



Placement Empowerment Program Cloud Computing and DevOps Centre

100 Days of DevOps Challenge

Day 12: Linux Network Services

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Linux Network Services

Objective:

The main objective of this task is to diagnose and fix a connectivity issue with the **Apache service** on the stapp01 server. The service isn't reachable on port **5000**, and the task requires you to find the root cause, which could be the service itself, its configuration, or a firewall.

Steps Performed:

- □ **Log in to the server:** SSH into the stapp01 server from the jump_host using the provided credentials.
 - Command: ssh tony@stapp01
- □ **Check Apache status:** Verify if the Apache service (httpd) is running. It's likely inactive.
 - Command: sudo systemctl status httpd
- Check the configuration: Open the Apache configuration file to ensure it's set to listen on port 5000. The file is usually located at /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf.
 - Command: sudo vi /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf
 - Action: Find the line Listen 80 and change it to Listen 5000. If you see
 Listen 5000 already there, look for a duplicate Listen directive.
- □ **Restart the service:** After saving the configuration changes, attempt to restart the Apache service. If it fails, proceed to the next step.
 - Command: sudo systemctl restart httpd
- □ **Check for a firewall block:** If the service fails to restart with a "No route to host" error from the curl command, a firewall is blocking the port. You need to add a rule to allow traffic on port 5000.
 - Command: sudo iptables -I INPUT -p tcp --dport 5000 -j ACCEPT

- □ **Save firewall rules:** Make the firewall rule permanent so it persists after a reboot.
 - Command: sudo service iptables save or sudo iptables-save | sudo tee /etc/sysconfig/iptables
- □ **Final test:** After all fixes are in place, restart the service, exit the server, and use curl from the jump_host to confirm the service is accessible.
 - Command: curl http://stapp01:5000



