild();
                                endIF:
                               if(w.getLeftChild().getColor())
                                w.setColor(x.getParent().getColor());
                               x.getParent().setColor(Black);
                                w.getLeftChild().setColor(Black);
                               rightRotate(x.getParent());
                               x = root;
                                endIF;
           endIF;
endWhile;
x.setColor(Black);
END;
```

# 5- Snipping →

 ${\it INode}$  :

```
☑ RedBlackTree.java 
☑ TreeMap.java
 559
              private class Node<T extends Comparable<T>, V> implements INode<T, V> {
 561
                       private INode<T,V> parent ;
                        private INode<T,V> leftChild;
private INode<T,V> rightChild;
 562
 563
                         private T key ;
private V value ;
 564
 565
                        private boolean color = false;
public Node (INode<T,V> parent,INode<T,V> left,INode<T,V> right,T key,V value,boolean color) {
 566
                              this.parent = parent;
this.leftChild = left;
this.rightChild = right;
 568
 569
570
                              this.key = key;
this.value = value;
this.color = color;
 571
 572
 573
                    @Override
 575⊜
                   public void setParent(INode<T,V> parent) {
   // TODO Auto-generated method stub
   this.parent = parent;
2577
 578
579
                   }
 580
 581⊖
                    public INode<T,V> getParent() {
    // TODO Auto-generated method stub
4582
<u>2</u>583
 584
                          return parent;
 585
 586
 587⊜
                    @Override
                    public void setLeftChild(INode<T,V> leftChild) {
   // TODO Auto-generated method stub
   this.leftChild = leftChild;
△588
2589
 591
                   }
 5930
                    @Override
                    public INode<T,V> getLeftChild() {
2595
                          // TODO Auto-generated method stub
                           return leftChild;
② RedBlackTreejava ⋈ ☑ TreeMapjava

2613 // TODO Auto-generated method stub
                                                                                                                                                                                  - -
 614
                          return key;
 615
 616
 6179
                    @Override
                    public void setKey(T key) {
    // TODO Auto-generated method stub
<u></u>4618
2619
 620
                          this.key = key;
 621
 622
 623⊜
△624
                    public V getValue() {
    // TODO Auto-generated method stub
 626
                          return value;
 628
                    @Override
                    public void setValue(V value) {
    // TODO Auto-generated method stub
△630
 632
                          this.value = value;
 634
4636
                    public boolean getColor() {
    // TODO Auto-generated method stub
 638
                          return color;
 640
 6419
                    @Override
                    public void setColor(boolean color) {
   // TODO Auto-generated method stub
   this.color = color;
△642
 644
  645
 646
  647⊜
                    public boolean isNull() {
   // TODO Auto-generated method stub
   if(kev == null && value == null) {
△648
```

IRed Black Tree:

```
☑ RedBlackTree.java 
☐ TreeMap.java
          public INode<T,V> getRoot() {
  26
  27
  28
              return root;
  29
  30
  31
  32⊝
          @Override
          public boolean isEmpty() {
    // TODO Auto-generated method stub
  33
a 34
              if (root.isNull()) {
  35
                  return true;
  37
  38
              return false;
         }
  39
  40
  41⊖
          @Override
  42
          public void clear() {
a 43
              // TODO Auto-generated method stub
  44
              root = new Node<T, V>(null,null,null,null,null,false);
  45
  46⊜
          @Override
△ 47
          public V search(T key) {
a 48
              // TODO Auto-generated method stub
  49
              if (kev == null) {
  50
                   throw new RuntimeErrorException(null);
  52
              INode<T,V> node = root;
  53
              while (!node.isNull()) {
                  if (node.getKey().compareTo((T) key) == 0) {
  54
  55
                       break;
  56
                  } else if (key.compareTo(node.getKey()) > 0) {
  57
                      node = node.getRightChild();
  58
                  } else {
  59
                       node = node.getLeftChild();
  60
                  }
  61
  62
              return node.getValue();
          }
  63

