

Hazard Analysis for SmartLock 4TB6 - Mechatronics Capstone

Team #5, Locked & Loaded

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Table 1: Revision History

Date	Developer(s)	Change
14-10-22	Elsa	Added FMEA
14-10-22	Abi	Added Critical Assumptions & Safety Reqs
14-10-22	Steffi	Intro, Scope & Purpose of Hazard Analysis & System Boundaries and Components
17-10-22	Abi	Revisions to Safety Requirements
19-10-22	Abi	Added probability and severity ratings to FMEA
19-11-22	Steffi	Updates for Consistency

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1 Introduction

The purpose of this document is to outline the hazards that may face the SmartLock. We are defining a hazard to be anything that puts the efficacy of the SmartLock at risk of failure or places the user in danger. Throughout this document, the potential hazards will be outlined, and through the use of hazard analysis techniques, we will aim to mitigate these risks.

2 Scope and Purpose of Hazard Analysis

The scope of this project is to create a device that securely locks a bike where the lock can be engaged and disengaged via a phone and doesn't impede the rider, causing a safety issue. It is crucial to understand both all the requirements of what a project is supposed to accomplish, but also all the risks that may accompany those requirements – this is the purpose of the hazard analysis. Furthermore, the analysis will aim to assess the system boundaries, critical assumptions and safety requirements in order to predict the effects of the potential hazards to preemptively add precautions.

3 Definitions

Term	Definition
Hazard	An action that puts the efficacy of the SmartLock at risk of failure or places the user in danger
System Failure	System Failure is when the engagement of the lock malfunctions and the lock is no longer secure
Risk	A risk indicates a potential safety concern to the user
Error	An error indicates a problem with the software that relates to the engagement for the lock
Conflicts	A conflict indicates trying to execute an action while the SmartLock is in the wrong state. Ie. trying to engage the lock when the mechanism is open

4 System Boundaries and Components

The system can be broken into the following components and has the following boundaries:

4.1 Physical Components

Our physical components are the aspects that will be on the bike itself.

4.1.1 Locking Mechanism

The locking mechanism will be the component that ensures the security of the bike.

4.1.2 Closing Mechanism

The closing mechanism is the component that will both attach the bike to an external frame, as well as make sure that the wheels will stay connected to the bike when you leave it.

4.1.3 Sensors

The sensors will be used to indicate whether or not the lock is open/closed or engaged/disengaged.

4.1.4 Battery

The battery will be used for the engagement/disengagement of the locking mechanism. This is the only feature that it will be used for which will extend the life of this component.

4.2 Software Components

The software components that we will be using are related to our smartphone app.

4.2.1 App

The app component itself will be used to communicate with the physical components to give the user information on the status of the lock and allow the user to change the engagement/disengagement status.

4.2.2 Location Services

The location service component will be used to communicate to the app where the bike was located upon engaging the lock.

4.3 Boundaries

4.3.1 Bike Size

The boundary that we need to work with on the physical components is the standard sizes of bikes so that they can be mounted properly.

4.3.2 Standard External Frames

The other physical boundary that we need to work within is the standard size/location of external frames which provides us with measurements for the open/closing mechanism that we must abide by.

4.3.3 Current Technology

The software boundary that we must remain within is the bounds of current technology; this is a very feasible and large boundary to work within as we do not plan to use any complex software.

5 Critical Assumptions

CA1: Assume operator is not tampering or purposefully damaging the product.

CA2: Assume weather is typical of Canada (i.e., no natural disasters).

CA3: Assume operator's smartphone (including all integrated technologies, like GPS) is functioning properly.

CA4: Assume GPS and Bluetooth signals are receivable and transmittable; operator is in a location that can be properly triangulated (i.e., operator is not underground, etc.).

CA5: Assume operator's bicycle has standard frame and dimensions, and functions properly.

CA6: Assume operator's smartphone has power/is charged.

6 Failure Modes and Effects Analysis

Probability and Severity are rated on 1-10 scales, with 10 being the most probable/severe.

