### Author

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## Description

This project is about an Online Library Management System. There will be one admin and many users. Users can sign-up/register and can start reading books or issue e-books. Admin can perform CRUD Operations on Section and Books and handle incoming book-requests.

### Technologies used

- *Flask*: for application code, to handle user requests, manage routing, and creating web pages.
- *Flask-SQLAlchemy*: for interaction with database.
- *Flask-Bcrypt*: for hashing password.
- **Jinja2**: templating engine to generate dynamic HTML content. It allows me to combine python code with HTML templates.
- **Bootstrap**: for quick css styling and aesthetics.

## DB Schema Design

- Book Table: Stores details of the book, having columns as isbn, name, content, author name, section-id, date added, language, and rating. Primary Key being ID that stores unique id for each book. It also has a column name enrollments that is in relationship with the enrollments table.
- User Table: Stores details of each user, having columns as ID, name, email, and password. It also has a column name enrollments that is in relationship with the enrollments table making a many-to-many relationship.
- Enrollments Table: Book\_id and user\_id columns are Foreign Key to Book and User tables respectively, also these two making a unique constraint such that no duplicate records are there.
  - Issue\_date and return\_date columns keep track of book issuing and returning date.
    user and book makes many-to-many relationships with User and Book tables
    respectively.
- **Sections Table:** Represents different sections in the library. Each section has a unique ID, name, creation date, and description.
- **Book\_req Table:** Tracks requests made by users to issue books.Includes user name and id, book name and id, no. of days requesting for, issue date, and return date.
- > Rest Tables namely *Feedback, Rating, Status, Messages*, stores feedbacks, ratings for each book received. Status to keep track of every user's completed Book and finally

**Messages** to store appropriate notification for user on approval or rejection of requested books.

### Architecture and Features

**app.py** file contains the main code to run the flask application. It has Flask and Flask-sqlalchemy object initialised, it also contains all the necessary imports from controllers **user.py**, **admin.py**, **books.py**, **api**, etc

**controllers** folder contains all the routing done for this project.

**models.py** contains schema for database design using **Flask-SQLALChemy.** It contains classes that represent tables in the database, including columns and relationships between tables.

**static and templates** folder contains **global.css** along with few images and all the html files are kept in the templates folder.

- **CRUD** Operations for **Sections** and **Books**:
  - → python files **section.py** and **admin.py** contain routes specifically for admin only and only logged in admin can perform CRUD operations on sections and books.
- For **Securing** *admin-specific* routes:
  - → @app.before\_request() decorator has been used in order to validate each request before executing and only logged in admin in the session can access those route.
  - → Routes for admins to view all books, sections, book requests, and all registered users.
  - → Dashboard route to access analytics and insights.
  - → Routes to accept/deny book requests and revoke book access for users.
- Routes for **User**:
  - → User actions include requesting for books, downloading, viewing issued books, returning, and managing currently issued books and user profile.
  - → Message Box feature is provided such that users will be notified about whether the request for a particular book was approved or not.
- Search Functionality
  - → Both admin and regular users can search based on book name, author, sections.
- Bar Charts also visible on the admin's dashboard for better track of books and sections.

# **API** Design

→ Book Management API with ENDPOINTS GET:/api/book/<book\_name>, POST:/api/book, DELETE:/api/book/<book\_name> and PUT:/api/book/<int:book\_id>.
Similarly for Section Management API also been implemented, more details in yaml file.

#### Video

https://drive.google.com/file/d/19ataA7YZIstNH-YrcVal7i9Lvax f7-Y/view?usp=sharing