☑ *RedBlackTree.java 
☒ ☐ TreeMap.java

 64⊖
        public T ceilingKey(T key) {
              node = root;
              while (!node.isNull()) {
 66
                  if (node.getKey().compareTo(key) == 0) {
 67
 68
                  return (T) node.getKey();
} else if (key.compareTo(node.getKey()) > 0) {
 69
 70
                      node = node.getRightChild();
  71
                  } else {
                      if (node.getLeftChild().isNull()) {
  72
                           return (T) node.getKey();
                      } else {
                          node = node.getLeftChild();
 76
  77
                  }
 78
 79
              if( node == root && (key.compareTo(node.getKey()) < 0)) {</pre>
 80
                  return (T) root.getKey();
              }
 81
 82
 83
              return null;
 84
 85⊜
         public Map.Entry<T, V> ceilingEntry(T key) {
 86
              Map.Entry<T, V> e;
 87
              node = getRoot();
 88
              while (!node.isNull()) {
 89
                  if (node.getKey().equals(key)) {
                       e= \  \, \textbf{new} \  \, \textbf{AbstractMap.SimpleEntry<T, V>((T)node.getKey(),(V) \  \, \textbf{node.getValue());}}
 90
 91
                       return e;
 92
                  } else if (key.compareTo(node.getKey()) > 0) {
                      node = node.getRightChild();
 93
 94
                  } else {
                      if (node.getLeftChild().isNull()) {
                           e= new AbstractMap.SimpleEntry<T, V>((T)node.getKey(),(V) node.getValue());
 97
                           return e;
```

98

aa

100

101

} else {

}

node = node.getLeftChild();

```
☑ *RedBlackTree.java 
☒  ☐ TreeMap.java

         public Map.Entry<T, V> floorEntry(T key) {
   Map.Entry<T, V> e;
 1079
 108
 109
              INode<T,V> node = root;
 110
              while (!node.isNull()) {
 111
                  if (node.getKey().equals(key)) {
                      e= new AbstractMap.SimpleEntry<T, V>((T)node.getKey(),(V) node.getValue());
 112
 113
                      return e;
 114
                  } else if (key.compareTo(node.getKey()) > 0) {
 115
                      if (node.getRightChild().isNull()) {
 116
                          e= new AbstractMap.SimpleEntry<T, V>((T)node.getKey(),(V) node.getValue());
 117
                                   return e;
 118
 119
                      node = node.getRightChild();
 120
                  } else {
                      node = node.getLeftChild();
 121
 122
              }
 124
 125
              return null;
 126
          }
 127
 128⊜
          @Override
△129
          public boolean contains(T key) {
2130
              // TODO Auto-generated method stub
 131
              if(key == null) {
 132
                  throw new RuntimeErrorException(null);
 133
 134
              INode<T,V> node = root;
 135
              while(!node.isNull()) {
                  if(node.getKey().compareTo(key) == 0) {
 136
 137
                      return true;
                  }else if(node.getKey().compareTo(key) < 0) {</pre>
 138
 139
                      node = node.getRightChild();
 140
                  }else {
 141
                      node = node.getLeftChild();
 142
 143
 144
              return false:

☑ *RedBlackTree.java 
☒ ☑ TreeMap.java

△268
         public void insert(T key, V value) {
 269
              if (key == null || value == null) {
 270
                  throw new RuntimeErrorException(null);
 271
              INode<T,V> z = new Node<T,V>(null,null,null,key,value,true);
 272
 273
              INode<T,V> y = new Node<T,V>(null, null, null, null, null, false);
 274
              INode < T.V > x = root:
 275
              while (!x.isNull()) {
 276
                      y = x;
 277
                      if(y.getKey().compareTo(z.getKey())==0) {
 278
                          y.setValue(z.getValue());
 279
 280
 281
                      else if (z.getKey().compareTo(x.getKey()) > 0) {
 282
                          x = x.getRightChild();
 283
                      } else {
                          x = x.getLeftChild();
 284
 285
                      }
 286
                  }
 287
              z.setParent(y);
              z.setLeftChild(new Node<T,V>(null, null, null, null, null, false));
 288
 289
              z.setRightChild(new Node<T,V>(null, null, null, null, null, false));
 290
              if (y.isNull()) {
 291
                  root = z;
 292
              } else if (z.getKey().compareTo(y.getKey()) > 0) {
 293
                  y.setRightChild(z);
 294
              } else {
 295
                  y.setLeftChild(z);
 296
 297
              if(z==root) {
                  z.setColor(false);
 298
                  root.setColor(false);
 300
              }else {
              z.setColor(true);
 301
 302
 303
              z.setLeftChild(new Node<T,V>(null, null, null, null, null, false));
 304
              z.setRightChild(new Node<T,V>(null, null, null, null, null, false));
 305
              if(7 getParent() getColor()) {
```

