Hazard Analysis for SmartLock 4TB6 - Mechatronics Capstone

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Table 1: Revision History

| Date | Developer(s) | Change |
|--------------|--------------|---|
| 14-10-22 | Elsa | Added FMEA |
| 14 - 10 - 22 | Abi | Added Critical Assumptions & Safety Reqs |
| 14 - 10 - 22 | Steffi | Intro, Scope & Purpose of Hazard Analysis & System Boundaries and |
| | | Components |
| 17 - 10 - 22 | Abi | Revisions to Safety Requirements |
| 19 - 10 - 22 | Abi | Added probability and severity ratings to FMEA |
| 19-11-22 | Steffi | Updates for grammar, formatting and terminology |
| 23 - 11 - 22 | Steffi | Updates for consistency across documentation |
| 03-03-23 | Abi | Updating according to revised SRS |
| 04-04-23 | Elsa | Updating for final documentation |

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1 Project Overview

The purpose of the SmartLock project is to design and build a product that will provide bicycle users with a safer, easier, and more accessible way to secure their bike(s) through their smartphone. Additionally, it will provide users with a geotagging feature to locate the lock in case of bike theft or misplacement. It will consist of a physical lock that mounts to a bike and a smartphone application that will function as the user interface through which the lock can be disengaged wirelessly, as well as be located and informed of the lock's battery level. The project will provide an engineering solution using wireless communication, mechanical design, and smartphone application development. More broadly, it seeks to encourage members of society to pursue biking, in both a transportation and recreational capacity, improving the health of society's citizens and its environment.

2 Introduction

This document aims to outline the hazards that may face the SmartLock. A hazard is defined in this document to be anything that puts the efficacy of the SmartLock at risk of failure or places the user in danger. Throughout this document all potential hazards will be outlined. Finally, using hazard analysis techniques, these risks will be mitigated.

3 Scope and Purpose of Hazard Analysis

This project's scope is to create a device that securely locks and unlocks a bike, where the locking mechanism can be disengaged via a smartphone app and doesn't impede the rider's ability to use the bike, which could cause a safety issue. It is crucial to understand both the requirements of what the project is supposed to accomplish and all the risks that may accompany those requirements – this is the purpose of the hazard analysis. Furthermore, this document will aim to assess the system boundaries, critical assumptions and safety requirements to predict the potential hazards' effects in order to preemptively add precautions and mitigate risk.

4 Definitions

| Term | Definition | | | |
|----------------|--|--|--|--|
| Hazard | An action that puts the efficacy of the SmartLock at risk of failure or places the user in danger. | | | |
| System Failure | System Failure is a condition when the locking functionality of the SmartLock malfunctions at any stage in its engagement, hold or disengagement such that the lock is no longer secure. | | | |
| Risk | A risk indicates a potential safety concern to the user. | | | |
| Error | An error indicates a problem with the software that relates to the engagement for the lock. | | | |
| Conflicts | A conflict indicates that an action is trying to be executed in the wrong state, ie. trying to engage the lock when the mechanism is open. | | | |

5 System Boundaries and Components

The system can be broken into the following components and has the following boundaries:

5.1 Physical Components

Our physical components are the aspects that will be on the bike itself.

5.1.1 Locking Mechanism

The locking mechanism will be the component that ensures the security of the bike.

5.1.2 Opening/Closing Mechanism

The opening/closing mechanism is the component that will both attach the bike to an external frame and ensure that the wheels will stay connected to the bike when it is left.

5.1.3 Battery

The battery will be used to turn on the electromagnet which allows for the disengagement of the locking mechanism. It will also be used to power the Arduino (microcontroller) which will allow the smartphone app to communicate with the bike lock.

5.2 Software Components

The software components that we will be using are related to our smartphone app.

5.2.1 App

The app component itself will be used to communicate with the physical components, via the Arduino, to give the user information on the status of the lock and battery and to allow the user to disengage the lock.

5.2.2 Geotagging Location Services

The location service component will be used to communicate to the app where the bike was located upon engaging the lock, for the purpose of remembering where your bike was left.

5.3 Boundaries

5.3.1 Bike Size

The boundary that we need to work with on the physical components is the standard sizes of bikes so that the lock can be mounted properly.

5.3.2 Standard External Frames

The other physical boundary that we need to work within is the standard size/location of external frames which provides us with measurements for the open/closing mechanism that we must abide by.

5.3.3 Current Technology

The software boundary that we must remain within is the bounds of current technology; this is a very feasible and large boundary to work within as we do not plan to use any complex software.

6 Critical Assumptions

CA1: Assume operator is not tampering or purposefully damaging the product.

CA2: Assume weather is typical of Canada, thus the device shall not be operated in temperatures outside the range of -30 degrees Celsius to +40 degrees Celsius. It shall also not be operated under rainfall greater than 5 millimetres per hour or wind speeds greater than 10 kilometres per hour.

