

## Dry Valley Groundwater Basin

- Groundwater Basin Number: 6-95
- County: Lassen
- Surface Area: 6,500 acres ( square miles)

### Basin Boundaries and Hydrology

The Dry Valley Groundwater Basin is a closed basin bounded by Dry Valley Ridge to the east and Grasshopper Ridge to the west. The basin is located west of Madeline Plains and is bounded on all sides by Plio-Pleistocene basalt (Lydon 1960). Faulting in the region is generally northwest trending and serves as a basin boundary to the east. Annual precipitation ranges from 13- to 17-inches, increasing to the west.

### Hydrogeologic Information

#### ***Water-Bearing Formations***

The principal water-bearing units in the basin are Holocene sedimentary deposits, Pleistocene lake and near-shore deposits, and Plio-Pleistocene and Pleistocene basalt flows. The following summary of the area formations is from DWR (1963).

**Holocene Sedimentary Deposits.** The Holocene sedimentary deposits consist of intermediate alluvium and alluvial fans located at the margins of the valley floor. The alluvium consists of unconsolidated silt, clay, sand, and gravel. The alluvial fan deposits consist of unconsolidated, poorly sorted silt, sand, and gravel, with some clay. The deposits are moderately permeable, have limited areal extents, and yield moderate quantities of groundwater to shallow wells. Thickness of the deposits ranges to 100 feet.

**Pleistocene Near-shore Deposits.** These deposits are slightly consolidated beach deposits of sand and gravel with minor amounts of silt and clay found along the margins of the basin. Thickness of the deposits ranges to 75 feet. These are moderately permeable and yield moderate supplies of water to shallow wells. The deposits serve primarily as recharge areas.

**Pleistocene Lake Deposits.** The Pleistocene lake deposits consist of slightly to moderately consolidated clay, silt, and fine sand with interbedded lava flows. Yields may be sufficient for domestic and stock uses with greater yields occurring from areas where the deposits are interstratified with buried lava flows.

**Plio-Pleistocene and Pleistocene Basalt.** The basalt units consist of gray-black jointed, fractured, vesicular basalt. The unit is highly permeable where it is fractured or jointed. Buried flows provide large amounts of groundwater to wells and also serve as recharge to the basin. The basalt interbeds range in thickness to 50 feet. Well yields are generally less than 500 gpm. Some wells reportedly yield between 1,000- and 3,800-gpm.

#### ***Groundwater Level Trends***

Published information was not available.

### **Groundwater Quality**

**Characterization.** Information regarding water characterization is not available. For the Madeline Plains basin to the east, the water type is bicarbonate with mixed cationic character. The concentration of total dissolved solids ranges from 81- to 1790-mg/L, averaging 402 mg/L (DWR unpublished data).

**Impairments.** Areas of the Madeline Plains basin have high conductivity and salinity concentrations. There are locally high total dissolved solids, hardness, nitrates, iron, boron, calcium, magnesium, sodium, ASAR, sulfate, and chloride that occur in the basin.

### **Groundwater Budget**

The estimate of groundwater extraction for the basin is based on a 1997 survey conducted by the California Department of Water Resources. The survey included land use and sources of water. Groundwater extraction for agricultural and municipal/industrial uses is estimated to be 460 acre-feet and 1-acre-foot respectively. Deep percolation of applied water is estimated to be 49 acre-feet.

### **Well Characteristics**

Well yields (gal/min)	
Municipal/Irrigation	NKD
Total depths (ft)	
Domestic	Range: 145 – 820
Municipal/Irrigation	NKD
Average 328 (5 Well Completion Report)	
NKD – No known data	

### **Active Monitoring Data**

<b>Agency</b>	<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Number of wells /measurement frequency</b>
	Groundwater levels	NKD
	Miscellaneous water quality	NKD

### **Basin Management**

Groundwater management:	No known groundwater management plans, groundwater ordinances, or basin adjudications.	
Water agencies		
Public	None	
Private	None	

## Selected References

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## Errata

Changes made to the basin description will be noted here.