```
☑ *RedBlackTree.java 
☒  ☐ TreeMap.java

 3109
         private void checkColor(INode<T,V> z) {
 311
              INode<T,V> uncle = new Node<T,V>(null,null,null,null,null,false);
 312
              while(z.getParent().getColor()) {
 313
                  if(z.getParent().equals(z.getParent().getParent().getLeftChild())) {
                      uncle = z.getParent().getParent().getRightChild();
 314
 315
                      if(uncle.getColor()&&!uncle.isNull()) {
 316
                          uncle.setColor(false);
                          z.getParent().setColor(false);
 317
                          z.getParent().getParent().setColor(true);
 318
                          z = z.getParent().getParent();
                      }else if(z.equals(z.getParent().getRightChild())) {
                          z = z.getParent();
 322
                          leftRotate(z);
 323
                      }else {
 324
                          z.getParent().setColor(false);
 325
                          z.getParent().getParent().setColor(true);
                          rightRotate(z.getParent().getParent());
 327
 328
                 }else {
 329
                      uncle = z.getParent().getParent().getLeftChild();
                      if(uncle.getColor()&&!uncle.isNull()) {
 330
 331
                          uncle.setColor(false);
                          z.getParent().setColor(false);
                          z.getParent().getParent().setColor(true);
 334
                          z = z.getParent().getParent();
 335
                      }else if(z.equals(z.getParent().getLeftChild())) {
 336
                          z = z.getParent();
 337
                          rightRotate(z);
 338
                      }else {
                          z.getParent().setColor(false);
                          z.getParent().getParent().setColor(true);
 341
                          leftRotate(z.getParent().getParent());
 342
 343
                 }
             }
 344
 345
              root.setColor(false);
 346

☑ *RedBlackTree.java 
☒ ☑ TreeMap.java
347
3489
         @Override
349
         public boolean delete(T key) {
₫350
             // TODO Auto-generated method stub
351
352
             if (key == null) {
 353
                          throw new RuntimeErrorException(null);
354
355
                      if(!contains(key)) {
356
                          return false;
 357
358
                      size--;
                      INode<T,V> node = root;
359
360
                      while (!node.isNull()) {
 361
                          if (node.getKey().compareTo((T) key) == 0) {
362
                              deleteNode(node);
                              break;
363
 364
                          } else if (key.compareTo(node.getKey()) > 0) {
                              node = node.getRightChild();
 365
366
                          } else {
367
                              node = node.getLeftChild();
 368
 369
                     }
370
371
                     return true;
372
373⊝
         private void transPlant(INode<T,V> u, INode<T,V> v) {
374
             if(u.getParent().isNull()) {
375
                 root = v;
 376
             }else if(u.getParent().getLeftChild().equals(u)) {
377
                 u.getParent().setLeftChild(v);
378
             }else {
379
                 u.getParent().setRightChild(v);
 380
381
             v.setParent(u.getParent());
         }
382
383
```

```
}
     private void deleteNode(INode<T,V> z) {
          INode<T,V> x = new Node<T,V>(null,null,null,null,null,false);
          INode\langle T, V \rangle y = z;
          boolean color = y.getColor();
          if(z.getLeftChild().isNull()) {
               x = z.getRightChild();
               transPlant(z, z.getRightChild());
          }else if(z.getRightChild().isNull()) {
               x = z.getLeftChild();
               transPlant(z, z.getLeftChild());
          }else {
                y = Minimum(z.getRightChild());
                color = y.getColor();
                x = y.getRightChild();
                if(y.getParent().equals(z)) {
                     x.setParent(y);
                }else {
                     transPlant(y, y.getRightChild());
                     y.setRightChild(z.getRightChild());
                     y.getRightChild().setParent(y);
                transPlant(z, y);
                y.setLeftChild(z.getLeftChild());
                y.getLeftChild().setParent(y);
                y.setColor(z.getColor());
          if(!color) {
               fixDelete(x);
     }

☑ *RedBlackTree.java 
☒ ☐ TreeMap.java

4149
        private void fixDelete(INode<T,V> x) {
415
            INode<T,V> w = new Node<T,V>(null,null,null,null,null,false);
416
            while(!x.equals(root) && !x.getColor())
417
                if(x.getParent().getLeftChild().equals(x)) {
418
                    w = x.getParent().getRightChild();
                    if(w.getColor()) {
                       w.setColor(false);
420
421
                       x.getParent().setColor(true);
422
                       leftRotate(x.getParent());
423
                       w = x.getParent().getRightChild();
424
                       if(!w.getLeftChild().getColor() && !w.getRightChild().getColor()) {
425
426
                           w.setColor(true);
427
                           x = x.getParent();
428
                           continue;
429
                       }else if(!w.getRightChild().getColor() &&w.getLeftChild().getColor()){
430
                           w.getLeftChild().setColor(false);
431
                           w.setColor(true);
432
                           rightRotate(w);
433
                           w = x.getParent().getRightChild();
434
                       if(w.getRightChild().getColor())
435
436
                       w.setColor(x.getParent().getColor());
                       x.getParent().setColor(false);
437
438
                       w.getRightChild().setColor(false);
439
                       leftRotate(x.getParent());
440
441
442
443
               }else {
                   w = x.getParent().getLeftChild();
                   if(w.getColor()) {
446
                       w.setColor(false);
447
                       x.getParent().setColor(true);
448
                       rightRotate(x.getParent());
449
                       w = x.getParent().getLeftChild();
```

if(!w.getRightChild().getColor() && !w.getLeftChild().getColor()) {

450

451

