Table 1: Revision History

Date	Developer(s)	Change
Oct 14, 2022		Added FMEA
Oct 14, 2022 Oct 14, 2022		Added Critical Assumptions & Safety Reqs Intro, Scope & Purpose of Hazard Analysis & System Boundaries and
,		Components

${\it Hazard~Analysis} \\ 4TB6 - Mechatronics~Capstone$

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1 Introduction

The purpose of this document is to outline the hazards that may face the SmartLock. We are defining a hazard to be anything that puts the efficacy of the SmartLock at risk of failure or places the user in danger. Throughout this document, the potential hazards will be outlined, and through the use of hazard analysis techniques, we will aim to mitigate these risks.

2 Scope and Purpose of Hazard Analysis

The scope of this project is to create a device that securely locks a bike where the lock can be engaged and disengaged via a phone and doesn't impede the rider causing a safety issue. It is crucial to understand both all the requirements of what a project is supposed to accomplish, but also all the risks that may accompany those requirements – this is the purpose of the hazard analysis. Furthermore, the analysis will aim to assess the system boundaries, critical assumptions and the safety requirements in order predict the effects of the potential hazards to preemptively add precautions.

3 Definitions

Term	Definition			
Hazard	An action that puts the efficacy of the SmartLock at risk of failure or places the user in danger			
System Failure	System Failure is when the engagement of the lock malfunctions and the lock is no longer secure			
Risk	A risk indicates a potential safety concern to the user			
Error	An error indicates a problem with the software that relates to the engagement for the lock			
Conflicts	A conflict indicates trying to execute an action while the SmartLock is in the wrong state. Ie. trying to engage the lock when the mechanism is open			

4 System Boundaries and Components

The system can be broken into the following components and has the following boundaries:

4.1 Physical Components

- 4.1.1 Locking Mechanism
- 4.1.2
- 4.2 Software Components
- 4.3 Boundaries

5 Critical Assumptions

- CA1: Assume operator is not tampering or purposefully damaging the product.
- CA2: Assume weather is typical of Canada (i.e., no natural disasters).
- CA3: Assume operator's smartphone (including all integrated technologies, like GPS) is functioning properly.

- CA4: Assume GPS and Bluetooth signals are receivable and transmittable; operator is in a location that can be properly triangulated (i.e., operator is not underground, etc.).
- CA5: Assume operator's bicycle has standard frame and dimensions, and functions properly.
- CA6: Assume operator's smartphone has power/is charged.