- CA3: Assume operator's smartphone (including all integrated technologies, like GPS) is functioning properly.
- CA4: Assume geotagging and Bluetooth signals are receivable and transmittable; operator is in a location that can be properly triangulated (i.e., operator is not underground, etc.).
- CA5: Assume operator's bicycle has standard frame and dimensions, and functions properly. A standard frame is 15" to 21" long and 13" to 20" high, with a 28.6mm tube diameter.
- CA6: Assume operator's smartphone has power/is charged.

7 Failure Modes and Effects Analysis

Likelihood and Severity are rated on a 1-10 scale, with 10 being the most probable/severe.

Table 2: Failure Modes and Effects Analysis

| Design Function | Failure Mode | Failure Effects | Failure Causes | Detection | Recommended Actions | Design Controls | \mathbf{Safety} $\mathbf{Req.}$ | Likeli- hood | Sev- erity |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|--|---------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|
| The | Male and | Bike not | 1. Faulty | Perform inspection | Replace: | Mechanism | SR1, | 3 | 10 |
| intended | female | secured | electromagnetic coil | of locking | - faulty | to manually | FR4 | | |
| user | locking ends are not | (vulnerable to theft or | 2. Battery supply disrupted by faulty wire | mechanism internals by | electromagnetic coil | disengage provided | | | |
| engages and | secured | loss) by the | 3. The battery can no | opening it up with | - faulty wires | provided | | | |
| disengages | together; the | intended user, | longer supply voltage | simple tools. Signs | - faulty battery | | | | |
| the | structural | an unintended | 4. Misshapen mechanical | of deformation | - misshapen | | | | |
| locking | integrity of | user (thief) or | locking component | and/or breaking | mechanical | | | | |
| mechanism | the lock is compromised | independent lock failure | 5. Water, cold temperature or dirt | due to torsional shear stress may be | locking compo- nent | | | | |
| | compromised | lock failure | damage | visible | nent | | | | |
| | | | 6. Improper use | | | | | | |
| Attaches bike to an | a) Lock does not fit around | Bike cannot be secured to an | The lock is: - too short | 1. Attempt to fit the lock to an | 1. Find a different | Lock will be designed | SR2 | a) 4 b) 2 | a)8 b)10 |
| external | external | external frame | - too short - too rigid or not | external frame | external frame | with high | | B) 2 | B)10 |
| frame or | frame | (vulnerable to | flexible enough to fit | 2. Perform inspec- | that fits the | flexibility | | | |
| bike rack | b) Lock is | theft or loss) | - broken: a piece of lock | tion of physical lock | lock | _ | | | |
| | broken along | | has become stuck, loose | to detect any com- | 2. Repair | | | | |
| | its body and cannot move | | or fallen off - too wide to fit through | ponents compro- mising structural | lock with spare pieces, | | | | |
| | as intended | | an external frame | integrity or any | tightening | | | | |
| | | | - used improperly | signs of deformation | loose pieces | | | | |
| | | | | or breaking due to | or lubricating | | | | |
| Transmits | Locking | 1. If fails to | 1. App malfunction; | bending stress Locking | moving parts 1. Reboot app | Long-lasting | NFR9, | 3 | 10 |
| and | mechanism | engage, bike | unable to prepare or | mechanism is stuck | 2. Replace any | battery | NFR10 | 0 | 10 |
| receives | fails to | not secured | receive signal | in an undesired | faulty wires | installed | | | |
| signal to | engage or | (vulnerable to | 2. Wireless connection | state after multiple | 3. Replace | | | | |
| engage/ disengage | disengage; lock remains | theft or loss) 2. If fails to | from SmartLock to smartphone disrupted by | attempts to engage or disengage | faulty battery 4. Manually | | | | |
| locking | in an | disengage, the | external force | or discingage | move | | | | |
| mechanism | undesired | bike cannot be | 3. Communication | | smartphone | | | | |
| from the | state | detached from | protocol error | | and SmartLock | | | | |
| app to the lock | | the external frame | 4. Battery supply disrupted by faulty wire | | such that they are in closer | | | | |
| IOCK | | ITame | 5. The battery can no | | proximity to | | | | |
| | | | longer supply | | each other | | | | |
| | | | voltage to the transmit- | | | | | | |
| Transmits, | Status | Accurate | ting/receiving unit 1. Internal app malfunc- | 1. The app appears | 1. Reboot | Ability to | SR1 | 3 | 7 |
| receives & | information | information | tion or high latency | to be malfunction- | Smartphone | manually | 5101 | | ' |
| displays | not shown on | not known; | 2. Status information | ing (not loading, | 2. Reboot App | check status | | | |
| status | the app or is | battery may be | not transmitted or | the screen is frozen | 3. Replace | information | | | |
| information (engaged/ | inaccurate | low or require replacement | received (see 'Transmits and receives engagement | or information appears to be inac- | faulty status sensors | | | | |
| disengaged, | | and/or bike | /disengagement signal | curate or lagging) | 4. Charge | | | | |
| battery | | may not be | from the App' above) | 2. Status informa- | smartphone | | | | |
| percentage) from the | | secured (vulnerable to | 3. Smartphone malfunc- tion or battery depletion | tion is inaccurate upon inspection of | | | | | |
| lock to the | | theft or loss) | 4. Faulty status sensors | the actual status of | | | | | |
| app | | , | _ | lock internals | | | | | |
| Withstands | Water | 1. Electronics | 1. Ineffective | Perform inspection | Replace | 1. The | SR3 | 8 | 8 |
| water from rainfall | appears to have | damaged 2. Locking | waterproofing (permeable sealing) of | of locking mechanism, | water-damaged components | system is well sealed | | | |
| 101111011 | permeated | mechanism | locking mechanism, | electronics and | components | against the | | | |
| | the | damaged | electronics and | mechanical | | environment. | | | |
| | SmartLock | 3. Mechanical | mechanical components | components. | | 2. Aside | | | |
| | | components rusted | 2. Improper use (in inclement weather more | Corrosion, damaged components or | | from housing, the | | | |
| | | Tusted | severe than average | water observed. | | lock system | | | |
| | | | rainfall) | | | is composed | | | |
| | | | | | | of materials | | | |
| | | | | | | which resist corrosion | | | |
| 'Geotags' | Location | Accurate | 1. Smartphone geotag | 1. The app appears | 1. Reboot GPS | None | FR2, | 7 | 6 |
| location of | information | location | software malfunction | to be | software app | | FR7 | | |
| bike and | not shown on | information not known; | (inaccurate location recorded) | malfunctioning (not loading, the | 2. Reboot smartphone | | | | |
| displays on app | the app or is inaccurate | the user may | 2. Internal app | screen is frozen or | 3. Reboot App | | | | |
| | | not be able to | malfunction | lagging or informa- | 4. Charge | | | | |
| | | locate bike | 3. Smartphone battery | tion appears to be | smartphone | | | | |
| | | | depletion | inaccurate). | 5. Move to a | | | | |
| | | | 4. Location geocached somewhere with poor | 2. Geocached location is | location with better service | | | | |
| | | | satellite triangulation | inaccurate when | and satellite | | | | |
| | | | capabilities or poor | compared to the | triangulation | | | | |
| | | | cellphone service | actual location | capabilities | | | | |
| | | | 5. Data sharing issue with smartphone geotag | 3. Smartphone indicates battery or | | | | | |
| | | | software | data sharing issue | | | | <u></u> | |
| Contains | Some or all | 1. Components | 1. Physical lock | Physical lock | Repair and/or | Initial check | FR5 | 2 | 5 |
| and carries all | physical lock components | placed in inappropriate | component storage system lacks space for | components cannot be stored safely on | expand faulty storage system | to ensure mounting | | | |
| physical | cannot safely | storage | all components | the bike | Journage System | system and | | | |
| lock | be mounted | locations such | 2. Broken or | | | corresponding | | | |
| components | on the bike | that they | malfunctioning physical | | | components | | | |
| on the bike when | due to the absence of | dangle off the bike or | lock component storage | | | function as intended | | | |
| DIVE AHEH | proper | asymmetrically | system 3. Physical lock | | | intended | | | |
| not in use | | weigh down the | components too large | | | | | | |
| not in use | storage that | | | | | | | | |
| not in use | accommodates | bike | to be mounted safely on | | | | | | |
| not in use | | | to be mounted safely on the bike | | | | | | |