```
se {
    w = x.getParent().getLeftChild();
    if(w.getColor()) {
        w.setColor(false);
        x.getParent().setColor(true);
        rightRotate(x.getParent());
        w = x.getParent().getLeftChild();
}
                           }
if(!w.getRightChild().getColor() && !w.getLeftChild().getColor()) {
    w.setColor(true);
    x = x.getParent();
    continue;
}else if(!w.getLeftChild().getColor() && w.getRightChild().getColor()){
    w.getRightChild().setColor(false);
    w.setColor(true);
    leftRotate(w);
    w = x.getParent().getLeftChild();
}
                           }
if(w.getLeftChild().getColor()) {
w.setColor(x.getParent().getColor());
x.getParent().setColor(false);
w.getLeftChild().setColor(false);
rightRotate(x.getParent());
x = root;
}
                 }
            }
×.setColor(false);

☑ *RedBlackTree.java 
☒  ☑ TreeMap.java

  473⊖
              private void rightRotate(INode<T,V> x) {
  474
                   if(!x.isNull()) {
  475
                         INode<T,V> y = x.getLeftChild();
  476
                          x.setLeftChild(y.getRightChild());
  477
                          if(!y.getRightChild().isNull()) {
  478
                               y.getRightChild().setParent(x);
  479
  480
                          y.setParent(x.getParent());
  481
                          if(x.getParent().isNull()) {
  482
                               root = y;
  483
                          }else if(x.equals(x.getParent().getLeftChild())) {
  484
                               x.getParent().setLeftChild(y);
  485
                          }else {
  486
                               x.getParent().setRightChild(y);
  487
  488
                         y.setRightChild(x);
  489
                         x.setParent(y);
  490
  491
  4929
              private void leftRotate(INode<T,V> x) {
  493
                    if(!x.isNull()) {
  494
                    INode<T,V> y = x.getRightChild();
  495
                    x.setRightChild(y.getLeftChild());
  496
                    if(!y.getLeftChild().isNull()) {
  497
                          y.getLeftChild().setParent(x);
  498
                    y.setParent(x.getParent());
  499
                    if(x.getParent().isNull()) {
  500
  501
                          root = y;
  502
                    }else if(x.equals(x.getParent().getLeftChild())) {
  503
                         x.getParent().setLeftChild(y);
  504
                    }else {
                         x.getParent().setRightChild(y);
  505
  506
  507
                    y.setLeftChild(x);
                    x.setParent(y);
  508
  509
  510
                    }
3
            private INode<T, V> Minimum(INode<T, V> node) {
10
                    while(!node.getLeftChild().isNull()) {
                            node = node.getLeftChild();
                    }
```

return node;

}

# Tree Map:

```
☑ *RedBlackTree.java ☐ TreeMap.java ☒
         @Override
  21⊖
         public Map.Entry<T, V> ceilingEntry(T key) {
   if(key == null) {
  22
  23
                throw new RuntimeErrorException(null);
  24
  25
  26
             return RBTree.ceilingEntry(key);
  27
         }
  28
  29⊝
         @Override
         public T ceilingKey(T key) {
  30
  31
             if(key == null) {
                 throw new RuntimeErrorException(null);
  32
  33
             return RBTree.ceilingKey(key);
  34
  35
         }
  36
  37⊝
         @Override
  38
         public void clear() {
  39
            RBTree = new RedBlackTree<>();
  40
  41
  42
  430
         @Override
  44
         public boolean containsKey(T key) {
  45
             if(key == null) {
                 throw new RuntimeErrorException(null);
  46
  47
  48
             return RBTree.contains(key);
  49
         }
  50
  51⊜
         @Override
  52
         public boolean containsValue(Object value) {
  53
            if(value== null) {
  54
                 throw new RuntimeErrorException(null);
  55
             return RBTree.containsValue(value);
  56
  57
         }