6 Failure Modes and Effects Analysis

Table 2: Failure Modes and Effects Analysis

Di	Pattern		e 2: Failure Modes			Design	C-f-4	D - 6
Design Function	Failure Mode	Failure Ef- fects	Failure Causes	Detection	Recommended Actions	Design Controls	Safety Re- quire- ment	Referenc
Engages and disengages locking mechanism	Male and female lock- ing ends not secured together; structural integrity of lock com- promised	Bike not se- cured (vulnera- ble to theft or loss)	1.Faulty electromagnetic coil 2.Battery supply disrupted by faulty wire 3.Battery can no longer supply voltage 4.Misshapen mechanical locking component 5.Improper use 6.Water, cold temperature or dirt damage	Perform inspection of locking mechanism internals by opening it up with simple tools. Signs of deformation and/or breaking due to torsional shear stress may be visible	1.Replace faulty electro- magnetic coil 2.Replace any faulty wires 3.Replace faulty battery 4.Replace misshapen mechanical locking compo- nent	Mechanism to manually disengage provided	SR1,SR2	
Attaches bike to ex- ternal frame or bike rack	1.Lock does not fit around ex- ternal frame 2.Lock is broken along its body and cannot move as intended	Bike cannot be secured to external frame (vulnerable to theft or loss)	1.Lock is too short 2.Lock is too rigid or not flexible enough to fit 3.Piece of lock has be- come stuck, loose or fallen off 4.Lock is too wide to fit through external frame 5.Improper use	1.Attempt to fit lock to ex- ternal frame. 2.Perform in- spection of physical lock to detect any components compromis- ing structural integrity or any signs of deformation or breaking due to bending stress	1.Find a dif- ferent external frame that fits the lock 2.Repair lock with spare pieces, tighten- ing loose pieces or lubricating moving parts	Lock will be designed with high flexibility	SR3	
Transmits and receives signal to engage/disengage locking mechanism from the App to the lock	disengage; lock remains in undesired state	1.If fails to engage, bike not secured (vulnerable to theft or loss) 2.If fails to disengage, bike cannot be de- tached from external frame	1.App malfunction; unable to prepare or receive signal 2. Wireless connection from SmartLock to smartphone disrupted by external force 3.Communication protocol error 4.Battery supply disrupted by faulty wire 5.Battery can no longer supply voltage to transmitting/receiving unit	Locking mech- anism stuck in undesired state after mul- tiple attempts to engage or disengage	1.Reboot app 2.Replace any faulty wires 3.Replace faulty battery 4.Manually move smart- phone and Smartlock such that they are in closer prox- imity to each other	Long-lasting battery installed		
Transmits, receives and displays status information (engaged/disenga battery percentage) from the lock to the App	Status in- formation not shown on App or is inaccurate ged,	Accurate information not known; battery may be low or require replacement and/or bike may not be secured (vulnerable to theft or loss)	1.Internal app malfunction or high latency 2.Status information not transmitted or received (see 'Transmits and receives engagement /disengagement signal from the App' above) 3.Smartphone malfunction or battery depletion 4.Faulty status sensors	1.App appears to be mal- functioning (not loading, screen frozen or information appears to be inaccurate or lagging). 2.Status in- formation is inaccurate upon inspec- tion of actual status of lock internals	1.Reboot Smartphone 2.Reboot App 3.Replace faulty status sensors 4.Charge smartphone	Ability to manually check status information	SR1	
Withstands water from rainfall	Water appears to have permeated SmartLock	1.Electronics damaged 2.Locking mechanism damaged 3.Mechanical components rusted	1.Ineffective water- proofing (impermeable sealing) of locking mechanism, electron- ics and mechanical components 2.Improper use (in in- clement weather more severe than average rainfall)	Perform inspec- tion of locking mechanism, electronics and mechanical components. Corrosion, damaged com- ponents or water observed.	Replace water- damaged com- ponents	1.System is well sealed against en- vironment. 2.Aside from hous- ing, lock system is composed of materials which resist corrosion	SR4	
'Geocaches' location of bike and displays on App	Location information not shown on App or is inaccurate	Accurate location information not known; user may not be able to locate bike	1.Smartphone GPS software malfunction (inaccurate location recorded) 2.Internal app malfunction 3.Smartphone battery depletion 4.Location geocached somewhere with poor satellite triangulation capabilities or poor cellphone service 5.Data sharing issue with smartphone GPS software	1.App appears to be mal- functioning (not loading, screen frozen or information appears to be inaccurate or lagging). 2.Geocached location is in- accurate when compared to actual location 3.Smartphone indicates bat- tery or data sharing issue	1.Reboot GPS software app 2.Reboot smartphone 3.Reboot App 4.Charge smartphone 5.Move to a location with better service and satellite triangulation capabilities	None		
Contains and carries all physical lock com- ponents on bike when not in use	Some or all physical lock components cannot safely fit or be mounted on the bike due to the absence of a proper storage system that accommodates all components	1.Components must be placed on inappro- priate storing locations such that they dan- gle off the bike or asymmet- rically weigh down the bike 2.Components must be carried separately by the user	1.Physical lock component storage system lacks space for all components 2.Broken or malfunctioning physical lock component storage system 3.Physical lock components too large to be mounted safely on bike	Physical lock components cannot be stored safely on bike	Repair and/or expand faulty storage system	Initial check to ensure mounting system and corre- sponding components function as intended		

7 Safety and Security Requirements

The following requirements must be added to the SRS document:

SR1: Internal parts of locking mechanism shall be accessible and replaceable.

SR2: The locking mechanism shall be able to disengage manually (e.g., with a key), in addition to remotely.

SR3: Product shall be adaptable and be able to fit a wide variety of external frames/bike racks.

SR4: Product shall be made from anti-corrosive materials.

8 Roadmap