8 Safety and Security Requirements

8.1 New Requirements - October 2022

The following requirements must be added to the SRS document in the Non-Functional Requirements Category:

SR1: Batteries and other internal components must be accessible and replaceable (see NFR10 in SRS).

SR2: The lock can be used for many different models of mountain, city, and road bikes. (see NFR12 in SRS).

8.2 Existing Requirements

The following requirements have already been included in the SRS document, and are restated here for convenience:

FR4: Lock must only be engaged/disengaged by the intended user(s).

FR5: The lock can be mounted to the bike's frame.

NFR9: The battery must last for greater than one month and/or sixty rides before needing to be replaced or charged.

9 Roadmap

The safety requirements that will be implemented in the scope of Mechatronics Capstone 4TB6 are SR1 and SR2. They are vital to the functionality, safety and security of the SmartLock and are reasonably achievable given the constraints of the course, project and team.

Other requirements were identified as being important for a high-quality project, but the team has decided it is not feasible to implement them within the time frame or resources of the project, and are therefore out of our scope. These requirements are:

SR3: Product shall be made from anti-corrosive materials.

SR4: The lock must be waterproofed to withstand normal rainfall of 5 millimetres per hour, which is typical of Canadian weather.

SR5: The lock must be waterproofed to withstand normal splashing while riding, which is estimated at a distributed value of 1 millimetre over 10 minutes of riding.