☑ *RedBlackTree.java  ☐ TreeMap.java 
☒
  59⊜
          @Override
  60
          public Set<Map.Entry<T, V>> entrySet() {
  61
             return RBTree.setMap();
  62
  63
  64⊜
          @Override
  65
          public Map.Entry<T, V> firstEntry() {
  66
           return RBTree.Minimum();
  67
  68
  69⊜
          @Override
          public T firstKey() {
  70
              Entry<T, V> e = RBTree.Minimum();
if(e == null) {
  71
  72
  73
                   return null;
  74
              }
              return (T) e.getKey();
  75
  76
          }
  77
  78⊝
          @Override
  79
          public Map.Entry<T, V> floorEntry(T key) {
  80
              if(key == null) {
  81
                   throw new RuntimeErrorException(null);
  82
  83
               return RBTree.floorEntry(key);
  84
          }
  85
  86⊜
          @Override
  87
          public T floorKey(T key) {
  88
              if(key == null) {
  89
                   throw new RuntimeErrorException(null);
  90
  91
               Entry<T, V> e = RBTree.floorEntry(key);
              return (T) e.getKey();
  92
  93
          }
  94
  95
```

```
☑ *RedBlackTree.java ☐ TreeMap.java 
☒
104⊖
          @Override
105
          public ArrayList<Map.Entry<T, V>> headMap(T toKey) {
              if(toKey == null) {
   throw new RuntimeErrorException(null);
 106
 107
 108
              ArrayList<Map.Entry<T, V>> list = RBTree.heapMap(toKey);
Map.Entry<T, V> e = list.get(list.size()-1);
if(e.getKey().equals(toKey)) {
 109
 110
 111
 112
                   list.remove(list.size()-1);
 113
 114
               return list;
 115
          }
 116
117⊜
          @Override
 118
          public ArrayList<Map.Entry<T, V>> headMap(T toKey, boolean inclusive) {
 119
              if(toKey == null) {
 120
                   throw new RuntimeErrorException(null);
 121
              ArrayList<Map.Entry<T, V>> list = RBTree.heapMap(toKey);
 122
              Map.Entry<T, V> e = list.get(list.size()-1);
if(!inclusive && e.getKey().equals(toKey)) {
 123
 124
 125
                   list.remove(list.size()-1);
 126
 127
              return list;
 128
          }
 129
 130
 131⊖
          @Override
132
          public Set<T> keySet() {
 133
              return RBTree.keySet();
 134
          }
 135
136⊜
          @Override
          public Map.Entry<T, V> lastEntry() {
137
138
139
              return RBTree.Maximum();
 140
          }
141

☑ *RedBlackTree.java ☑ TreeMap.java ☒
 136⊜
            @Override
            public Map.Entry<T, V> lastEntry() {
 137
 138
 139
                  return RBTree.Maximum();
 140
            }
 141
 142⊜
            @Override
 143
            public T lastKey() {
                 Entry<T, V> e = RBTree.Maximum();
if(e == null) {
 144
 145
 146
                       return null;
 147
                  }
 148
                       return (T) e.getKey();
 149
            }
 150
 151⊜
            @Override
            public Entry<T, V> pollFirstEntry() {
   Entry<T, V> e = RBTree.Minimum();
   if(e == null) {
 152
 153
 154
 155
                       return null;
 156
 157
                  RBTree.delete((T) e.getKey());
 158
                  size--;
 159
                  return e;
 160
            }
 161
 162
 163⊜
            @Override
            public Entry<T, V> pollLastEntry() {
   Entry<T, V> e = RBTree.Maximum();
 164
 165
 166
 167
                  if(e == null) {
 168
                       return null;
 169
                       }
                  RBTree.delete((T) e.getKey());
 170
 171
                  size--;
 172
                  return e;
```

173

3

```
*RedBlackTree.java
                  ☑ TreeMap.java 

175⊝
         @Override
4176
         public void put(T key, V value) {
177
             RBTree.insert(key, value);
             size++;
178
179
             }
180
181⊖
         @Override
         public void putAll(Map<T, V> map) {
-182
183
             if(map == null) {
                 throw new RuntimeErrorException(null);
184
185
186
             Set<Entry<T, V>> set= map.entrySet();
             for(Entry<T, V> e : set) {
187
188
                 RBTree.insert((T) e.getKey(), e.getValue());
189
                 size++;
190
             }
191
192
         }
193
         @Override
1949
4195
         public boolean remove(T key) {
196
             if(key == null) {
197
                 throw new RuntimeErrorException(null);
198
             if( RBTree.delete(key)) {
199
             size--;
200
201
             return true;
202
203
             return false;
204
205
206⊖
         @Override
207
         public int size() {
208
209
             return RBTree.size;
210
         }
211
า4าค
         Anuannida
```