Table 2: Failure Modes and Effects Analysis

Design Function	Failure Mode	Failure Effects	Failure Causes	Detection	Recommended Actions	Design Controls	Safety Req.	Probability	Severity
The intended user engages and disengages the locking mechanism	Male and female locking ends are not secured together; the structural integrity of the lock is compromised	Bike not secured (vulnerable to theft or loss) by the intended user, an unintended user (thief) or independent lock failure	1. Faulty electromagnetic coil 2. Battery supply disrupted by faulty wire 3. The battery can no longer supply voltage 4. Misshapen mechanical locking component 5. Improper use 6. Water, cold temperature or dirt damage	Perform inspection of locking mechanism internals by opening it up with simple tools. Signs of deformation and/or breaking due to torsional shear stress may be visible	1. Replace faulty electromagnetic coil 2. Replace any faulty wires 3. Replace faulty battery 4. Replace misshapen mechanical locking component	Mechanism to manually disengage provided	SR1, SR2, FR9	3	10
Attaches bike to an external frame or bike rack	a) Lock does not fit around external frame b) Lock is broken along its body and cannot move as intended	Bike cannot be secured to an external frame (vulnerable to theft or loss)	1. The lock is too short 2. The lock is too rigid or not flexible enough to fit 3. A piece of lock has become stuck, loose or fallen off 4. The lock is too wide to fit through an external frame 5. Improper use	1. Attempt to fit the lock to an external frame. 2. Perform inspection of physical lock to detect any components compromising structural integrity or any signs of deformation or breaking due to bending stress	1. Find a different external frame that fits the lock 2. Repair lock with spare pieces, tightening loose pieces or lubricating moving parts	Lock will be designed with high flexibility	SR3	a) 4 b) 2	a) 8 b) 10
Transmits and receives signal to engage/disengage locking mechanism from the App to the lock	Locking mechanism fails to engage or disengage; lock remains in an undesired state	1. If fails to engage, bike not secured (vulnerable to theft or loss) 2. If fails to disengage, the bike cannot be detached from the external frame	1. App malfunction; unable to prepare or receive signal 2. Wireless connection from SmartLock to smartphone disrupted by external force 3. Communication protocol error 4. Battery supply disrupted by faulty wire 5. The battery can no longer supply voltage to the transmitting/receiving unit	Locking mechanism is stuck in an undesired state after multiple attempts to engage or disengage	1. Reboot app 2. Replace any faulty wires 3. Replace faulty battery 4. Manually move smartphone and SmartLock such that they are in closer proximity to each other	Long-lasting battery installed	NFR13, NFR14	3	10
Transmits, receives and displays status information (engaged/disengaged, battery percentage) from the lock to the App	Status information not shown on App or is inaccurate	Accurate information not known; battery may be low or require replacement and/or bike may not be secured (vulnerable to theft or loss)	1. Internal app malfunction or high latency 2. Status information not transmitted or received (see 'Transmits and receives engagement/disengagement signal from the App' above) 3. Smartphone malfunction or battery depletion 4. Faulty status sensors	1. The app appears to be malfunctioning (not loading, the screen is frozen or information appears to be inaccurate or lagging). 2. Status information is inaccurate upon inspection of the actual status of lock internals	1. Reboot Smartphone 2. Reboot App 3. Replace faulty status sensors 4. Charge smartphone	Ability to manually check status information	SR1	3	7
Withstands water from rainfall	Water appears to have permeated SmartLock	1. Electronics damaged 2. Locking mechanism damaged 3. Mechanical components rusted	1. Ineffective waterproofing (impermeable sealing) of locking mechanism, electronics and mechanical components 2. Improper use (in inclement weather more severe than average rainfall)	Perform inspection of locking mechanism, electronics and mechanical components. Corrosion, damaged components or water observed.	Replace water-damaged components	1. The system is well sealed against the environment. 2. Aside from housing, the lock system is composed of materials which resist corrosion	SR4, NFR6, NFR7	8	8
'Geocaches' location of bike and displays on App	Location information not shown on App or is inaccurate	Accurate location information not known; the user may not be able to locate bike	1. Smartphone GPS software malfunction (inaccurate location recorded) 2. Internal app malfunction 3. Smartphone battery depletion 4. Location geocached somewhere with poor satellite triangulation capabilities or poor cellphone service 5. Data sharing issue with smartphone GPS software	1. The app appears to be malfunctioning (not loading, the screen is frozen or information appears to be inaccurate or lagging). 2. Geocached location is inaccurate when compared to the actual location 3. Smartphone indicates battery or data sharing issue	1. Reboot GPS software app 2. Reboot smartphone 3. Reboot App 4. Charge smartphone 5. Move to a location with better service and satellite triangulation capabilities	None	mitigation is covered by critical assumptions	7	6
Contains and carries all physical lock components on the bike when not in use	Some or all physical lock components cannot safely fit or be mounted on the bike due to the absence of a proper storage system that accommodates all components	1. Components must be placed in inappropriate storage locations such that they dangle off the bike or asymmetrically weigh down the bike 2. Components must be carried separately by the user	1. Physical lock component storage system lacks space for all components 2. Broken or malfunctioning physical lock component storage system 3. Physical lock components too large to be mounted safely on the bike	Physical lock components cannot be stored safely on the bike	Repair and/or expand faulty storage system	Initial check to ensure mounting system and corresponding components function as intended	FR10	2	5

7 Safety and Security Requirements

7.1 New Requirements

The following requirements must be added to the SRS document in the Non-Functional Requirements Category:

SR1: Internal parts of locking mechanism shall be accessible and replaceable.

SR2: The locking mechanism shall be able to disengage manually (e.g., with a key), in addition to remotely.

SR3: Product shall be adaptable and be able to fit a wide variety of external frames/bike racks.

SR4: Product shall be made from anti-corrosive materials.

7.2 Existing Requirements

The following requirements have already been included in the SRS document, and are restated here for convenience:

FR9: Lock must only be engaged/disengaged by the intended user(s).

FR10: The lock can be mounted to the bike's frame.

NFR6: The lock must be waterproofed to withstand normal rainfall.

NFR7: The lock must be waterproofed to withstand normal splashing while riding.

NFR13: Battery must last for greater than 1 month and/or 60 rides before needing to be replaced or charged.

NFR14: Batteries must be accessible to replace or chargeable.

8 Roadmap

The safety requirements that will be implemented in the scope of Mechatronics Capstone 4TB6 are SR1 and SR3. They are vital to the functionality, safety and security of the SmartLock and are reasonably achievable given the constraints of the course, project and Team. The implementation of SR2 and SR4 will be postponed until after the course has been completed due to financial, temporal and accessibility reasons.